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AP-42 Section	<u>9.12.1</u>
Reference	<u>9</u>
Report Sect.	<u>4</u>
Reference	<u>17</u>

**STACK EMISSIONS SURVEY
ADOLPH COORS COMPANY
BREWERY COMPLEX
GOLDEN, COLORADO**

NOVEMBER 1990

FILE NUMBER 9010-204

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
INTRODUCTION	1
SUMMARY OF RESULTS	2
DISCUSSION OF RESULTS	8
DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLING LOCATION	11
SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES	12
DESCRIPTION OF TESTS	14
APPENDICES:	
A. Location of Sampling Points	
B. Source Emission Calculations	
C. Calibration of Equipment	
D. Field Testing Data	
E. Analytical Data	
F. Chain of Custody	
G. Resumes of Test Personnel	

STACK EMISSIONS SURVEY
ADOLPH COORS COMPANY
BREWERY COMPLEX
GOLDEN, COLORADO

INTRODUCTION

Western Environmental Services and Testing, Inc. (WEST, Inc.) of Casper, Wyoming conducted a Stack Emissions Survey at Adolph Coor's Company's Brewery Complex located in Golden, Colorado, on November 5 and 6, 1990. The purpose of this survey was to determine the emissions of particulate matter, sulfur dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, and total hydrocarbons from the Combined Cooker Stack and Brew Kettle Stack.

The sampling followed the procedures set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Chapter I, Part 60, Appendix A, methods 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, modified 6, 7E, and 25A.

Persons present during sampling were:

Adolph Coors Company	Ms. Jere Zimmerman
	Mr. Mark Ivie
	Mr. Clyde Messersmith
Western Environmental	Mr. James Meador
	Mr. Mike Reynolds
	Mr. Matt Tikka

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Combined Cooker Stack

The principal conclusions are:

1. The emissions of particulate matter from the Cooker Stack were equal to 0.130 pounds per hour (0.0034 grains per dry standard cubic foot), based on the average of the "front-half" collections of the three tests for particulates.
2. The emissions of total hydrocarbons (as propane, less methane and ethane) from the Cooker Stack were equal to 0.08 pounds per hour (2.5 parts per million), based on the average of the three tests.
3. The emissions of sulfur dioxide were equal to <0.01 pounds per hour (<0.2 parts per million), based on the average of the three tests.
4. The emissions of oxides of nitrogen were less than 0.03 pounds per hour (<1.0 parts per million), based on the average of the three tests.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Brew Kettle Stack
(Heat Reclaim On)

The principal conclusions are:

1. The emissions of particulate matter from the Brew Kettle Stack were equal to 0.227 pounds per hour (0.0022 grains per dry standard cubic foot), based on the average of the "front-half" collections of the three tests for particulates.
2. The emissions of total hydrocarbons (as propane, less methane and ethane) from the Brew Kettle Stack were equal to 0.69 pounds per hour (8.3 parts per million), based on the average of the three tests.
3. The emissions of sulfur dioxide were equal to 0.03 pounds per hour (0.3 parts per million), based on the average of the three tests.
4. The emissions of oxides of nitrogen were less than 0.09 pounds per hour (<1 part per million), based on the average of the three tests.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Brew Kettle Stack
(Heat Reclaim Off)

The principal conclusions are:

1. The emissions of particulate matter from the Brew Kettle Stack were equal to 0.46 pounds per hour (0.0045 grains per dry standard cubic foot), based on the average of the "front-half" collections of the three tests for particulates.
2. The emissions of total hydrocarbons (as propane, less methane and ethane) from the Brew Kettle Stack were equal to 0.98 pounds per hour (11.9 parts per million), based on the average of the three tests.
3. The emissions of sulfur dioxide were not detectable (N.D.) based on the average of the three tests.
4. The emissions of oxides of nitrogen were less than 0.09 pounds per hour (1.0 parts per million), based on the average of the three tests.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Combined Cooker Stack

Run Number		1	2	3
Stack Flow Rate - ACFM		5955	7104	6758
Stack Flow Rate - DSCFM*		4187	4898	4432
% Water Vapor - % Volume		7.45	8.82	12.23
% CO2 - % Volume		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
% O2 - % Volume		20.9	20.9	20.9
% Excess Air At Sampling Point		----	----	----
Particulates				
Probe, Cyclone & Filter Catch grains/dscf*	(Can)	0.0040	0.0019	0.0043
grains/cf at Stack Conditions	(Cat)	0.0028	0.0013	0.0028
lbs/hr	(Caw)	0.144	0.080	0.165
Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
	lbs/hr	<0.03	<0.04	<0.03
Total Hydrocarbons as Propane (less methane and ethane)	ppm	0.2	3.2	4.2
	lbs/hr	<0.01	0.11	0.13
Sulfur Dioxide	ppm	0.4	ND	ND
	lbs/hr	0.02	ND	ND

* 68 Deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 Deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Brew Kettle Stack
(Heat Reclaim On)

Run Number		1	2	3
Stack Flow Rate - ACFM		19241	20153	24127
Stack Flow Rate - DSCFM*		11019	11905	13610
% Water Vapor - % Volume		20.46	18.82	21.45
% CO2 - % Volume		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
% O2 - % Volume		20.9	20.9	20.9
% Excess Air At Sampling Point		----	----	----
Particulates				
Probe, Cyclone & Filter Catch grains/dscf*	(Can)	0.0029	0.0025	0.0013
grains/cf at Stack Conditions	(Cat)	0.0017	0.0015	0.0007
lbs/hr	(Caw)	0.278	0.254	0.150
Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
	lbs/hr	<0.08	<0.08	<0.10
Total Hydrocarbons as Propane (less methane and ethane)	ppm	8.6	8.6	7.6
	lbs/hr	0.65	0.70	0.71
Sulfur Dioxide	ppm	0.4	0.4	0.2
	lbs/hr	0.04	0.05	0.03

* 68 Deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 Deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Brew Kettle Stack
(Heat Reclaim Off)

Run Number		4	5	6
Stack Flow Rate - ACFM		25706	23022	21652
Stack Flow Rate - DSCFM*		14086	11797	10810
% Water Vapor - % Volume		23.34	27.54	29.24
% CO2 - % Volume		<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
% O2 - % Volume		20.9	20.9	20.9
% Excess Air At Sampling Point		-----	-----	-----
Particulates				
Probe, Cyclone & Filter Catch grains/dscf*	(Can)	0.0039	0.0027	0.0068
grains/cf at Stack Conditions	(Cat)	0.0021	0.0014	0.0034
lbs/hr	(Caw)	0.468	0.275	0.627
Oxides of Nitrogen	ppm	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
	lbs/hr	0.10	<0.08	<0.08
Total Hydrocarbons as Propane (less methane and ethane)	ppm	8.6	13.6	13.6
	lbs/hr	0.83	1.10	1.01
Sulfur Dioxide	ppm	ND	ND	ND
	lbs/hr	ND	ND	ND

* 68 Deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 Deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

Combined Cooker Stack

Due to the operations on the Brew Kettle floor, flow rates and emissions varied considerably. The three tests for particulates taken on the stack appeared to be valid representations of the actual emissions during the testing. The indicative parameters calculated from the field data were in close agreement. The moisture percentages were within 28.7 percent of the mean value. The measured flow rates (Qs) were within 8.7 percent of the mean value. The rates of sampling for the three tests were within the specified limits of the isokinetic rate, the greatest deviation being 5.7 percent.

The calculated front-half emissions (pounds per hour) of particulates from the tests showed a range of +0.04 to -0.38 pounds per hour variation from the mean value.

Brew Kettle Stack - Heat Reclaim On

Due to the operations on the Brew Kettle floor, flow rates and emissions varied considerably. The three tests for particulates taken on the stack appeared to be valid representations of the actual emissions during the testing. The indicative parameters calculated from the field data were in

close agreement. The moisture percentages were within 7.0 percent of the mean value. The measured flow rates (Qs) were within 11.8 percent of the mean value. The rates of sampling for the three tests were well within the specified limits of the isokinetic rate, the greatest deviation being 5.1 percent.

The calculated front-half emissions (pounds per hour) of particulates from the tests showed a range of +0.05 to -0.08 pounds per hour variation from the mean value.

