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EMISSIONS INVENTORY
TESTING AT ~~LONG BEACH~~
COMBUSTION ~~TURBINE NO. 3~~

CARNOT

**EMISSIONS INVENTORY
TESTING AT LONG BEACH
COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3**

Prepared for:

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY
Rosemead, California

For Inclusion in:

Air Toxics Hot Spots Inventory
required under
AB2588

Prepared by:

Arlene C. Bell

CARNOT

formerly the California Division of
ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES

Tustin, California

MAY, 1989

ESR 53304-2050

REPORT CERTIFICATION

The sampling and analysis performed for this report was carried out under my direction and supervision.



Arlene C. Bell
Director of Laboratory Services

Date 5/29/90

I have reviewed all testing details and results in this test report and hereby certify that the test report is authentic and accurate.



Arlene C. Bell
Director of Laboratory Services

Date 5/29/90

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SECTION 1.0

INTRODUCTION

Carnot, formerly the California Division of Energy Systems Associates was contracted by the Southern California Edison Company (SCE) to provide emissions measurement services in support of their preparation of emission inventory reports as required by the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Information and Assessment Act of 1987 (AB 2588). AB 2588 requires any facility which meets certain criteria to submit an emission inventory report to local air pollution regulatory agencies. Data is compiled by a combination of source test emission measurements and estimations. These reports are prepared according to inventory plans approved by the South Coast Air Quality Management District and by the California Air Resources Board (ARB).

This document is the source test report for the emissions tests that were conducted on SCE's Long Beach Generating Station Combustion Turbine No. 3. The results of the tests on this unit were used to generate emissions data for it and other similar sources in the SCE power generating system. These results satisfy the requirements for measurements of substances that must be quantified by a source test as set forth in Appendix D of the Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines Regulation (The Regulation) published by the ARB on June 2, 1989.

Triplicate emissions tests were conducted while firing gas fuel for:

- formaldehyde
- benzene

Triplicate emissions tests were conducted while firing distillate oil for:

- formaldehyde
- benzene
- polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH)

Two distillate oil samples were also analyzed for:

- Btu/lb (HHV)
- carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen
- sulfur
- ash content

- chloride
- full set of metals to include:
 - arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, total and hexavalent chromium,
 - copper, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, selenium and zinc

Testing was conducted January 30 through February 1, 1990. The Carnot test team members were Bob Finken, Arlene Bell, Sheila Haythornthwaite, Jim Mulligan, and Russell Pence. Mr. Michael D. Escarcega of SCE coordinated all test activities.

Table 1-1 summarizes the results of the emissions tests while firing natural gas. Tables 1-2 and 1-3 summarize the results of the emissions tests while firing distillate oil. Table 1-4 presents the results of the distillate oil analyses. Detailed results are included in Section 4.0.

TABLE 1-1
SUMMARY OF AB2588 EMISSIONS TEST RESULTS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
NATURAL GAS FUEL
January 30, 1990

Species	
Benzene:	
ppb	ND <4
lb/hr	ND <2.36 x 10 ⁻²
lb/MMBtu	ND <2.70 x 10 ⁻³
Formaldehyde	
ppb	<443
lb/hr	<1.01
lb/MMBtu	<1.15 x 10 ⁻³

TABLE 1-2
SUMMARY OF AB2588 EMISSIONS TEST RESULTS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
DISTILLATE OIL
January 31, - February 1, 1990

Species	
Benzene:	
ppb	ND <4
lb/hr	ND <2.46 x 10 ⁻²
lb/MMBtu	ND <2.92 x 10 ⁻⁵
Formaldehyde	
ppb	<119
lb/hr	<2.88 x 10 ⁻¹
lb/MMBtu	<3.59 x 10 ⁻⁴
Total PAH	
µg/m ³	<0.136
lb/hr	<2.52 x 10 ⁻⁴
lb/MMBtu	<3.12 x 10 ⁻⁷

TABLE 1-3
SUMMARY OF PAH EMISSION RESULTS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
DISTILLATE OIL

January 31, - February 1, 1990

Species	$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	lb/hr	lb/MMBtu
Acenaphthene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Acenaphthylene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Anthracene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benz[a]anthracene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo[b+k]fluoranthene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo[a]pyrene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Chrysene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Fluoranthene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Fluorene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Naphthalene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Phenanthrene	<0.012	<2.16 x 10 ⁻⁵	<2.69 x 10 ⁻⁸
Pyrene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
TOTAL PAH	<0.136	<2.52 x 10 ⁻⁴	<3.12 x 10 ⁻⁷

TABLE 1-4
FUEL ANALYSIS SUMMARY
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
DISTILLATE OIL
January 31, - February 1, 1990

Parameter	
Btu/lb (HHV)	19,250
Carbon, %	84.07
Hydrogen, %	15.63
Nitrogen, %	0.19
Oxygen, %	0.20
Sulfur, %	0.055
Ash, %	<0.01
F factor, dscf/MMBtu @ 0% O ₂ and 60° F	9,490
Chlorine, mg/l	ND <30
Arsenic, mg/l	ND <0.25
Beryllium, mg/l	ND <0.05
Cadmium, mg/l	ND <0.05
Chromium, mg/l	ND <0.05
Hexavalent Chromium, mg/l	ND <0.05
Copper, mg/l	ND <0.10
Lead, mg/l	ND <0.25
Mercury, mg/l	ND <0.10
Manganese, mg/l	ND <0.10
Nickel, mg/l	ND <0.05
Selenium, mg/l	ND <0.25
Zinc, mg/l	0.15

ND - not detected

SECTION 2.0

UNIT DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

2.1 UNIT DESCRIPTION

Long Beach Generating Station is a combined cycle facility. The facility consists of seven combustion turbine generators, seven heat recovery boilers and two steam turbine generators. Hot gases passing through the combustion turbine exhaust to atmosphere through the heat recovery boilers. The steam generated in the boilers is used for three purposes: (1) to drive the steam turbines, (2) to provide injection steam to the combustor for NOx control, and (3) to provide heating and deaeration of the feedwater in the deaerator.

Combustion Turbine 3 consists of an Electric Machinery Manufacturing air cooled generator, a 17 stage axial compressor, a 5 stage gas turbine, a Brown-Boveri vertical combustion chamber and a hydraulically coupled electric starter motor. The combustion turbines are rated at 61,750 kW each and can fire natural gas or distillate fuel.

2.2 UNIT OPERATION

Long Beach Combustion Turbine No. 3 was operated at nominal full load while firing natural gas or distillate oil. Table 2-1 summarizes unit operation during each test. Complete unit operation data is in Appendix C.2.

TABLE 2-1
SUMMARY OF UNIT OPERATION
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
January 31, - February 1, 1990

Test	Date	Fuel	Load (MW)	Fuel Flow
1	1/30/90	Natural Gas	67	798 MCFH
2	1/30/90	Natural Gas	66	786 MCFH
3	1/30/90	Natural Gas	66	788 MCFH
4-PAH	1/31/90	Distillate Oil	63.3	107 GPM
5-PAH	2/1/90	Distillate Oil	64.3	107 GPM
6-PAH	2/1/90	Distillate Oil	64.5	105 GPM

SECTION 3.0

TEST DESCRIPTION

3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION AND SCHEDULE

The tests on Long Beach Generating Station Combustion Turbine No. 3 were conducted with the boiler firing at or near full normal load, at normal operating conditions. Testing was conducted with the boiler firing both distillate oil and natural gas fuels. Table 3-1 gives the tests that were conducted for each fuel type. Table 3-2 is a summary of the tests performed.

TABLE 3-1
TEST SUMMARY

Fuel	Species to be Measured by Source Test
Distillate Oil	Benzene, Formaldehyde, PAH Also fuel analysis for Metals, Chloride
Natural Gas	Benzene, Formaldehyde

3.2 SAMPLE LOCATIONS

Samples were collected from four ports installed in the exhaust stack. These ports are installed 2.9 stack diameters upstream and 4.3 stack diameters downstream of any flow disturbance in the 18'4" i.d. stack. This stack is shared with another combustion turbine. During sampling, only Combustion Turbine No. 3 was in service. The sample port location meets the acceptability criteria given in EPA Method 1. The 24-point sampling layout using the four ports also meets EPA Method 1 requirements. Figure 3-1 is a diagram of the sample location.

TABLE 3-2
TEST SCHEDULE AB2588 EMISSIONS TESTING
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
January 30, - February 1, 1990

Test No.	Date	Time	Fuel	Type of Test
1-LBCT-Vel	1/30/90	0930-1020	Gas	Velocity Traverse
1-LBCT-H ₂ O	1/30/90	0920-0950	Gas	Moisture
1-LBCT-Form	1/30/90	0920-0950	Gas	Formaldehyde
1-LBCT-Benzene	1/30/90	0920-0947	Gas	Benzene
1-LBCT-CEM	1/30/90	0920-0950	Gas	CEM (O ₂ , CO ₂)
2-LBCT-Form	1/30/90	1010-1040	Gas	Formaldehyde
2-LBCT-Benzene	1/30/90	1010-1040	Gas	Benzene
2-LBCT-CEM	1/30/90	1010-1040	Gas	CEM (O ₂ , CO ₂)
3-LBCT-Vel	1/30/90	1101-1144	Gas	Velocity
3-LBCT-H ₂ O	1/30/90	1055-1125	Gas	Moisture
3-LBCT-Form	1/30/90	1055-1125	Gas	Formaldehyde
3-LBCT-Benzene	1/30/90	1055-1125	Gas	Benzene
3-LBCT-CEM	1/30/90	1050-1120	Gas	CEM (O ₂ , CO ₂)
4-LBCT-PAH	1/31/90	1348-1728	Distillate Oil	PAH
4-LBCT-CEM	1/31/90	1348-1718	Distillate Oil	CEM (O ₂ , CO ₂)
4A-LBCT-Form	1/31/90	1527-1557	Distillate Oil	Formaldehyde
4B-LBCT-Form	1/31/90	1605-1635	Distillate Oil	Formaldehyde
4C-LBCT-Form	1/31/90	1644-1714	Distillate Oil	Formaldehyde
5-LBCT-PAH	2/1/90	0850-1318	Distillate Oil	PAH
5-LBCT-CEM	2/1/90	0850-1330	Distillate Oil	CEM (O ₂ , CO ₂)
5A-LBCT-Benzene	2/1/90	0858-0918	Distillate Oil	Benzene
5B-LBCT-Benzene	2/1/90	0955-1015	Distillate Oil	Benzene
5C-LBCT-Benzene	2/1/90	1030-1050	Distillate Oil	Benzene
6-LBCT-PAH	2/1/90	1446-1936	Distillate Oil	PAH
6-LBCT-CEM	2/1/90	1445-1930	Distillate Oil	CEM (O ₂ , CO ₂)

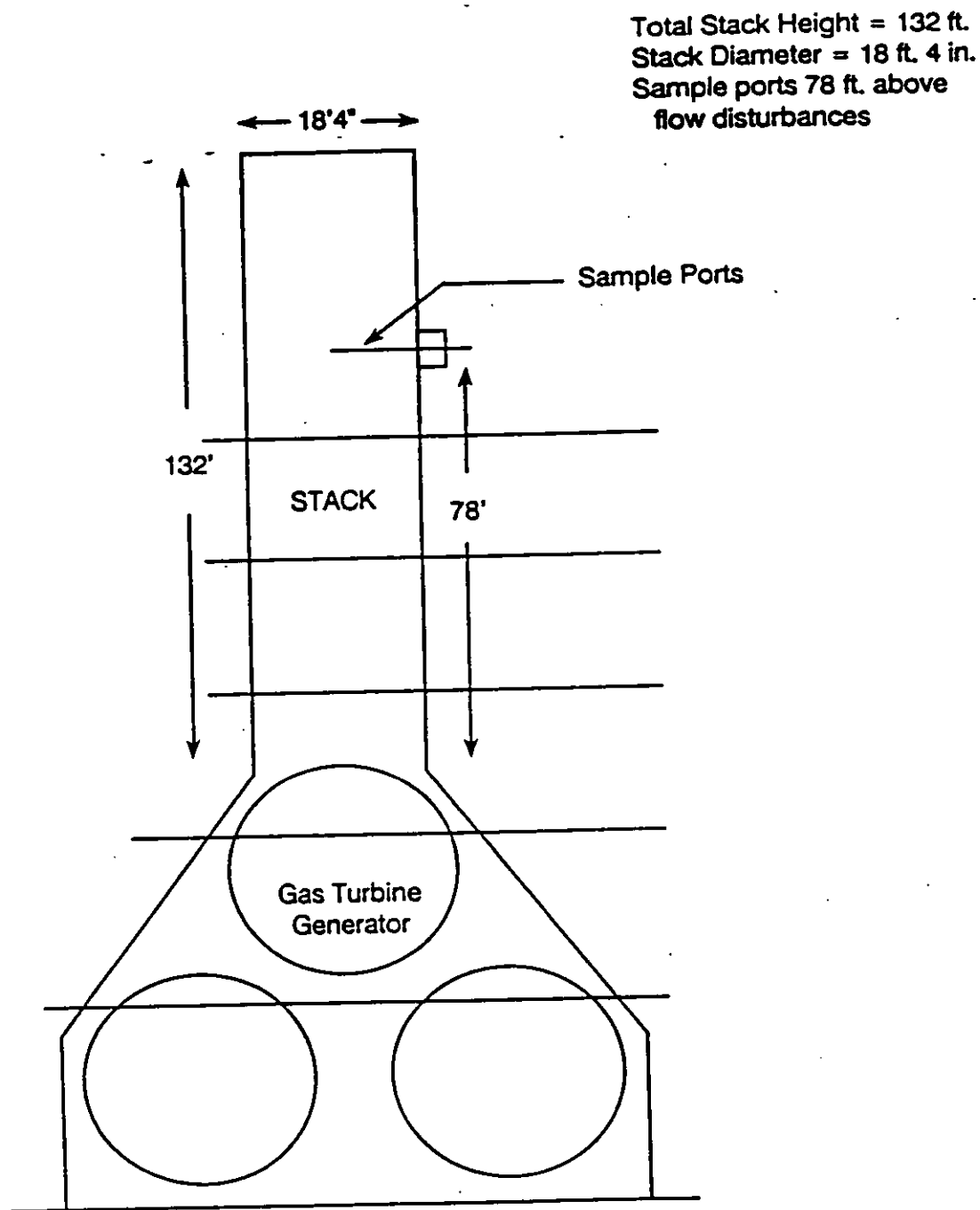


Figure 3-1. Long Beach Generating Station Combustion Turbine Sample Location.

3.3 TEST PROCEDURES

The test procedures for air emissions tests and related information that were used at Long Beach Combustion Turbine No. 3 are listed in Table 3-3. Descriptions of standard procedures are included in Appendix A. Additional information and modifications to standard procedures are presented below.

3.3.1 Benzene

Triplicate samples for benzene analysis were collected in Tedlar bags and analyzed by gas chromatography according to CARB Method 410A by Truesdail Laboratories in Tustin, California.

3.3.2 Formaldehyde

Triplicate formaldehyde samples were collected non-isokinetically using midjet impingers in acidic 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine solution. The analysis for formaldehyde was performed by reverse phase HPLC by Radian Laboratories, in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina.

3.3.3 Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)

Triplicate PAH samples were collected according to the sampling procedures of CARB Method 429. This method is known as semi-VOST or "Modified Method 5". Table 3-4 summarizes the pertinent information for these tests. In this procedure, a sample is collected isokinetically and passed through a heated Method 5 filter followed by an XAD-2 sorbent module in a water-cooled jacket. The sorbent module is followed by an impinger train to collect moisture and any PAH species that might pass through the resin.

Sample analysis was performed by Zenon Environmental in Burlington, Ontario. Zenon also prepared the resin, loaded the modules, and extracted the modules and other fractions according to CARB procedures. Appropriate pre- and post-test laboratory spikes were introduced to the samples by Zenon and the percent recovery is reported along with the results.

TABLE 3-3
TEST PROCEDURES FOR LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE
AIR EMISSIONS TESTS

Parameter	No. Replicates	Duration of Test (min.)	Sample Rate	Measurement Principle	Reference Method	Method Detection Limit
Benzene	3	20	0.5 l/min	GC/PID	CARB 410A	4 ppb
Formaldehyde	3	30	1 l/min	HPLC	CARB 430	0.1 µg/m³
PAH	3	192	1 m³/hr	GC/MS	CARB 429	10 ng/m³ per species*
Metals, Chloride	2	--	--	Fuel Analysis	--	--

* assumes 3m³ samples

TABLE 3-4
PAH TEST INFORMATION

Sampling Method	CARB 429
Analytical Method	GC/MS
Analytical Laboratory	Zenon Environmental
Expected Levels	Less than 10 ng/m ³ per species
Analytical Lower Detection Limit	10-100 ng per species
Sample Volumes	3 m ³ (3-hour sample)
Internal Standards	Added to post-test samples
Surrogate Standards	Added to resin prior to sampling
Blank	Full field blank train used
Fractions to be Analyzed	Probe wash, filter, sorbent module, connecting glassware rinse, and first impinger combined
Chain of Custody	Maintained by ESA and Zenon on all samples
Sample Train Assembly and Recovery	Performed in on-site clean room to minimize chance of contamination. All sample portions recovered with water, acetone, and hexane rinses.
Glassware Cleaning	Acid cleaning followed by DI H ₂ O, acetone, and hexane rinses and high temperature bake

PAH species were analyzed using GC/MS with selective ion monitoring. This procedure provides the lowest detection limits possible for these samples. PAH species to be quantitated are listed in Appendix C-1 of "Emission Inventory Criteria and Guidelines". These compounds are listed below:

Acenaphthene
Acenaphthylene
Anthracene
Benz[a]anthracene
Benzo[b]fluoranthene
Benzo[k]fluoranthene
Benzo[a]pyrene
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene
Chrysene
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene
Fluoranthene
Fluorene
Indeno[1,2,3,-cd]pyrene
Naphthalene
Phenanthrene
Pyrene

In addition to the samples, a full field blank was collected and analyzed for PAH. For a field blank, a separate sample train was assembled, transported, leak checked, rinsed, and recovered in the same way as the sample train. This provides a blank value not only for the analytical procedures but also for the reagents, filter, and any possible contamination introduced by sample handling.

3.3.4 Distillate Oil Samples

Two distillate oil samples were collected by SCE and analyzed for:

- Btu/lb
- carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen
- sulfur
- ash content
- chloride
- full set of metals to include:
arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, total and hexavalent chromium, copper, lead,
manganese, mercury, nickel, selenium, and zinc.

These analyses were performed by Curtis and Tompkins in Los Angeles.

3.3.5 Natural Gas Analysis

An analysis for the natural gas used during this test series was provided by Southern California Gas Company. Their analysis includes Btu/lb and composition. No suitable location was available at the Long Beach facility to take a gas sample.

3.3.6 Gaseous Emissions

Gaseous emissions (O_2 and CO_2) were measured using Carnot's Continuous Emissions Monitor (CEM) described in Appendix A. This system meets EPA and CARB requirements for gaseous species. A preliminary traverse indicated that there was no significant stratification. Therefore, O_2 and CO_2 concentrations were determined at a single point.

O_2 and CO_2 were measured in conjunction with all tests according to EPA Method 3A to provide data for molecular weight and dilution calculations.

3.3.7 Velocity and Moisture

Velocity and moisture were determined in conjunction with all isokinetic tests according to EPA Methods 1, 2, and 4. For non-isokinetic single point tests, either separate velocity and moisture determinations were performed or the velocity measured during a simultaneous isokinetic test is used for emission calculations.

3.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Carnot has a rigorous ongoing QA program to ensure that high-quality data is obtained and to ensure full documentation of test details. The QA program includes:

1. Appointment of a Quality Assurance Officer for Carnot's Source Test Division
2. Preparation of a QA manual for internal use
3. Standardization of reporting and review procedures
4. Implementation of chain of custody procedures on all samples and data sheets
5. Scheduling of internal QA and training meetings
6. Complete documentation of instrument calibration and CEM performance data

7. Adherence to method-specific QA procedures for all testing
8. Personnel training
9. Monitoring of new and emerging methods and technologies.

Specific QA data which will be included in the final report are:

1. Equipment calibration data
2. CEM calibration data
3. CEM performance data
4. Chain of custody on all samples (see example form in Appendix B)

Carnot participates in EPA's audit programs for Methods 5, 6, and 7, and is certified by the California Air Resources Board under its Independent Source Tester's Approval program. Additional QA information is presented in Appendix B.

SECTION 4.0

RESULTS

This section presents the results of the air emissions tests performed on SCE's Long Beach Combustion Turbine No. 3. Air emissions are presented on a concentration, mass emissions and lb/MMBtu basis. All data sheets, calculations, laboratory reports and quality assurance information are included in the Appendices.

The results of the tests are summarized in Tables 4-1 through 4-4. Detailed results of the tests are presented in the following subsections.

- 4.1 Benzene
- 4.2 Formaldehyde
- 4.3 Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)
- 4.4 Fuel Analysis
- 4.5 Test Summary and Isokinetics

TABLE 4-1
SUMMARY OF AB2588 EMISSIONS TEST RESULTS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
NATURAL GAS FUEL
January 30, 1990

Species	
Benzene:	
ppb	ND <4
lb/hr	ND <2.36 x 10 ⁻²
lb/MMBtu	ND <2.70 x 10 ⁻⁵
Formaldehyde	
ppb	<443
lb/hr	<1.01
lb/MMBtu	<1.15 x 10 ⁻³

TABLE 4-2
SUMMARY OF AB2588 EMISSIONS TEST RESULTS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
DISTILLATE OIL
January 31, - February 1, 1990

Species	
Benzene:	
ppb	ND <4
lb/hr	ND $<2.46 \times 10^{-2}$
lb/MMBtu	ND $<2.92 \times 10^{-3}$
Formaldehyde	
ppb	<119
lb/hr	$<2.88 \times 10^{-1}$
lb/MMBtu	$<3.59 \times 10^{-4}$
Total PAH	
$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	<0.136
lb/hr	$<2.52 \times 10^{-4}$
lb/MMBtu	$<3.12 \times 10^{-7}$

TABLE 4-3
SUMMARY OF PAH EMISSION RESULTS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
DISTILLATE OIL
January 31, - February 1, 1990

Species	$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	lb/hr	lb/MMBtu
Acenaphthene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Acenaphthylene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Anthracene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benz[a]anthracene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo[b+k]fluoranthene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo[a]pyrene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Chrysene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Fluoranthene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Fluorene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Naphthalene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Phenanthrene	<0.012	<2.16 x 10 ⁻⁵	<2.69 x 10 ⁻⁸
Pyrene	ND <0.0009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND <2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
TOTAL PAH	<0.136	<2.52 x 10 ⁻⁴	<3.12 x 10 ⁻⁷

TABLE 4-4
FUEL ANALYSIS SUMMARY
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
DISTILLATE OIL
January 31, - February 1, 1990

Parameter	
Btu/lb (HHV)	19,250
Carbon, %	84.07
Hydrogen, %	15.63
Nitrogen, %	0.19
Oxygen, %	0.20
Sulfur, %	0.055
Ash, %	<0.01
F factor, dscf/MMBtu @ 0% O ₂ and 60°F	9,490
Chlorine, mg/l	ND <30
Arsenic, mg/l	ND <0.25
Beryllium, mg/l	ND <0.05
Cadmium, mg/l	ND <0.05
Chromium, mg/l	ND <0.05
Hexavalent Chromium, mg/l	ND <0.05
Copper, mg/l	ND <0.10
Lead, mg/l	ND <0.25
Mercury, mg/l	ND <0.10
Manganese, mg/l	ND <0.10
Nickel, mg/l	ND <0.05
Selenium, mg/l	ND <0.25
Zinc, mg/l	0.15

ND - not detected

4.1 BENZENE

The results of the benzene sampling are presented in Table 4-5. Benzene was not detected in any of the samples. Appendix C.4 contains additional information. Benzene was not detected at the 4 ppb level corresponding to an emission rate of 0.0236 lb/hr while firing gas fuel or an emission rate of 0.0246 lb/hr while firing distillate oil.

TABLE 4-5
BENZENE EMISSIONS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3

Test No.	1-LBCT-Benzene	2-LBCT-Benzene	3-LBCT-Benzene	Average
Date:	1/30/90	1/30/90	1/30/90	
* Flow rate, dscfm	478,569	478,569	478,569	
O ₂ , %	15.5	15.5	15.5	
ppb	ND < 4	ND < 4	ND < 4	ND < 4
lb/hr	ND < 2.36 x 10 ⁻²	ND < 2.36 x 10 ⁻²	ND < 2.36 x 10 ⁻²	ND < 2.36 x 10 ⁻²
lb/MMBtu	ND < 2.70 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND < 2.70 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND < 2.70 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND < 2.70 x 10 ⁻⁵

* Flow rate is the average of two velocity determinations
O₂ concentration is the average O₂ concentration during these three tests

DISTILLATE OIL				
Test No.	5A-LBCT-Benzene	5B-LBCT-Benzene	5C-LBCT-Benzene	Average
Date	2/1/90	2/1/90	2/1/90	
* Flow rate, dscfm	497,754	497,754	497,754	
O ₂ , %	15.3	15.3	15.3	
ppb	ND < 4	ND < 4	ND < 4	ND < 4
lb/hr	ND < 2.46 x 10 ⁻²	ND < 2.46 x 10 ⁻²	ND < 2.46 x 10 ⁻²	ND < 2.46 x 10 ⁻²
lb/MMBtu	ND < 2.92 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND < 2.92 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND < 2.92 x 10 ⁻⁵	ND < 2.92 x 10 ⁻⁵

* Flow rate and O₂ from Test 5-5V

FORMALDEHYDE

Formaldehyde results are presented in Table 4-6. Appendix C.5 presents additional data and Radian's Laboratory report. Both a field blank and field spike were collected and analyzed. Field spike recovery was 98% of nominal. Detectable formaldehyde levels were measured while firing gas fuel. Average emissions were 443 ppb or 1.01 lb/hr. Formaldehyde emissions were at the detection limit while firing distillate oil. Average emissions while firing distillate oil were less than 119 ppb or 0.288 lb/hr.

TABLE 4-6
FORMALDEHYDE EMISSIONS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3

GAS FUEL				
Test No.	1-LBCT-Form	2-LBCT-Form	3-LBCT-Form	Average
Date:	1/30/90	1/30/90	1/30/90	
* Flow rate, dscfm	478,569	478,569	478,569	
O ₂ , %	15.5	15.5	15.5	
ppb	833	<118	380	<443
lb/hr	1.89	$<2.68 \times 10^{-1}$	8.63×10^{-1}	<1.01
lb/MMBtu	2.16×10^{-3}	$<3.06 \times 10^{-4}$	9.86×10^{-4}	$<1.15 \times 10^{-3}$

* Flow rate is the average of two velocity determinations

O₂ concentration is the average O₂ concentration during these three tests

DISTILLATE OIL				
Test No.	4A-LBCT-Form	4B-LBCT-Form	4C-LBCT-Form	Average
Date	1/31/90	1/31/90	1/31/90	
* Flow rate, dscfm	509,595	509,595	509,595	
O ₂ , %	15.7	15.7	15.7	
ppb	<100	<107	<151	<119
lb/hr	$<2.41 \times 10^{-1}$	$<2.58 \times 10^{-1}$	$<3.66 \times 10^{-1}$	$<2.88 \times 10^{-1}$
lb/MMBtu	$<3.01 \times 10^{-4}$	$<3.21 \times 10^{-4}$	$<4.56 \times 10^{-4}$	$<3.59 \times 10^{-4}$

* Flow rate and O₂ from Test 4-SV

PAH results are presented in Table 4-7. Complete results are in Appendix C.6. The analysis for the fifteen target PAH compounds indicated that these species were not present at detectable levels with the exception of phenanthrene. Phenanthrene was measured in two samples at 0.032 and 0.040 μg . Phenanthrene was not detected in the third sample. The detection limit for this species is 0.025 μg . The average emission rate for total PAH was less than 2.52×10^{-4} lb/hr. This corresponds to an average total PAH concentration of less than 0.136 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$.

