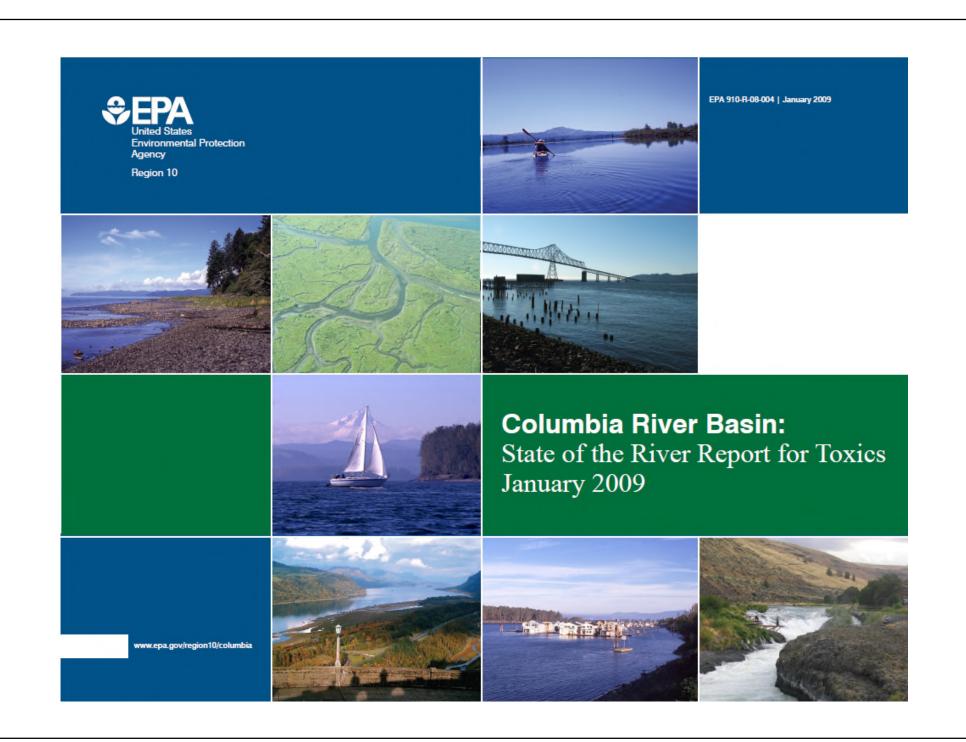


# A Brief History of Monitoring Strategy Development for the Columbia River Basin (2008-2013)

Michael Cox (Retired EPA Region 10)

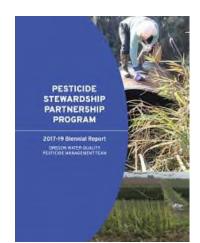


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#### **Pre-State of River Report**

- 2005: Working Group Formed
- 2006: Tony Olsen CRB Monitoring Design Alternatives.
- 2008: Formed sub-groups
  - Sources
  - Monitoring/Research
  - Reduction Actions
  - Communication/Resources
- Monitoring by many entities (EPA, USGS, States, LCREP, tribes).
- Compiled data on PCBs, mercury, DDTs, and PBDEs (1990 2010).















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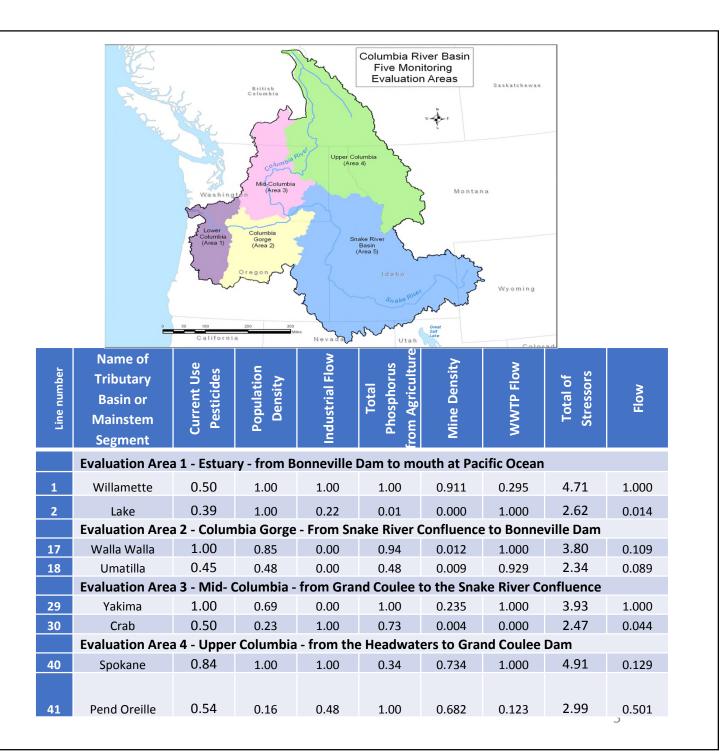
# **State of River Report - Initiatives**

- Expand toxics reduction activities (#1)
- ID and inventory sources of toxics (#2)
- Develop a regional, multi-agency long-term:
  - Monitoring program (#3)
  - Research program (#4)
- Develop basin-wide data management system (#5)
- Increase public education (#6)