Brew Kettle Stack - Heat Reclaim Off

Due to the operations on the Brew Kettle floor, flow rates and emissions varied considerably. The three tests for particulates taken on the stack appeared to be valid representations of the actual emissions during the testing. The indicative parameters calculated from the field data were in close agreement. The moisture percentages were within 12.6 percent of the mean value. The measured flow rates (Qs) were within 15.2 percent of the mean value. The rates of sampling for the three tests were well within the specified limits of the isokinetic rate, the greatest deviation being 8.8 percent.

The calculated front-half emissions (pounds per hour) of particulates from the tests showed a range of +0.37 to -0.18 pounds per hour variation from the mean value.

Oxides of nitrogen were sampled using EPA Method 7E. The analyzer demonstrated excellent calibration following the method. The emissions from the stack were at or below the limits of the monitor.

Sulfur dioxide was sampled simultaneous with the particulate runs. The emissions from the stack were at, or below the detection limits of the method.

Total Hydrocarbons were sampled using EPA Method 25A. Integrated bag samples were pulled during each run and analyzed on a gas chromatograph for methane and ethane. The bag samples showed some methane and ethane levels in the stacks. These values were corrected to propane and deleted from the hydrocarbon analyzer readings.

DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLING LOCATION

Combined Cooker

The sampling ports are located on the circular exhaust stack on the seventh floor of the Brewery Complex building. The sampling was done from two ports on the circular stack located more than 8 diameters downstream of a disturbance and more than 2 diameters upstream of the outlet. The area of the stack is 804 square inches. Port and wall thickness is 1/16 inch.

Brew Kettle Stack

The sampling ports are located on the circular exhaust stack on the seventh floor of the Brewery Complex Building. The sampling was done from two ports on the circular stack located more than 8 diameters downstream of a disturbance and more than 2 diameters upstream of the butterfly damper. The area of the stack is 5945 square inches. Port and wall thickness is 1/8 inches.

SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

The sampling and analytical procedures used followed the procedures outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Chapter I, Part 60, Appendix A, methods 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, modified 6, 7E, 18, and 25A.

Combined Cooker Stack

A preliminary velocity traverse was performed at each of the two ports in order to determine the uniformity of flow in the stack. Particulate samples of 5 minute duration at each of the six traverse points were taken from the two ports using an EPA-type, heated, glass lined probe. A total of 12 points were sampled.

Brew Kettle Stack

A preliminary velocity traverse was performed at each of the two ports in order to determine the uniformity of flow in the stack. Particulate and sulfur dioxide samples of 5 minute duration at each of the six traverse points were taken from the two ports using an EPA-type, heated, glass-lined probe. A total of 12 points were sampled. Oxides of nitrogen, and total hydrocarbon samples were taken simultaneously with the particulate runs using methods 7E, and 25A respectively. Integrated 22 liter bag samples were taken simultaneously with each run for methane and ethane analyses by method 18. Flow rates on the stack indicated periods or locations of downdrafting within the stack.

Before each test, on all of the stacks, the sampling train was leak-checked at 15 inches of mercury at the nozzle. After each test the train was again leak-checked at the nozzle at more than the highest recorded vacuum reading during the test. Final leak-checking was performed in order to predetermine the possibility of a diluted sample.

Before and after each test period, the pitot lines were checked for leaks under both a vacuum and pressure. Also the lines were checked for clearance and the zero manometer reading verified, before and after each test.

The particulate emissions were calculated from gravimetric analysis using the front-half collections of the EPA-type sampling train in accordance with the EPA "New Source Performance Standards".

Orsat analyses were performed for each test using an integrated sample.

DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

Personnel from WEST, Inc. arrived at the Adolph Coors Brewery Complex at 1400 hours on Monday, November 5, 1990. After meeting with plant personnel, the equipment was set up on the Combined Cooker Stack and secured for the night at 1900 hours.

On Tuesday, November 6, 1990 personnel arrived at the plant at 0530 hours. Preliminary data were taken and the equipment readied for testing, by 0600 hours. The testing began at 0630 hours and continued without difficulty until the completion of three runs at 1117 hours. The equipment was moved over to the Brew Kettle Stack by 1230 hours.

The equipment was readied for testing on the Brew Kettle Stack by 1330 hours. Testing of the Brew Kettle Stack with the heat reclaim system on, began at 1336 hours and continued without difficulty until the completion of three runs at 1924 hours. A two hour delay between run one and two was due to brew kettle operation.

The Brew Kettle Stack heat reclaim system was turned off and the stack allowed to reach equilibrium. The test equipment was readied by 2030

hours. Testing began at 2050 hours and continued without difficulty until the completion of three runs at 0034 hours on Wednesday, November 7, 1990. The equipment was secured for the night at 0100 hours.

On Wednesday, November 7, personnel arrived at the plant at 0900 hours. The equipment was moved out of the Brewery Complex building and placed elsewhere for further testing.

All of the samples which had been recovered immediately after each run, were placed in the middle laboratory.

Testing at Adolph Coor's Company's Brewery Complex located in Golden, Colorado, was completed at 1200 hours on Wednesday, November 7, 1990.


James E. Meador, Jr.
Vice President


Alan D. Roylance
Manager of Operations

APPENDICES

- A. Location of Sampling Points
- B. Source Emissions Calculations
- C. Calibration of Equipment
- D. Field Testing Data
- E. Analytical Data
- F. Chain of Custody and Analysis Request
- G. Resumes of Test Personnel

APPENDIX A

Location of Sampling Points

APPENDIX A

Location of Sampling Points Combined Cooker

The sampling ports are located on the seventh floor of the Brewery Complex Building. The locations of the sampling points were calculated as follows:

Inside Stack Diameter = 32 inches

Port and Wall Thickness = 1/16 inch

Area of Stack = 804 square inches

<u>Point Number</u>	<u>Percent of Diameter From Wall</u>	<u>Distance From Wall (inches)</u>
1	4.4	1- 3/8
2	14.6	4-11/16
3	29.6	9- 1/2
4	70.4	22- 1/2
5	85.4	27- 5/16
6	95.6	30- 5/8

APPENDIX A

Location of Sampling Points Brew Kettle Stack

The sampling ports are located on the seventh floor of the Brewing Kettle Stack. The locations of the sampling points were calculated as follows:

Inside Stack Diameter = 87 inches

Port and Wall Thickness = 1/8 inch

Area of Stack = 5945 square inches

<u>Point Number</u>	<u>Percent of Diameter From Wall</u>	<u>Distance From Wall (inches)</u>
1	4.4	3-13/16
2	14.6	12-11/16
3	29.6	25- 3/4
4	70.4	61- 1/4
5	85.4	74- 5/16
6	95.6	83- 3/16

APPENDIX B

Source Emission Calculations

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

$$\text{CO ppm} \times 4.361 \times 10^{-6} \times Q_s = \text{lbs/hr CO}$$

$$\text{NOx ppm} \times 7.164 \times 10^{-6} \times Q_s = \text{lbs/hr NOx}$$

$$\text{THC ppm} \times 6.856 \times 10^{-6} \times Q_s = \text{lbs/hr THC}$$

Nomenclature for Particulate Calculations

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>English Units</u>	<u>Metric Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
A_s	in. ²	m ²	Stack Area
C_{an}	gr/dscf	g/dscm	Particulate - Probe, Cyclone and Filter
C_{ao}	gr/dscf	g/dscm	Particulate - Total
C_{at}	gr/CF @ Stack Conditions	g/m ³	Particulate - Probe, Cyclone and Filter
C_{au}	gr/CF @ Stack Conditions	g/m ³	Particulate - Total
C_{aw}	lbs/hr	kg/hr	Particulate - Probe, Cyclone and Filter
C_{ax}	lbs/hr	kg/hr	Particulate - Total
C_p			Pitot Tube Calibration Factor
D_n	in.	m	Sampling Nozzle Diameter
%EA			Percent Excess Air At Sampling Point
g	32.2 ft/sec ²		Acceleration of Gravity
%I			Percent Isokinetic
%M			Percent Moisture in the Stack Gas by Volume