TABLE 4-7
POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBON EMISSIONS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
DISTILLATE OIL

Test No.	4-LBCT-SV	5-LBCT-SV	6-LBCT-SV	Average		
Date	1/31/90	2/1/90	2/1/90			
Flow Rate, dscfm	509,595	497,754	480,300			
O ₂ , %	15.7	15.3	15.5			
Species	µg/m ³	µg/m ³	µg/m ³	µg/m ³	lb/hr	lb/MMBtu
Naphthalene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Acenaphthylene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Acenaphthene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Fluorene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Phenanthrene	0.010	ND <0.009	0.016	<0.012	<2.16 x 10 ⁻⁵	<2.69 x 10 ⁻⁸
Anthracene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Fluoranthene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Pyrene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benz(a)anthracene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Chrysene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND <0.008	ND <0.009	ND <0.010	ND <0.009	ND <1.65 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.04 x 10 ⁻⁸
Total PAH						
µg/m ³	<0.120	<0.128	<0.160	<0.136		
lb/hr	<2.29 x 10 ⁻⁴	<2.39 x 10 ⁻⁴	<2.88 x 10 ⁻⁴	<2.52 x 10 ⁻⁴		
lb/MMBtu	<2.86 x 10 ⁻⁷	<2.83 x 10 ⁻⁷	<3.68 x 10 ⁻⁷	<3.12 x 10 ⁻⁷		

FUEL ANALYSIS

Distillate oil analyses are presented in Table 4-8. Natural gas analysis is presented in Table 4-9. The natural gas analysis was supplied by Southern California Gas Company and is used to calculate emissions in lb/MMBtu.

Due to the high volatility of the distillate fuel, the laboratory had difficulty in performing the elemental analysis. A large portion of the fuel evaporated during analysis, and was erroneously counted as oxygen (which is not measured but determined by difference). It was assumed that the oxygen content was 0.2% (a typical value for distillate fuels), and the analyses were adjusted. This adjustment was not made for heating value or the trace metals analyses, which are not impacted.

TABLE 4-8
DISTILLATE OIL ANALYSIS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3

Parameter	Sample No. 6A-LBCT-Fuel 2/1/90	Sample No. 6B-LBCT-Fuel 2/1/90	Average
Btu/lb (HHV)	19,300	19,200	19,250
Carbon, %	84.18	83.96	84.07
Hydrogen, %	15.55	15.71	15.63
Nitrogen, %	0.16	0.22	0.19
Oxygen, %	0.20	0.20	0.2
Sulfur, %	0.05	0.06	0.55
Ash, %	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01
F factor, dscf/MMBtu @ 0% O ₂ and 60°F			9,490
Chlorine, mg/l	ND <30	ND <30	ND <30
Arsenic, mg/l	ND <0.25	ND <0.25	ND <0.25
Beryllium, mg/l	ND <0.05	ND <0.05	ND <0.05
Cadmium, mg/l	ND <0.05	ND <0.05	ND <0.05
Chromium, mg/l	ND <0.05	ND <0.05	ND <0.05
Hexavalent Chromium, mg/l	ND <0.05	ND <0.05	ND <0.05
Copper, mg/l	ND <0.10	ND <0.10	ND <0.10
Lead, mg/l	ND <0.25	ND <0.25	ND <0.25
Mercury, mg/l	ND <0.10	ND <0.10	ND <0.10
Manganese, mg/l	ND <0.10	ND <0.10	ND <0.10
Nickel, mg/l	ND <0.05	ND <0.05	ND <0.05
Selenium, mg/l	ND <0.25	ND <0.25	ND <0.25
Zinc, mg/l	0.21	0.09	0.15

TABLE 4-9
NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3

Parameter	Sample Date 1/30/90
Methane, %	92.1
Ethane, %	3.75
Propane, %	1.00
Butane, %	0.23
Iso-butane, %	0.13
Pentane, %	0.06
Iso-pentane, %	0.07
C ₆ +, %	0.10
Carbon dioxide, %	1.00
Nitrogen, %	1.51
Btu/mcf	1049.7
Specific Gravity	0.6098
F factor, dscf/MMBtu @ 0% O ₂ and 60°F	8,476

TEST SUMMARY AND ISOKINETICS

A summary of the isokinetic and velocity tests performed is presented in Table 4-10.

All tests were within the required range of 90-110% isokinetic.

TABLE 4-10
SUMMARY OF TEST CONDITIONS
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
January 30; - February 1, 1990

Test No.	Flow Rate (dscfm)	Moisture, %	O ₂ , %	CO ₂ , %	% Isokinetic	Comments
1-LBCT-Vel/ H ₂ O	482,110	11.7	15.6	3.2	N/A	Tests 1-3 performed while firing gas fuel
3-LBCT-Vel/ H ₂ O	475,027	12.4	15.4	3.1	N/A	Benzene and Formaldehyde Tests #1, 2, and 3 cal- culated using average flow rate and O ₂ from velocity traverses 1 and 3
4-LBCT-PAH	509,595	9.8	15.7	4.0	104.9	Tests 4-6 performed while firing distillate oil
5-LBCT-PAH	497,754	9.4	15.3	3.8	98.8	Flow rate for isokinetic tests used for non- isokinetic tests run during the same time period.
6-LBCT-PAH	480,300	9.4	15.5	3.8	97.3	

APPENDIX A
MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Continuous Emissions Monitoring System
Oxygen (O₂) by Continuous Analyzer
Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) by Continuous Analyzer
Benzene by Gas Chromatography
Determination of Moisture in Stack Gases
Semi-Volatile Organic Sampling Train Procedures
Formaldehyde by HPLC

Continuous Emissions Monitoring System

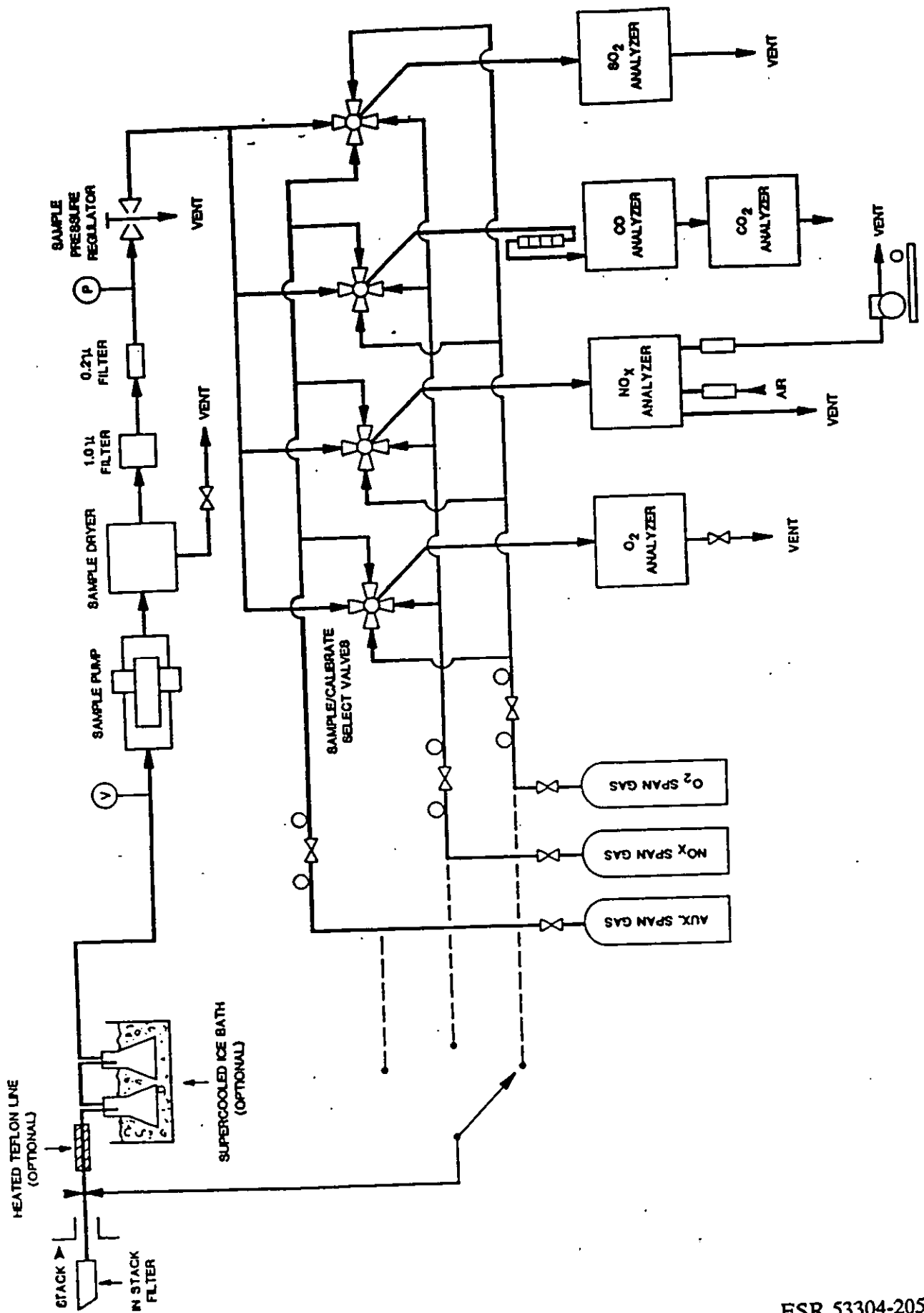
O₂, CO, CO₂, NO, NO_x, and SO₂ are measured using an extractive continuous emissions monitoring (CEM) package, shown in the following figure. This package is comprised of three basic subsystems. They are: (1) the sample acquisition and conditioning system, (2) the calibration gas system, and (3) the analyzers themselves. This section presents a description of the sampling and calibration systems. Descriptions of the analyzers used in this program and the corresponding reference test methods follow. Information regarding quality assurance information on the system, including calibration routines and system performance data follows.

The sample acquisition and conditioning system contains components to extract a representative sample from the stack or flue, transport the sample to the analyzers, and remove moisture and particulate material from the sample. In addition to performing the tasks above, the system must preserve the measured species and deliver the sample for analysis intact. The sample acquisition system extracts the sample through a stainless steel probe. The probe is insulated or heated as necessary to avoid condensation. If the particulate loading in the stack is high, a sintered stainless steel filter is used on the end of the probe.

Where water soluble NO₂ and/or SO₂ are to be measured, the sample is drawn from the probe through a heated Teflon sample line into a supercooled (approximately -20 °C) water removal trap. The trap consists of stainless steel flasks in a bath of dry ice and antifreeze. If dry ice is not locally available, ice and rock salt are used. This design removes the water vapor by condensation and freezes the liquid quickly. The contact between the sample and liquid water is minimized. Since the solubility of the NO₂ and SO₂ in ice is negligible, these species are conserved. This system meets the requirements of EPA Method 20. The sample is then drawn through a Teflon transport line and particulate filter, into the sample pump. The pump is a dual head, diaphragm pump. All sample-wetted components of the pump are stainless steel or Teflon. The pressurized sample leaving the pump flows through a stainless steel refrigerated (38 °F) compressed air dryer for final moisture removal. A drain line and valve are provided to constantly expel any condensed moisture from the dryer. After the dryer, the sample is directed into a distribution manifold. Excess sample is vented through a back-pressure regulator, maintaining a constant pressure of 5-6 psig to the analyzers.

The calibration system is comprised of two parts: the analyzer calibration, and the system bias check (dynamic calibration). The analyzer calibration equipment includes pressurized cylinders of certified span gas. The gases used are, as a minimum, certified to 1% by the manufacturer where necessary, to comply with reference method requirements. EPA Protocol 1 gases are used. The cylinders are equipped with pressure regulators which supply the calibration gas to the analyzers at the same pressure and flow rate as the sample. The selection of zero, span, or sample gas directed to each analyzer is accomplished by operation of the sample/calibration selector valves.

The system bias check is accomplished by transporting the same gases used to zero and span the analyzers to the sample conditioner inlet (probe exit). The span gas is exposed to the same elements as the sample and the system response is documented. Where the supercooled moisture removal system is used, water is added to the knockout flasks before the pre-test check. The analyzer indications for the system calibration check must agree within 5% of the analyzer calibration. Values are adjusted and changes/repairs are made to the system to compensate for any difference in analyzer readings. Specific information on the analytical equipment and test methods used is provided in the following pages.



Continuous Emissions Monitoring System

Method: Oxygen (O₂) by Continuous Analyzer

Applicable
Ref. Methods: EPA 3A, EPA 20, ARB 100, BA ST-14

Principle: A sample is continuously drawn from the flue gas stream, conditioned, and conveyed to the instrument for direct readout of O₂ concentration.

Analyzer: Teledyne Model 326A

Measurement
Principle: Electrochemical cell

Ranges: 0-5, 0-10, 0-25% O₂

Accuracy: 1% of full scale

Output: 0-100 mV, linear

Interferences: Halogens and halogenated compounds will cause a positive interference. Acid gases will consume the fuel cell and cause a slow calibration drift.

Response
Time: 90% <7 seconds

Sampling
Procedure: A representative flue gas sample is collected and conditioned using the CEM system described previously. If Method 20 is used, that method's specific procedures for selecting sample points are used. Otherwise, stratification checks are performed at the start of a test program to select single or multiple-point sample locations.

Analytical
Procedure: An electrochemical cell is used to measure O₂ concentration. Oxygen in the flue gas diffuses through a Teflon membrane and is reduced on the surface of the cathode. A corresponding oxidation occurs at the anode internally, and an electric current is produced that is proportional to the concentration of oxygen. This current is measured and conditioned by the instrument's electronic circuitry to give an output in percent O₂ by volume.

Special
Calibration
Procedure: The measurement cells used with the O₂ instrument have to be replaced on a regular basis. After extended use, the cell tend to produce a nonlinear response. Therefore, a three-point calibration is performed at the start of each test day to check for linearity. If the response is not linear ($\pm$ 2% of scale), the cell is replaced.

Method: Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) by Continuous Analyzer

Applicable
Ref. Methods: EPA 3A, ARB 100, BA ST-5

Principle: A sample is continuously drawn from the flue gas stream, conditioned, and conveyed to the instrument for direct readout of CO₂ concentration.

Analyzer: Horiba PIR 2000

Measurement
Principle: Nondispersive infrared (NDIR)

Accuracy: 1% of full scale

Ranges: 0-5, 0-10, 0-25%

Output: 0-10 mV

Interferences: A possible interference includes water. Since the instrument receives dried sample gas, this interference is not significant.

Response
Time: 1.2 seconds

Sampling
Procedure: A representative flue gas sample is collected and conditioned using the CEM system described previously.

Analytical
Procedure: Carbon dioxide concentrations are measured by short pathlength nondispersive infrared analyzers. These instruments measure the differential in infrared energy absorbed from energy beams passed through a reference cell (containing a gas selected to have minimal absorption of infrared energy in the wavelength absorbed by the gas component of interest) and a sample cell through which the sample gas flows continuously. The differential absorption appears as a reading on a scale of 0 to 100%.

Method: Benzene by Gas Chromatography

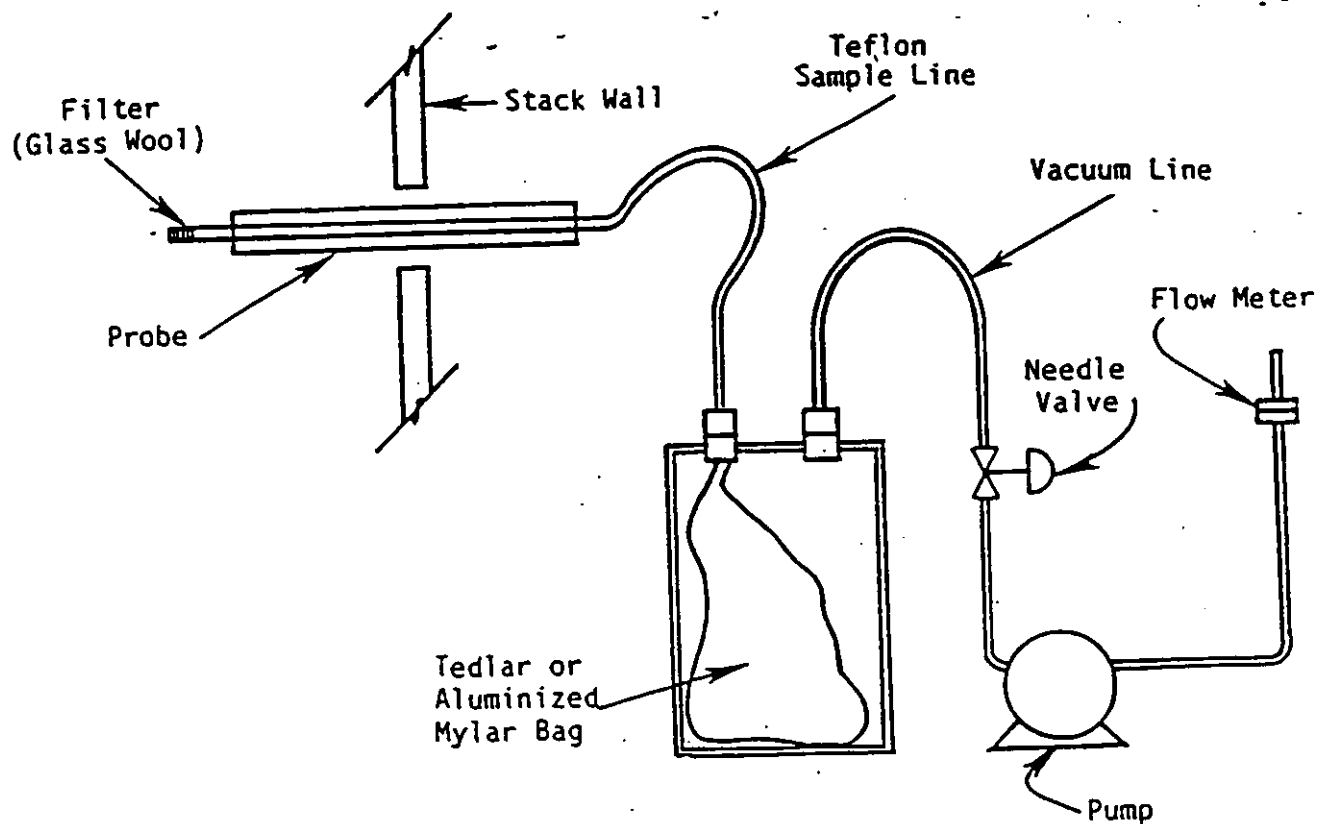
Reference: CARB Method 410, Modified EPA Method 601/602

Principle: A Tedlar bag is filled with flue gas at a constant rate. The bag contents are analyzed by gas chromatography/photo ionization detection for volatile organic compounds.

Sample Procedure: Samples are collected using a lung-type sampling system shown in the attached figure. In this system, a bag is placed in a sealed container and the container is evacuated. Flue gas enters the bag as it expands to fill the container. Sampling rate is monitored by a rotameter on the container exhaust. This system allows sample collection without exposing the sample to pumps, flowmeters, oils, etc.

Analytical Procedure: In the analytical phase, the contents of the Tedlar bags are injected directly on a capillary chromatographic column. Column type, instrument conditions and sample volume are optimized to obtain complete separation of all compounds of interest and detection limits of no more than 10 ppb.

Carnot subcontracts these analyses to qualified local laboratories experienced in these analytical procedures.



Sample Train for Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) by EPA 601/602

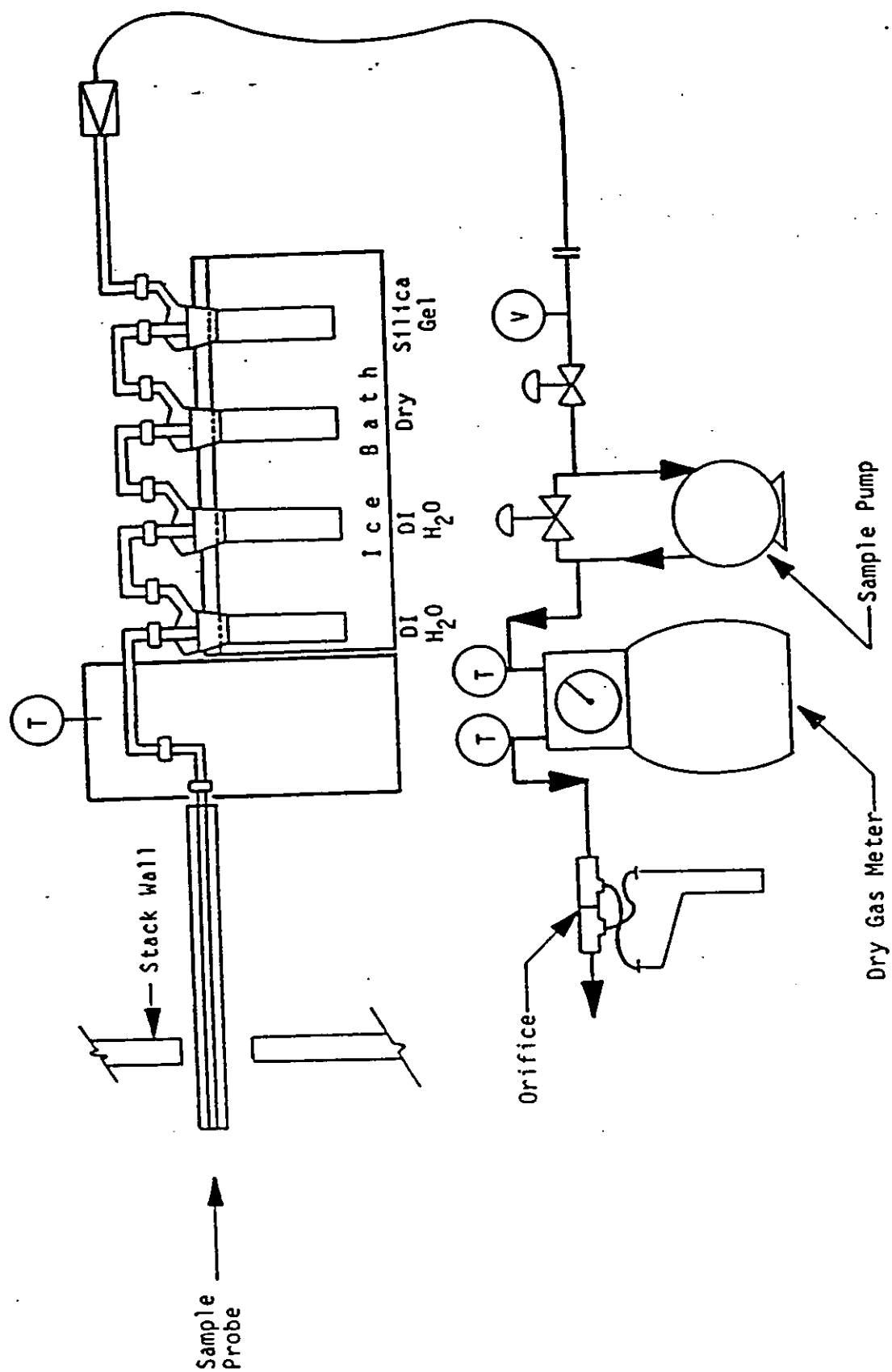
Method: *Determination of Moisture in Stack Gases*

Applicable
Ref. Methods: EPA 4, ARB 1-4

Principle: *A gas sample is extracted at a constant rate from the source; moisture is removed from the sample stream and determined volumetrically or gravimetrically.*

Sampling
Procedure: The sample train used in the tests is shown in the following figure. The sample is drawn at a constant rate through a stainless steel probe. The probe is connected to an impinger train by Teflon tubing. The train consists of two Smith-Greenburg impingers which contain 100 ml water, an empty impinger as a knockout, and an impinger containing silica gel to protect the pump from moisture.

Sample
Recovery and
Analysis: Following testing, moisture content is determined gravimetrically from initial and final impinger weights.



Sample Train for Determination of Moisture by EPA Method 4.

Method: Semi-volatile Organic Sampling Train (Semi-VOST)

References: CARB Method 429 (for PAH)
ASME Modified Method 5

Principle: A metered flue gas sample is collected isokinetically, and semi-volatile organic compounds are collected on a heated filter, on water-cooled XAD-2 resin module, and in an iced impinger bath. Depending upon the specific test requirements, the samples are then analyzed for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) species. This section discusses the sampling and sample handling techniques for the semi-VOST method.

Sample Train Preparation:

Because of the very low detection limits of the analytical techniques, thorough cleaning of sample train components prior to testing is vital. Prior to testing, all glassware is cleaned in Carnot's laboratory with high purity water, acetone, and hexane rinses, and then baked at high temperature. Resin modules are cleaned and loaded with purified resin by the contract laboratory within one week of the scheduled test date. Batches of Whatman 934AH fiberglass filters are toluene-rinsed and proofed by the contract laboratory. Individual filters are then tared and stored in petri dishes lined with hexane rinsed aluminum foil.

Sample train assembly is performed in an on-site clean room by experienced personnel.

Sampling:

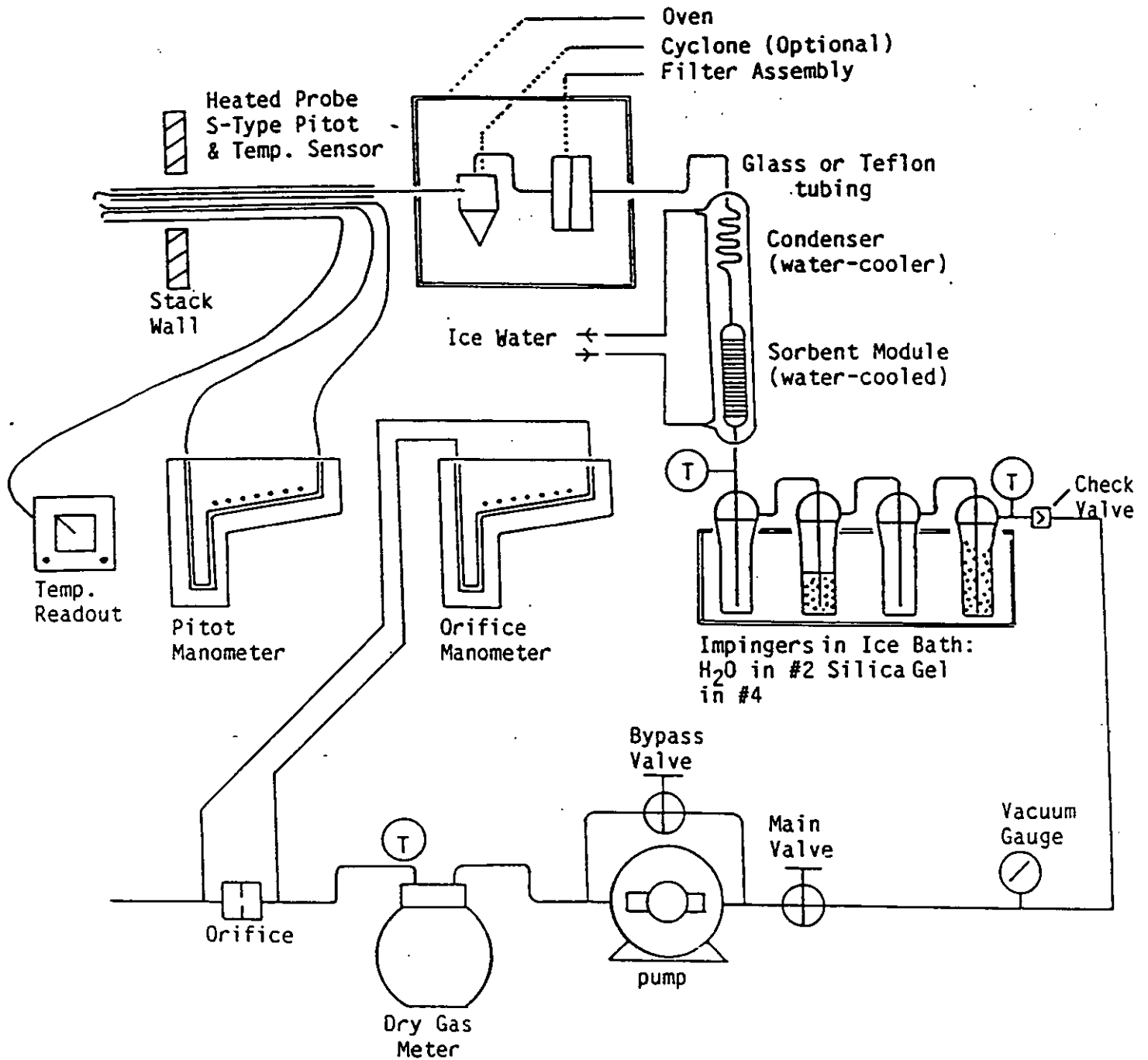
The sample train is shown in the attached figure. Sample is pulled through the following components:

1. Glass or nickel-coated stainless steel nozzle
2. Heated glass probe (250 ± 15 F)
3. Optional cyclone in heated oven (250 ± 15 F)
4. Filter in heated oven
5. Glass or teflon tubing
6. Condenser/sorbent module cooled with circulating ice water from impinger bath
7. Dry impinger with stub stem
8. Smith-Greenburg impinger with 100 ml DI H_2O
9. Dry impinger as a knockout
10. Impinger containing silica gel
11. Leak-free vacuum pump
12. Calibrated dry gas meter

The pump, meter, manometers, and heater controllers are all contained in a single control box (Andersen Universal or equivalent).