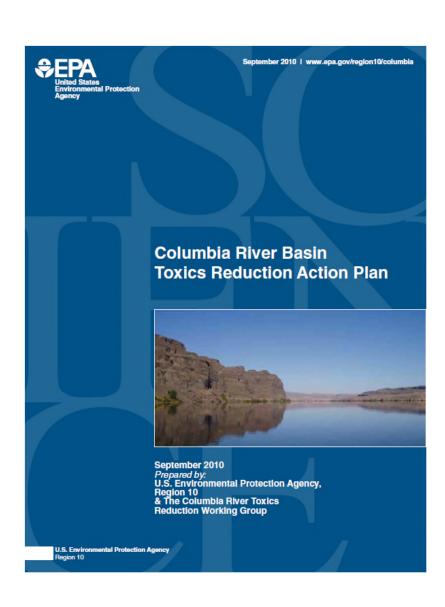
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#### **Prioritization Tool**

- Developing basin-wide monitoring plan unrealistic given limited resources
- Developed a **prioritization process** for what/where monitoring is needed.
- Divided basin into 5 areas and subareas.
- Lines of Evidence Approach
  - Current Use Pesticides
  - Population Density
  - Industrial Flow
  - Total Phosphorus
  - Mine Density
  - WWTP Flow
  - Total Flow



#### **Action Plan Initiatives**



- Increase political commitment (#1)
- Increase toxic reduction actions (#2)
- Monitoring to ID sources (#3 combined #2 and #3 from SORR)
- Develop research program (#4)
- Develop basin data management system (#5)

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# **Initiative #3: Monitoring/Sources**

- 1. ID contaminants with greatest ecological/human risks.
- 2. Complete peer review and pilot project with prioritization tool.
- \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Expand use of prioritization tool.
- 4. **ID contaminants** of concern **by catchment**
- 5. Leverage resources for additional monitoring.
- 6. Assist partners in new monitoring data analysis.

#### **#3: Prioritization Process**

- Peer Review: Good start; substantial work needed
  - Better problem definition.
  - Develop conceptual model.
  - Refine weighting factors.
  - Need other "lines of evidence".



- ID potential monitoring sites with tool and past work.
- Developed monitoring proposal for Congress.
- Did not use tool; lack of resources to modify and implement.

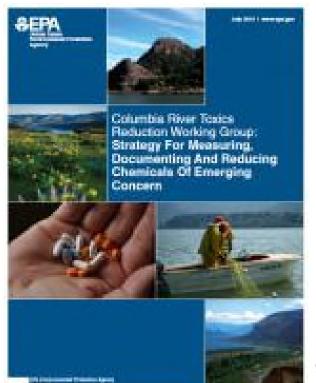




# **Initiative #4: Regional Research Program**

- Goal: Coordinate research to focus on highest needs & leverage limited resources.
- ID and inventory existing toxics research (Not Done).
- Convene scientists to develop a Regional research plan.
  - Workshop 2/2012 and Report 7/2014: Chemicals of Emerging Concern.





# **Initiative #5: Basin-Wide Data Management System**

- Goal: Develop unified database; many databases (EPA, States, LCREP, Tribes).
- Work with existing data management efforts (Evaluated options).
- Convene meeting to discuss managing toxics data/resources needed.
  - One meeting but lead took other job.

The Pacific Northwest Water Quality Data Exchange

> Oregon Department of Environmental Quality Washington Department of Ecology Idaho Department of Environmental Quality Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation Environmental Protection Agency, Region X



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#### **Executive Meeting (11/2012)**

• **Sustainable Purchasing**: Develop guidance for governmental agencies.



• **Green Chemistry**: Establish a Regional Green Chemistry Center.



- Chemicals of Emerging Concern: Characterize the effects from CECs.
- Pesticide Stewardship Partnership: Expand the PSP.
- **Stormwater**: Expand stormwater technical assistance programs.
- Resource Needs and Policy Reform: Educate on need for sustainable funding.



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#### **Lessons Learned**

- Compelling Reason
- Adequate Resources
- Someone Responsible

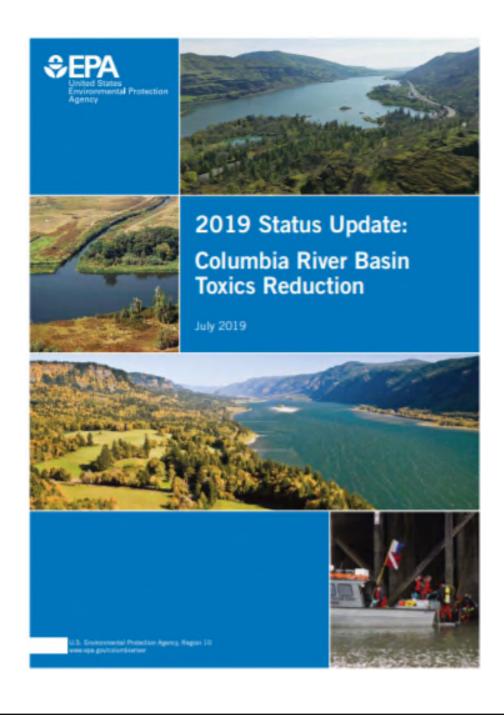
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#### Questions

# Type questions in chat box please for later responses!

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- Water, sediment, and biota monitoring is critical to
  - ID toxics sources
  - Detect spatial and temporal toxics trends
  - Evaluate the efficacy of short and long term toxics reduction actions.
- Continuous, system wide monitoring for priority toxics and contaminants of emerging contaminants must be developed.
- Upper portions of the CRB affected by historic and active mining operations require monitoring of heavy metals and other toxics to ID sources and prioritize cleanups.