* 528° R, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>English Units</u>	<u>Metric Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
M_d			Mole Fraction of Dry Gas
m_f	mg	mg	Particulate - Probe, Cyclone and Filter
M_{H_2O}	18 lb/lb-mole		Molecular Weight of Water
m_t	mg	mg	Particulate - Total
MW_{air}	lb/lb-mole	g/g-mole	Molecular Weight Of Stack Gas
MW	28.95 lb/ lb-mole		Molecular Weight Of Air
MW_d	lb/lb-mole	g/g-mole	Molecular Weight Of Dry Stack Gas
P_b	"Hg Absolute	mm Hg	Barometric Pressure
P_m	"H ₂ O	mm H ₂ O	Orifice Pressure Drop
P_s	"Hg Absolute	mm Hg	Stack Pressure
ΔP_s	"H ₂ O	mm H ₂ O	Velocity Head of Stack Gas
P_{std}	29.92 "Hg	760 mm Hg	Standard Barometric Pressure
Q_a	ACFM	m ³ /hr	Stack Gas Volume At Actual Stack Conditions
Q_s	DSCFM	dscm/hr	Stack Gas Volume At 29.92 "Hg, 528°R, Dry
R	21.83 "Hg ft ³ /lb-mole-°R		Universal Gas Constant

* 528°R, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>English Units</u>	<u>Metric Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
T_m	°F	°C	Average Gas Meter Temperature
T_t	min	min	Net Time of Test
T_s	°F	°C	Stack Temperature
T_{std}	528°R	293°K	Standard Temperature
V_m	ft ³	m ³	Volume of Dry Gas Sampled @ Meter Conditions
$V_{m_{std}}$	dscf	dscm	Volume of Dry Gas Sampled @ Standard Conditions
V_s	fpm	m/sec	Stack Velocity @ Stack Conditions
V_w	ml	ml	Total water Collected in Impingers And Silica Gel
$V_{w_{gas}}$	scf	scm	Volume of Water Vapor Collected @ Standard Conditions
ρ_{air}	0.0748 lbs/ft ³		Density of Air
ρ_{H_2O}	1 g/ml		Density of Water
ρ_{man}	51.63 lbs/ft ³		Density of Manometer Oil

Standard Conditions: 68°F, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)

Example Particulate Calculations

1. Volume of Dry Gas Sampled At Standard Conditions.*

$$V_{m_{std}} = V_m \left[\frac{T_{std}}{T_m + 460} \right] \left[\frac{P_b + \frac{P_m}{13.6}}{P_{std}} \right]$$

$$V_{m_{std}} = 17.65 V_m \left[\frac{P_b + \frac{P_m}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right] = \text{dscf}$$

$$V_{m_{std}} = \text{dscf} \times 0.028317 = \text{dscm}$$

2. Volume of Water Vapor Collected At Standard Conditions.*

$$V_{w_{gas}} = \frac{(V_w - \text{gms SO}_2 - \text{gms H}_2\text{S}) \rho_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} R T_{std}}{P_{std} M_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} 453.6}$$

$$V_{w_{gas}} = 0.0472 (V_w - \text{gms SO}_2 - \text{gms H}_2\text{S}) = \text{scf}$$

$$V_{w_{gas}} = \text{scf} \times 0.028317 = \text{scm}$$

3. Percent Moisture in Stack Gas.

$$\%M = \frac{V_{w_{gas}}}{V_{m_{std}} + V_{w_{gas}}} \times 100 = \%$$

* 528°R, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)

4. Mole Fraction of Dry Gas.

$$M_d = \frac{100 - \%M}{100}$$

5. Average Molecular Weight of Dry Stack Gas.

$$MW_d = \left(\%CO_2 \times \frac{44}{100} \right) + \left(\%O_2 \times \frac{32}{100} \right) + \left(\%N_2 \times \frac{28}{100} \right) + \left(\%CO \times \frac{28}{100} \right) = \text{lb/lb-mole}$$
$$= \text{g/g-mole}$$

6. Molecular Weight of Stack Gas.

$$MW = MW_d \times M_d + 18 (1 - M_d) = \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{lb-mole}} = \text{g/g-mole}$$

7. Percent Excess Air At Sampling Point.

$$\%EA = \frac{100 (\%O_2 - 0.5\% CO)}{0.265 (\%N_2) - (\%O_2) + 0.5 (\%CO)}$$

8. Stack Pressure.

$$P_s = P_b + \frac{\text{stack pressure "H}_2\text{O}}{13.6} = \text{"Hg Absolute}$$

$$P_s = \text{"Hg Abs.} \times 25.4 = \text{mm Hg}$$

* 528°R, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)

9. Stack Velocity At Stack Conditions.

$$V_s = C_p 60 \left[\frac{2g \times \rho_{\text{man}} \times P_{\text{std}} \times MW_{\text{air}} \times (T_s + 460) \times \Delta P_s}{12 \times \rho_{\text{air}} \times P_s \times MW \times T_{\text{std}}} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$V_s = 5123.8 C_p \left[\frac{(T_s + 460)}{P_s \times MW} \right]^{1/2} \times \text{Average} \left[(\Delta P)^{1/2} \right] = \text{fpm}$$

$$V_s = \text{fpm} \times 0.00508 = \text{m/sec}$$

10. Dry Stack Gas Volume At Standard Conditions.*

$$Q_s = \frac{1}{144} V_s \times A_s \times M_d \times \frac{T_{\text{std}}}{T_s + 460} \times \frac{P_s}{P_{\text{std}}}$$

$$Q_s = \frac{0.123 V_s \times A_s \times M_d \times P_s}{T_s + 460} = \text{DSCFM}$$

$$Q_s = \text{DSCFM} \times 1.6990 = \text{dscm/hr}$$

11. Actual Stack Gas Volume At Stack Conditions.

$$Q_a = \frac{V_s \times A_s}{144} = \text{ACFM}$$

$$Q_a = \text{ACFM} \times 1.6990 = \text{m}^3/\text{hr}$$

* 528°R, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)

12. Percent Isokinetic

$$\%I = \frac{V_{m_{std}} \times (T_s + 460) \times P_{std} \times 100 \times 144}{M_d \times T_{std} \times P_s \times T_t \times V_s \times \frac{\pi D_n^2}{4}}$$

$$\%I = \frac{1039 V_{m_{std}} \times (T_s + 460)}{M_d \times P_s \times T_t \times V_s D_n^2}$$

13. Particulate - Probe, Cyclone, and Filter.

$$C_{an} = \frac{m_f}{V_{m_{std}}} \times \frac{1 \text{ gr}}{64.8 \text{ mg}}$$

$$C_{an} = 0.0154 \frac{m_f}{V_{m_{std}}} = \text{gr/dscf}$$

$$C_{an} = \text{gr/dscf} \times 2.290 = \text{g/dscm}$$

14. Particulate - Total.

$$C_{ao} = 0.0154 \times \frac{m_t}{V_{m_{std}}} = \text{gr/dscf}$$

$$C_{ao} = \text{gr/dscf} \times 2.290 = \text{g/dscm}$$

* 528°R, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)

15. Particulate - Probe, Cyclone, and Filter At Stack Conditions.

$$C_{at} = C_{an} \times \frac{P_s}{P_{std}} \times \frac{(T_{std})}{(T_s + 460)} \times M_d$$

$$C_{at} = \frac{17.65 \times C_{an} \times P_s \times M_d}{T_s + 460} = \text{gr/CF}$$

$$C_{at} = \text{gr/CF} \times 2.290 = \text{g/m}^3$$

16. Particulate - Total, At Stack Conditions.

$$C_{au} = \frac{17.65 \times C_{ao} \times P_s \times M_d}{T_s + 460} = \text{gr/CF}$$

$$C_{au} = \text{gr/CF} \times 2.290 = \text{g/m}^3$$

17. Particulate - Probe, Cyclone, and Filter.

$$C_{aw} = C_{an} \times Q_s \times \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}} \times \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{7000 \text{ gr}}$$

$$C_{aw} = 0.00857 \times C_{an} \times Q_s = \text{lbs/hr}$$

$$C_{aw} = \text{lbs/hr} \times 0.4536 = \text{kg/hr}$$

18. Particulate - Total.

$$C_{ax} = 0.00857 \times C_{ao} \times Q_s = \text{lbs/hr}$$

$$C_{ax} = \text{lbs/hr} \times 0.4536 = \text{kg/hr}$$

* 528°R, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)