During final sample train assembly and leak check procedures on the stack or duct, special precautions are taken to minimize the chance of contamination. Sample train components are open to the air for as short a time as possible; and during transport to and from the stack, all components are sealed with hexane rinsed aluminum foil.

Semi-VOST Sampling Train



**Sample
Recovery:**

All sample recovery is performed in Carnot's laboratory or an on-site clean room. Following sampling the resin module is sealed with glass caps and stored in a refrigerator or ice chest, the filter is placed in a light-proofed petri dish, and all glassware components are rinsed. The rinse consists of three rinses each of distilled water, acetone, hexane, and methylene chloride. All solvents are high purity GS/MC grade, the squirt bottles are teflon, and the sample bottles are amber glass with teflon-lined caps. Water fractions are placed in separate bottles from the solvent rinses to simplify extraction procedures for the contract laboratory.

Field Blank:

At least once during each test series, a field blank sample is collected. This consists of assembling a sample train transporting it to and from the stack, leak checking it, and recovering it. This sample is analyzed using the same procedures as for the test samples.

**Sample
Custody:**

Full chain of custody is maintained on all reagents, sample trains, and samples by Carnot and by contract laboratories. In addition to formal documentation by the sample custodians, sample data sheets are initialed by the individuals who assemble and recover each sample train component.

Method: Formaldehyde by HPLC

Reference: CARB Method 430

Principle: A metered gas sample is collected non-isokinetically in acidic 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (DNPH) solution. Formaldehyde reacts with DNPH to form the 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone derivative. The concentration of this formaldehyde derivative is determined by reverse phase HPLC with an ultraviolet absorption detector.

Sampling Procedure: A dry metered gas sample is collected through teflon tubing into an iced midget impinger train containing 20 ml of aqueous acidic DNPH solution. Samples are recovered with DNPH solution into precleaned glass bottles, refrigerated and analyzed within 7 days.

Analytical Procedure: The concentration of the resulting formaldehyde derivative is quantitated after organic solvent extraction using reverse phase HPLC with an ultraviolet absorption detector. Formaldehyde in the sample is identified and quantitated by comparison of peak retention times and peak areas with those of standard solutions.

APPENDIX B
QUALITY ASSURANCE

QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM SUMMARY AND ARB CERTIFICATION

Carnot ensures the quality and validity of its emission measurement and reporting procedures through a rigorous quality assurance (QA) program. The program is developed and administered by an internal QA Officer, and encompasses seven major areas:

1. Development and use of an internal QA manual.
2. QA reviews of reports, laboratory work, and field testing.
3. Equipment calibration and maintenance.
4. Chain of custody.
5. Training.
6. Knowledge of current test methods.
7. Agency certification.

Each of these areas is discussed individually below.

Quality Assurance Manual. Carnot has prepared a QA Manual according to EPA guidelines. The manual serves to document and formalize all of Carnot's QA efforts. The manual is constantly updated, and each member of the Source Test Division is required to read and understand its contents. The manual includes details on the other six QA areas discussed below.

QA Reviews. Carnot's review procedure includes review of each source test report by the QA Officer, and spot check reviews of laboratory and field work.

The most important review is the one that takes place before a test program begins. The QA Officer works closely with Source Test Division personnel to prepare and review test protocols. Test protocol review includes selection of appropriate test procedures, evaluation of any interferences or other restrictions that might preclude use of standard test procedures, and evaluation and/or development of alternate procedures.

Equipment Calibration and Maintenance. The equipment used to conduct the emissions measurements is maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions to ensure proper operation. In addition to the maintenance program, calibrations are carried out on each measurement device according to the schedule outlined by the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The schedule for maintenance and calibrations are given in Tables B-1 and B-2. Quality control checks are also conducted in the field for each test program. The following is a partial list of checks made as part of each CEM system test series.

Sample acquisition and conditioning system leak check.

2-point analyzer calibrations (all analyzers)

3-point analyzer calibrations (analyzers with potential for linearity errors).

Complete system calibration check ("dynamic calibration" through entire sample system).

Periodic analyzer calibration checks (once per hour) are conducted at the start and end of each test run. Any change between pre- and post-test readings are recorded.

TABLE B-1.
SAMPLING INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION SCHEDULE
As Specified by the CARB

Instrument Type	Frequency of Calibration	Standard of Comparison or Method of Calibration	Acceptance Limits
Orifice Meter (large)	12 months	Calibrated dry test meter	$\pm 2\%$ of volume measure
Dry Gas Meter	12 months or when repaired	Calibrated dry test meter	$\pm 2\%$ of volume measured
S-Type Pitot (for use with EPA type sampling train)	6 months	EPA Method 2	Cp constant (+5%) over working range. Difference between the average Cp for each leg must be less than 2%
Vacuum Gauges Pressure Gauges	6 months	Manometer	$\pm 3\%$
Field Barometer	6 months	Mercury barometer	$\pm 0.2^{\circ}$ Hg
Temperature Measurement	6 months	NBS mercury thermometer or NBS calibrated platinum RTD	$\pm 4^{\circ}$ F for $< 400^{\circ}$ F $\pm 1.5\%$ for $> 400^{\circ}$ F
Temperature Readout Devices	6 months	Precision potentiometer	$\pm 2\%$ full scale reading
Analytical Balance	12 months (checked prior to each use)	Should be performed by manufacturer or qualified laboratory	± 0.3 mg of stated weight
Probe Nozzles	12 months	Nozzle diameter check micrometer	Range $< \pm 0.10$ mm for three measurements
Continuous Analyzers	Depends on use, frequency, and performance	As specified by manufacturers operating manuals, EPA NBS gases, and/or ref. methods	Satisfy all limits specified in operating specifications

TABLE B-2
EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE
 Based on Manufacturer's Specifications
 and Carnot Experience

Equipment	Performance Requirement	Maintenance Interval	Corrective Action
Pumps	1. Absence of leaks 2. Ability to draw mfr required vacuum and flow	Every 500 hrs of operation or 6 months whichever is less	1. Visual insp. 2. Clean 3. Replace worn parts 4. Leak check
Flow Measuring Device	1. Free mechanical movement 2. Absence of malfunction	Every 500 hrs of operation or 6 months whichever is less After each test, if used in H ₂ S sampling or other corrosive atmospheres	1. Visual insp. 2. Clean 3. Calibrate
Sampling Instruments	1. Absence of malfunction 2. Proper response to zero, span gas	As required by manufacturer	As recommended by manufacturer
Integrated Sampling Tanks	Absence of leaks	Depends on nature of use	1. Steam clean 2. Leak check
Mobile Van Sampling Systems	Absence of leaks	Depends on nature of use	1. Change filters 2. Change gas dryer 3. Leak check 4. Check for system contamination
Sampling Lines	Sample degradation less than two percent	After each test or test series	Blow filtered air thru line until dry

All calibrations are conducted using gases certified by the manufacturer to be + 1% of label value (NBS traceable).

Calibration and CEM performance data are fully documented, and are included in each source test report.

Chain of Custody. Carnot maintains full chain of custody documentation on all samples and data sheets. In addition to normal documentation of changes between field sample custodians, laboratory personnel, and field test personnel, Carnot documents every individual who handles any test component in the field (e.g., probe wash, impinger loading and recovery, filter loading and recovery, etc.).

Samples are stored in a locked area to which only Source Test Division personnel have access. Neither other Carnot employees nor cleaning crews have keys to this area.

Data sheets are copied immediately upon return from the field, and this first generation copy is placed in locked storage. Any notes made on original sheets are initialed and dated.

Training. Personnel training is essential to ensure quality testing. Carnot has formal and informal training programs which include:

1. Attendance at EPA-sponsored training courses.
2. Enrollment in EPA correspondence courses.
3. A requirement for all technicians to read and understand Carnot's QA Manual.
4. In-house training and QA meetings on a regular basis.
5. Maintenance of training records.

Knowledge of Current Test Methods. With the constant updating of standard test methods and the wide variety of emerging test methods, it is essential that any qualified source tester keep abreast of new developments. Carnot subscribes to services which provide updates on EPA and CARB reference methods, and on EPA, CARB, and SCAQMD rules and regulations. Additionally, source test personnel regularly attend and present papers at testing and emission-related seminars and conferences. Carnot personnel maintain membership in the Air Pollution Control Association, the Source Evaluation Society, and the ASME Environmental Control Division.

AGENCY CERTIFICATION

Carnot is certified by the CARB as an independent source test contractor for gaseous and particulate measurements. Carnot also participates in EPA QA audit programs for Methods 5, 6, and 7.

Additionally, Carnot's QA Officer is actively participating on a Source Evaluation Society committee to develop a nationwide accreditation program for source testers.

Appendix B.2
Calibration Data

ESR 53304-2050

ANALYTICAL REPORT — cont'd

ENERGY SYSTEMS

ATTN: BOB FINKEN

Date: 12-9-88Our Project No.: 415080Your P.O. No.: 4560

Cyl. No. <u>AAL 4678</u>	Analytical Accuracy <u>±1%</u>
Component	Concentration
Oxygen	12.50%
Carbon Monoxide	275.5 PPM
Carbon Dioxide	14.97%
Nitrogen	Balance
*Gravimetric Master	

Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

*Certified to have been blended against NBS certified weights and verified correct by independent analysis.

Analyst _____

Approved By _____

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS EPA PROTOCOL GASES
ACUBLEND® CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES PURE GASES
ACCESSORY PRODUCTS CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES



Scott Specialty Gases

a division of

Scott Environmental Technology Inc. 2600 CAJON BLVD., SAN BERNARDINO, CA 92405

AUG 25 1989

TELEX: 510-100-8831 (ScottGas)

FAX: 714-887-0549

PHONE: 714-887-2571

ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES
15991 RED HILL AVE., SUITE 110
TUSTIN, CA 92680
ATTN: JIM MULLIGAN

Date: 8-9-89
Our Project No.: 01858
Your P.O. No.: 5264

Gentlemen:

Thank you for choosing Scott for your Specialty Gas needs. The analyses for the gases ordered, as reported by our laboratory, are listed below. Results are in volume percent, unless otherwise indicated.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Cyl. No. ALM 5688 Analytical Accuracy ±2%*
Component Concentration

CARBON DIOXIDE	22.50%
CARBON MONOXIDE	422.6 PPM
OXYGEN	8.001%

*GRAVIMETRIC MASTER

NITROGEN	BALANCE
----------	---------

Cyl. No. ALM 5675 Analytical Accuracy ±2%*
Component Concentration

CARBON DIOXIDE	15.00%
CARBON MONOXIDE	54.56 PPM
OXYGEN	5.001%

*GRAVIMETRIC MASTER

NITROGEN	BALANCE
----------	---------

*Certified to have been blended against NBS certified weights and verified correct by independent analysis.

Analyst _____

Cyl. No. ALM 5692 Analytical Accuracy ±2%*
Component Concentration

CARBON DIOXIDE	22.50%
CARBON MONOXIDE	422.2 PPM
OXYGEN	8.000%

*GRAVIMETRIC MASTER

NITROGEN	BALANCE
----------	---------

Cyl. No. ALM 5598 Analytical Accuracy ±2%*
Component Concentration

CARBON DIOXIDE	15.00%
CARBON MONOXIDE	54.46 PPM
OXYGEN	5.000%

*GRAVIMETRIC MASTER

NITROGEN	BALANCE
----------	---------

Approved By [Signature]

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost

Scott Specialty Gases



TELEX: 510-100-8831 (ScolGas)
FAX: 714-887-0549
PHONE: 714-887-2571

a division of

Scott Environmental Technology Inc., 2600 CAJON BLVD., SAN BERNARDINO, CA 92405

ENERGY SYSTEMS

ATTN: JIM MULLIGAN

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS - EPA PROTOCOL GASES*

Certified For: Nitric Oxide Protocol No. 1 Procedure No. G1

Cylinder No. ALM-6064

Cylinder Pressure 1900 psig

Certified Accuracy ± 1 11 HDS Traceable

Expiration Date: 1-26-91

GAS ANALYZER

LAST CAL. DATE

ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE

MAKE/MODEL/SERIAL NO. 5-2-89 Chemi-Luminescence

Thermo-Electron 10' AR S/N 14853-150

REFERENCE STD

CONC.

CYL. NO.

SOURCE NO.

CERTIFIED CONC

COMPONENTS

Nitric Oxide

50.64 PPM

SRM 1684 B

94.80 PPM

CAL-12787

NOX 50.69 PPM

BALANCE GAS Nitrogen

T = Test Gas R = Reference Gas

ANALYZER READINGS: Z = Zero Gas

Component	Nitric Oxide	Units	PPM
First Analysis Date	6-13-89		
Z	0.03	R	94.68
R	94.65	Z	0.04
Z	0.03	T	50.40
			94.63
			50.44 PPM
			Mean Test Assay
Second Analysis Date	7-25-89		
Z	0.00	R	95.17
R	95.13	Z	0.08
Z	0.07	T	50.82
			95.08
			50.64 PPM
			Mean Test Assay

Component	Units
Date	
Z	R
R	Z
Z	T
	Mean Test Assay
Date	
Z	R
R	Z
Z	T
	Mean Test Assay

Component	Units
Date	
Z	R
R	Z
Z	T
	Mean Test Assay
Date	
Z	R
R	Z
Z	T
	Mean Test Assay

Chronology: Date _____ Assay _____

Analyst Doug Hagberg

Approved By: R. Steady

Shipped From: Scott
Date Shipped: 7-26-89
Our Project No: 01864
Your PO No: 5364
Page 1 of 1
Expiration Date: 1-26-91

SAN BERNARDINO

ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES POST TEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION CHECK
 CALIBRATED BY JJM DATA ENTRY BY JJM

DATE 03/11/90

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30

FIELD GAS METER I.D. ES-8

TEST METER ES-13

INITIAL Yd 0.990

TEST METER Y (Yt) 1.000

INITIAL Hg 1.920

TEST METER LAST CAL. 12/89

FIELD METER					TEST METER		RESULTS		
VOLUME cu.ft.	TEMP. IN	TEMP OUT	DELTA "H2O	TIME min.	VOLUM cu.ft	TEMP. 'F	Q cfm	Y	Hg
5.67	77	62.5	1.00	10	5.46	58	0.57	0.984	1.81
5.70	86	67.5	1.00	10	5.44	58	0.57	0.988	1.81
5.72	88	71.5	1.00	10	5.42	58	0.57	0.985	1.81

AVERAGES 0.986 1.81

PASS - INDIVIDUAL Yd VALUES ACCEPTABLE

PASS - INDIVIDUAL DELTA Hg VALUES ACCEPTABLE

PASS - POST TEST Yd WITHIN LIMITS

E/A

POST TEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA

Calibrated By J. Mull, J.A.Y.Test Meter ID ES-13Date 3/11/80Test Meter Y (Y_i) 1.0°Field Meter ID ES-8Test Meter Last Cal 12/14/89Barometric Press 30.00

Test Program Preceding Calibration Check _____

Average ΔH from Test Runs _____

Maximum Vacuum from Test Runs _____

Field Meter							Test Meter					
ΔH	Final Volume	Initial Volume	Volume (V _{dg})	Temperature		Vacuum	Time (0)	Final Volume	Initial Volume	Volume (V _{tm})	Temperature	
				Inlet (t _i)	Outlet (t _o)						Inlet	Outlet
1.0	140.153	134.485	5.668	75	61	2	10:00	284.357	278.791	5.466	58	55
				83	64	2					58	55
1.0	145.851	140.153	5.698	84	64	2	10:00	289.703	284.257	5.446	58	58
				88	69	2					58	58
1.0	151.574	145.851	5.723	84	70	2	10:00	295.127	289.703	5.424	58	58
				92	73	2					58	58

ANDERSEN SAMPLERS INCORPORATED

4215 WENDELL DRIVE - ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30336

CONTROL UNIT CALIBRATION

Date 1-28-87

Unit Number 187-342 C

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 29.98$ in Hg.

Model Number 90-800

Orifice manometer setting, ΔH in. H ₂ O	Gas volume, wet test meter V_w , ft ³	Gas volume, dry gas meter V_d , ft ³	Temperature				Time t , min	γ	ΔH
			Wet test Meter t_w , °R	Dry gas meter					
				Inlet t_{di} , °R	Outlet t_{do} , °R	Average t_d , °R			
1.0	5	5.42	76/536	132	102/562	117/577	9.18	.99	1.
2.0	5	5.40	76/536	136	104/564	120/580	6.52	1.00	1.
4.0	5	5.38	76/536	141	105/565	123/583	4.64	1.00	1.
								1.00	1.

Calculations

ΔH	$\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$	γ		ΔH_3	
		$\frac{V_w P_b (t_d)}{V_d \left(P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) (t_w)}$		$\frac{0.0317 \Delta H}{P_b (t_{do})} \left[\frac{(t_w) \theta}{V_w} \right]^2$	
1.0	0.0735				
2.0	0.147				
4.0	0.294				

γ = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry test meter. Tolerance : ± 0.01

ΔH_3 = Orifice pressure differential that gives 0.75 cfm of air at 70°F and 29.92 inches of mercury, in. H₂O. Tolerance : ± 0.15

Calibrated by: PDC

DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30.15

FIELD METER				TEST METER				RESULTS				
VOLUME cu. ft.	TEMP. 'F	DELTA H "H2O	TIME min.	VOLUME cu. ft.	TEMP. 'F	PRESS. "H2O	Q cfm	Y	HQ	AVE. Y	AVG. HQ	
6.01	84.5	0.4	15.5	5.759	65	0	0.39	0.993	1.54	0.9941	1.49	
5.21	88	0.4	13	4.965	65	0	0.40	0.994	1.45			
5.18	91.5	0.4	13	4.907	65	0	0.40	0.995	1.47			
6.10	102	0.7	12	5.886	66	0	0.51	1.029	1.50	1.0306	1.49	
5.12	106	0.7	10	4.898	66	0	0.51	1.029	1.49			
9.80	110	0.7	19	9.364	66	0	0.52	1.034	1.47			
5.44	99.5	1	9	5.198	66	0	0.60	1.014	1.55	0.9961	1.57	
6.01	100	1	10	5.747	66	0	0.60	1.016	1.57			
5.71	100	1	9	5.153	66	0	0.63	0.958	1.58			
5.50	101	2	7	5.543	66	0	0.79	1.070	1.65	1.0276	1.68	
4.97	101	2	6	4.73	66	0	0.83	1.010	1.66			
7.39	99.5	2	9	7.005	66	0	0.82	1.003	1.71			
6.83	102	4	6	6.467	65.5	0	1.14	1.003	1.77	1.0042	1.74	
6.97	102	4	6	6.594	65.5	0	1.16	1.002	1.71			
8.05	102	4	7	7.66	65.5	0	1.15	1.008	1.72			
AVERAGE											1.0105	1.59
											*****	*****

E/A

POST TEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA

 Calibrated By GWB

 Test Meter ID ES-13

 Date 2/16/90

 Test Meter Y (Y₂) 1.000

 Field Meter ID ES-19

 Test Meter Last Cal 12/14/89

 Barometric Press 30.17

 Test Program Preceding Calibration Check OBrien

 Average ΔH from Test Runs _____

Maximum Vacuum from Test Runs _____

Field Meter								Test Meter				
ΔH	Final Volume	Initial Volume	Volume (V _{dg})	Temperature		Vacuum	Time (0)	Final Volume	Initial Volume	Volume (V _{tm})	Temperature	
				Inlet (t _i)	Outlet (t _o)						Inlet	Outlet
1.0	1000.25	993.905	6.345	94	70	5	10	101.978	95.830	6.148	62	64
				94	70						62	64
1.0	6.623	0.250	6.373	95	72	5	10	108.911	101.978	6.133	62	64
				96	73						62	64
1.0	13.070	6.623	6.447	96	74	5	10	114.225	108.111	6.174	62	64
				97	75						62	64

Appendix B.3
CEM Performance Data

ESR 53304-2050

DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION

FIELD GAS METER I.D.	ES-8	TEST METER	ES-13
DATE	1/22/90	TEST METER LAST CAL.	1.000 = Yt

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 30.17

FIELD METER				TEST METER				RESULTS				
VOLUME cu. ft.	TEMP. 'F	DELTA H "H2O	TIME min.	VOLUME cu. ft.	TEMP. 'F	PRESS. "H2O	Q cfm	Y	H0	AVE. Y	AVG. H0	
4.55	90.5	0.4	13	4.55	64	0	0.35	1.050	1.71	1.0069	1.68	
4.94	91.5	0.4	13	4.63	64	0	0.38	0.985	1.64			
4.91	93	0.4	13	4.59	64	0	0.38	0.986	1.67			
5.01	94	0.72	10	4.69	64.5	0	0.50	0.987	1.70	1.0046	1.63	
4.98	96	0.72	10	4.87	64.5	0	0.50	1.035	1.57			
5.14	97	0.72	10	4.81	64.5	0	0.51	0.992	1.61			
4.66	97	1	8	4.37	65.5	0	0.58	0.992	1.74	0.9915	1.75	
4.65	99	1	8	4.35	66.5	0	0.58	0.991	1.76			
4.68	100	1	8	4.38	67	0	0.59	0.992	1.73			
5.79	102	2	7	5.456	68	0	0.83	0.998	1.71	0.9981	1.71	
5.85	102.	2	7	5.511	68	0	0.84	0.999	1.68			
5.77	102.	2	7	5.426	68	0	0.82	0.997	1.73			
6.77	103	4	6	6.414	68	0	1.13	1.000	1.82	1.0026	1.80	
6.82	104.	4	6	6.459	68	0	1.14	1.003	1.79			
6.82	104.	4	6	6.468	68	0	1.14	1.004	1.78			
AVERAGE											1.0007	1.71
											*****	*****

ANDERSEN

SAMPLERS INCORPORATED

4215 WENDELL DRIVE ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30336

CONTROL UNIT CALIBRATION

Date 1-20-84

Box No. 184-209 (ES-8)

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 30.30$ in. Hg

Dry Gas Meter No. _____

Orifice nometer setting, ΔH in. H ₂ O	Gas volume wet test meter V_w , ft ³	Gas volume dry gas meter V_d , ft ³	Temperature				Time θ , min	γ	ΔH_g
			Wet test Meter t_w , °R	Dry gas meter					
				Inlet t_{di} , °R	Outlet t_{do} , °R	Average t_d , °R			
1.0	5	5.43	71/531	120	92	106/566	9.5	.982	1.88
2.0	5	5.42	71/531	127	93	110/570	6.8	.990	1.91
4.0	5	5.41	71/531	134	94	114/574	4.9	.999	1.97
								.990	1.92

Calculations

H	$\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$	γ	ΔH_g
		$\frac{V_w P_b (t_d)}{V_d \left(P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) (t_w)}$	$\frac{0.0317 \Delta H}{P_b (t_d)} \left[\frac{(t_w - t_d) \theta}{V_w} \right]^2$

0.0	0.0735		
0.0	0.147		
0.0	0.294		

γ = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry test meter. Tolerance = ± 0.01

ΔH_g = Orifice pressure differential that gives 0.75 cfm of air at 70°F and 29.92 inches of mercury, in. H₂O. Tolerance = ± 0.15

Calibrated by: MAC

SPAN GAS RECORD

Client/Location SCE / Long Beach

Date 1/21/90

By SHH

Gas	Span Cylinder		Aux. Span Cylinder	
	Cylinder No.	Concentration	Cylinder No.	Concentration
Zero	ALM-6093		ALM-6093	
NOx	—	—	—	—
O2	AAL-4678	12.5	ALM-5692	8.000
CO	↓	275.5 ²⁸⁹ / _%	↓	422.2 ⁴⁴² / _%
CO2	↓	14.97	↓	22.5
SO2	—	—	—	—

INSTRUMENT LINEARITY 1/30/90
SHH

	Analyzer				
	O2	CO2	CO	NOx	SO2
Analyzer Range	25%	25%	500	—	—
Set to High STD (80-90% of Range)	20.9	22.5	⁴⁴² / _{422.2}	—	—
As-Found Low STD (50-60% of Range)	12.75	14.9	290	—	—
Actual Value of Low STD	12.5	14.97	279	—	—
Difference in % of Full Scale	1%	0.3%	0.2%	—	—

Allowable deviation is 2% of full scale (2 squares on strip chart).

APPENDIX C

DATA SHEETS, CALCULATIONS, AND LABORATORY REPORTS

Appendix C.1
Sample Location

EJA

SAMPLING POINT LOCATION DATA EPA Method 1

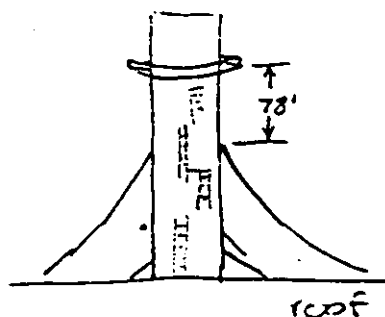
Plant SCE/ LONG BEACH CT#3Data by SMHDate 1/29/90Test Location STACK

DIAGRAM OF SAMPLING LOCATION

Upstream Dist./Dia. 72 (2.9)Downstream Dist./Dia. 80/4.3Coupling Length 11" insideNo. of Sampling Pts. 24Stack Dimension 18'4"Stack Area, ft² 264 ft²Total stack height 132 ft

Sample Point	% of Diameter	In. from near Wall	In. from Nozzle*
1	2.1	4.62	15.6
2	6.7	14.74	25.7
3	11.8	26.0	37.0
4	17.7	38.9	49.7
5	25.0	55.0	66.0
6	35.6	78.3	89.3

*Inches from wall plus
coupling length

Use all 4 parts w/ 6 sample points per
radius → 24 pts

ESA DS-009

AIR RESOURCES BOARD

1102 Q STREET

P.O. BOX 2815

SACRAMENTO, CA 95812



June 21, 1989

Robert A. Finken
Director, Testing Services
Energy Systems Associates
15991 Red Hill Ave., Suite 110
Tustin, CA 92680

Dear Mr. Finken:

Testing Approval

We are pleased to inform you that we have renewed your approval to conduct the types of testing listed in the enclosed Executive Order. This approval is valid until June 30, 1990 during which time a field audit of your company's testing ability may be conducted.

If you have any questions regarding the approvals or other tests, please contact Ms. Kathryn Gugeler at (916) 327-1521 or Mr. Raak Veblen at (916) 327-1519. All correspondence should be addressed to me at the post office box above.

Sincerely,

James J. Morgester, Chief
Compliance Division

State of California
AIR RESOURCES BOARD

Executive Order G-482

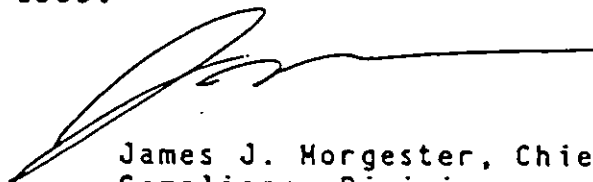
WHEREAS, the Air Resources Board ("Board"), pursuant to Section 41512 of the California Health and Safety Code, has established the procedures contained in Section 91200-91220, Title 17, California Code of Regulations, to allow the use of independent testers for compliance tests required by the Board; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Sections 91200-91220, Title 17, California Code of Regulations, the Executive Officer has determined that Energy Systems Associates meets the requirements of the Board for conducting ARB Test Methods 1-1, 1-2, 1-3, 1-4, 1-5, 1-6, 1-8, 1-10, and 1-100 (NOx, and O2).

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDERED that Energy Systems Associates is granted an approval, from the date of execution of this order, until June 30, 1990 to conduct the tests listed above, subject to compliance with Section 91200-91220, Title 17, California Code of Regulations.

BE IT FURTHER ORDERED that during the approved period the Executive Officer or his or her authorized representative may field audit one or more tests conducted pursuant to this order for each type of testing listed above.

Executed at Sacramento, California, this 19TH day
of JUN 12 1989.



James J. Morigester, Chief
Compliance Division

Appendix C.2
Unit Operating Data

SCOTEC CHART NO. 701-61-25-20M

SOI

-1115

on check

-0912
short off unit down

-0916 unit
down

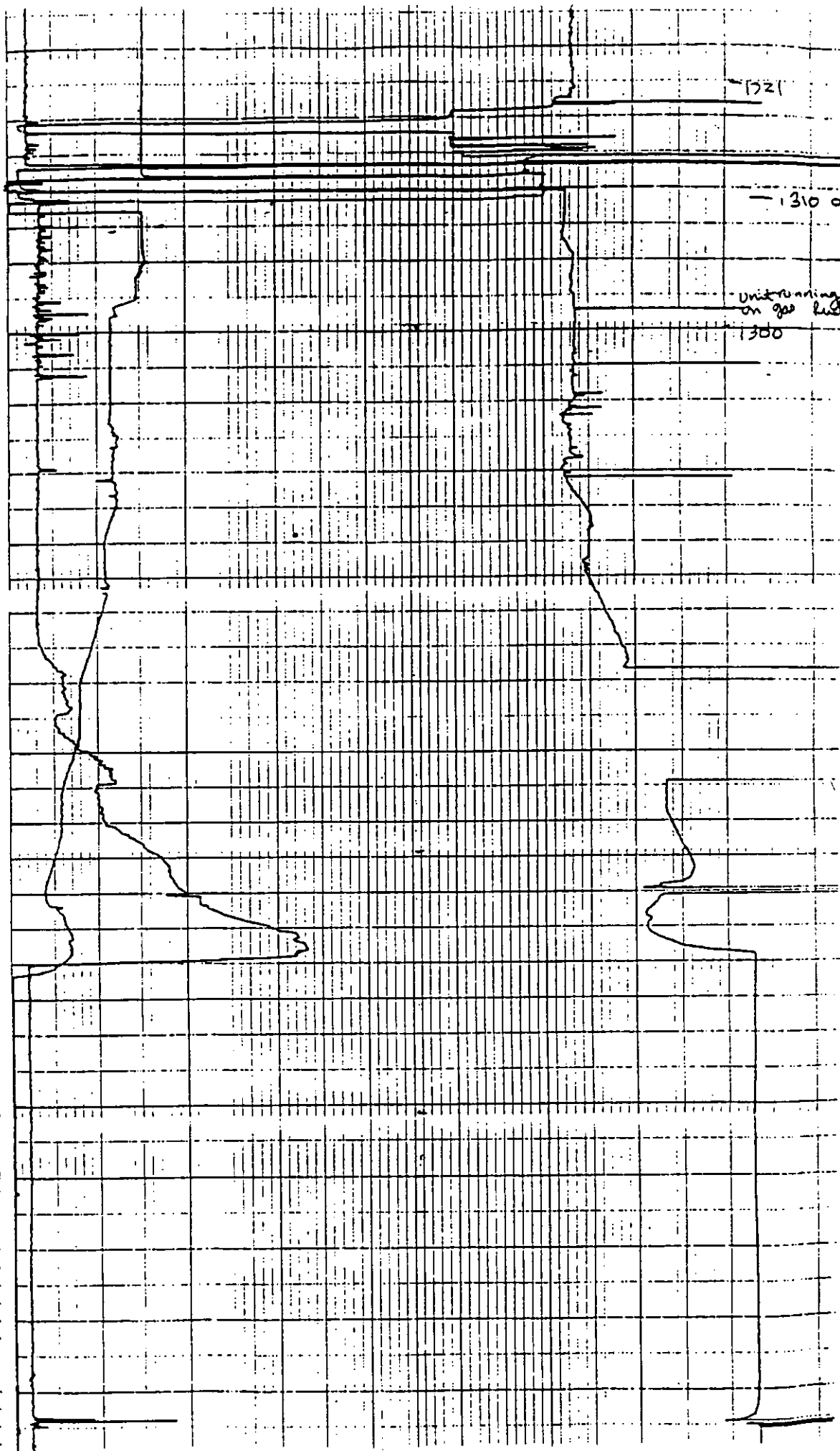
SOLTEC CHART NO. ZDI-01-25-20M

SOLTEC CHART NO. ZDI-01-25-20

1321

1310 0

unit running
on gas lift
1300



4A-LBCT Form 1522

SOLTEC CHART NO. 201-01-25-20M

SOLTEC CHART NO. 201-01-25-20M

Spikes from vibration in trailer

1430

1612

1456

1400

1354

1348 - START
4-LSC

1375

1251

BOULET CHART NO. 201-01-25-20M

SV4. 2005-25-0000

2545 - 3 pairs as-found

0.125	5/25	analyzer	span
1.0	29/300		
10.15	2/5		

analysis	relates as found
----------	------------------

-124 ENT 9-1367-

1716
END 4C-180

~~1644 S. A. A.~~

COM MOVED TO
SOUTH PORT

4B-13C

START
605-45-1001

1557. END. HA

O₂ analyzer
voltage
suro₂

Appendix C3

CEM Data



SUBJECT O₂, CO₂ drift calculations as per JOB NO. 53304
SCAGMD Guidelines
SCE/Long Beach Combustion Turbine SHEET NO. of
COMPUTED BY A. Bell DATE 3/27/90 CHECKED BY DATE

$$C_{gas} = (\bar{C} - C_0) \frac{C_{ma}}{C_m - C_0}$$

$\bar{C}$ = average gas conc. from CEM

C_{ma} = actual ^{span} gas concentration : for these tests

O₂ = 12.5%

CO₂ = 14.97%

C_m = average of initial & final calibration him checks
for span gas

C_0 = average of initial & final readings for zero gas

O₂

Test/Date	$\bar{C}$, %	C_{ma} , %	C_m , %	C_0 , %	C_{gas}
#1 (1/30/90)	15.5	12.5	12.5	.25	15.6
#2 (1/30/90)	15.3	12.5	12.57	.25	15.3
#3	15.4				15.4
#4 (1/31/90)	15.6	12.5	12.48	.25	15.7
#5 (2/1/90)	15.4	12.5	12.57	0.1	15.3
#6 (2/1/90)	15.5	12.5	12.54	0	15.5
<u>CO₂</u>					
#1 (1/30/90)	3.1	14.97	14.69	0	3.2
#2 (1/30/90)	3.1	14.97	14.79	0	3.1
#3	3.1				3.1
#4 (1/31/90)	3.9	14.97	14.68	0	4.0
#5 (2/1/90)	3.8	14.97	14.85	0	3.8
#6 (2/1/90)	3.8	14.97	14.89	0	3.8



CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MEASUREMENTS

Client SCE/LBCT
Date 1/30/10
Test Location STACK
Ambient Temperature, DB/WB _____
Operator BNH

Test No(s) 1-LBCT-CEM
Barometric Pressure 30.09
Duct Static Pressure _____
Fuel GAS

Test No.	Sample Time	Point	Dry, Uncorrected							CO - (%CO ₂) SO ₂	Corrected to % Dry		
			O ₂	CO ₂	CO	NOx	NO	NO ₂			CO	NOx	SO ₂
	0920		15.5	3.1	10				7.2 7.2				
	0926		15.5	3.1	10				7.2 7.2				
	0932		15.5	3.1	11				8.2 8.2				
	0938		15.4	3.1	11				8.2 8.2				
	0944		15.4	3.1	11				8.2 8.2				
	0950		15.4	3.1	11				8.2 8.2				
	AUG		15.5	3.1	11				7.9 7.9				
Span Gas Concentration			12.5	15	210				276				

Comments: _____

E/A

CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MEASUREMENTS

Client SCE / LBCT
Date 1/30/90
Test Location STACK
Ambient Temperature, DB/MB ~60°F
Operator SMH

Test No(s) 2-LBCT-CEM
Barometric Pressure 30.09
Duct Static Pressure _____
Fuel GAS

Test No.	Sample Time	Point	Dry, Uncorrected							Corrected to % Dry		
			O ₂	CO ₂	CO	NO _x	NO	NO ₂	SO ₂	CO	NO _x	SO ₂
	1010		15.3	3.1	10				7.2			
	1016		15.3	3.1	10				7.2			
	1022		15.3	3.1	11				8.2			
	1028		15.3	3.1	12				9.2			
	1034		15.3	3.1	12				9.2			
	1040		15.3	3.1	12				9.2			
	AVG		15.3	3.1					8.4			
Span Gas Concentration			12.5	15	20				276			

Comments: _____

CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MEASUREMENTS

Client SCE/LBCT
Date 1/30/10
Test Location STACK
Ambient Temperature, DB /WB ~60°F
Operator BNH

Test No(s) 3-LB-CT-CFM
Barometric Pressure 30.09
Duct Static Pressure _____
Fuel GAS

Test No.	Sample Time	Point	Dry, Uncorrected							Corrected to % <u> </u> , Dry		
			O ₂	CO ₂	CO	NO _x	NO	NO ₂	CO- (9)X _{0.2}	CO	NO _x	SO ₂
	1050		15.4	3.1	10				12.2 7.2			
	1056		15.4	3.1	10				12.2 7.2			
	1102		15.4	3.1	10				12.2 7.2			
	1108		15.4	3.1	10				12.2 7.2			
	1114		15.5	3.1	10				12.2 7.2			
	1120		15.5	3.1	15				12.2			
	AUG		15.4	3.1					12.2			
Span Gas Concentration			12.5	15.5 2.5					276			

Comments: _____

E/A

CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MEASUREMENTS

Client SCE / LBCT
Date 1/31/90
Test Location STK
Ambient Temperature, DB / WB -60°F
Operator SMH

Test No(s) 4-LBCT-COM
Barometric Pressure 29.95
Duct Static Pressure _____
Fuel Distillate oil

Test No.	Sample Time	Point	Dry, Uncorrected							CO ₂ corrected to % Dry		
			O ₂	CO ₂	CO	NO _x	NO	NO ₂	SO ₂	CO	NO _x	SO ₂
	1348		15.5	3.9	10				6.5			
	1403		15.5	3.9	11				7.5			
	1418		16.1	3.9	11				7.5			
	1433		16.1	3.9	11				7.5			
	1448		15.4	3.9	11				7.5			
	1503		15.5	3.9	11				7.5			
	1518		15.8	3.9	11				7.5			
	1533		15.3	3.9	11				7.5			
	1548		15.4	3.9	11				7.5			
	1603		15.4	3.9	11				7.5			
	1618		15.5	3.9	12				8.5			
	1633		15.5	3.9	12				8.5			
	1648		15.5	3.9	11				7.5			
	1703		15.5	3.9	10				6.5			
Span Gas Concentration			12.5	15.0	28.9							

1718 15.5 3.9 10 6.5
Comments: AVG 15.6 3.9 11 7.4



CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MEASUREMENTS

Client SCE / LBCT
Date 2/1/90
Test Location STK.
Ambient Temperature, DB/WB 60°F
Operator SNH

Test No(s) 5-LBCT-CEM
Barometric Pressure _____
Duct Static Pressure _____
Fuel Distillate Oil

Test No.	Sample Time	Point	Dry, Uncorrected							Corrected to % Dry		
			O ₂	CO ₂	CO	NOx	NO	NO ₂	SO ₂	CO	NOx	SO ₂
	0850		15.3	3.8	13				9.6		1	
	0910		15.3	3.8	14				10.6			
	0930		15.3	3.8	15				11.6			
	0950		15.3	3.8	15				11.6			
	1010		15.3	3.8	15				11.6			
	1030		15.3	3.8	16				12.6			
	1050		15.5	3.8	17				13.6			
	1110		15.5	3.8	17				13.6			
	1130		15.6	3.8	18				14.6			
	1150		15.4	3.8	12				8.6			
	1210		15.4	3.8	11				7.6			
	1230		15.4	3.8	11				7.6			
	1250		15.4	3.8	11				7.6			
	1310		15.4	3.8	11				7.6			
Span Gas Concentration			12.5	15.0	289							

1330

15.4 3.8 11

7.6

Comments: AN/G

15.4 3.8 13

10.4

E/A

CONTINUOUS EMISSIONS MEASUREMENTS

Client SCE/LBCT 3
Date 2/1/90
Test Location STK
Ambient Temperature, DB/WB _____
Operator SMH

Test No(s) 6-LBCT-CEN
Barometric Pressure _____
Duct Static Pressure _____
Fuel Distillate Oil

Test No.	Sample Time	Point	Dry, Uncorrected							corrected	Corrected to ____%____, Dry		
			O ₂	CO ₂	CO	NOx	NO	NO ₂	SO ₂		CO	NOx	SO ₂
	1445		15.4	3.8	11				7.6				
	1515		15.4	3.8	11				7.6				
	1630		15.5	3.8	13				9.6				
	1700		15.5	3.8	13				9.6				
	1730		15.5	3.8	13				9.6				
	1800		15.5	3.8	13				9.6				
	1830		15.5	3.8	13				9.6				
	1900		15.5	3.8	13				9.6				
	1930		15.5	3.8	13				9.6				
	AVG		15.5	3.8	13				9.2				
Span Gas Concentration			12.5	15.0	289								

Comments: _____

Appendix C.4

Benzene

ESR 53304-2050

CARNOT
Benzene Emissions

Client/Location: W.W. SCE/LONG BEACH CT #3

Reference Temp (F) 60
F Factor, Gas 8476
O2, % Gas 15.5
Flow rate, Gas Fuel(dscfm) 478569

F Factor, Oil 9490
O2, % Oil 15.3
Flow rate, Oil (dscfm) 497754

Fuel	Gas
Test No. 1-LBCT-BENZENE	
ppb	ND< 4
lb/hr	ND< 2.36E-02
lb/MMbtu	ND< 2.70E-05

Test No. 2-LBCT-BENZENE	
ppb	ND< 4
lb/hr	ND< 2.36E-02
lb/MMbtu	ND< 2.70E-05

Test No. 3-LBCT-BENZENE	
ppb	ND< 4
lb/hr	ND< 2.36E-02
lb/MMbtu	ND< 2.70E-05

Average	
ppb	ND< 4
lb/hr	ND< 2.36E-02
lb/MMbtu	ND< 2.70E-05

	Oil
Test No. 4A-LBCT-BENZENE	
ppb	ND< 4
lb/hr	ND< 2.46E-02
lb/MMbtu	ND< 2.92E-05

Test No. 4B-LBCT-BENZENE	
ppb	ND< 4
lb/hr	ND< 2.46E-02
lb/MMbtu	ND< 2.92E-05

Test No. 4C-LBCT-BENZENE	
ppb	ND< 4
lb/hr	ND< 2.46E-02
lb/MMbtu	ND< 2.92E-05

Average	
ppb	ND< 4
lb/hr	ND< 2.46E-02
lb/MMbtu	ND< 2.92E-05

E/A

TEDLAR BAG DATA

Client/Project SCC/23 CT

Date 1/30/90 Unit CT By N. M

	Bag ID No. ¹⁻¹⁰⁰⁰⁰	Bag ID No.	Bag ID No.
Test No.	1-LBCT-Ben	2-LB-CT-Ben	3-LBCT-Ben
Sample Rate	2.5 L/M	1.2 L/M	1.2 L/M
Start Time	9:20	10:10	10:55
Stop Time	9:47	10:40	11:25
Sample Location	Stack, East part EAST	Stack East part	Stack East part

Gas Fuel

Date _____ Unit _____ By _____

	Bag ID No.	Bag ID No.	Bag ID No.
Test No.			
Sample Rate			
Start Time			
Stop Time			
Sample Location			

Notes: _____

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	*	Date.....	1/30/90
Test Number.....1-CT-1/4	*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....CARB 1,4	*	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....GAS	*	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....ES-8	*	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor0.840	*	Meter Cal Factor.....	0.9900
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	*	Sample Time (Min).....	
Bar Press (in Hg).....30.09	*	Nozzle Diam (in).....	
Meter Vol (acf).....17.475	*	Meter Temp (F).....	96.1
Stack Press (iwg).....-0.53	*	Stack Temp (F).....	341.9
Vel Head (iwg).....0.5686	*	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.60
Liquid Vol (ml).....46.5	*	from portable...	15.60
Meter Press (iwg).....1.00	*	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	3.20
	*	calculated.....	3.20
	*	Start/Stop Time.....	0920/102
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			16.30
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			0.46
Moisture Fraction.....			0.117
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....			27.83
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec).....			52.94
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....			838,583
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....			482,110

E/A

VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

1/2

Plant LBCT Date 1/30/90
 Boiler No. CT-3 Data Taken By RJP / RAE
 Fuel Type N. GAS Test Description VELOCITY / CYCLONIC
 Test No. 1-LBCT-M2 FLW
 Baro. Press (in.Hg) 30.09 Pitot Tube Coefficient .84 Cp
 Abs. Static Press in Stack (in.Hg) -.53 (in H₂O) P_s

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

Time	Traverse Point		Velocity Head, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	Gas Temp °F	Gas Temp °R, T _s	Velocity, ft/sec	Comments	O ₂ , %
	Port	Depth						
P:30	N	1	.61	335				
		2	.70	342				
		3	.71	343				
		4	.74	344				
		5	.67	344				
		6	.50	344				
	SE	1	.59	342				
		2	.78	344				
		3	.76	344				
		4	.71	345				
		5	.67	345				
		6	.57	345				

P_s, corrected _____ in.Hg Q _____ WACFM
 MW _____ lb/lb·mole Q_s _____ WSCFM
 A_s 264 ft² Q_{sd} _____ DSCFM

EJA

VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

2/2

Plant LBCTDate 1/30/90Boiler No. CT-3Data Taken By RJP/RAEFuel Type N. GasTest Description Variable, Cyclic FlowTest No. 1-LBCT-M2Baro. Press (in.Hg) 30.09Pitot Tube Coefficient .84 CpAbs. Static Press in Stack (in.Hg) -.53 Ps

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

Time	Traverse Point		Velocity Head, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	Gas Temp °F	Gas Temp °R, T _s	Velocity, ft/sec	Comments	O ₂ , %	Wall Angle
	Port	Depth							
1000	S	1	.53	340					0°
		2	.67	340					0°
		3	.73	342					0°
		4	.69	342					0°
		5	.61	341					~6°
		6	.54	342					~4°
1015	W	1	.25	337					0°
		2	.33	340					0°
		3	.39	340					0°
		4	.37	341					0°
		5	.39	340					0°
		6	.40	343					~4°
1030									
			.5686	341.9					

P_s, corrected _____ in.Hg

Q _____ WACFM

MW _____ lb/lb-mole

Q_s _____ WSCFMA_s _____ ft²Q_{sd} _____ DSCFM

E/A

TEDLAR BAG DATA

Client/Project SCE / LONG BEACH

Date 2/1/90

Unit CT-3

By RJP / JRM

	Bag ID No.	Bag ID No.	Bag ID No.
Test No.	5A-LBCT-BENZENE	5B-LBCT-BENZENE	5C-LBCT-BENZENE
Sample Rate	.5 l/min	.5 l/min	.5 l/min
Start Time	858	955	1030
Stop Time	918	1015	1050
Sample Location	STACK	STACK	STACK

Fuel: Distillate Oil

Date _____ Unit _____ By _____

	Bag ID No.	Bag ID No.	Bag ID No.
Test No.			
Sample Rate			
Start Time			
Stop Time			
Sample Location			

Notes: _____

CARNOT

03/28/8

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	*	Date.....	1/30/8
Test Number.....3-CT-1/4	*	Data By.....	AL
Test Method.....CARB 1,4	*	Sample Location.....	STAG
Fuel.....GAS	*	Reference Temp (F).....	
Control Box #.....ES-8	*	Unit.....	CT
Pitot Factor0.840	*	Meter Cal Factor.....	0.99
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	*	Sample Time (Min).....	
Bar Press (in Hg).....30.09	*	Nozzle Diam (in).....	
Meter Vol (acf).....21.232	*	Meter Temp (F).....	109
Stack Press (iwg).....-0.53	*	Stack Temp (F).....	342
Vel Head (iwg).....0.5589	*	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.
Liquid Vol (ml).....59.0	*	from portable... ..	15.
Meter Press (iwg).....1.50	*	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	3.
	*	calculated.....	3.
	*	Start/Stop Time.....	1055/1
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			19.
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			0.5
Moisture Fraction.....			0.1
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....			27.5
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec).....			52.
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....			832,9
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....			475,0

Average velocity = 52.76 ft/sec

Average Flow rate = 478,569 dscfm
(of Tests 1 and 3)

Average O₂ = 15.5%

E/A

1/2

VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

Plant LBCT Date 1/30/90
 Boiler No. CT-3 Data Taken By RJP/JM
 Fuel Type N. GAS Test Description velocity
 Test No. 3-LBCT-M2
 Baro. Press (in.Hg) 30.09 Pitot Tube Coefficient .84 Cp
 Abs. Static Press in Stack (in.Hg) -.53 Ps

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

Time	Traverse Point		Velocity Head, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	Gas Temp °F	Gas Temp °R, T _s	Velocity, ft/sec	Comments	O ₂ , %
	Port	Depth						
1191	North	6	0.52	343				
		5	0.57	343				
		4	0.45	343				
		3	0.74	343				
		2	0.78	343				
1103		1	0.55	341				
1107	West	6	0.41	340				
		5	0.38	339				
		4	0.34	339				
		3	0.35	337				
		2	0.34	337				
1109		1	0.31	338				

P_s, corrected _____ in.Hg Q _____ WACFM
 MW _____ lb/lb·mole Q_s _____ WSCFM
 A_s _____ ft² Q_{sd} _____ DSCFM

E/A

2/2

VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

Plant SCC / LK Date 1/30/90
 Boiler No. CT-3 Data Taken By RSP / LH
 Fuel Type GAS Test Description _____
 Test No. 3-LBCT-M2
 Baro. Press (in.Hg) 30.09 Pitot Tube Coefficient .89 Cp
 Abs. Static Press in Stack (in.Hg) -.54 P_s

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92}{P_s} \times \frac{28.95}{MW}}$$

Time	Traverse Point		Velocity Head, in. H ₂ O, ΔP	Gas Temp °F	Gas Temp °R, T _s	Velocity, ft/sec	Comments	O ₂ , %
	Port	Depth						
1112	South	6	0.57	343				
		5	0.58	342				
		4	0.61	343				
		3	0.68	343				
		2	0.71	342				
1114	South	1	0.68	342				
1142	East	6	0.57	344				
		5	0.62	346				
		4	0.66	345				
		3	0.73	345				
		2	0.71	344				
1144		1	0.60	343				
AVG			.5589	342				

P_s, corrected _____ in.Hg Q _____ WACFM
 MW _____ lb/lb-mole Q_s _____ WSCFM
 A_s _____ ft² Q_{sd} _____ DSCFM

Client/Location: SCE/10NG BRACH Unit: CF#3 Test No. 3-LBCT-H₂O Method 4 Page 1
 Sample Location: STACK Fuel: GAS Ambient Temp., °F: 60 of 1
 Operators: McLary Meter Vol. (Start/End) 85/1872.825 Date 11/30/88

Pre Test Data: Equipment Info: Weight Weight
 Barometric Press, in. Hg 29.09 Meter No. 45-8 Imp. Matl H₂O Wt(End) (Start) (g) Leak Check:
 Stack Area, sq. ft. 864 Meter, Yd 20.99 #1 244 - 100 = 44 ✓
 Sample Time/ Pt, min. 30 #2 111 - 100 = 11 ✓
 Assumed Stack Press 276 #3 0 - 0 = 0 ✓
 Assumed Moisture 28 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 #4 7550 - 7510 = 40 ✓
 Assumed Molecular Wt 28 Total 89 ✓
 Impinger Box I.D. N/A Impinger Box I.D. Integrated Bag I.D.
 Filter No. N/A Filter No. Integrated Bag I.D.
 Pre-Test Calibration: Pre-Test 203.8 Y_A
 Post-Test 202.7 B_B
 Meter Meter Temp. Pre-Test Calibration
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Init. _____
 Final _____

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, °F						Static Press. twg	Test Summary	
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Stack	Probe	Meter In	Out	Oven	Imp. Out			O ₂
1055	1055	1.5	851.523	343	118	98	118	98	15.4	2	2	Initial	DNH ✓
1100	1100	1.5	855.468	344	118	98	118	98	15.4	3	3	Sample Vol., c.f.	21.232
1105	1105	1.5	858.672	343	119	99	119	99	15.1	3	3	Stack Press. twg	—
1110	1110	1.5	862.310	343	120	101	120	101	15.1	3	3	ΔP — twg ΔH 1.5 twg	—
1115	1115	1.5	866.321	343	120	101	120	101	15.1	3	3	Meter Temp., of	109.3
1120	1120	1.5	869.263	340	122	102	122	102	15.1	3	3	Stack Temp., of	—
1125	1125		872.820									Water Collected, g	59
												O ₂ /CO ₂ Method	15.4/15.4
												Chain of Cust. Info (Init.):	DNH
												Impingers Loaded	DNH
												Impingers Recovered	DNH
												Filter Loaded	—
												Filter Recovered	—
												Probe Wash	—
												Comments: In Conjunction	43-LBCT-Vel

REPORT

TRUESDAIL LABORATORIES, INC.



CHEMISTS - MICROBIOLOGISTS - ENGINEERS
RESEARCH - DEVELOPMENT - TESTING

14201 FRANKLIN AVE
TUSTIN, CALIFORNIA 92
AREA CODE 714 • 730-
AREA CODE 213 • 225-
CABLE: TRUCLA

CLIENT **Energy Systems Associates**
15991 Red Hill Ave., Suite 110
Tustin, California 92680-7388
SAMPLE Attention: Arlene Bell/Robt. A. Finken
Three (3) Tedlar bags
labeled 1-LBCT, 2-LBCT & 3-LBCT
P.O. No.: 53304-LBCT/Edison PO# C0138903
INVESTIGATION

DATE February 22,
RECEIVED January 30,
LABORATORY NO. 3

Analyze for trace Benzene by modified EPA Method 602

RESULTS

MODIFIED EPA 602 (Benzene)

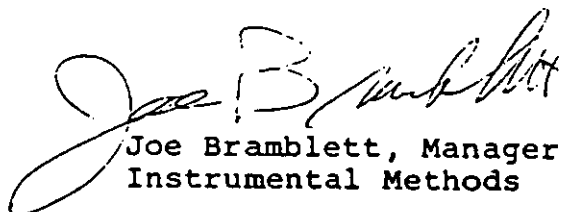
Received: 1/30/90
Analyzed: 1/31/90

Nanoliters per Liter (ppb)

	<u>Benzene</u>
1-LBCT	ND< 4
2-LBCT	ND< 4
3-LBCT	ND< 4

ND=Not detected.