COORS BREWING COMPANY
GOLDEN, COLORADO

COMBINED COOKER STACK

FILE NO. 9010-204

SOURCE EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Symbol	Description	Units	COOKER	COOKER	COOKER
			1	2	3
Run No.					
Date			11/06/90	11/06/90	11/06/90
Begin			0630 MST	0833 MST	1015 MST
End			0755 MST	0935 MST	1117 MST
Pb	barometric pressure	"Hg Abs. (mm Hg)	24.24 615.70	24.24 615.70	24.24 615.70
Pm	orifice pressure drop	"H2O (mm H2O)	2.13 54.12	2.91 73.91	2.57 65.19
Vm	volume dry gas sampled @ meter conditions	cu. ft. (cu. m.)	58.413 1.654	70.251 1.989	65.311 1.849
Tm	avg. gas meter temp	deg. F (deg. C)	82 28	86 30	86 30
Vmstd	volume dry gas sampled @ standard conditions*	dscf (dscm)	46.368 1.313	55.546 1.573	51.536 1.459
Vw	total H2O collected, impingers & silica gel	ml	79.1	113.8	152.2
Vwgas	volume water vapor collected @ standard conditions*	scf (scm)	3.734 .106	5.371 .152	7.184 .203
%M	moisture in stack gas by volume	%	7.45	8.82	12.23

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

Source Emission Calculations

COORS BREWING COMPANY

FILE NO. 9010-204

Symbol	Description	Units	COOKER	COOKER	COOKER
Run No.			1	2	3
Md	mole fraction of dry gas	-----	.9255	.9118	.8777
CO2		%	.0	.0	.0
O2		%	20.9	20.9	20.9
N2		%	79.1	79.1	79.1
%EA	excess air @ sampling point	%	---	---	---
MWd	molecular weight of dry stack gas	lb/lb-mole (g/g-mole)	28.84 28.84	28.84 28.84	28.84 28.84
MW	molecular weight of stack gas	lb/lb-mole (g/g-mole)	28.03 28.03	27.88 27.88	27.51 27.51
dPs	velocity head of stack gas	"H2O (mm H2O)	.077 1.95	.106 2.69	.093 2.37
Ts	stack temperature	deg. F (deg. C)	105 41	108 42	114 46
Ps	stack pressure	"Hg Abs. (mm Hg)	24.23 615.51	24.23 615.51	24.23 615.51
Vs	stack velocity @ stack conditions	fpm (m/sec)	1067 5.42	1272 6.46	1210 6.15
As	stack area	sq. in. (sq. met.)	804 .52	804 .52	804 .52
Qs	dry stack volume @ standard conditions*	DSCFM (dscm/hr)	4187 7114.15	4898 8321.50	4432 7529.61
Qa	actual stack gas volume @ stack conditions	ACFM (cu.m./hr)	5955 10117.45	7104 12070.20	6758 11481.68

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

Source Emission Calculations

COORS BREWING COMPANY
FILE NO. 9010-204

Symbol	Description	Units	COOKER	COOKER	COOKER
Run No.			1	2	3
Tt	net time of test	min.	60	60	60
Dn	sampling nozzle diameter	in. (m)	.434 .011	.434 .011	.434 .011
%I	percent isokinetic	%	100.68	103.11	105.72
mf	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	mg	12.1	6.9	14.5
mt	particulate - total	mg	.0	.0	.0
Can	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	gr/dscf* (g/dscm)	.0040 .0092	.0019 .0044	.0043 .0099
Cao	particulate - total	gr/dscf* (g/dscm)	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000
Cat	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter @ stack conditions	gr/cf (g/cu.m.)	.0028 .0064	.0013 .0030	.0028 .0065
Cau	particulate - total @ stack conditions	gr/cf (g/cu.m.)	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000
Caw	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	lbs/hr (kg/hr)	.144 .065	.080 .036	.165 .075
Cax	particulate - total	lbs/hr (kg/hr)	.000 .000	.000 .000	.000 .000

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

COORS BREWING COMPANY
GOLDEN, COLORADO

BREW KETTLE STACK

FILE NO. 9010-204

SOURCE EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Symbol	Description	Units	BREW	BREW	BREW
Run No.			1	2	3
Date			11/06/90	11/06/90	11/06/90
Begin			1336 MST	1700 MST	1823 MST
End			1438 MST	1802 MST	1924 MST
Pb	barometric pressure	"Hg Abs. (mm Hg)	24.24 615.70	24.24 615.70	24.24 615.70
Pm	orifice pressure drop	"H2O (mm H2O)	1.32 33.59	1.32 33.53	1.75 44.49
Vm	volume dry gas sampled @ meter conditions	cu. ft. (cu. m.)	42.966 1.217	42.838 1.213	50.152 1.420
Tm	avg. gas meter temp	deg. F (deg. C)	82 28	82 28	84 29
Vmstd	volume dry gas sampled @ standard conditions*	dscf (dscm)	34.028 .964	33.958 .962	39.643 1.123
Vw	total H2O collected, impingers & silica gel	ml	185.4	166.8	229.4
Vwgas	volume water vapor collected @ standard conditions*	scf (scm)	8.751 .248	7.873 .223	10.828 .307
%M	moisture in stack gas by volume	%	20.46	18.82	21.45

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

Source Emission Calculations

COORS BREWING COMPANY
FILE NO. 9010-204

Symbol	Description	Units	BREW	BREW	BREW
Run No.			1	2	3
Md	mole fraction of dry gas	-----	.7954	.8118	.7855
CO2		%	.0	.0	.0
O2		%	20.9	20.9	20.9
N2		%	79.1	79.1	79.1
%EA	excess air @ sampling point	%	---	---	---
MWd	molecular weight of dry stack gas	lb/lb-mole (g/g-mole)	28.84 28.84	28.84 28.84	28.84 28.84
MW	molecular weight of stack gas	lb/lb-mole (g/g-mole)	26.62 26.62	26.80 26.80	26.51 26.51
dPs	velocity head of stack gas	"H2O (mm H2O)	.016 .41	.017 .42	.023 .58
Ts	stack temperature	deg. F (deg. C)	136 58	130 54	138 59
Ps	stack pressure	"Hg Abs. (mm Hg)	24.23 615.43	24.23 615.43	24.23 615.43
Vs	stack velocity @ stack conditions	fpm (m/sec)	466 2.37	488 2.48	584 2.97
As	stack area	sq. in. (sq. met.)	5945 3.84	5945 3.84	5945 3.84
Qs	dry stack volume @ standard conditions*	DSCFM (dscm/hr)	11019 18721.75	11905 20226.61	13610 23123.61
Qa	actual stack gas volume @ stack conditions	ACFM (cu.m./hr)	19241 32691.11	20153 34239.13	24127 40991.81

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

Source Emission Calculations

COORS BREWING COMPANY
FILE NO. 9010-204

Symbol	Description	Units	BREW	BREW	BREW
Run No.			1	2	3
Tt	net time of test	min.	60	60	60
Dn	sampling nozzle diameter	in. (m)	.610 .015	.610 .015	.610 .015
%I	percent isokinetic	%	105.09	97.07	99.12
mf	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	mg	6.5	5.5	3.3
mt	particulate - total	mg	.0	.0	.0
Can	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	gr/dscf* (g/dscm)	.0029 .0067	.0025 .0057	.0013 .0029
Cao	particulate - total	gr/dscf* (g/dscm)	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000
Cat	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter @ stack conditions	gr/cf (g/cu.m.)	.0017 .0038	.0015 .0034	.0007 .0017
Cau	particulate - total @ stack conditions	gr/cf (g/cu.m.)	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000
Caw	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	lbs/hr (kg/hr)	.278 .126	.254 .115	.150 .068
Cax	particulate - total	lbs/hr (kg/hr)	.000 .000	.000 .000	.000 .000

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

COORS BREWING COMPANY
GOLDEN, COLORADO

BREW KETTLE STACK

FILE NO. 9010-204

SOURCE EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Symbol	Description	Units	BREW	BREW	BREW
Run No.			4	5	6
Date			11/06/90	11/06/90	11/06/90
Begin			2050 MST	2217 MST	2333 MST
End			2153 MST	2318 MST	0034 MST
Pb	barometric pressure	"Hg Abs. (mm Hg)	24.24 615.70	24.24 615.70	24.24 615.70
Pm	orifice pressure drop	"H2O (mm H2O)	1.29 32.68	1.20 30.37	1.02 25.87
Vm	volume dry gas sampled @ meter conditions	cu. ft. (cu. m.)	47.493 1.345	44.878 1.271	41.780 1.183
Tm	avg. gas meter temp	deg. F (deg. C)	81 27	81 27	80 27
Vmstd	volume dry gas sampled @ standard conditions*	dscf (dscm)	37.737 1.069	35.641 1.009	33.207 .940
Vw	total H2O collected, impingers & silica gel	ml	243.4	287.0	290.7
Vwgas	volume water vapor collected @ standard conditions*	scf (scm)	11.488 .325	13.546 .384	13.721 .389
%M	moisture in stack gas by volume	%	23.34	27.54	29.24