Respectfully submitted,
TRUESDAIL LABORATORIES, INC.


Joe Bramblett, Manager
Instrumental Methods

TRUESDAIL LABORATORIES, INC.

INC.



14201 FRANKLIN AVENUE
TUSTIN, CALIFORNIA 92680
AREA CODE 714 • 730-6237
AREA CODE 213 • 225-1564
CABLE: TRUELABS

CHEMISTS - MICROBIOLOGISTS - ENGINEERS
RESEARCH - DEVELOPMENT - TESTING

Client: Energy Systems Associates
15991 Red Hill Avenue, Suite 110
Tustin, California 92680-7338
Attention: Arlene Bell/Robert A. Finken

DATE February 12, 1991

RECEIVED February 2, 1991

CLIENT

SAMPLE

Six (6) Tedlar bags labelled 1A-LBAX, 1B-LBAX, 1C-LBAX, 5A-LBCT, 5B-LBCT, & 5C-LBCT
LABORATORY NO. 37978
P.O. No.: ESA PO# 53304-LBAX & -LBCT/Edison PO# C0130903

INVESTIGATION Analyze for trace benzene by modified EPA Method 602

RESULT

MODIFIED EPA 602 (Benzene)

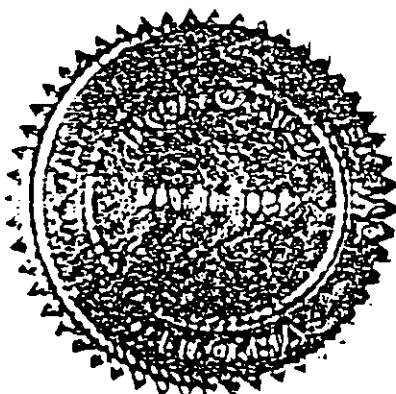
Received: 2/2/90
Analyzed: 2/2/90

Nanoliters per Liter (ppb)

	Benzene
1A-LBAX	ND<4
1B-LBAX	ND<4
1C-LBAX	ND<4
5A-LBCT	ND<4
5B-LBCT	ND<4
5C-LBCT	ND<4

ND - Not Detected.

Respectfully submitted,
TRUESDAIL LABORATORIES, INC.



Joe Bramlett
Joe Bramlett, Manager
Instrumental Methods

Appendix C.5

Formaldehyde

ESR 53304-2050

FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION CALCULATIONS

CLIENT/LOCATION: SCE/LONG BEACH CT #3

FUEL: oil

F Factor: 9490

Reference Temp (F) 60

Test	ug/train	Vmstd	%O2	Qsd	ug/dscf	ug/m3	ppb	lb/hr	lb/MMBtu
4A-FORM	< 4.4	1.23	15.7	509595	< 3.6	< 126.3	< 100	< 2.41E-01	< 3.01E-04
4B-FORM	< 4.4	1.15	15.7	509595	< 3.8	< 135.1	< 107	< 2.58E-01	< 3.21E-04
4C-FORM	< 4.4	0.81	15.7	509595	< 5.4	< 191.8	< 151	< 3.66E-01	< 4.56E-04

Average ug/m3

< 151.1

Average ppb

< 119

Average lb/hr

< 2.88E-01

Average lb/MMBtu

< 3.59E-04

FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION CALCULATIONS

CLIENT/LOCATION: SCE/LONG BEACH CT #3

FUEL: gas

F Factor: 8476

Reference Temp (F) 60

Test	ug/train	Vmstd	%O2	Qsd	ug/dscf	ug/m3	ppb	lb/hr	- lb/MMBtu
1-FORM	13.8	0.46	15.5	478569	29.9	1056.4	833	1.89E+00	2.16E-03
2-FORM	< 4.4	1.04	15.5	478569	< 4.2	< 149.4	< 118	< 2.68E-01	< 3.06E-04
3-FORM	30.0	2.20	15.5	478569	13.6	481.9	380	8.63E-01	9.86E-04

Average ug/m3

< 562.6

Average ppb

< 443

Average lb/hr

< 1.01E+00

Average lb/MMBtu

< 1.15E-03

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....	SCE/LBCT	Date.....	1/30/90
Test Number.....	1-CT-FORM*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....	CARB 430	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....	GAS	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....	ES-19	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor		Meter Cal Factor.....	1.0000
Stack Area (sq ft).....	264.0	Sample Time (Min).....	30
Bar Press (in Hg).....	30.09	Nozzle Diam (in).....	
Meter Vol (acf).....	0.476	Meter Temp (F).....	76.7
Stack Press (iwg).....		Stack Temp (F).....	
Vel Head (iwg).....		O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.0
Liquid Vol (ml).....		from portable...	15.60
Meter Press (iwg).....	0.01	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	3.20
		calculated.....	3.20
		Start/Stop Time.....	0920/0950
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			0.46
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			0.01

PART I TEST DATA

Client/Location 31E/Lyng 13edek Unit CT-3 Test No. 14801-Form Method 430 Page 1
 Sample Location Stack #4 not good Fuel Gas Ambient Temp., of 60 of 1
 Operators M. M. M. M. Meter Vol. (Start/End) 112.8.82/133.358 Date 11/3

Pre Test Data:

Barometric Press, in. Hg 30.09
 Stack Area, sq. ft. 264
 Sample Time/ Pt, min. 30 min total
 Assumed Stack Press 9%
 Assumed Moisture 28
 Assumed Molecular Wt 28

Equipment Info:

Meter No. ES-18
 Meter, Yd 1.0
 Pitot, Cp .84
 CFM $\Delta H = 1.0$.534
 Probe I.D. 2/13
 Nozzle No./Dia 2/13
 Filter No. 2/13

Weight Weight

Imp. Matl Wt(End) (Start) (g)
 #1 DUPH 102
 #2 DUPH 102
 #3 2/13
 #4 2/13
 Total 2/13
 Impinger Box I.D. 2/13
 Integrated Bag I.D. 2/13

Leak Check:

CFM Vac. Init. Pitot IBS
 Pre-Test 2/13
 Post-Test 2/13

Pre-Test Calibration

Meter Meter Temp.
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Init. 2/13
 Final 2/13

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions		Temperatures, of				O ₂	Vacuum	Static Press. lwg	Test Summary
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Probe	Meter In	Out	Oven	Imp. Out		
1251	920	.01	392.882			76	77		Ice		Initial <u>5NH 1/13</u>
	925	.01	392.962			76	77		Ice		Sample Vol., c.f. <u>0.470</u>
	930	.01	392.000			76	77		Ice		Stack Press, lwg
	935	.01	392.074			76	77		Ice		ΔP lwg ΔH <u>.010</u>
	940	.01	393.157	345		76	77		Ice		Meter Temp., of <u>76.7</u>
	945	.01	393.208	344		76	77		Ice		Stack Temp., of
	950		393.258			76	77		Ice		Water Collected, g
											O ₂ /CO ₂ Method <u>15.5/31/CF</u>
											Chain of Cust. Info (Init.):
											Impingers Loaded <u>2/13</u>
											Impingers Recovered <u>2/13</u>
											Filter Loaded <u>2/13</u>
											Filter Recovered <u>2/13</u>
											Probe Wash <u>2/13</u>
											Comments: <u>*connected O₂ 1/13</u>

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	*	Date.....	1/30/90
Test Number.....2-CT-FORM	*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....CARB 430	*	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....GAS	*	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....ES-19	*	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor	*	Meter Cal Factor.....	1.0000
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	*	Sample Time (Min).....	30
Bar Press (in Hg).....30.09	*	Nozzle Diam (in).....	
Meter Vol (acf).....1.086	*	Meter Temp (F).....	85.8
Stack Press (iwg).....	*	Stack Temp (F).....	
Vel Head (iwg).....	*	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.30
Liquid Vol (ml).....	*	from portable...	15.30
Meter Press (iwg).....0.01	*	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	3.10
	*	calculated.....	3.10
	*	Start/Stop Time.....	1010/1040
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			1.04
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			0.03

[illegible]

Client/Location SEF Long Island Unit. CT-3 Test No. 2-187-Formethod Page 1
Sample Location Shirley Fuel Gas Ambient Temp. of 40 of 1
Operators M. K. Morgan Meter Vol. (Start/End) 29.3 36.1344 Date 1/30/90

Weight Weight

Pre Test Data:

Barometric Press, In. Hg	30.09	Meter No.	ES-19	11	QPL	-	QPL
Stack Area, sq. ft.	264	Meter, Yd	1.0	12	QPL	-	QPL
Sample Time/ Pt, min.	30 min / supply fan	Pitot, Cp	.84	13	-	-	-
Assumed Stack Press		CFM @ $\Delta H = 1.0$	.595	14	N/A	-	-
Assumed Moisture	9%	Probe I.D.		Total		-	-
Assumed Molecular Wt	28	Nozzle No./Dia	N/A	Impinger Box I.D.			
		Filter No.	N/A	Integrated Bag I.D.			

Field Book - 15 and 20011

Field Guide in 15m DWP + 1m 5000X Parnaldehyde
soln ($\frac{1}{2}$) 74 mg

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, °F						Static Press. lwg	Test Summary
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Stack	Probe	Meter In	Out	Oven	Imp. Out		
ADW	10:10		.006	392.367	345		83	84		Icc	0	Initial DN ✓ AB
	10:15		.010	393.54~	342		85	85		"	0	Sample Vol., c.f. 1.086 ✓
	10:20		.010	393.662	343		85	86		Icc	0	Stack Press. lwg
	10:25		.010	393.850	344		87	86			0	ΔP _____ lwg ΔH .01 lwg
	16:30		.010	394.071	345		87	87			0	Meter Temp., °F 85.8 ✓
	16:35		.010	394.265	345		88	87			0	Stack Temp., °F
	16:40			394.453								Water Collected, g B.3/3.9C
												O ₂ /CO ₂ Method
												Chain of Cust. Info (Inft.):
												Impingers Loaded NCB
												Impingers Recovered N/A
												Filter Loaded N/A
												Filter Recovered N/A
												Probe Wash N/A
												Comments:
												corrected value shown at 5 min

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	*	Date.....	1/30/90
Test Number.....3-CT-FORM	*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....CARB 430	•	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....GAS	•	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....ES-19	*	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor	*	Meter Cal Factor.....	1.0000
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	*	Sample Time (Min).....	30
Bar Press (in Hg).....30.09	*	Nozzle Diam (in).....	
Meter Vol (acf).....2.351	•	Meter Temp (F).....	91.5
Stack Press (iwg).....	*	Stack Temp (F).....	
Vel Head (iwg).....	•	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.40
Liquid Vol (ml).....	•	from portable...	15.40
Meter Press (iwg).....0.01	•	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	3.10
	•	calculated.....	3.10
	*	Start/Stop Time.....	1055/1125
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			2.23
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			0.06

Client/Location	SCF / Long Beach	Test No.	3-187-1047	Method	430	Page	1
Sample Location	Spill	Unit	CT-3	Fuel	Gas	Ambient Temp., °F	of 1
Operators	Mulligan	Meter Vol. (Start/End)	334/451		396.809	Date	1/30/20

Pre Test Data:				
Barometric Press, In. Hg	30.09			
Stack Area, sq. ft.	26.7			
Sample Time/ Pt, min.	30 days / 1 day			
Assumed Stack Press	5%			
Assumed Moisture	28			
Assumed Molecular Wt				

Equipment Info:				
Meter No.	ES-15			
Meter, Yd	1.0			
Pitot, Cp	.84			
CFM @ H = 1.0	1535			
Probe I.D.				
Nozzle No./Dia	N/A			
Filter No.	N/A			

Imp.	Matl	Wt(End)	(Start)	Weight
11	DWRH	-	DWRH	-
12	DWRH	-	DWRH	-
13	-	-	-	-
14	H/H	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-

Impinger Box I.D.	
Integrated Bag I.D.	

Leak Check:	
Pre-Test	
Post-Test	

Sample Train	
CFM Vac.	
Inft. Pitot	
IBS	

Pre-Test Calibration	
'Meter Meter Temp.	
Time ΔH Reading In Out	
Inft.	
Final	

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, °F						O ₂	Vacuum	Static Press. inwg	Test Summary
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Stack	Probe	Meter In	Out	Oven	Imp. Out				
1065	1065		.010	354.458	343		90	90		ICC	15.4	0		Initial 8/11/10 ✓
	1100		.010	354.70	344		89	90				0		Sample Vol., c.f.: 2.24823
	1105		.010	355.138	343		82	91				0		Stack Press. inwg ΔP _____ inwg ΔH .01 inwg
	1110		.010	355.528	344		93	92		ICC	15.1	0		Meter Temp., of 91.5
	1115		.010	355.87	343		93	92				0		Stack Temp., of _____
	1120		.010	356.395	343		94	92				0		Water Collected, g 154/3.1
	1125			356.809										O ₂ /CO ₂ Method Chain of Cust. Info (init.): Impingers Loaded Impingers Recovered Filter Loaded Filter Recovered Probe Wash
														Comments: no corrected values 154/3.1
Total/Average														

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	*	Date.....	1/31/90
Test Number.....4A-CT-FOR	*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....CARB 430	*	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....DIST. OIL	*	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....ES-8	*	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor	*	Meter Cal Factor.....	0.9900
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	*	Sample Time (Min).....	30
Bar Press (in Hg).....29.95	*	Nozzle Diam (in).....	
Meter Vol (acf).....1.294	*	Meter Temp (F).....	81.5
Stack Press (iwg).....	*	Stack Temp (F).....	
Vel Head (iwg).....	*	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.70
Liquid Vol (ml).....	*	from portable...	15.70
Meter Press (iwg).....0.01	*	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	4.00
	*	calculated.....	4.00
	*	Start/Stop Time.....	1527/1557
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			1.23
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			0.03

PARTICULATE TEST DATA

Client/Location SCE/Long Beach Unit CT-3 Test No. 4A-187-Tan Method 430 Page 1
 Sample Location Shale Fuel Distillate Ambient Temp., °F 1 of 1
 Operators Mathysen & Pearce Meter Vol. (Start/End) 588.68/888.88 Date 1/31/90

Pre Test Data: Equipment Info: Meter No. 65-8 Weight Weight-
 Barometric Press, in. Hg 29.95 Meter, Yd 1.0 Leak Checks:
 Stack Area, sq. ft. 28.4 Pilot, Cp .84 Pre-Test Sample Train
 Sample Time/ Pt, min. 30 min CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 .518 Post-Test CFM Vac. Init. Pitot IBS
 Assumed Stack Press -.53 Probe I.D. 1.016 Pre-Test Calibration
 Assumed Moisture 6% Nozzle No./Dia 1.24 Meter Meter Temp.
 Assumed Molecular Wt 28.8 Filter No. 2/2 Integrated Bag I.D. 2/2
 Imp. Matl Wt(End) (Start) (g) 10.2 10.2 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Total 10.2 Init. 10.2 Final 10.2

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, °F				Static Press. 1wg	Test Summary
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Probe	Meter In	Out	Oven		
Standards	1522		100	888.684	309	77	76			Initial <u>588.68</u>
	1532		100	888.778	328	79	78			Sample Vol., c.f. <u>1.294</u>
	1537		100	889.128	329	82	80			Stack Press, 1wg <u>ΔP 1wg ΔH .010 1wg</u>
	1542		100	889.387	332	83	82			Meter Temp., of <u>81.5</u>
	1547		100	889.465	332	85	84			Stack Temp., of <u>81.5</u>
Stack	1552		100	889.750	332	85	87			Water Collected, g <u>15.39 CEH</u>
	1557		100	889.978	332	85	87			O ₂ /CO ₂ Method <u>15.39 CEH</u>
										Chain of Cust. Info (Init.):
										Impingers Loaded <u>ACB</u>
										Impingers Recovered <u>JM</u>
										Filter Loaded <u>-</u>
										Filter Recovered <u>-</u>
										Probe Wash <u>-</u>
										Comments: <u>corrected 15.7/40</u>

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	*	Date.....	1/31/90
Test Number.....4B-CT-FOR	*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....CARB 430	*	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....DIST. OIL	*	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....ES-8	*	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor	*	Meter Cal Factor.....	0.9900
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	*	Sample Time (Min).....	30
Bar Press (in Hg).....29.95	*	Nozzle Diam (in).....	
Meter Vol (acf).....1.234	*	Meter Temp (F).....	90.9
Stack Press (iwg).....	*	Stack Temp (F).....	
Vel Head (iwg).....	*	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.70
Liquid Vol (ml).....	*	from portable...	15.70
Meter Press (iwg).....0.01	*	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	4.00
	*	calculated.....	4.00
	*	Start/Stop Time.....	1605/1635
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			1.15
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			0.03

FORMICU TEST DATA

Client/Location SCE/Long Beach Unit CT-3 Test No. 413-1807-101 Method 430 Page 1
 Sample Location Stack Fuel Distillate Ambient Temp., of 1
 Operators Perce & Mulligan Meter Vol. (Start/End) 25.88/188.257 Date 1/31/90

Pre Test Data: Equipment Info: Weight Weight
 Barometric Press, in. Hg 29.915 Meter No. ES-8 Imp. Matl DWPH Wt(End) (Start) (g) Leak Check:
 Stack Area, sq. ft. 204 Meter, Yd 18.29 11 DWPH -0.2 -0.2
 Sample Time/ Pt, min. 30/510 Pitot, Cp .84 12 DWPH -0.2 -0.2
 Assumed Stack Press -5.3 CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 .598 13 - - -
 Assumed Moisture 6.76 Probe I.D. Tellon 14 N/A - - -
 Assumed Molecular Wt 28.8 Nozzle No./Dia N/A Total - - -
 Impinger Box I.D. - - -
 Integrated Bag I.D. - - -
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Init. - - -
 Final - - -

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, °F				Static Press. lwg	Test Summary
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Probe	Meter In	Out	Oven		
Start	1605		.010	887.998	332	90	89			Initial
	1610		.010	890.208	337	91	91			Sample Vol., c.f. <u>6.238</u>
	1615		.010	890.432	339	91	91			Stack Press, lwg
	1620		.010	890.653	339	91	91			ΔP <u>1wg ΔH 0.10 lwg</u>
	1625		.010	890.863	333	91	91			Meter Temp., of <u>90.9</u>
	1630		.010	891.052	334	91	91			Stack Temp., of
Stop	1635			891.232						Water Collected, g
										O ₂ /CO ₂ Method <u>15.6/3.9</u>
										Chain of Cust. Info (Init.):
										Impingers Loaded <u>ACB</u>
										Impingers Recovered <u>DM</u>
										Filter Loaded <u>-</u>
										Filter Recovered <u>-</u>
										Probe Wash <u>-</u>
										Comments:
										<u>no corrected 15.7/4.0</u>

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	Date.....	1/31/90
Test Number.....4C-CT-FOR	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....CARB 430	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....DIST. OIL	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....ES-8	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor	Meter Cal Factor.....	0.9900
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	Sample Time (Min).....	30
Bar Press (in Hg).....29.95	Nozzle Diam (in).....	
Meter Vol (acf).....0.869	Meter Temp (F).....	91.9
Stack Press (iwg).....	Stack Temp (F).....	
Vel Head (iwg).....	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.70
Liquid Vol (ml).....	from portable... ..	15.70
Meter Press (iwg).....0.01	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	4.00
	calculated.....	4.00
	Start/Stop Time.....	1644/1714
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....		0.81
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....		0.02

Client/Location SEF / Long Beach Unit CT-3 Test No. 4C-18CT-Form Method 430 Page 1
Sample Location 5 Mac 1/2 Fuel Disillate Ambient Temp., of _____ of _____
Operators _____ Meter Vol. (Start/End) 226.23/892.101 Date 1/31/90

[illegible][illegible]

Analytical Report
02/23/90

Energy Systems Associates

Energy Systems Associates
15991 Red Hill Ave, Suite 110
Tustin, CA 92680-7388

Arlene Bell

Customer Work Identification Energy Systems Associates
Purchase Order Number 5718

Contents:

- 1 Analytical Data Summary
- 2 Sample History
- 3 Comments Summary
- 4 Notes and Definitions

Radian Analytical Services
900 Perimeter Park
Morrisville, NC 27560

919-481-0212

Client Services Coordinator: JFMCGAUGHEY

Certified by: 

Energy Systems Associates
 Radian Work Order: PO-02-017

Method: Aldehydes by HPLC (1)

List: Aldehydes Analyte List

Sample ID:	1-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	2-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	3-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	4A-LBCT-FORM (A&B)
Factor:	5	5	5	5
Results in:	ug	ug	ug	ug
	01A	02A	03A	04A
Matrix:	air	air	air	air

	Result	Det. Limit	Result	Det. Limit	Result	Det. Limit	Result	Det. Limit
Formaldehyde	32.3	4.4	10.77 *	4.4	48.56	4.4	18.21 *	4.4

* Est. result less than 5 times detection limit

(1) For a detailed description of flags and technical terms in this report refer to Appendix A in this report.

Energy Systems Associates
 Radian Work Order: P0-02-017

 Method: Aldehydes by HPLC (1)
 List: Aldehydes Analyte List

Sample ID:	4B-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	4C-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	FIELD SPIKE	FIELD BLANK A
Factor:	5	5	5	10
Results in:	ug	ug	ug	ug
	05A	06A	07A	08A
Matrix:	air	air	air	air

	Result Det. Limit	Result Det. Limit	Result Det. Limit	Result Det. Limit
Formaldehyde	20.83 * 4.4	6.2 * 4.4	25.8 4.4	18.54 * 8.9

* Est. result less than 5 times detection limit

(1) For a detailed description of flags and technical terms in this report refer to Appendix A in this report.

subtract blank of 18.54 ug from all sample
 but not from blank.
 Field spike = $25.8 - 18.54 = 7.3 \mu\text{g}$
 = 98% of nominal value
 of $7.4 \mu\text{g}$

Energy Systems Associates
Radian Work Order: PO-02-017

Method: Aldehydes by HPLC (1)
List: Aldehydes Analyte List

Sample ID:	MATRIX SPIKE	MATRIX SPIKE DUP	METHOD BLANK
Factor:	1	1	10
Results in:	%	%	ug
	09A	10A	10B
Matrix:	water	water	air

	Result	Det. Limit	Result	Det. Limit	Result	Det. Limit	Result	Det. Limit
Formaldehyde	105		113		ND	0.89		

ND Not detected at specified detection limit

(1) For a detailed description of flags and technical terms in this report refer to Appendix A in this report.

Energy Systems Associates
 Radian Work Order: P0-02-017

Sample Identifications and Dates

Sample ID	1-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	2-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	3-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	4A-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	4B-LBCT-FORM (A&B)	4C-LBCT-FORM (A&B)
Date Sampled						
Date Received	02/02/90	02/02/90	02/02/90	02/02/90	02/02/90	02/02/90
Matrix	air	air	air	air	air	air
	01	02	03	04	05	06

Aldehydes by HPLC

Prepared	02/06/90	02/06/90	02/06/90	02/06/90	02/06/90	02/07/90
Analyzed	02/20/90	02/20/90	02/20/90	02/20/90	02/20/90	02/20/90
Analyst	LKK	LKK	LKK	LKK	LKK	LKK
File ID	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Blank ID						
Instrument	V5000	V5000	V5000	V5000	V5000	V5000
Report as	received	received	received	received	received	received

Energy Systems Associates
 Radian Work Order: P0-02-017

Sample Identifications and Dates

Sample ID	FIELD SPIKE	FIELD BLANK A	MATRIX SPIKE	MATRIX SPIKE DUP
Date Sampled				
Date Received	02/02/90	02/02/90	02/02/90	02/02/90
Matrix	air	air	water	air
	07	08	09	10

Aldehydes by HPLC

Prepared	02/07/90	02/07/90	02/07/90	02/07/90
Analyzed	02/20/90	02/20/90	02/20/90	02/20/90
Analyst	LKK	LKK	LKK	LKK
File ID	NA	NA	NA	NA
Blank ID				
Instrument	V5000	V5000	V5000	V5000
Report as	received	received	received	received

Aldehydes by HPLC

Prepared				02/07/90
Analyzed				02/20/90
Analyst				LKK
File ID				NA
Blank ID				
Instrument				V5000
Report as				received

Appendix A

Comments, Notes and Definitions

Energy Systems Associates
Radian Work Order: P0-02-017

- ND This flag (or $\leq$) is used to denote analytes which are not detected at or above the specified detection limit. The value to the right of the $\leq$ symbol is the method specified detection limit for the sample.
- The asterisk(*) is used to flag results which are less than five times the method specified detection limit. Studies have shown that the uncertainty of the analysis will increase exponentially as the method detection limit is approached. These results should be considered approximate.

Energy Systems Associates
Radian Work Order: PO-02-017

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT:

Analyte - A chemical for which a sample is to be analyzed. The analysis will meet EPA method and QC specifications.

Compound - See Analyte.

Detection Limit - The method specified detection limit, which is the lower limit of quantitation specified by EPA for a method. Radian staff regularly assess their laboratories' method detection limits to verify that they meet or are lower than those specified by EPA. Detection limits which are higher than method limits are based on experimental values at the 99% confidence level. Note, the detection limit may vary from that specified by EPA based on sample size, dilution or cleanup.
(Refer to Factor, below)

EPA Method - The EPA specified method used to perform an analysis. EPA has specified standard methods for analysis of environmental samples. Radian will perform its analyses and accompanying QC tests in conformance with EPA methods unless otherwise specified.

Factor - Default method detection limits are based on analysis of clean water samples. A factor is required to calculate sample specific detection limits based on alternate matrices (soil or water), use of cleanup procedures, or dilution of extracts/digestates. For example, extraction or digestion of 10 grams of soil in contrast to 1 liter of water will result in a factor of 100.

Matrix - The sample material. Generally, it will be soil, water, air, oil, or solid waste.

Radian Work Order - The unique Radian identification code assigned to the samples reported in the analytical summary.