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

Source Emission Calculations

COORS BREWING COMPANY

FILE NO. 9010-204

Symbol	Description	Units	BREW	BREW	BREW
Run No.			4	5	6
Md	mole fraction of dry gas	-----	.7666	.7246	.7076
CO2		%	.0	.0	.0
O2		%	20.9	20.9	20.9
N2		%	79.1	79.1	79.1
%EA	excess air @ sampling point	%	---	---	---
MWd	molecular weight of dry stack gas	lb/lb-mole (g/g-mole)	28.84 28.84	28.84 28.84	28.84 28.84
MW	molecular weight of stack gas	lb/lb-mole (g/g-mole)	26.31 26.31	25.85 25.85	25.67 25.67
dPs	velocity head of stack gas	"H2O (mm H2O)	.023 .58	.018 .46	.016 .40
Ts	stack temperature	deg. F (deg. C)	140 60	147 64	148 65
Ps	stack pressure	"Hg Abs. (mm Hg)	24.23 615.43	24.23 615.43	24.23 615.43
Vs	stack velocity @ stack conditions	fpm (m/sec)	623 3.16	558 2.83	524 2.66
As	stack area	sq. in. (sq. met.)	5945 3.84	5945 3.84	5945 3.84
Qs	dry stack volume @ standard conditions*	DSCFM (dscm/hr)	14086 23931.46	11797 20043.43	10810 18366.57
Qa	actual stack gas volume @ stack conditions	ACFM (cu.m./hr)	25706 43674.56	23022 39113.62	21652 36787.24

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

Source Emission Calculations

COORS BREWING COMPANY
FILE NO. 9010-204

Symbol	Description	Units	BREW	BREW	BREW
Run No.			4	5	6
Tt	net time of test	min.	60	60	60
Dn	sampling nozzle diameter	in. (m)	.610 .015	.610 .015	.610 .015
%I	percent isokinetic	%	91.17	102.81	104.53
mf	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	mg	9.5	6.3	14.6
mt	particulate - total	mg	.0	.0	.0
Can	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	gr/dscf* (g/dscm)	.0039 .0089	.0027 .0062	.0068 .0155
Cao	particulate - total	gr/dscf* (g/dscm)	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000
Cat	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter @ stack conditions	gr/cf (g/cu.m.)	.0021 .0048	.0014 .0032	.0034 .0077
Cau	particulate - total @ stack conditions	gr/cf (g/cu.m.)	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000	.0000 .0000
Caw	particulate - probe, cyclone and filter	lbs/hr (kg/hr)	.468 .212	.275 .125	.627 .285
Cax	particulate - total	lbs/hr (kg/hr)	.000 .000	.000 .000	.000 .000

* 68 deg. F., 29.92 "Hg (20 deg. C., 760 mm Hg)

APPENDIX C

Calibration of Equipment

APPENDIX C

Calibration Data

August 3, 1990

NOZZLES

Set A		Set B	
<u>Nozzle No.</u>	<u>Diameter (inches)</u>	<u>Nozzle No.</u>	<u>Diameter (inches)</u>
1A	0.192	1B	0.131
2A	0.188	2B	0.174
3A	0.257	3B	0.241
4A	0.318	4B	0.309
5A	0.358	5B	0.358
6A	0.379	6B	0.365
7A	0.434	7B	0.497
8A	0.497		
9A	0.499		
10A	0.560		

Set I		Set II		Set III	
<u>Nozzle No.</u>	<u>Diameter (inches)</u>	<u>Nozzle No.</u>	<u>Diameter (inches)</u>	<u>Nozzle No.</u>	<u>Diameter (inches)</u>
I-1	0.132	II-1	0.124	III-1	0.132
I-2	0.199	II-2	0.198	III-2	0.180
I-3	0.248	II-3	0.252	III-3	0.253
I-4	0.318	II-4	0.316	III-4	0.370
I-5	0.374	II-5	MIA	III-5	0.365
I-6	0.417	II-6	0.444	III-6	0.426
I-7	0.493	II-7	0.502	III-7	0.498
I-8	0.574	II-8	0.565	III-8	0.562
I-9	0.620	II-9	0.616	III-9	0.614

APPENDIX C

Calibration Data

August 3, 1990

PITOT TUBES

<u>Pitot Length</u> <u>(effective length)</u>	<u>Calibration</u> <u>Factor</u>	<u>Pitot Length</u> <u>(effective length)</u>	<u>Calibration</u> <u>Factor</u>
32-1	High 0.825 Low 0.819	74-3	High 0.845 Low 0.839
32-2	High 0.815 Low 0.811	122-1	High 0.829 Low 0.826
46-1	High 0.847 Low 0.844	128-1	High 0.815 Low 0.818
49-1	High 0.823 Low 0.814	132-1	High 0.841 Low 0.844
49-3	High 0.818 Low 0.813	132-2	High 0.836 Low 0.835
74-1	High 0.836 Low 0.836	156-2	High 0.812 Low 0.814
74-2	High 0.830 Low 0.830		

METER BOX NUMBER 2
 Pb = 24.73
 Average DGM Y = 1.015

Technician RB
 Date 10-5-90

Orifice I.D. <u>15/10.2A</u> $K_1 = 0.3074$		Orifice I.D. <u>14/1.5A</u> $K_1 = 0.4248$		
	1	2	1	2
DGM Final	646.408	648.416	605.349	608.094
Initial	644.401	646.408	602.603	605.349
Vm	2.002	2.008	2.746	2.745
Inlet Temp	76 76	76 76	69 69	70 70
Outlet Temp	76 76	76 76	69 70	70 70
Avg Tm	76	76	69	70
Delta H	0.33	0.33	0.63	0.63
Time	5:00.13/5.002	5:00.23/5.004	5:01.94/5.032	5:01.31/5.022
Orifice Temp	76	76	74	76
Vacuum	19	19	18	18
Vm (std)	1.636	1.637	2.270	2.265
Vcr (std)	1.642	1.643	2.288	2.279
DGMCF Y	1.004	1.004	1.008	1.006

Orifice I.D. <u>13/2.5A</u> $K^1 = 0.6408$		Orifice I.D. <u>12/10.2A</u> $K^1 = 0.8016$		
	1	2	1	2
DGM Final	614.280	618.365	654.290	659.388
Initial	610.215	614.280	649.213	654.290
Vm	4.065	4.085	5.077	5.098
Inlet Temp	70 71	72 72	76 77	77 77
Outlet Temp	71 72	72 73	76 77	77 76
Avg Tm	71	72	76	77
Delta H	1.40	1.40	2.20	2.20
Time	5:00.05/5.0008	5:01.49/5.025	5:00.01/5.000	5:00.73/5.012
Orifice Temp	76	76	78	78
Vacuum	15	15	14	14
Vm (std)	3.355	3.366	4.161	4.171
Vcr (std)	3.423	3.440	4.273	4.283
DGMCF J	1.020	1.022	1.027	1.027

$$Vm (std) = 17.65 Vm \left[\frac{Pb + \frac{\Delta H}{Tm + 460}}{Tm + 460} \right]$$

$$Vcr (std) = K_1 \sqrt{\frac{(Pb)(Time)}{orifice temp}}$$

$$Y = \frac{Vcr (std)}{Vm (std)}$$

APPENDIX D

Field Testing Data

Job No. 900-204
Job Name Leak
Run No. 1
Location Lower Stack
Date 6 November 1990
Operator Meador - T. K. Ka

Part 502 FIELD DATA

K Factor 27.5
Ambient Temp. °F 85 in Bldg
Assumed Moisture % 6.0
Probe Length 74"
Pitot Tube Leak Check Before After
OK OK

Initial Leak ● 15.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm
Final Leak ● 15.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm
Tm