Units - ug/L	micrograms per liter (parts per billion); liquids/water
ug/Kg	micrograms per kilogram (parts per billion); soils/solids
ug/M3	micrograms per cubic meter; air samples
mg/L	milligrams per liter (parts per million); liquids/water
mg/Kg	milligrams per kilogram (parts per million); soils/solids
%	percent; usually used for percent recovery of QC standards
uS/cm	conductance unit; microSiemens/centimeter
mL/hr	milliliters per hour; rate of settlement of matter in water
NTU	turbidity unit; nephelometric turbidity unit
CU	color unit; equal to 1 mg/L of chloroplatinate salt



Energy Systems Associates A CORPORATION

15991 RED HILL AVE., SUITE 110, TUSTIN, CALIFORNIA 92680

SUBJECT Formaldehyde Blank Corrections JOB NO. 5
SCF/Kong Beach - CT II-3COMPUTED BY A Bell DATE 3/28/90 CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____ SHEET NO. _____Field Blank = 18.54 μ gRe: Radiation Report #
PO-02-017Field Spike = 25.8 - 18.54 μ g = 7.26 μ g
= 98% of nominal value
of 7.4 μ g

Subtract blanks to & I stated on lab report

<u>Test #</u>	<u>Measured Value</u> <u>μg</u>	<u>μg Form</u> <u>corrected for blank</u>
1-LBCT-Form	32.3	13.76
2-LBCT-Form	10.77	ND < 4.4
3-LBCT-Form	48.56	30.02
4A-LBCT-Form	18.21	ND < 4.4
4B-LBCT-Form	20.83	< 4.4
4C-LBCT-Form	6.2	ND < 4.4

Appendix C.6

PAH

ENERGY SYSTEMS 02-May-90

AVERAGE PAH EMISSIONS

SPECIES	ug/dscm	lb/hr	lb/MMBtu
Naphthalene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Acenaphthylene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Acenaphthene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Fluorene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Phenanthrene	< 0.012	< 2.16E-05	< 2.69E-08
Anthracene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Fluoranthene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Pyrene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Benz(a)anthracene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Chrysene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.65E-05	ND < 2.04E-08
Average Total PAH	< 0.136	< 2.52E-04	< 3.12E-07

PAH CALCULATIONS

CLIENT:	SCE/LONG BEACH CT	INITIALS:	ACB
PROJECT NO:	53304	VMSTD(DSCF):	112.16
TEST DATE:	1/31/90	QSD(DSCF/MIN):	509595
TEST NUMBER:	4-SV	CO2,X:	4.0
T REF (F)	60	O2,X:	15.7
Fuel: oil		F Factor	9490

SPECIES	ug/train	ug/dscm	lb/hr	lb/MMBtu
Naphthalene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Acenaphthylene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Acenaphthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Fluorene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Phenanthrene	0.032	0.010	1.92E-05	2.40E-08
Anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Fluoranthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Benz(a)anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Chrysene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.008	ND < 1.50E-05	ND < 1.87E-08

TOTAL PAH	< 0.382	< 0.120	< 2.29E-04	< 2.86E-07
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Corrected for Field Blank

PAH CALCULATIONS

CLIENT:	SCE/LONG BEACH CT	INITIALS:	ACB
PROJECT NO:	53304	VMSTD(DSCF):	103.22
TEST DATE:	2/1/90	QSD(DSCF/MIN):	497754
TEST NUMBER:	5-SV	CO2,X:	3.8
T REF (F)	60	O2,X:	15.3
Fuel: oil		F Factor	9490

SPECIES	ug/train	ug/dscm	lb/hr	lb/MMBtu
Naphthalene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Acenaphthylene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Acenaphthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Fluorene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Phenanthrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Fluoranthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Benz(a)anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Chrysene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.009	ND < 1.59E-05	ND < 1.89E-08
 TOTAL PAH	 < 0.375	 < 0.128	 < 2.39E-04	 < 2.83E-07

Corrected for Field Blank

ENERGY SYSTEMS 02-May-90

PAH CALCULATIONS

CLIENT:	SCE/LONG BEACH CT	INITIALS:	ACB
		VMSTD(DSCF):	85.85
PROJECT NO:	53304	QSD(DSCF/MIN):	480300
TEST DATE:	2/1/90	CO2, %:	3.8
TEST NUMBER:	6-SV	O2, %:	15.5
T REF (F)	60	F Factor	9490
Fuel:	oil		

SPECIES	ug/train	ug/dscm	lb/hr	lb/MMBtu
Naphthalene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Acenaphthylene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Acenaphthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Fluorene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Phenanthrene	0.040	0.016	2.96E-05	3.77E-08
Anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Fluoranthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Benz(a)anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Chrysene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Benzo(b+k)fluoranthene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND < 0.025	ND < 0.010	ND < 1.85E-05	ND < 2.36E-08

TOTAL PAH	< 0.390	< 0.160	< 2.88E-04	< 3.68E-07
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Corrected for Field Blank

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	*	Date.....1/31/90	
Test Number.....4-LBCT-SV	*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....CARB 429	*	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....DIST. OIL	*	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....ES-19	*	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor0.840	*	Meter Cal Factor.....	1.0000
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	*	Sample Time (Min).....	192
Bar Press (in Hg).....29.95	*	Nozzle Diam (in).....	0.230
Meter Vol (acf).....120.741	*	Meter Temp (F).....	101.5
Stack Press (iwg).....-0.50	*	Stack Temp (F).....	335.5
Vel Head (iwg).....0.6138	*	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.70
Liquid Vol (ml).....262.1	*	from portable...	15.70
Meter Press (iwg).....1.11	*	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	4.00
	*	calculated.....	4.00
	*	Start/Stop Time.....	1348/1728
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			112.16
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			3.18
Moisture Fraction.....			0.098
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....			28.16
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec).....			54.59
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....			864,649
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....			509,595
Isokinetic Ratio (%).....			104.85

FIELD TEST DATA

Client/Location SCE/Long Beach Unit CT-3 Test No. 44807-51 Method 429 Page 1
 Sample Location Stack Fuel Distillate Ambient Temp., of 70 of 2
 Operators Pease & Mulligan Meter Vol. (Start/End) 200.57/152.312 Date 1/11/78

Pre Test Data:
 Barometric Press, in. Hg 29.95
 Stack Area, sq. ft. 264
 Sample Time/ Pt, min. 180/8
 Assumed Stack Press - .53
 Assumed Moisture 6%
 Assumed Molecular Wt 28.8
 Equipment Info:
 Meter No. F5-119
 Meter, Yd 1.00
 Pitot, Cp -84
 CFM @ $\Delta H = 1.0$.575
 Probe I.D. 10/32
 Nozzle No./Dia .230 OH
 Filter No. 110-734
 Imp. Matl N/A
 Wt(End) (Start) 241.5
 Weight (g) 241.5
 Leak Check: ✓
 #1 77.0
 #2 600.5
 #3 475.0
 #4 819.0
 Total 262.1
 Impinger Box I.D. N/A
 Integrated Bag I.D. N/A
 Sample Train
 CFM Vac. Init. Pitot IBS
 Pre-Test .014
 Post-Test .014
 Pre-Test Calibration
 Meter Meter Temp.
 Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Init. ---
 Final ---

1-76

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, of				O ₂	Vacuum	Static Press. μ g	Test Summary
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Probe	Meter In	Out	Oven	Imp. Out			
Start	1348	0.61	1.07	400.571	225	92	82	225	53	7	53	Initial
Start	1356	0.65	1.14	405.085	230	106	83	255	51	9	53	Sample Vol., c.f. 120.741
Start	1404	0.79	1.35	410.138	258	110	84	260	50	11	51	Stack Press. μ g -5.4
Start	1412	0.89	1.50	415.612	228	112	85	272	52	13	52	ΔP 6138 μ g ΔH 1.11 μ g
Start	1420	0.75	1.32	421.369	228	114	85	258	50	12	52	Meter Temp., of 101.52
Start	1428	0.65	1.14	427.518	230	112	86	258	53	11	53	Stack Temp., of 335.5
Start	1436			432.650								Water Collected, g 264.62
Start	1447	0.45	.86	432.690	226	89	83	225	54	7	54	O ₂ /CO ₂ Method 15.4/3.9
Start	1455	0.43	.75	436.920	228	102	83	233	58	7	58	Chain of Cust. Info (Init.):
Start	1503	0.35	.68	441.587	230	102	83	269	54	6	54	Impingers Loaded
Start	1511	0.40	.70	443.58	230	102	83	260	53	6	53	Impingers Recovered
Start	1529	0.38	.66	450.725	226	107	84	259	52	6	52	Filter Loaded
Start	1527	0.28	.45	454.870	228	107	83	266	54		54	Filter Recovered
Start	1535			467.150								Probe Wash
Start	1542	0.68	1.02	457.187	226	106	87	272	54	5	54	Comments:
Start	1550	0.60	1.12	461.487	238	118	90	267	54	11	54	
Start	1558	0.74	1.30	466.868	228	121	94	268	54	13	54	

Client/Location SCC Long Beach Unit ct-3 Test No. 44807-SV Method 429 Page 2
Sample Location Stack Fuel distillate Ambient Temp., of 70 of 2
Operators Mulligan & Pearce Meter Vol. (Start/End) 1 Date 1/31/88

Pre Test Data:	Equipment Info:	Imp., Mat'l	(g)	Leak Check:	
Barometric Press, in. Hg _____	Meter No. _____	#1 _____	-		
Stack Area, sq. ft. _____	Meter, Yd _____	#2 _____	-		
Sample Time/ Pt, min. _____	Pitot, Cp _____	#3 _____	-	Pre-Test	
Assumed Stack Press _____	CFM @ ΔH = 1.0 _____	#4 _____	-	Post-Test	
Assumed Moisture _____	Probe I.D. _____	Total _____	-		
Assumed Molecular Wt _____	Nozzle No./Dia _____	Impinger Box I.D. _____			
	Filter No. _____	Integrated Bag I.D. _____			

Sample Train

CFM Vac. Init. Pitot IDS

Pre-Test Calibration

Meter Meter Temp.

Time ΔH Reading In Out

Init.	_____
Final	_____
Cor.	_____

[illegible]

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....SCE/LBCT	*	Date.....	2/1/90
Test Number.....5-LBCT-SV	*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....CARB 429	*	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....DIST. OIL	*	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....ES-19	*	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor0.840	*	Meter Cal Factor.....	1.0000
Stack Area (sq ft).....264.0	*	Sample Time (Min).....	192
Bar Press (in Hg).....30.05	*	Nozzle Diam (in).....	0.230
*			
Meter Vol (acf).....108.818	*	Meter Temp (F).....	91.5
Stack Press (iwg).....-0.53	*	Stack Temp (F).....	341.7
Vel Head (iwg).....0.5830	*	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.30
	*	from portable...	15.30
Liquid Vol (ml).....230.1	*	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	3.80
	*	calculated.....	3.80
Meter Press (iwg).....0.97	*	Start/Stop Time.....	0850/1318
*			
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			103.22
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			2.92
Moisture Fraction.....			0.094
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....			28.17
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec).....			53.32
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....			844,535
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....			497,754
Isokinetic Ratio (%).....			98.79

Client/Location 3CE/LONG BEACH Unit CT-2 Test No. 5-LDUT-CV Method SV Page 1
 Sample Location STACK Fuel DISTILLATE Ambient Temp., of 60°F of 2
 Operators RSR/JAN Meter Vol. (Start/End) 53294 / 1987.723 Date 2/1/90

Pre Test Data:
 Barometric Press, in. Hg 30.05
 Stack Area, sq. ft. 244
 Sample Time/ Pt, min. 100/18
 Assumed Stack Press -5.3
 Assumed Moisture 10.2
 Assumed Molecular Wt 28.7

Equipment Info:
 Meter No. 8599
 Meter, Yd 1.000
 Pitot, Cp .84
 CFM @ 28" H₂O = 1.0 .595
 Probe I.D. 10' 9/16"
 Nozzle No./Dia 250
 Filter No. 110-735

Weight Weight
 Imp. Matl Wt(End) (Start) (g) Leak Check:
 #1 — 685.1 - 488.5 = 196.6 ✓
 #2 24.40 576.2 - 578.4 = -2.2 ✓
 #3 — 480.3 - 480.3 = 0 ✓
 #4 56 863.6 - 879.3 = -24.3 H₂O Post-Test 0.0 Pre-Test 0.0
 Total — — - — = 282230.1 ✓
 Impinger Box I.D. NA
 Integrated Bag I.D. NA

Sample Train
 CFM Vac. Init. Pilot 185
 Pre-Test 0.0 15 RP-OK
 Post-Test 0.0 14 RP-OK
 Pre-Test Calibration

Time ΔH Reading In Out
 Init. 0737 1.0 524.732 85 70
 Final 0742 1.0 527.714 86 71

1.62

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, °F						Static Press. lwg	Test Summary	
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Stack	Probe	Meter		Oven	Imp. Out			
							In	Out					
E6	850	.41	.99	531.394	345	264	97	74		45		15	Initial <u>800H V1</u> Sample Vol., c.f. <u>10.8.818</u> Stack Press., lwg <u>-5.3</u> ✓ ΔP O ₂ <u>589</u> lwg ΔH <u>0.973</u> lwg Meter Temp., °F <u>91.5</u> ✓ Stack Temp., °F <u>341.7</u> ✓ Water Collected, g <u>288.7</u> ✓ O ₂ /CO ₂ Method <u>15.13.8</u> ✓ Chain of Cust. Info (Init.): Impingers Loaded <u>SWH</u> Impingers Recovered <u>SWH</u> Filter Loaded <u>SWH</u> Filter Recovered <u>SWH</u> Probe Wash <u>SWH</u> Comments: <u>3000-20-194</u> Fuel VAC. <u>SWH</u> <u>SWH</u> <u>SWH</u> ΔH, checked <u>24</u> <u>more</u> Standard Conf. <u>81X</u> <u>THW</u>
5	850	.49	1.12	536.105	344	277	103	76	215	45	15.19	19	
4	906/914	.75	1.21	540.685	344	249	101	77	230	44		22	
3	Stop			546.094									
2	935	.84	1.36	873.605	349	279	85	69	223	48	15.3	13	
2	1003	.88	1.10	898.485	352	258	97	74	248	47	15.9	12	
1	1011	.24	.59	903.301	350	275	94	77	253		16.5	6	
	1019			906.585									
56	1024	.57	.92	906.585	350	290	93	79	263	50	16.5	11	
5	1032	.68	1.10	910.990	347	230	102	82	264	52	15.5	11.5	
4	1040	.72	1.18	915.825	346	273	101	82	267	57	15.4	12	
3	1048	.80	1.20	920.681	345	245	103	83	264	60	15.5	13	
2	1056	.73	1.18	925.860	340	1	103	83	261	62	15.7	13	
1	1104	.46	.78	931.090	326	257	102	81	258	63	16.0	9	
	1112			935.169									
				935.169			905.92	905.92					

CARNOT

03/28/90

SAMPLE TRAIN TEST SUMMARY

Client/Location.....	SCE/LBCT	Date.....	2/1/90
Test Number.....	6-LBCT-SV*	Data By.....	ACB
Test Method.....	CARB 429	Sample Location.....	STACK
Fuel.....	DIST. OIL*	Reference Temp (F).....	60
Control Box #.....	ES-8	Unit.....	CT 3
Pitot Factor	0.840	Meter Cal Factor.....	0.9900
Stack Area (sq ft).....	264.0	Sample Time (Min).....	168
Bar Press (in Hg).....	30.05	Nozzle Diam (in).....	0.230
Meter Vol (acf).....	90.699	Meter Temp (F).....	87.1
Stack Press (iwg).....	-0.50	Stack Temp (F).....	342.3
Vel Head (iwg).....	0.5437	O2 (%): from CEM.....	15.50
Liquid Vol (ml).....	192.2	from portable...	15.50
Meter Press (iwg).....	0.92	CO2 (%): from CEM.....	3.80
		calculated.....	3.80
		Start/Stop Time.....	1446/1936
Std Sample Vol (SCF).....			85.85
Metric Sample Vol (cubic meters).....			2.43
Moisture Fraction.....			0.094
Stack Gas Mol Wt.....			28.17
Stack Gas Velocity (ft/sec).....			51.50
Stack Flow Rate (wacfm).....			815,803
Stack Flow Rate (dscfm).....			480,300
Isokinetic Ratio (%).....			97.32

Client/Location	SCE LUNG BEACH	Unit	CT3	Test No.	6-LBR-SK	Method	SV	Page	1
Sample Location	STACK	Fuel	OIL	DISTILLATE		Ambient Temp., of	260°F	of	1
Operators	Mulligan & Pearce			Meter Vol. (Start/End)		922.100		Date	2/19/90

Pre Test Data:

Barometric Press, in. Hg	<u>30.05</u>
Stack Area, sq. ft.	<u>264</u>
Sample Time/ Pt. min.	<u>14.22</u>
Assumed Stack Press	<u>-1.53</u>
Assumed Moisture	<u>10%</u>
Assumed Molecular Wt	<u>28.9</u>

Equipment Info:

Meter No.	45-8
Meter, Yd	100
Pilot, Cp	.84
CFH @ $\Delta H = 1.0$	.558
Probe I.D.	.230
Nozzle No./Dia	10'/91A
Filter No.	564

Weight Weight

Imp.	Matl	Wt(End)	(Start)	(g)	Leak Check:
#1		634.8	472.7	162.1	✓
#2	H ₂ O	562.4	566.0	-3.6	✓
#3		185.9	185.0	0.9	Pre-Test ✓
#4	Si	80.4	81.5	-32.8	Post-Test ✓
Total			774.6		
	Impinger Box I.D.			192.2	✓

Sample Train

CFM	Vac.	Inlt. Pitot	IBS
122	16	57m	07
210	16	57m	07

Pre-Test Calibration

Meter Meter Temp.

	Init.	Final
1	0	0
2	0	0
3	0	0
4	0	0
5	0	0
6	0	0
7	0	0
8	0	0
9	0	0
10	0	0
11	0	0
12	0	0
13	0	0
14	0	0
15	0	0
16	0	0
17	0	0
18	0	0
19	0	0
20	0	0
21	0	0
22	0	0
23	0	0
24	0	0
25	0	0
26	0	0
27	0	0
28	0	0
29	0	0
30	0	0
31	0	0
32	0	0
33	0	0
34	0	0
35	0	0
36	0	0
37	0	0
38	0	0
39	0	0
40	0	0
41	0	0
42	0	0
43	0	0
44	0	0
45	0	0
46	0	0
47	0	0
48	0	0
49	0	0
50	0	0
51	0	0
52	0	0
53	0	0
54	0	0
55	0	0
56	0	0
57	0	0
58	0	0
59	0	0
60	0	0
61	0	0
62	0	0
63	0	0
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81	0	0
82	0	0
83	0	0
84	0	0
85	0	0
86	0	0
87	0	0
88	0	0
89	0	0
90	0	0
91	0	0
92	0	0
93	0	0
94	0	0
95	0	0
96	0	0
97	0	0
98	0	0
99	0	0
100	0	0

1.62

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, °F					O ₂	Vacuum	Static Press. (wg)	Test Summary
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Stack	Probe	Meter In	Out	Oven				
START	1447	.53	.89	992.100	341	248	98	87	236	52	8		Initial <u>8NH</u> Sample Vol., c.f. <u>90.699</u> Stack Press., (wg) <u>-5</u> ΔP. <u>543</u> ΔH <u>923</u> (wg) Meter Temp., °F <u>91.00</u> Stack Temp., °F <u>342.3</u> Water Collected, g <u>12.2</u> O ₂ /CO ₂ Method <u>155/3.8</u> Chain of Cust. Info (Init.): Impingers Loaded <u>8NH</u> Impingers Recovered <u>ACB</u> Filter Loaded <u>8NH</u> Filter Recovered <u>ACP</u> Probe Wash <u>8NH/ACB</u> Comments: <u>1/c @ 5" o/r</u> <u>15.5/3.8 corrected</u>
North 6	1453	.64	1.03	995.793	341	270	106	87	256	49	10		
5	1458	.72	1.16	000.143	340	230	107	87	259	45	12		
4	1503	.75	1.27	004.413	341	254	108	88	268	48	13		
3	1518	.78	1.26	008.654	339	232	105	86	260	48	13		
2	1527	.57	.92	013.321	347	255	98	85	220	46	10		
1	1654/1101			017.028									
START	1709	.26	.42	017028	350	254	83	81	228	40	7		
West 6	1716	.20	.32	019.721	348	264	90	80	230	41	5		
5	1723	.26	.42	021.891	343	239	90	80	252	61	7		
4	1730	.30	.48	024.483	342	230	91	79	250	62	7		
3	1737	.22	.35	027.357	338	227	90	78	226	62	7		
2	1744	.40	.66	029.38	336	236	82	77	226	59	2		
1	1751			031.846									
Total/Average													

Client/Location SCE / Long Beach Unit CT3 Test No. 6-1357-51 Method SL Page 2
Sample Location Stack Fuel Distillate Ambient Temp., °F 54.0 of 2
Operators Pearce & Mulligan Meter Vol. (Start/End) 1 Date 2/1/80

Pre Test Data: Equipment Info: Leak Check: Weight
Barometric Press. in. Hg _____ Meter No. _____ Imp. Matl _____ Wt(End) (Start) (g) _____
Stack Area, sq. ft. _____ Meter, Yd _____ #2 _____ #3 _____
Sample Time/ Pt. min. _____ Pilot, Cp _____ #4 _____ Total _____
Assumed Stack Press _____ CFM @ 1.0 _____
Assumed Moisture _____ Probe I.D. _____
Assumed Molecular Wt _____ Nozzle No./Dia _____ Impinger Box I.D. _____
_____ Filter No. _____ Integrated Bag I.D. _____

Sample Point	Time	Meter Conditions			Temperatures, °F				O ₂	Vacuum	Static Press. fwg	Test Summary
		ΔP	ΔH	Meter Reading	Stack	Probe	Meter In	Meter Out				
Start	1758	.51	.82	031.846	334	253	87	76			-1.5	Initial
Stop 1	1805	.54	.87	036.57	341	270	93	77				Sample Vol., c.f.
1	1812	.62	1.00	040.218	337	268	93	77				Stack Press. fwg
2	1819	.73	1.18	043.598	343	256	94	77				ΔP fwg ΔH fwg
3	1826	.76	1.23	047.721	341	246	94	77				Meter Temp., °F
4	1833	.66	1.06	051.612	341	241	94	77				Stack Temp., °F
Stop 1	1840			056.167								Water Collected, g
Start	1854	.60	.97	056.167	345	235	86	76				O ₂ /CO ₂ Method
6	1901	.64	1.03	060.023	346	275	94	77				Chain of Cust. Info (Init.):
5	1908	.57	1.40	064.043	343	235	96	77				Impingers Loaded
4	1915	.54	1.36	068.673	349	235	96	76				Impingers Recovered
3	1922	.87	1.40	073.568	341	235	97	77				Filter Loaded
2	1939	.72	1.16	078.593	346	223	95	77				Filter Recovered
1	1946			082.799								Probe Wash
												Comments:
Total/Average		5457.903										

Client/Location SCE/LD Unit C8 Test No. Bink-SV Method SV Page 1

Sample Location Streck Fuel _____ Ambient Temp., OF _____ of 1

Operators RJR & VM Meter Vol. (Start/End) 1 Date 2/1/92

Unit # _____ Unit # _____

[illegible][illegible]

ANALYTICAL RESULTS REPORT

CLIENT INFORMATION
 Name: ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES
 Project: PAI ANALYSIS OF MM5 TRAINS

LAE INFORMATION

Contact: HH
 Project: AN898506
 Date: Apr.03 1990

Notes: "L" = Not Analyzed
 "C" = Less than MDL
 "A" = Lab Accident

4-LBCT-SV 5-LBCT-SV 6-LBCT-SV LBCT-BLK
 MM5 TRAIN MM5 TRAIN MM5 TRAIN
 Client ID: 004056 90 004057 90 004058 90 004059 90
 Lab ID:

Component	MDL	Units	4-LBCT-SV	5-LBCT-SV	6-LBCT-SV	LBCT-BLK
Naphthalene	0.025	ug	<	<	<	<
Acenaphthylene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Acenaphthene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Fluorene	0.025		<	<	0.04	<
Phenanthrene	0.025		0.032	<	<	<
Anthracene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Fluoranthene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Pyrene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Chrysene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Benzo(ghi)perylene	0.025		<	<	<	<
Surrogate Recoveries %						
d10 Acenaphthene			33	30	35	40
d10 Anthracene			44	37	33	50
d12 Chrysene			38	32	45	44
d12 Benzo(a)pyrene			44	69	32	77

RECORD NO.

[illegible]

Appendix C.7

Fuel Analysis



Energy Systems Associates A CORPORATION
15991 RED HILL AVE., SUITE 110, TUSTIN, CALIFORNIA 92680

SUBJECT SCF / Long Beach CT-3 JOB NO. 53304
Calculation of E factor for natural gas

COMPUTED BY J. B. H. DATE 4/18/90 CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____
SHEET NO. _____ of _____

Component	Composition by volume Mole %	C	H	N	O
CH ₄	92.1	11.06	3.71		
C ₂ H ₆	3.75	0.90	0.23		
C ₃ H ₈	1.00	0.36	0.08		
n-C ₄ H ₁₀	0.23	0.11	0.02		
i-C ₄ H ₁₀	0.13	0.06	0.01		
n-C ₅ H ₁₂	0.06	0.04	0.01		
i-C ₅ H ₁₂	0.07	0.04	0.01		
C ₆ H ₁₄	0.10	0.07	0.01		
CO ₂	1.00	0.12			0.32
N ₂	1.51			0.42	

$$MW = 17.58 = \text{Total } 12.76 + 4.08 + 0.42 + 0.32$$

$$\% \text{ by weight } 72.58 \quad 23.21 \quad 2.39 \quad 1.82$$

$$Btu/lb = 1049.7 / 17.58 \times \frac{379.5 \text{ lb}^3}{16 \text{ mole}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mole}}{17.58 \text{ lb}}$$

$$= 22,660$$

$$F_{GE} = \frac{10^6 [36.1(23.21) - 1.53(72.58) + .14(2.39) - .46(1.82)]}{22,660}$$

$$= 8606 \text{ Btu}/10^6 \text{ Btu}$$

$$F_{LO} = \frac{(8606) (520)}{528} = 8476 \text{ Btu}/10^6 \text{ Btu}$$

1.
S. Ca Gas.

10:30 A.M. , 1/30/90

$C_6 +$	-	0.10 %
Propane	-	1.00 %
I. Butane	-	0.13 %
n-Butane	-	0.23 %
I. Pentane	-	0.07 %
n-Pentane	-	0.06 %
N_2	-	1.51 %
CH_4	-	92.10 %
CO_2	-	1.00 %
Ethane	-	3.75 %

Heating Value - ~~10~~ 1049.7 Btu/mcf.

SP Gr = 0.6092

- Gas analysis for CT 3/ Long Beach
supplied by Southern California Gas Co.
no location available to take a gas sample

EPA Fuel "F" factor calculations
SCE/LONG BEACH COMBUSTION TURBINE NO. 3
Reference temp, F: 60

Composition by wt, %:

Carbon	84.07
Hydrogen	15.63
Nitrogen	0.19
Sulfur	0.055
Oxygen	0.2
Ash	0.01

Heating value, btu/lb: 19,250

F factor, dscf/mmbtu @ 0% O₂: 9,490

Ash content, lb/mmbtu: 0.005



Curtis & Tompkins, Ltd., Analytical Laboratories. Since 1878

1250 S. Boyle Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90023, Phone (213) 269-7421, Fax (213) 268-5328

DATE RECEIVED: 02/09/90

DATE REPORTED: 03/14/90

PAGE 1 OF 9

LAB NUMBER: 25430

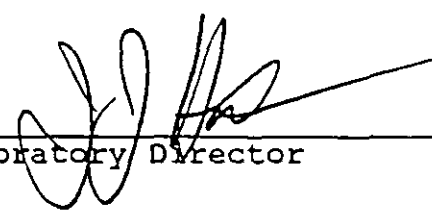
CLIENT: ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES

REPORT ON: FOUR DISTILLATE OIL SAMPLES

PROJECT #: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT

LOCATION: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT

RESULTS: SEE ATTACHED


Laboratory Director

LABORATORY NUMBER: 25430-3
 CLIENT: ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES
 PROJECT #: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT
 PROJECT #: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT
 SAMPLE ID: 6A-LBCT-Fuel

DATE RECEIVED: 02/09/90
 DATE ANALYZED: 02/15/90
 DATE REPORTED: 03/15/90
 PAGE 4 OF 9

METHODS: EPA 6010/7000
 CAC TITLE 22 METALS IN AQUEOUS SOLUTIONS

METAL	RESULT	REGULATORY LIMITS STLC
---mg/L---		
Arsenic	ND (0.25)	5
Beryllium	ND (0.05)	0.75
Cadmium	ND (0.05)	1
Chromium (total)	ND (0.05)	560
Chromium (VI)	ND (0.05)	--
Copper	ND (0.10)	25
Lead	ND (0.25)	5
Mercury	ND (0.10)	0.2
Manganese	ND (0.10)	350
Nickel	ND (0.05)	20
Selenium	ND (0.25)	1
Zinc	0.21	250

ND = NOT DETECTED; LIMIT OF DETECTION IN PARENTHESES.

QA/QC DATA SUMMARY:

	RPD	SPIKE		RPD	SPIKE
Arsenic	21	101	Mercury	9	95
Beryllium	3	90	Manganese	2	98
Cadmium	19	84	Nickel	11	100
Chromium	1	101	Selenium	14	105
Copper	3	102	Zinc	3	99
Lead	13	97			

LABORATORY NUMBER: 25430-4
 CLIENT: ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES
 PROJECT #: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT
 PROJECT #: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT
 SAMPLE ID: 6B-LBCT-Fuel

DATE RECEIVED: 02/09/90
 DATE ANALYZED: 02/15/90
 DATE REPORTED: 03/15/90
 PAGE 5 OF 9

METHODS: EPA 6010/7000
 CAC TITLE 22 METALS IN AQUEOUS SOLUTIONS

METAL	RESULT	REGULATORY LIMITS STLC
--mg/L--		
Arsenic	ND (0.25)	5
Beryllium	ND (0.05)	0.75
Cadmium	ND (0.05)	1
Chromium (total)	ND (0.05)	560
Chromium (VI)	ND (0.05)	--
Copper	ND (0.10)	25
Lead	ND (0.25)	5
Mercury	ND (0.10)	0.2
Manganese	ND (0.10)	350
Nickel	ND (0.05)	20
Selenium	ND (0.25)	1
Zinc	0.09	250

ND = NOT DETECTED; LIMIT OF DETECTION IN PARENTHESES.

QA/QC DATA SUMMARY:

	RPD	SPIKE		RPD	SPIKE
Arsenic	21	101	Mercury	9	95
Beryllium	3	90	Manganese	2	98
Cadmium	19	84	Nickel	11	100
Chromium	1	101	Selenium	14	105
Copper	3	102	Zinc	3	99
Lead	13	97			

LABORATORY NUMBER: 25430-3
 CLIENT: ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES
 PROJECT #: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT
 LOCATION: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT
 SAMPLE ID: 6A-LBCT-Fuel

DATE RECEIVED: 02/09/90
 DATE ANALYZED: 03/07/90
 DATE REPORTED: 03/14/90
 PAGE 8 OF 9

 ULTIMATE AND PROXIMATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED BASIS (% by Weight)
-----------	------------------------------------

ASH CONTENT	<0.01
-------------	-------

CARBON	74.84
--------	-------

CHLORINE	<0.01
----------	-------

HYDROGEN	13.84
----------	-------

NITROGEN	0.14
----------	------

OXYGEN	11.14
--------	-------

SULFUR	0.04
--------	------

CHLORINE BY X-RAY DIFF. (mg/L)	ND (30)
--------------------------------	---------

BTU/LB.	19,300
---------	--------

ND = NOT DETECTED; LIMIT OF DETECTION IN PARENTHESES

*by difference, an artificial of
 evaporation
 correct to .2% O
 (from Steam by B&W)*

when reapparented:

C: 84.18

H: 15.55

N: 0.16

O: 0.2

S: 0.05

*13
 5/11/90*

LABORATORY NUMBER: 25430-4
 CLIENT: ENERGY SYSTEMS ASSOCIATES
 PROJECT #: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT
 LOCATION: SUBMITTED BY CLIENT
 SAMPLE ID: 6B-LBCT-Fuel

DATE RECEIVED: 02/09/90
 DATE ANALYZED: 03/07/90
 DATE REPORTED: 03/14/90
 PAGE 9 OF 9

 ULTIMATE AND PROXIMATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER	AS RECEIVED BASIS (% by Weight)	
ASH CONTENT	<0.01	
CARBON	73.31	
CHLORINE	<0.01	
HYDROGEN	13.75	
NITROGEN	0.20	
OXYGEN	12.69	← by difference calculation
SULFUR	0.05	
CHLORINE BY X-RAY DIFF. (mg/L)	ND (30)	C: 83.96 H: 15.71 N: 0.22 O: 0.2 S: 0.06
BTU/LB.	19,200	

ND = NOT DETECTED; LIMIT OF DETECTION IN PARENTHESES

1035/11/1

APPENDIX D
CALCULATIONS

Appendix D.1
General Emission Calculations

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

1. Sample Volume and Isokinetics

- a. Sample gas volume, dscf

$$V_{m \text{ std}} = 0.03342 V_m [P_{\text{bar}} + (H/13.6)] (T_{\text{ref}}/T_m) (Y)$$

- b. Water vapor volume, scf

$$V_{w \text{ std}} = 0.0472 V_{lc} (T_{\text{ref}}/528^{\circ}\text{R})$$

- c. Moisture content, nondimensional

$$B_{wo} = V_{w \text{ std}} / (V_{m \text{ std}} + V_{w \text{ std}})$$

- d. Stack gas molecular weight, lb/lb mole

$$MW_{\text{dry}} = 0.44(\% \text{ CO}_2) + 0.32(\% \text{ O}_2) + 0.28(\% \text{ N}_2)$$

$$MW_{\text{wet}} = MW_{\text{dry}} (1 - B_{wo}) + 18 (B_{wo})$$

- e. Absolute stack pressure, iwg

$$P_s = P_{\text{bar}} + P_{\text{sg}}/13.6$$

- f. Stack velocity, ft/sec

$$V_s = 2.90 C_p \sqrt{\Delta P T_s} \sqrt{\frac{29.92 \times 28.95}{P_s MW_{\text{wet}}}}$$

- g. Actual stack gas flow rate, wacfm

$$Q = (V_s)(A_s)(60)$$

- h. Standard stack gas flow rate, dscfm

$$Q_{sd} = Q (1 - B_{wo})(T_{\text{ref}}/T_s)(P_s/29.92)$$

- i. Percent isokinetic

$$I = \frac{17.32 \times T_s (V_{m \text{ std}})}{(1 - B_{wo}) \theta \times V_s \times P_s \times D_n^2} \times \frac{528^{\circ}\text{R}}{T_{\text{ref}}}$$

2. Particulate Emissions

- a. Grain loading, gr/dscf

$$C = 0.01543 (M_n/V_{m \text{ std}})$$

- b. Grain loading at 12% CO
- ₂
- , gr/dscf

$$C_{12\% \text{ CO}_2} = C (12\% \text{ CO}_2)$$

c. Mass emissions, lb/hr

$$M = C \times Q_{sd} \times (60 \text{ min/hr}) / (7000 \text{ gr/lb})$$

3. Gaseous Emissions, lb/hr

$$M = \text{ppm} \times 10^{-6} \frac{MW_i \text{ lb/lb mole}}{SV} \times Q_{sd} \times 60 \text{ min/hr}$$

where SV = specific molar volume of an ideal gas:

$$385.3 \text{ ft}^3/\text{lb mole for } T_{\text{ref}} = 528 \text{ }^\circ\text{R}$$

$$379.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{lb mole for } T_{\text{ref}} = 520 \text{ }^\circ\text{R}$$

4. Emissions Rates, lb/10⁶ Btu

a. Fuel factor at 68 °F, dscf/10⁶ Btu at 0% O₂

$$F_{68} = \frac{10^6 [3.64(\%H) + 1.53(\%C) + 0.14(\%N) + 0.57(\%S) - 0.46(\%O_2, \text{fuel})]}{\text{HHV, Btu/lb}}$$

b. Fuel factor at 60 °F

$$F_{60} = F_{68} (520 \text{ }^\circ\text{R} / 528 \text{ }^\circ\text{R})$$

c. Gaseous emission factor

$$\text{lb/10}^6 \text{ Btu}_i = \text{ppm}_i \times 10^{-6} \times \frac{MW_i \text{ lb}}{\text{lb mole}} \times \frac{1}{SV} \times F \times \frac{20.9}{20.9 - \%O_2}$$

d. Particulate emission factor

$$\text{lb/10}^6 \text{ Btu} = C \times \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{7000 \text{ gr}} \times F \times \frac{20.9}{20.9 - \%O_2}$$

These calculations are routinely performed on ESA's computer.

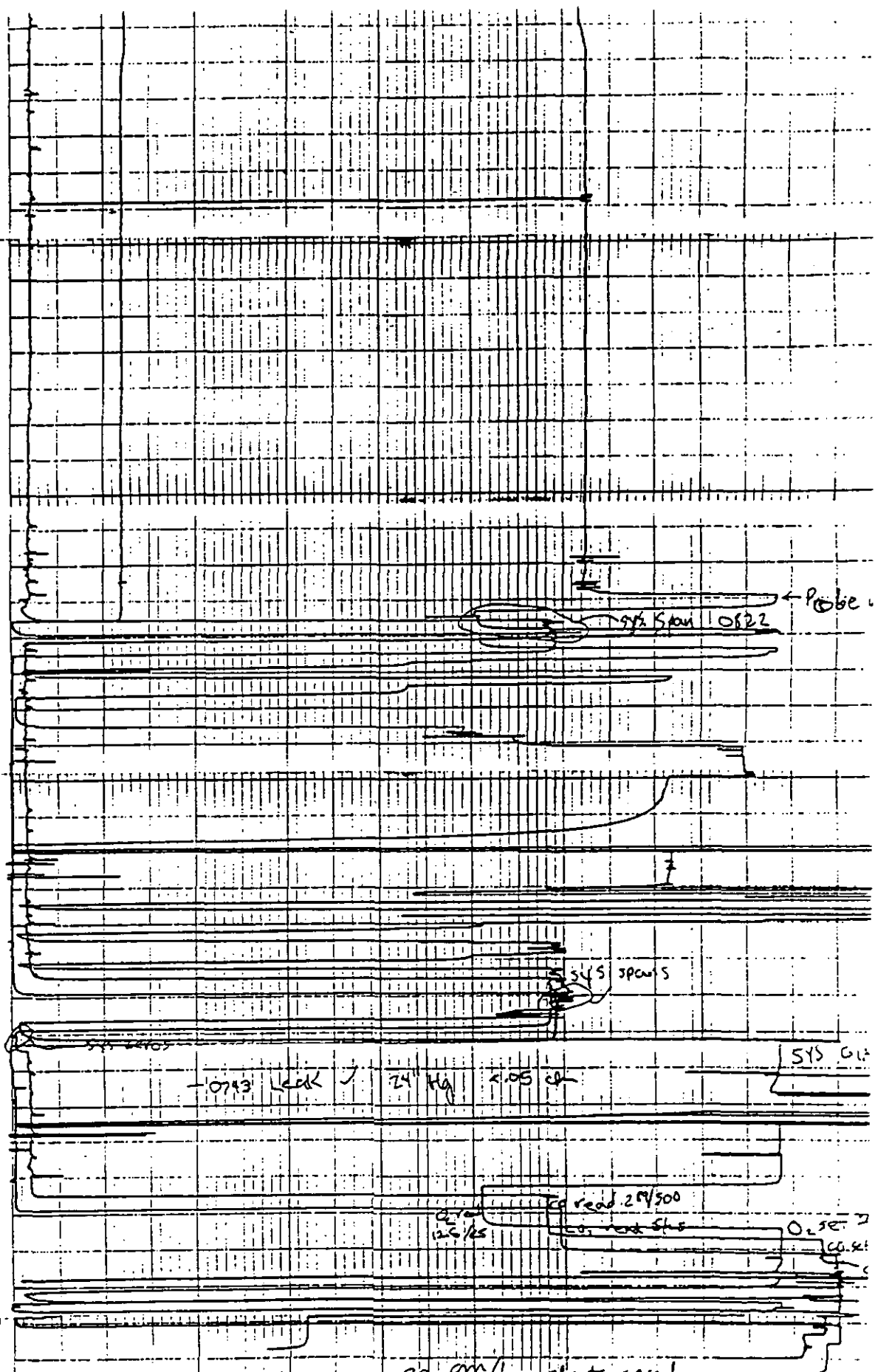
Nomenclature:

A_s	=	stack area, ft ²
B_{wo}	=	flue gas moisture content
$C_{12\% CO_2}$	=	particulate grain loading, gr/dscf corrected to 12% CO ₂
C	=	particulate grain loading, gr/dscf
C_p	=	pitot calibration factor, dimensionless
D_n	=	nozzle diameter, in.
F	=	fuel F factor, dscf/10 ⁶ Btu at 0% O ₂
H	=	orifice pressure differential, iwg
I	=	% isokinetics
M_n	=	mass of collected particulate, mg
M_i	=	mass emissions of species i, lb/hr
MW	=	molecular weight of flue gas
MW_i	=	molecular weight of species i:
		NO _x : 46
		CO: 28
		SO ₂ : 64
		HC: 16
θ	=	sample time, min.
ΔP	=	average velocity head, iwg $= \left(\frac{\overline{V}}{\sqrt{\Delta P}} \right)^2$
P_{bar}	=	barometric pressure, in.Hg
P_s	=	stack absolute pressure, in.Hg.
P_{sg}	=	stack static pressure, iwg
Q	=	wet stack gas flow rate at actual conditions, wacfm
Q_{sd}	=	dry stack gas flow rate at standard conditions, dscfm
SV	=	specific molar volume of an ideal gas at std conditions, ft ³ /lb mole
T_m	=	meter temperature, °R
$T_{ref.}$	=	reference temperature, °R
T_s	=	stack temperature, °R
V_s	=	stack velocity, ft/sec
V_{lc}	=	volume of liquid collected in impingers, ml
V_m	=	dry meter volume uncorrected, dcf
$V_{m \text{ std}}$	=	dry meter volume at standard conditions, dscf
$V_{w \text{ std}}$	=	volume of water vapor at standard conditons, scf
Y	=	meter calibration coefficient

APPENDIX E
INSTRUMENT STRIP CHARTS

SOULTEC CHART NO 201-01-25-20M

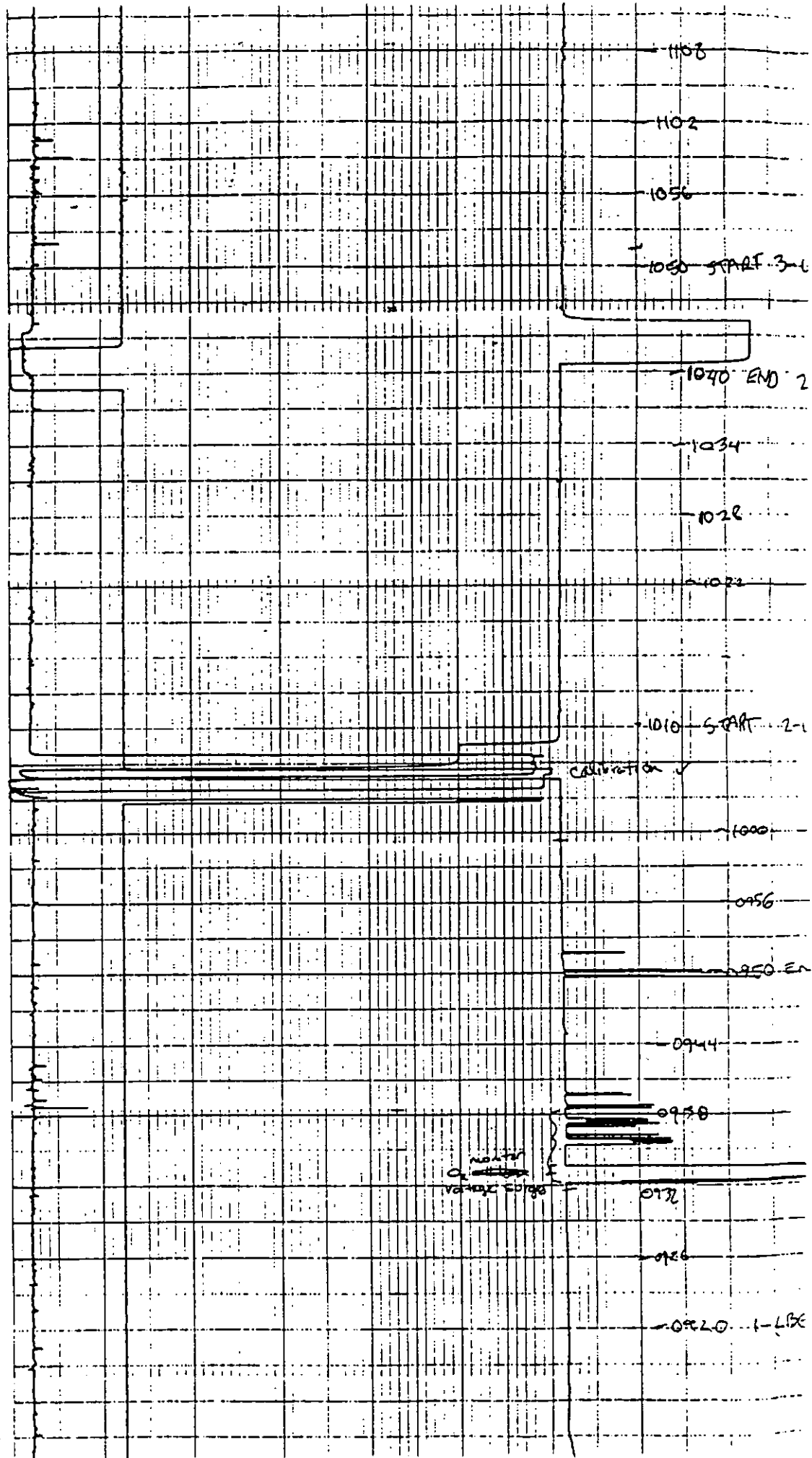
SOULTEC CHART NO 201-01-25-20M



1/30/90 SCE LONG BEACH GAS TURBINE #3 STACK

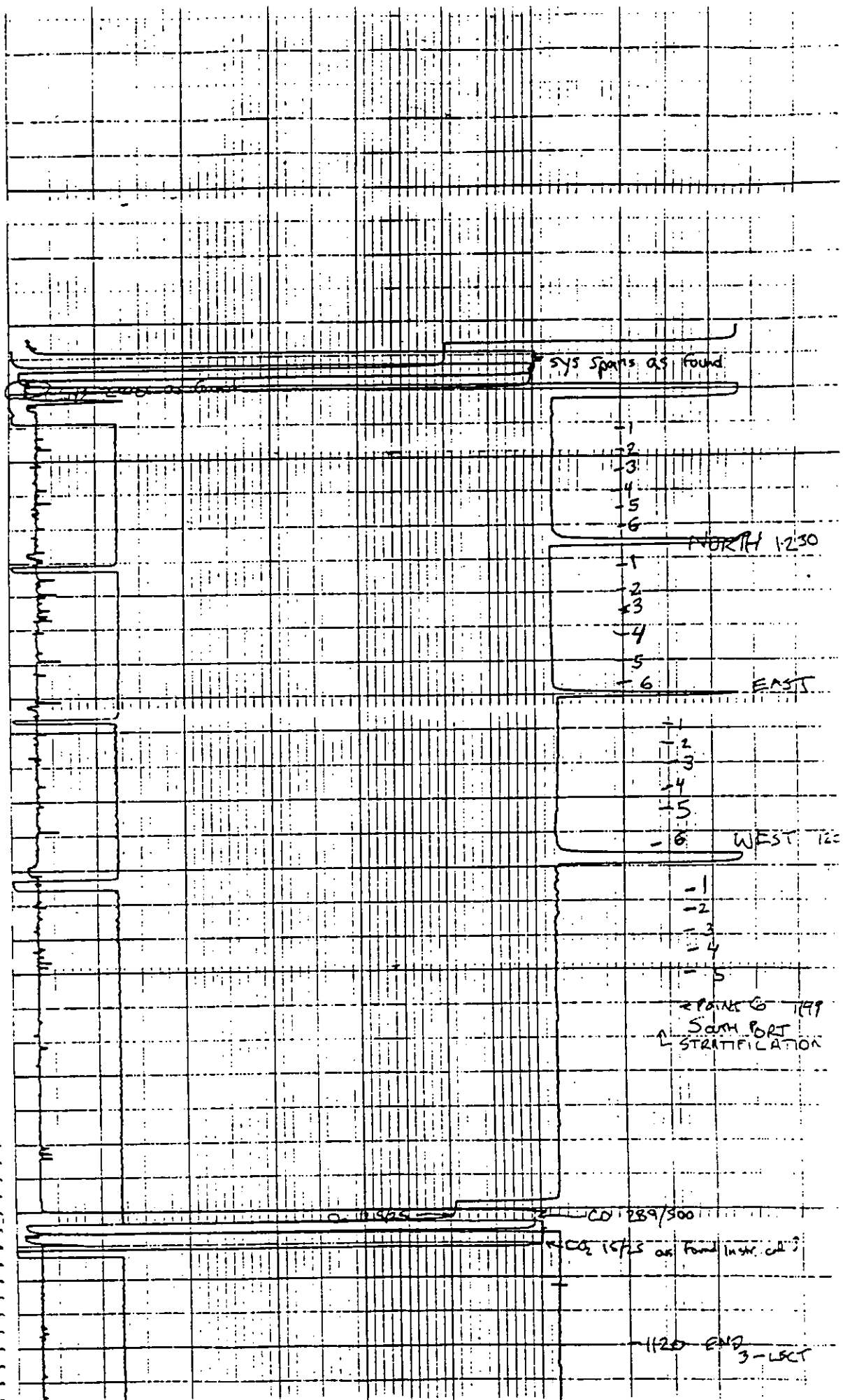
NO. ZDI-01-23-20M

SOLEC CHART NO. ZDI-01-23-20M



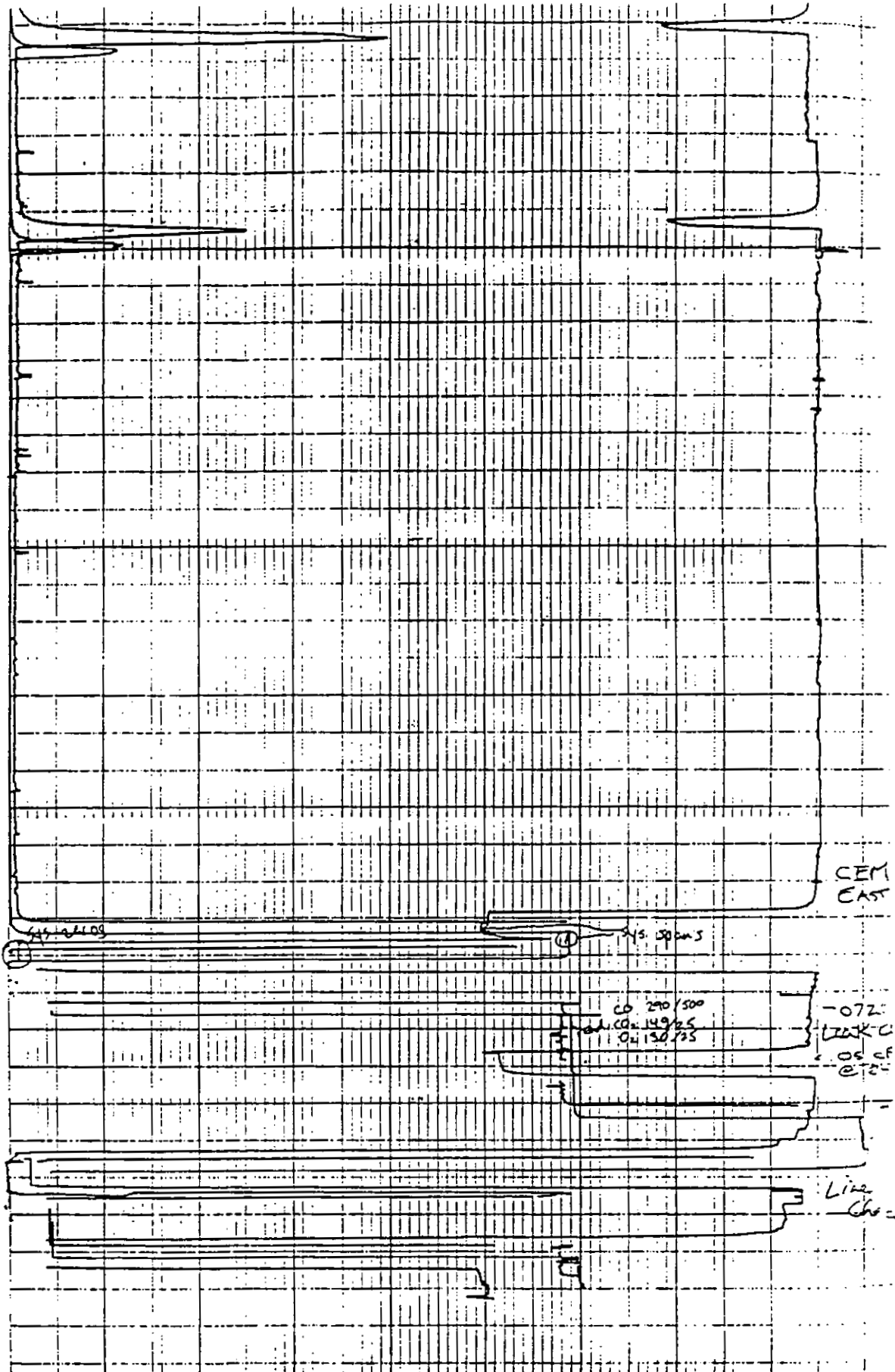
SOUEC CHART NO. 201-01-25-20M

SOUEC



CHARI NO. Z01-01-25-20M

SOLETC CHART NO. Z01-01-25-20M



1/31/90

SCE Long Beach

Combustion Turbine #3 Oil Fuel

BOLTEC CHART NO. ZD1-01-25-20M

7.5

Sys Sp. S

25/5/2003

read CO = 20/50
CO = 15/25
O₂ = 12/25

- Q. Set 207/23

$$\frac{-CO_2 \text{ 24.5}}{-O_2 \text{ 30}} \\ 22.5 \text{ g}$$

LINEARITY instrument cal.