Sample Box No. 3 Meter Box No. 2 ΔPs
Pm

Read and Record at the
Start of Each Test Point

Point	Clock Time	Dry Gas Meter, CF	Pitot In. H ₂ O	Orifice ΔH In. H ₂ O		Pump Vac In. Hg Gauge	Stack Temp. °F	Probe Temp. °F	Oven Temp. °F	Effluent Temp. °F	Dry Gas Temp °F		Remarks
				Desired	Actual						Inlet	Outlet	
A6	0630	90.321	0.09	2.48	2.48	4.5	810	243	268	65	81	79	electrical
5	0635	95.47	0.10	2.75	2.75	5.0	115	270	257	60	83	79	Pwr
4	0640	100.91	0.14	4.12	4.12	9.0	112	254	246	60	84	80	Shut off
3	0645	107.22	0.08	2.20	2.20	6.0	99	247	246	58	85	80	several times
2	0650	112.40	0.06	1.65	1.65	4.0	102	238	254	60	86	80	
1	0655	117.08	0.04	1.10	1.10	3.0	101	239	251	65	84	80	
END	0700	120.588	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
B6	0725	120.544	0.08	2.20	2.20	5.0	107	265	248	78	82	80	detect supply
5	0730	125.28	0.07	1.92	1.92	5.0	98	258	250	58	83	80	3.0
4	0735	130.21	0.08	2.20	2.20	4.5	100	252	251	57	86	81	3.0
3	0740	134.81	0.08	2.20	2.20	5.0	106	251	270	57	87	81	2.0
2	0745	139.78	0.06	1.65	1.65	5.0	95	242	272	57	88	81	2.0
1	0750	144.21	0.04	1.10	1.10	4.0	114	243	270	58	88	81	2.0
END	0755	147.871	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ALL													

Pitot Tube Calibration Factor Cp 0.836 Pitot Tube No. 74-1

Sample Purge: Initial — Final —

Volume Collected V_m 58.413 ft³ %CO₂ <0.2 %CO <0.2

Probe Tip No. 7A Probe Tip Dia. 0.434 in.

Water Collected V_w 79.1 ml %O₂ 20.9 %N₂ 79.1

V_m=Dry Gas Meter Calibration Factor 1.015 x 57.55

Time of Test T_t 60 min Area Stack A2 804 in²

Dry Gas Meter — ft³ - (T_t min x Leak Rate = —)

Baro. Press. P_b 24.24 "Hg Stack Press. -0.10 in. H₂O

Mf = —

Mt = 12.1

Mt = —

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 1- COOKER

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>710.4</u> Initial <u>671.2</u> Wt. Gain <u>39.2</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>700.2</u> Initial <u>675.1</u> Wt. Gain <u>25.1</u>
3	<u>DRY</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>474.0</u> Initial <u>470.5</u> Wt. Gain <u>3.5</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>780.2</u> Initial <u>768.9</u> Wt. Gain <u>11.3</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 79.1

DATE: November 6, 1990

SIGNATURE: J. Meador

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ <0.2
O₂ 20.9
CO <0.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Meador

DATE: 11/6/90

TIME: 0800

Job No. 9010-204
Job Name Cooks
Run No. 2
Location Cooker Stack
Date 6 Nov. 1990

Operator Medo - T. K. A.

Sample Box No. 1 Meter Box No. 2
 Δ Ps

Field & SO₂ FIELD DATA

K Factor 275
Ambient Temp. °F 85 in Bldg
Assumed Moisture % 7.0
Probe Length 74"

Read and Record at the
Start of Each Test Point

Pitot Tube Leak Check OK Before OK After OK

Initial Leak 15.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm

Final Leak 13.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm
Ts Tm

Point	Clock Time	Dry Gas Meter, CF	Pitot In. H ₂ O	Orifice in. H ₂ O		Pump Vac In. Hg Gauge	Stack Temp. °F	Probe Temp. °F	Oven Temp. °F	Effluent Temp. °F	Dry Gas Temp °F		Remarks
				Desired	Actual						Inlet	Outlet	
B6	0833	148.412	0.11	3.02	3.02	7.0	107	271	270	65	82	82	
5	0838	154.30	0.12	3.30	3.30	7.0	107	271	263	55	83	82	
4	0843	157.80	0.13	3.58	3.58	7.0	105	258	274	62	86	82	
3	0848	166.01	0.14	3.02	3.02	7.0	109	255	270	68	88	82	
2	0853	171.94	0.10	3.75	2.75	6.0	113	251	272	70	89	83	
1	0858	177.69	0.07	1.92	1.92	5.0	105	248	263	70	89	81	
END	0903	182.713	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
A6	0905	182.713	0.10	3.75	2.75	6.0	112	263	272	69	89	82	
5	0910	184.24	0.11	3.02	3.02	6.5	103	257	266	60	90	84	
4	0915	193.84	0.13	3.58	3.58	7.5	113	254	262	60	92	83	
3	0920	199.90	0.12	3.30	3.30	7.5	105	248	274	61	93	83	
2	0925	206.20	0.09	2.48	2.48	7.5	101	252	259	62	94	84	
1	0930	212.35	0.08	2.20	2.20	6.0	102	251	246	63	94	84	
END	0935	217.625	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ALL													

Pitot Tube Calibration Factor C_p 0.836 Pitot Tube No. 74-1 Sample Purge: Initial 7A Final 7A

Volume Collected V_m 70.25 ft³ xCO₂ <0.2 xCO <0.2 Probe Tip No. 7A Probe Tip Dia. 0.434 in.

Water Collected V_w 113.8 ml xO₂ 20.9 xN₂ 79.1 V_m=Dry Gas Meter Calibration Factor 1.015 x 69.213

Time of Test T_t 60 min Area Stack A2 804 in² Dry Gas Meter

Baro. Press. P_b 24.24 "Hg Stack Press. -0.10 in. H₂O ft³ - (T_t min x Leak Rate =

M_f = 6.9 M_r = —

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 2 - Coke

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>652.2</u> Initial <u>594.4</u> Wt. Gain <u>57.8</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>604.5</u> Initial <u>573.3</u> Wt. Gain <u>31.2</u>
3	<u>DRY</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>462.9</u> Initial <u>455.1</u> Wt. Gain <u>7.8</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>777.8</u> Initial <u>760.8</u> Wt. Gain <u>17.0</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 113.8

DATE: 11/6/90

SIGNATURE: J. Meeker

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ < 0.2
O₂ 20.9
CO < 0.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Meeker

DATE: 11/6/90

TIME: 0940

Job No. 9010-204

Job Name Leads

Run No. 3

Location Boare

Date 6 Nov. 1990

Operator Meador - Tine

Prod. + SO₂ FIELD DATA

K Factor

Ambient Temp. °F 21.5

Assumed Moisture % 85 in Body

Probe Length 71

Pitot Tube Leak Check OK Before OK After OK

Initial Leak 15.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm

Final Leak 16.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm

Sample Box No. 1 Meter Box No. 2 Δ Ps

Ts

Pm

Tm

Point	Clock Time	Dry Gas Meter, CF	Pitot In. H ₂ O	Orifice In. H ₂ O		Pump Vac In. Hg Gauge	Stack Temp. °F	Probe Temp. °F	Oven Temp. °F	Effluent Temp. °F	Dry Gas Temp °F		Remarks
				Desired	Actual						Inlet	Outlet	
A6	1015	217.910	0.08	2.20	2.20	5.5	115	267	261	75	83	83	
5	1020	222.88	0.12	3.30	3.30	8.0	148	249	270	60	85	83	
4	1025	228.65	0.11	3.02	3.02	9.0	115	253	270	62	87	83	
3	1030	234.72	0.10	2.75	2.75	8.0	116	253	266	68	88	83	
2	1035	240.40	0.12	3.30	3.30	8.5	117	251	264	64	89	83	
1	1040	246.31	0.09	2.48	2.48	6.5	114	251	267	62	91	83	
END	1045	251.665	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
B6	1047	251.665	0.08	2.20	2.20	6.0	109	263	270	70	89	84	
5	1052	256.14	0.09	2.48	2.48	6.0	112	259	268	61	90	84	
4	1057	261.89	0.10	2.75	2.75	7.0	113	257	261	59	91	84	
3	1102	267.37	0.08	2.20	2.20	6.0	116	254	254	58	93	85	
2	1107	272.60	0.08	2.20	2.20	6.0	113	254	248	57	93	84	
1	1112	277.46	0.07	1.92	1.92	6.0	115	254	244	56	92	84	
END	1117	282.256	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
ALL													

Pitot Tube Calibration Factor C_p 0.836 Pitot Tube No. 74-1

Sample Purge: Initial 7A Final 7A

Volume Collected V_m 15.311 ft³ %CO₂ <0.2 %CO <0.2

Probe Tip No. 7A Probe Tip Dia. 0.434 in.

Water Collected V_w 152.2 ml %O₂ 20.9 %N₂ 79.1

V_m = Dry Gas Meter Calibration Factor 1.015 x 64.346

Time of Test T_t 60 min Area Stack A2 804 in²

Dry Gas Meter Rate = 14.5 ft³ - (T_t min x Leak Rate)

Baro. Press. P_b 24.24 "Hg Stack Press. -0.10 in. H₂O

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 3 - Cooper

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>697.3</u> Initial <u>608.7</u> Wt. Gain <u>88.6</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>661.4</u> Initial <u>621.0</u> Wt. Gain <u>40.4</u>
3	<u>Dry</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>510.8</u> Initial <u>503.9</u> Wt. Gain <u>6.9</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>782.0</u> Initial <u>770.7</u> Wt. Gain <u>11.3</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 152.2

DATE: 11/6/90

SIGNATURE: J. Mander

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ <0.2
O₂ 20.9
CO <0.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Mander

DATE: 11/6/90

TIME: 1125

Job No. 9010-204
 Job Name Ceors
 Run No. 1
 Location Brew Kettle Stack
 Date 6 November 1990
 Operator Meapor-Ticka-Reynolds
 Sample Box No. 3 Meter Box No. 2
 ΔPs

Pat. 1502 FIELD DATA
 Read and Record at the
 Start of Each Test Point

K Factor 85
 Ambient Temp. °F 70 in dlt
 Assumed Moisture % 18
 Probe Length 89
 Pitot Tube Leak Check Before After
OK OK
 Initial Leak 15.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm
 Final Leak 12.0 "Hg = 0.002 cfm

Point	Clock Time	Dry Gas Meter, CF	Pitot In. H ₂ O	Orifice ΔH		Pump Vac In. Hg Gauge	Stack Temp. °F	Probe Temp. °F	Oven Temp. °F	Effluent Temp. °F	Dry Gas Temp °F		Remarks
				Desired	Actual						Inlet	Outlet	
B6	1336	282.605	0.008	0.68	0.68	2.0	130	253	254	75	80	81	130
5	1341	285.48	0.010	0.85	0.85	2.5	127	242	278	64	81	81	138
4	1346	288.75	0.020	1.70	1.70	4.0	132	236	270	58	82	81	129
3	1351	293.15	0.002	0.16	0.16	1.0	130	239	263	64	82	81	134 down draft
2	1356	294.52	0.044	3.52	3.52	7.0	142	243	260	64	82	81	132
1	1401	300.20	0.038	3.04	3.04	8.0	140	238	258	61	86	81	138
END	1404	306.166	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
A6	1408	306.166	0.030	2.40	2.40	6.0	137	258	256	70	87	82	134
5	1413	311.41	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.0	139	254	256	69	85	81	136 down draft
4	1418	312.079	0.010	0.80	0.80	2.0	140	266	256	62	85	81	138
3	1423	315.76	0.004	0.32	0.32	2.0	141	261	256	66	85	81	151
2	1428	317.74	0.010	0.80	0.80	2.5	135	264	256	67	84	81	138
1	1433	320.75	0.020	1.60	1.60	4.0	137	260	255	61	85	81	138
END	1438	324.936	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ALL													

Pitot Tube Calibration Factor Cp 0.836 Pitot Tube No. 74-1
 Sample Purge: Initial Final
 Volume Collected V_a 42.966 ft³ %CO₂ <0.2 %CO <0.2
 Probe Tip No. HI-9 Probe Tip Dia. 0.610 in.
 Water Collected V_w 185.4 ml %O₂ 20.9 %N₂ 79.1
 V_m=Dry Gas Meter Calibration Factor 1.015 x 42.331
 Time of Test T_t 60 min Area Stack A2 5945 in²
 Baro. Press. P_b 24.24 "Hg Stack Press. 0.14 in. H₂O
 Dry Gas Meter ft³ - (T_t min x Leak Rate) =
 MF = MT =

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 1 - Brew Kettle

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>701.3</u> Initial <u>574.6</u> Wt. Gain <u>126.7</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>609.2</u> Initial <u>568.5</u> Wt. Gain <u>40.7</u>
3	<u>Dry</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>482.1</u> Initial <u>474.1</u> Wt. Gain <u>8.0</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>790.0</u> Initial <u>780.0</u> Wt. Gain <u>10.0</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 185.4

DATE: 11/6/90

SIGNATURE: J. Meador

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ 10.2
O₂ 20.9
CO 10.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Meador

DATE: 11/6/90

TIME: 1440

Job No. 9010-204
Job Name Ponds
Run No. 8
Location Brew Little Stage

Date 6 November 1993

Operator Meadon-T. King-Reynolds

Sample Box No. 1 Meter Box No. 2 Δ Ps Pm

ST

PM

K Factor 80
Ambient Temp. of 68 in dry
Assumed Moisture % 81
Probe Length 87

	Before	After
Pitot Tube Leak check	OK	OK

Initial Leak @ 15.0 "Hg = $\frac{0.000}{0.000}$ cfm

Final Leak • $\frac{11.0}{\text{min}} \text{ "Hg} = \frac{0.000 \text{ cfm}}{\text{min}}$

[illegible]

Pitot Tube Calibration Factor C _p	0.836	Pitot Tube No.	74-1
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Volume Collected V_m	ft^3	%CO ₂	%CO
42.83 B		< 0.2	< 0.2

Water Collected	V _w	ml	166.8
%O ₂	20.9	%N ₂	79.1

Time of Test T: 60 min Area Stack A2 5945 in²

Baro. Press. P_b 24.24 "Hg
Stack Press. -0.14 in. H₂O

Sample Purge: Initial _____ Final _____

Probe Tip No. TH-9 Probe Tip Dia. 0.610 in.

V_m = Dry Gas Meter
Calibration Factor 1.015 x 42.205

Dry Gas Meter _____ ft³ - (T_t _____ min x Leak Rate _____ cfm

M_F = _____ M_T = _____

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 2 - Brew Kettle

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>711.7</u> Initial <u>585.8</u> Wt. Gain <u>125.9</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>605.5</u> Initial <u>575.9</u> Wt. Gain <u>29.6</u>
3	<u>Dry</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>467.4</u> Initial <u>462.1</u> Wt. Gain <u>5.3</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>783.5</u> Initial <u>777.5</u> Wt. Gain <u>6.0</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 166.8

DATE: 11/6/90

SIGNATURE: J. Meeker

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ <0.2
O₂ 20.9
CO <0.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Meeker

DATE: 11/6/90

TIME: 1815

Job No. 9010-204
Job Name Coals
Run No. 3
Location Brown Keith
Date 6 November 1990

Part 1 of 5 FIELD DATA

K Factor 80
Ambient Temp. °F 68.5 23/26
Assumed Moisture % 21
Probe Length 89

Read and Record at the
Start of Each Test Point

Pitot Tube Leak Check OK Before OK After OK

Operator Madhu - Texas - Reynolds

Initial Leak @ 15.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm

Sample Box No. 2 Meter Box No. 2 Δ Ps

Final Leak @ 15.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm

Ts

Pm

Point	Clock Time	Dry Gas Meter, CF	Pitot In. H ₂ O	Orifice		Pump Vac In. Hg Gauge	Stack Temp. °F	Probe Temp. °F	Oven Temp. °F	Effluent Temp. °F	Dry Gas Temp °F		Remarks
				Desired	Actual						Inlet	Outlet	
A6	1823	367.679	0.012	0.96	0.96	2.5	132	264	251	74	82	81	132
5	1828	370.82	0.042	3.36	3.36	7.0	134	245	264	64	83	81	138
1	1833	376.20	0.020	1.60	1.60	6.0	136	234	270	63	86	81	141
3	1838	380.78	0.020	1.60	1.60	5.0	138	236	265	68	87	81	138
2	1843	385.36	0.010	0.80	0.80	2.5	138	239	250	70	87	82	140
1	1848	388.90	0.002	0.16	0.16	2.0	131	244	248	68	87	81	130
END	1853	390.476	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
A6	1854	390.476	0.080	5.60	4.70	13.0	131	254	252	70	87	82	1496 DP 0.010
5	1859	395.97	0.030	2.40	2.40	7.0	140	238	252	65	89	82	140
4	1904	400.34	0.020	1.60	1.60	5.0	142	234	254	65	89	82	140
3	1909	405.75	0.012	0.96	0.96	5.0	139	235	255	65	88	82	138
2	1914	409.42	0.014	1.12	1.12	5.0	142	240	255	66	88	82	136
1	1919	412.91	0.022	1.76	1.76	5.0	130	240	256	64	87	82	—
END	1924	417.090	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ALL													

Pitot Tube Calibration Factor C_p 0.836 Pitot Tube No. 741

Sample Purge: Initial — Final —

Volume Collected V_m 50.152 ft³ $\times 002$ <0.2 $\times 00$ <0.2

Probe Tip No. 211-9 Probe Tip Dia. 0.610 in.