47.22

$20 \text{ cm/hr} = \text{speed}$

2/1/90 SCE Long Beach CF#3
oil fire tests

SOLTEC CHART NO. 201-01-25-20M

END SC-LR-
- 698 chart speed
10 cm

START 50-LR- B0220

1018 - 50-LR-
END

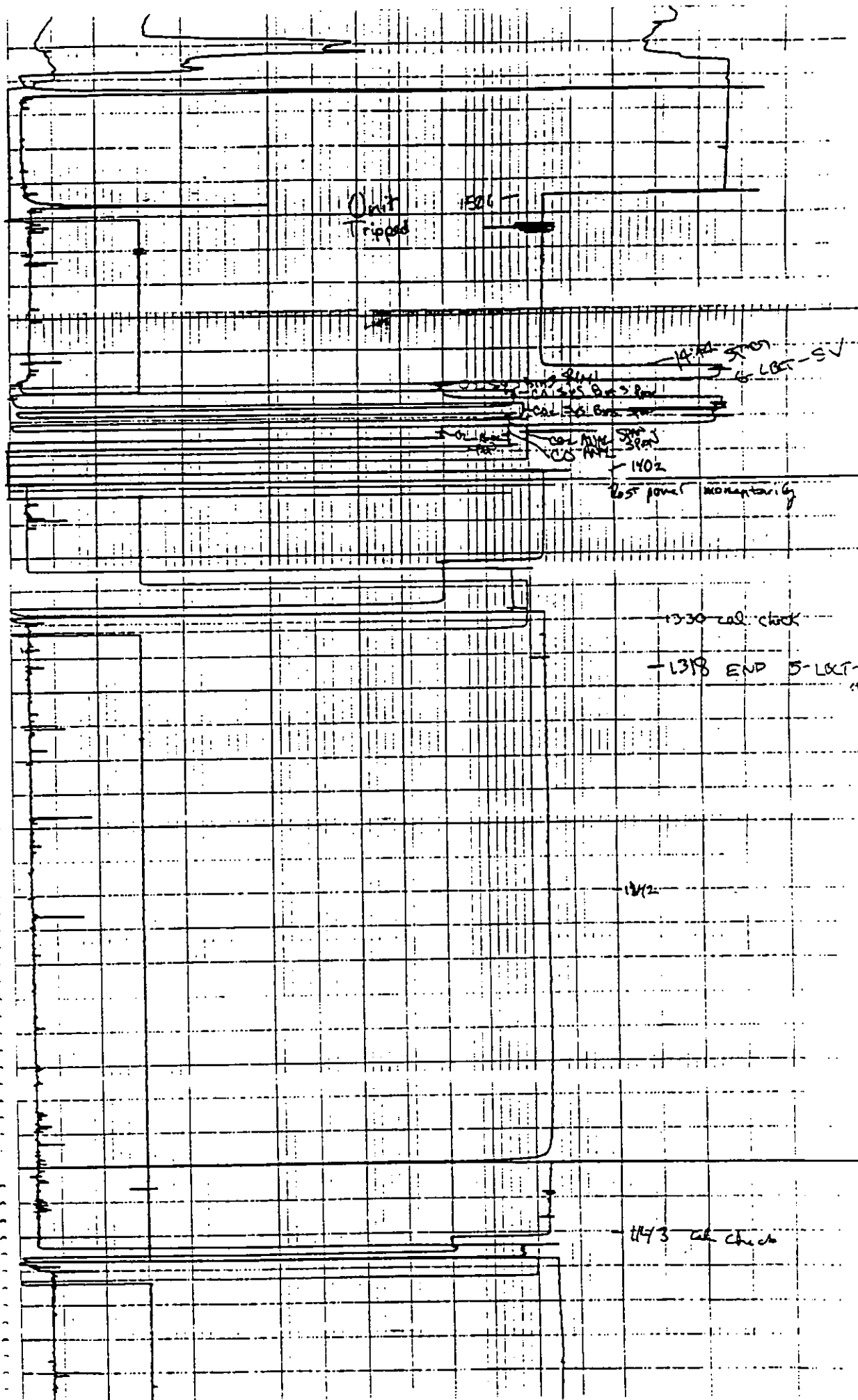
0945

SOLTEC CHART NO. 201-01-25-20M

START 50-LR- TB# 0857

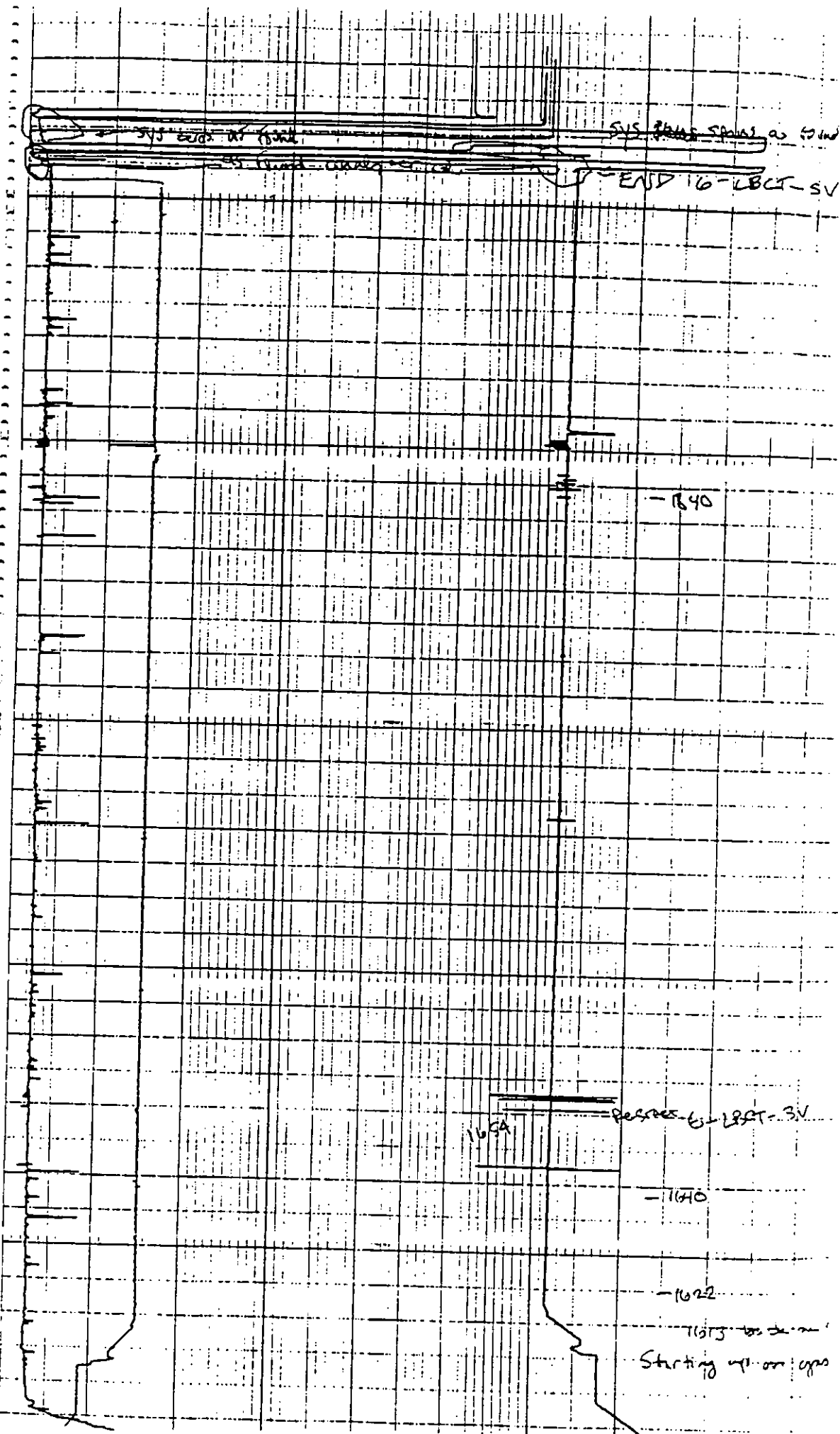
01-25-2011

BOLTEC CHART NO. Z01-01-25-20M



SOURCE CHART NO. Z01-01-25-20M

SOURCE CHART NO.



APPENDIX F
CHAIN OF CUSTODY

K002017

K002017
JW

Energy Systems Associates A CORPORATION

CERTIFICATION OF SAMPLE RECEIPT

Samples: 53304/LBCT 3

/ Analysis:

Formaldehyde
Acetaldehyde
Benzaldehyde
as per CACB 43C

Sample No.

(Project No.)

Test No.

Complete Description

✓ 1-LBCT-Form Vials A and B - combine for analysis
 ✓ 2-LBCT-Form Vials A and B - combine for analysis
 ✓ 3-LBCT-Form Vials A and B - combine for analysis
 ✓ 4A-LBCT-Form " "
 ✓ 4B-LBCT-Form " "
 ✓ 4C-LBCT-Form " "
 ✓ Field Spike Vial B, 15 ml DNPH + 1 ml 7.4 mg/ml formaldehyde soln.
 ✓ Field Blank A - For analysis
 ✓ Field Blank B - Hold

Chain of Custody Prior to Shipment:

Released by	Time and Date	Received by	Time and Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	1000 2/1/90		

Samples shipped to:

Rankin
 North Carolina

Samples shipped from ESA by:

Fed-Ex

Date 2/1/90

Carrier:

Air Bill No. _____

Samples received by:

Landy Harrington

Date 2-5-90

Company:

RADIAN



Energy Systems Associates A CORPORATION

Lab # 37973
Tuesdail

CERTIFICATION OF SAMPLE RECEIPT

Samples:

Project # 53304/LBCT

Sample No.

(Project No.)

Test No.

Complete Description

1-LBCT-Benzene Tedlar bag for benzene
analysis/GCT/1996

2-LBCT-Benzene "

3-LBCT-Benzene "

Chain of Custody Prior to Shipment:

Released by	Time and Date	Received by	Time and Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	1200 1/30/90		

Samples shipped to:

Tuesdail

Tustin, CA

Samples shipped from ESA by:

Date

Carrier:

Air Bill No.

Samples received by:

Company:

[Signature]
Tuesdail Lab.

Date

1/30/90



Energy Systems Associates A CORPORATION

CERTIFICATION OF SAMPLE RECEIPT

Samples:

Sample No. (Project No. Test No.)	Complete Description
5A/LBCT/BEN	10 liter TENDAR BAG
5B/LBCT/BEN	11
5C/LBCT/BEN	11

Chain of Custody Prior to Shipment:

Released by	Time and Date	Received by	Time and Date
Robert A. Zuber	13:45 2/2/90		

Samples shipped to: TRUESDALE LABS
By Bob Finken

Samples shipped from ESA by: _____ Date _____
Carrier: _____ Air Bill No. _____
Samples received by: Becky Kirsch Date 2/2/90
Company: True-Sail Laboratories
INC



Energy Systems Associates A CORPORATION

CERTIFICATION OF SAMPLE RECEIPT

Samples:

PAH by CARB 429

Sample No.
(Project No.
Test No.)

Complete Description (# bottles)

4-LBCT-SV XAD-2 module, A/E # 110-734,
1/20 fraction (2) Organic fraction (2)

5-LBCT-SV XAD-2 module, A/E # 110-735,
1/20 fraction (2) Organic fraction (1)

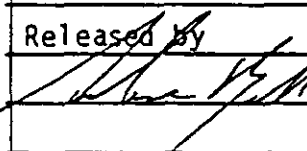
6-LBCT-SV XAD-2 module, A/E # 110-564
1/20 fraction (1) Organic fraction (1)

LBCT-Field blank XAD mod. A/E # 110-481
1/20 fraction (1) Organic fraction (1)

4-LBAX-SV XAD-2 module, A/E # 110-736
1/20 fraction (2) Organic fraction (1)

5-LBAX-SV XAD-2 module, A/E # 110-571
1/20 fraction (2) Organic fraction (1)

Chain of Custody Prior to Shipment:

Released by	Time and Date	Received by	Time and Date
	1200 2/11/90		

Samples shipped to:

Peron Environmental

Samples shipped from ESA by:

Fed-Ex

Date 2/12/90

Carrier:

Air Bill No. 400-55846

Samples received by:

Date 400-5584-636

Company:

15991 RED HILL AVENUE, SUITE 110, TUSTIN, CA 92680-7388 / (714) 259-9520 / Telecopy: (714) 259-0372

Also: 6-LBAX-SV / XAD-2, A/E # 110-734 + 110-569
1/20 fraction (2), Organic (1)

1-BAX-Field blank / XAD-2 A/E # 110-571

ESA DS-057



Energy Systems Associates A CORPORATION

CERTIFICATION OF SAMPLE RECEIPT

Samples:

Sample No.
(Project No.)
Test No.

Complete Description

4A-LBAX-Fuel

4B-LBAX-Fuel

6A-LBCT-Fuel

6B-LBCT-Fuel

Distillate Oil

Chain of Custody Prior to Shipment:

Released by	Time and Date	Received by	Time and Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	0800 2/9/90		

Samples shipped to:

Samples shipped from ESA by:

Carrier:

Samples received by:

Company:

Curtis & Tompkins

[Signature]

[Signature]
Curtis & Tompkins

Date

Air Bill No.

Date

REAGENT CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Client: SCE / AB2588 / Long Beach CT Charge No.: 53304
 Project Manager: Archie / Sklar

REAGENTS - Enter quantity and circle description

<u>2 gal</u>	Water <u>DI water</u>	DI <u>B&J</u> <u>2 gal</u>	Lot # _____
<u>✓</u>	Acetone	ACS <u>GC2</u> <u>2 gal</u>	Lot # _____
<u>✓</u>	Hexane	ACS <u>GC2</u> <u>2 gal</u>	Lot # _____
_____	IPA	ACS	Lot # _____
_____	H ₂ O ₂	30% Other	Lot # _____
_____	MeCl ₂	ACS GC2	Lot # _____

FILTERS - Quantity and Description

_____ Glass Fiber 110mm 63mm 47mm 45mm 37mm
 _____ Teflon 110mm Teflon rinsed 110-734-737, 481, 564
 _____ Hexane Rinsed
 _____ 4 X AD resin modules w/ spring & 5 days
 _____ 1 L acetic DNPH reagent 1/26/90
 _____ 100 mL Dichloromethane soln 50000 X solution
 _____ Weston bottles
 _____ 10 mL pipette
 _____ 5 mL pipette
 _____ 1 mL pipette

BOTTLES - Quantity

_____ 1000ml Nalgene

_____ 500ml Nalgene

_____ 250ml Nalgene

4 correct 500ml I-chem

_____ 1000ml Acid Washed

_____ 500ml Acid Washed

_____ 250ml Acid Washed

LAB SUPPLY CHECK LIST

2 Silica Gel

2 large Gloves (small and large)

6 bottles Wash Bottles

1 Foil

1 Baggies

✓ Sample Labels

✓ Pens

✓ Paper Towels

1 Scissors

1 Tweezers

✓ Brushes

✓ 6 Tupperware

Released By

Received By

Returned By

Date

Date

Date

+ 3 X-ray boxes 2



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET

LONG BEACH CT3

(Sheet 1 of 4)

Test #	1	2	3
A. <u>General</u>			
o Date	1/30/90	1/30/90	1/30/90
o Time of Test	0920	1030	1115
o Fuel	GAS	GAS	GAS
o DATA BY	M. ESCARCEGA		
B. <u>Gaseous Species</u>			
o Stack Excess O ₂ %			
o NO _x Raw (ppm)			
o NO _x @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o NO Raw (ppm)			
o NO @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o CO Raw (ppm)			
o CO @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o CO ₂ Raw (%)			
o CO ₂ @ 15% O ₂ (%)			
C. <u>Ambient Conditions</u>			
o Barometric Pressure (psia)	29.91	29.87	29.87
o Ambient Temperature (dry bulb, °F)			
o Relative Humidity, %			



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 2 of 4)

Test #	1	2	3
D. <u>Gas Turbine</u>			
o Nominal Load	67	66	66
o Watthour Meter (sec) (time for 10 rev).	62.3	63.0	63.1
o MW = (4147.2)/time			
o Combustor Exit Temperature, °F	1730	1731	1732
o Gas Turbine Exit Temperature, °F	958	961	962
o Fuel Flow, MCFH	798	786	788
o Steam Injection Rate (Mlb/hr)	83	82	83
o I.P.	58	58	58
o H.P.	25	25	25
E. <u>H.P. Boiler</u>			
o Steam Flow (FR-401A) (A x 10 ⁴ lb/hr)	212.1	215.0	214.4
o Feed Flow (FR-401B) (A x 10 ⁴ lb/hr)	239	241.6	247.3
o Drum Level (LR-401) (in.)	22.6	22.6	22.5

A = meters recorded value



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 3 of 4)

Test #	1	2	3
o Drum Pressure (PIS-401B) (psi)	530	530	530
o Boiler Steam Level Pressure (PI-401A) (psi)	430	425	425
F. I.P. Boiler			
o Steam Flow (FR-402A) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	51.3	51.2	51.1
o Feed Flow (FR-402B) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	58.0	57.6	57.6
o Drum Level (LR-402) (in.)	15.1	16.2	16.5
o Drum Pressure (PIS-402) (psi)	235	235	235
G. L.P. Boiler			
o Steam Flow (FR-403A) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	21.4	25.0	26.0
o Feed Flow (FR-403B) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	26.3	23.8	22.0
o Drum Level (LR-403) (in.)	6.5	8.0	8.7
o Drum Pressure (PIS-403) (psi)	245	240	242

A = meters recorded value



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 4 of 4)

Test #	1	2	3
H. <u>Boiler Temperatures (TJR-1)</u>			
1 o Boiler Gas Inlet, °F	919.3	925	926
2 o Boiler Gas Outlet, °F	353.6	353	352
3 o H.P. Economizer Outlet, °F	363	363	363
4 o H.P. Economizer Inlet, °F	248	247	249
5 o I.P. Economizer Outlet, °F	442	440	440
6 o Superheater Outlet, °F	728	730	731
I. <u>Feed Water Pressures. (psi)</u>			
o H.P. (403A)	460	460	
o I.P.	200	200	
o L.P.	105	105	
J. <u>Pressures</u>			
o Furnace Inlet (PI-405D) (In. H ₂ O)	11.5	11.0	
o Furnace Outlet (PI-405E) (In. H ₂ O)	-1	-1	
o H.P. Boiler (PI-401C) (psi)	490	490	
o I.P. Boiler (PI-402A) (psi)	210	210	
o L.P. Boiler (PI-403A) (psi)	85	85	

OUTSIDE

OUTSIDE



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 1 of 4)

Test #	4	4	4
A. <u>General</u>			
o Date	1/31/90	1/31/90	1/31/90
o Time of Test	1350	1500	1630
o Fuel	DISTILLATE	DISTILLATE	DISTILLATE
o DATA BY	M. ESCARCEGA & S. HAYTHORNWATE		
B. <u>Gaseous Species</u>			
o Stack Excess O ₂ , %			
o NO _x , Raw (ppm)			
o NO _x @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o NO, Raw (ppm)			
o NO @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o CO, Raw (ppm)			
o CO @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o CO ₂ , Raw (%)			
o CO ₂ @ 15% O ₂ (%)			
C. <u>Ambient Conditions</u>			
o Barometric Pressure (psia)	29.95	29.95	
o Ambient Temperature (dry bulb, °F)			
o Relative Humidity, %			



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 2 of 4)

Test #	4	4	4
D. <u>Gas Turbine</u>			
o Nominal Load	63	63	64
o Watthour Meter (sec) (time for 10 rev).	65.6	65.3	64.9
o MW = (4147.2)/time			
o Combustor Exit Temperature, °F	1724	1722	1721
o Gas Turbine Exit Temperature, °F	960	957	956
o Fuel Flow, MCFH GPM	105	105	110
o Steam Injection (TOTAL) Rate (Mlb/hr)	86	85	85
o I.P.	55	55	55
o H.P.	31	30	30
E. <u>H.P. Boiler</u>			
o Steam Flow (FR-401A) (A x 10 ⁴ lb/hr)	204.0	206.7	206.8
o Feed Flow (FR-401B) (A x 10 ⁴ lb/hr)	238.7	240.5	237.9
o Drum Level (LR-401) (in.)	23.4	23.5	23.5

A = meters recorded value



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 3 of 4)

Test #	4	4	4
o Drum Pressure (PIS-401B) (psi)	530	545	530
o Boiler Steam Level Pressure (PI-401A) (psi)	420	420	420
F. I.P. Boiler			
o Steam Flow (FR-402A) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	48.3	48.5	48.3
o Feed Flow (FR-402B) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	54.8	55.1	55.3
o Drum Level (LR-402) (in.)	16.5	16.5	16.6
o Drum Pressure (PIS-402) (psi)	235	235	235
G. L.P. Boiler			
o Steam Flow (FR-403A) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	19.0	33.0	24.9
o Feed Flow (FR-403B) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	23.3	30.2	25.6
o Drum Level (LR-403) (in.)	8.7	5.3	9.9
o Drum Pressure (PIS-403) (psi)	245	245	245

A = meters recorded value



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 4 of 4)

Test #	4	4	4
H. <u>Boiler Temperatures (TJR-1)</u>			
1 o Boiler Gas Inlet, °F	919	920	919
2 o Boiler Gas Outlet, °F	353	338	349
3 o H.P. Economizer Outlet, °F	365	365	365
4 o H.P. Economizer Inlet, °F	248	248	249
5 o I.P. Economizer Outlet, °F	436	435	436
6 o Superheater Outlet, °F	729	729	729
I. <u>Feed Water Pressures. (psi)</u>			
o H.P. (405 A)	450	500	455
o I.P.	200	225	200
o L.P.	100	83	110
J. <u>Pressures</u>			
o Furnace Inlet (PI-405D) (in. H ₂ O)	11.0	11.0	11.0
o Furnace Outlet (PI-405E) (in. H ₂ O)	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0
o H.P. Boiler (PI-401C) (psi)	480	485	480
o I.P. Boiler (PI-402A) (psi)	210	220	215
o L.P. Boiler (PI-403A) (psi)	75	60	70



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 1 of 4)

Test #	5	5	5
A. <u>General</u>			
o Date	2/1/90	2/1/90	2/1/90
o Time of Test	0900	1030	1230
o Fuel	DISTILLATE	—	—
• DATA BY	M. ESCARCEGA		
B. <u>Gaseous Species</u>			
o Stack Excess O ₂ %			
o NO _x Raw (ppm)			
o NO _x @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o NO Raw (ppm)			
o NO @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o CO Raw (ppm)			
o CO @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)			
o CO ₂ Raw (%)			
o CO ₂ @ 15% O ₂ (%)			
C. <u>Ambient Conditions</u>			
o Barometric Pressure (psia)			
o Ambient Temperature (dry bulb, °F)			
o Relative Humidity, %			



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 2 of 4)

Test #	5	5	5
D. <u>Gas Turbine</u>			
o Nominal Load	65	64	64
o Watthour Meter (sec) (time for 10 rev).	63.6	64.6	64.1
o MW = (4147.2)/time			
o Combustor Exit Temperature, °F	1726	1725	1725
o Gas Turbine Exit Temperature, °F	956	958	957
o Fuel Flow, MCFH <i>GPM</i>	110	105	105
o Steam Injection (TOTAL) Rate (Mlb/hr)	83	83	83
o I.P.	51	51	51
o H.P.	32	32	32
E. <u>H.P. Boiler</u>			
o Steam Flow (FR-401A) (A x 10 ⁴ lb/hr)	221.9	221.7	224.0
o Feed Flow (FR-401B) (A x 10 ⁴ lb/hr)	241.0	240.6	240.1
o Drum Level (LR-401) (in.)	23.3	23.5	23.5

A = meters recorded value



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH C.T.3

(Sheet 3 of 4)

Test #	5	5	5
o Drum Pressure (PIS-401B) (psi)	530	530	530
o Boiler Steam Level Pressure (PI-401A) (psi)	420	420	420
F. I.P. Boiler			
o Steam Flow (FR-402A) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	50.5	50.7	50.7
o Feed Flow (FR-402B) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	50.4	56.4	57.0
o Drum Level (LR-402) (in.)	16.6	16.7	16.4
o Drum Pressure (PIS-402) (psi)	235	235	235
G. L.P. Boiler			
o Steam Flow (FR-403A) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	17.0	16.7	17.7
o Feed Flow (FR-403B) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	18.6	21.0	26.5
o Drum Level (LR-403) (in.)	8.5	8.0	7.5
o Drum Pressure (PIS-403) (psi)	245	245	245

A = meters recorded value



Applied Utility Systems, Inc.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT3

(Sheet 4 of 4)

Test #	5	5	5
H. <u>Boiler Temperatures (TJR-1)</u>			
1 o Boiler Gas Inlet, °F	916	918	919
2 o Boiler Gas Outlet, °F	355	355	352
3 o H.P. Economizer Outlet, °F	365	365	364
4 o H.P. Economizer Inlet, °F	249	249	249
5 o I.P. Economizer Outlet, °F	436	436	437
6 o Superheater Outlet, °F	735	735	735
I. <u>Feed Water Pressures. (psi)</u>			
o H.P.	450	450	450
o I.P.	190	190	190
o L.P.	110	115	115
J. <u>Pressures</u>			
o Furnace Inlet (PI-405D) (in. H ₂ O)	11.0	11.5	11.0
o Furnace Outlet (PI-405E) (in. H ₂ O)	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0
o H.P. Boiler (PI-401C) (psi)	485	485	485
o I.P. Boiler (PI-402A) (psi)	210	210	210
o L.P. Boiler (PI-403A) (psi)	90	100	100

OUTSIDE

OUTSIDE

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 1 of 4)

Test #	6	6	6	6		
A. General						
o Date	2/1/90	2/1/90	2/1/90	2/1/90		
o Time of Test	1500	1700	1830	1930		
o Fuel	DISTILLATE →					
o DATA BY	M. ESCARCEGA					
B. Gaseous Species						
o Stack Excess O ₂ %						
o NO _x Raw (ppm)						
o NO _x @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)						
o NO Raw (ppm)						
o NO @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)						
o CO Raw (ppm)						
o CO @ 15% O ₂ (ppm)						
o CO ₂ Raw (%)						
o CO ₂ @ 15% O ₂ (%)						
C. Ambient Conditions						
o Barometric Pressure (psia)						
o Ambient Temperature (dry bulb, °F)						
o Relative Humidity %						

NOTE: UNIT 3 TRIPPED ON FLAMEOUT @ 1521. TESTING STOPPED @ 1522. UNIT BACK ON @ 1551 ON GAS FUEL. UNIT BACK ON DISTILLATE @ 1613. TESTING RESUMED @ 1654.

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 2 of 4)

Test #	6	6	6	6		
D. <u>Gas Turbine</u>						
o Nominal Load	64	64	65	65		
o Watthour Meter (sec) (time for 10 rev).	65.2	65.0	64.5	64.3		
o MW = (4147.2)/time						
o Combustor Exit Temperature, °F	1724	1725	1724	1724		
o Gas Turbine Exit Temperature, °F	958	957	956	955		
o Fuel Flow, MCFH GPM	105	105	105	105		
o Steam Injection (TOTAL) Rate (Mlb/hr)	83	83	83	83		
o I.P.	50	50	50	50		
o H.P.	33	33	33	33		
E. <u>H.P. Boiler</u>						
o Steam Flow (FR-401A) (A x 10 ⁴ lb/hr)	226.5	217.0	218.3	221.1		
o Feed Flow (FR-401B) (A x 10 ⁴ lb/hr)	239.1	232.9	240.1	238.8		
o Drum Level (LR-401) (in.)	23.5	24.8	24.8	24.9		

A = meters recorded value

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 3 of 4)

Test #	6	6	6	6		
o Drum Pressure (PIS-401B) (psi)	530	530	530	530		
o Boiler Steam Level Pressure (PI-401A) (psi)	420	420	420	420		
F. <u>I.P. Boiler</u>						
o Steam Flow (FR-402A) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	50.4	50.3	49.8	50.0		
o Feed Flow (FR-402B) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	56.9	57.3	57.8	56.9		
o Drum Level (LR-402) (in.)	16.5	16.2	18.1	18.4		
o Drum Pressure (PIS-402) (psi)	235	235	235	235		
G. <u>L.P. Boiler</u>						
o Steam Flow (FR-403A) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	19.6	12.9	16.9	18.5		
o Feed Flow (FR-403B) (A x 10 ³ lb/hr)	22.1	23.8	26.8	25.2		
o Drum Level (LR-403) (in.)	7.0	9.1	7.5	4.9		
o Drum Pressure (PIS-403) (psi)	250	250	250	250		

A = meters recorded value

GAS TURBINE DATA ACQUISITION SHEET (CONTINUED)

LONG BEACH CT 3

(Sheet 4 of 4)

Test #	6	6	6	6		
H. <u>Boiler Temperatures (TJR-1)</u>						
1 o Boiler Gas Inlet, °F	919	913	914	914		
2 o Boiler Gas Outlet, °F	353	366	354	355		
3 o H.P. Economizer Outlet, °F	364	363	363	363		
4 o H.P. Economizer Inlet, °F	249	245	248	248		
5 o I.P. Economizer Outlet, °F	436	439	437	437		
6 o Superheater Outlet, °F	728	730	730	730		
I. <u>Feed Water Pressures, (psi)</u>						
o H.P.	450	460	460	460		
o I.P.	190	190	190	190		
o L.P.	120	130	115	120		
J. <u>Pressures</u>						
o Furnace Inlet (PI-405D) (in. H ₂ O)	11.0	11.5	11.5	11.5		
o Furnace Outlet (PI-405E) (in. H ₂ O)	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0		
o H.P. Boiler (PI-401C) (psi)	485	495	495	495		
o I.P. Boiler (PI-402A) (psi)	210	210	210	21		
o L.P. Boiler (PI-403A) (psi)	95	120	95	95		