Water Collected V_w 229.4 ml $\times 02$ 79.1

V_m = Dry Gas Meter Calibration Factor 1.015 $\times$ 49.411

Time of Test T_t 60 min

Area Stack A2 5945 in²

Baro. Press. P_b 24.24 "Hg

Stack Press. — 0.14 in. H₂O

Dry Gas Meter — ft³ - (T_t min $\times$ Leak Rate

M_f = — M_T = —

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 3-Brew Kettle

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>751.9</u> Initial <u>614.3</u> Wt. Gain <u>137.6</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>675.3</u> Initial <u>613.0</u> Wt. Gain <u>62.3</u>
3	<u>DRY</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>526.8</u> Initial <u>510.4</u> Wt. Gain <u>16.4</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>803.6</u> Initial <u>790.5</u> Wt. Gain <u>13.1</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 229.4

DATE: 11/6/90

SIGNATURE: J. Meacham

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ 20.2
O₂ 20.9
CO 20.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Meacham

DATE: 11/6/90

TIME:

Job No. 9010-204 FIELD DATA
 Job Name COOKS
 Run No. 4
 Location Brew Kettle Stack
 Date 6 Nov 1990
 Operator M. L. T. Reynolds
 Sample Box No. 3 Meter Box No. 2 Pm
 ΔPs

K Factor 34.56 58
 Ambient Temp. °F 68 in. Blk
 Assumed Moisture % 34
 Probe Length 89
 Pitot Tube Leak Check OK Before After
 Initial Leak 150 "Hg = 2000 cfm
 Final Leak 120 "Hg = 0000 cfm
 Tm

Read and Record at the
 Start of Each Test Point

Point	Clock Time	Dry Gas Meter, CF	Pitot In. H ₂ O	Orifice ΔH		Pump Vac In. Hg Gauge	Stack Temp. °F	Probe Temp. °F	Oven Temp. °F	Effluent Temp. °F	Dry Gas Temp °F		Remarks
				Desired	Actual						Inlet	Outlet	
A6	2050	417.521	0.018	0.97	0.97	2.5	148	264	248	70	79	79	
5	2055	421.08	0.016	0.86	0.86	2.5	145	243	249	56	79	80	
4	2100	424.02	0.022	1.23	1.23	3.0	144	239	244	56	79	79	
3	2105	427.79	0.024	1.34	1.34	3.5	142	236	248	57	80	79	
2	2110	431.58	0.030	1.75	1.75	4.5	140	235	248	54	81	79	
1	2115	435.97	0.020	1.16	1.16	3.0	137	234	247	53	83	79	
E20	2120	439.904											
B6	2123	443.901	0.020	1.15	1.15	3.0	136	244	250	63	82	79	
5	2128	447.63	0.026	1.50	1.50	4.0	137	235	251	54	83	79	
4	2133	447.87	0.024	1.40	1.40	4.0	138	232	255	52	83	79	
3	2138	452.05	0.028	1.60	1.60	4.5	138	231	256	53	84	79	
2	2143	456.94	0.028	1.60	1.60	4.5	135	238	256	53	85	79	
1	2148	460.79	0.016	0.88	0.88	3.0	141	242	270	55	85	80	
E20	2153	464.312											
Acc													

Pitot Tube Calibration Factor Cp 0.936 Pitot Tube No. 74-1 Sample Purge: Initial Final
 Volume Collected Vm 47.493 ft³ %CO₂ < 0.2 %CO < 0.2 Probe Tip No. TL-9 Probe Tip Dia. 0.610 in.
 Water Collected Vw 243.4 ml %O₂ 20.9 %N₂ 78.1 Vm=Dry Gas Meter Calibration Factor 1.015 x 46.791
 Time of Test Tt 60 min Area Stack A2 5945 in² Dry Gas Meter (Tt - (Tt min x Leak Rate) =
 Baro. Press. Pb 24.24 "Hg Stack Press. -0.14 in. H₂O MF = Mt =

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 4 - Brew Kettle

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>770.0</u> Initial <u>573.4</u> Wt. Gain <u>196.6</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>606.9</u> Initial <u>572.0</u> Wt. Gain <u>34.9</u>
3	<u>Dry</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>486.8</u> Initial <u>482.5</u> Wt. Gain <u>4.3</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>821.2</u> Initial <u>813.6</u> Wt. Gain <u>7.6</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 243.4

DATE: 11/6/90

SIGNATURE: J. Meeker

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ 20.2
O₂ 20.9
CO 20.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Meeker

DATE: 11/6/90

TIME: 2200

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 5 - Brew Kettle

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>784.1</u> Initial <u>587.8</u> Wt. Gain <u>196.3</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>647.0</u> Initial <u>577.5</u> Wt. Gain <u>69.5</u>
3	<u>DRY</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>481.0</u> Initial <u>467.3</u> Wt. Gain <u>13.7</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>792.5</u> Initial <u>785.0</u> Wt. Gain <u>7.5</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 287.0

DATE: 11/6/90

SIGNATURE: J. Meeker

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ 20.2
O₂ 20.9
CO 20.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Meeker

DATE: 11/6/90

TIME: 2340

K Factor 65
Ambient Temp. °F 68 in old
Assumed Moisture % 24
Probe Length 89"

	Before	After
Pitot Tube Leak Check	OK	OK

Initial Leak @ 15.0 "Hg = 2000 cfm

Final Leak @ 11.0 "Hg = 0.000 cfm
Im

pitot Tube Calibration Factor C _p	b. 8336	pitot Tube No. 74-1	Sample Purge: Initial	Final
pitot Tube Calibration Factor C _p			Sample Purge: Initial	Final

Water Collected V_w 290.7 ml

$\%O_2$ 20.9 $\%N_2$ 79.1

$V_m = \text{Dry Gas Meter}$

Calibration Factor 1.015 X 41.163

Baro. Press. P_b 24.24 "Hg

$$M_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad M_T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

IMPINGER CATCH

SAMPLE NO. 6 Brew Kettle

IMPINGER NO.	SOLUTION USED	AMOUNT OF SOLUTION (ml)	IMP. TIP CONFIGURATION	WEIGHT (grams)
1	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>848.1</u> Initial <u>602.8</u> Wt. Gain <u>245.3</u>
2	<u>6% H₂O₂</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>G. Smith</u>	Final <u>665.2</u> Initial <u>630.4</u> Wt. Gain <u>35.4</u>
3	<u>Dry</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>530.0</u> Initial <u>527.0</u> Wt. Gain <u>3.0</u>
4	<u>Silica Gel</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>modif</u>	Final <u>780.0</u> Initial <u>773.0</u> Wt. Gain <u>7.0</u>
5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>
Flask	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Final <u> </u> Initial <u> </u> Wt. Gain <u> </u>

TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN OF IMPINGERS (grams) 290.7

DATE: 11/3/90

SIGNATURE: J. Mauer

ORSAT ANALYSIS RESULTS Gas Fractional Part

CO₂ <0.2
O₂ 20.9
CO <0.2
N₂ 79.1

SIGNATURE: J. Mauer

DATE: 11/7/90

TIME: 0050

YOKOSUKAI CHART

710

720

YOKOGAWA

Panel failure

Start + Run #1
0630

THC

NOX

128ppm NOX
to 001330

← 330ppm to 001430

128ppm NOX
from grade

allow

← 330ppm G3H2

1/2 1/2
thin plate
thin plate

128ppm NOX

← 330ppm G3H2

← 201ppm NOX

926ppm G3H2

1/2
3000

600m/h

9010-204
Coastal Stack

NOX 0.250
THC 0.1000

9010-204
Coastal
11/6/80

10

9

8

7

6

5

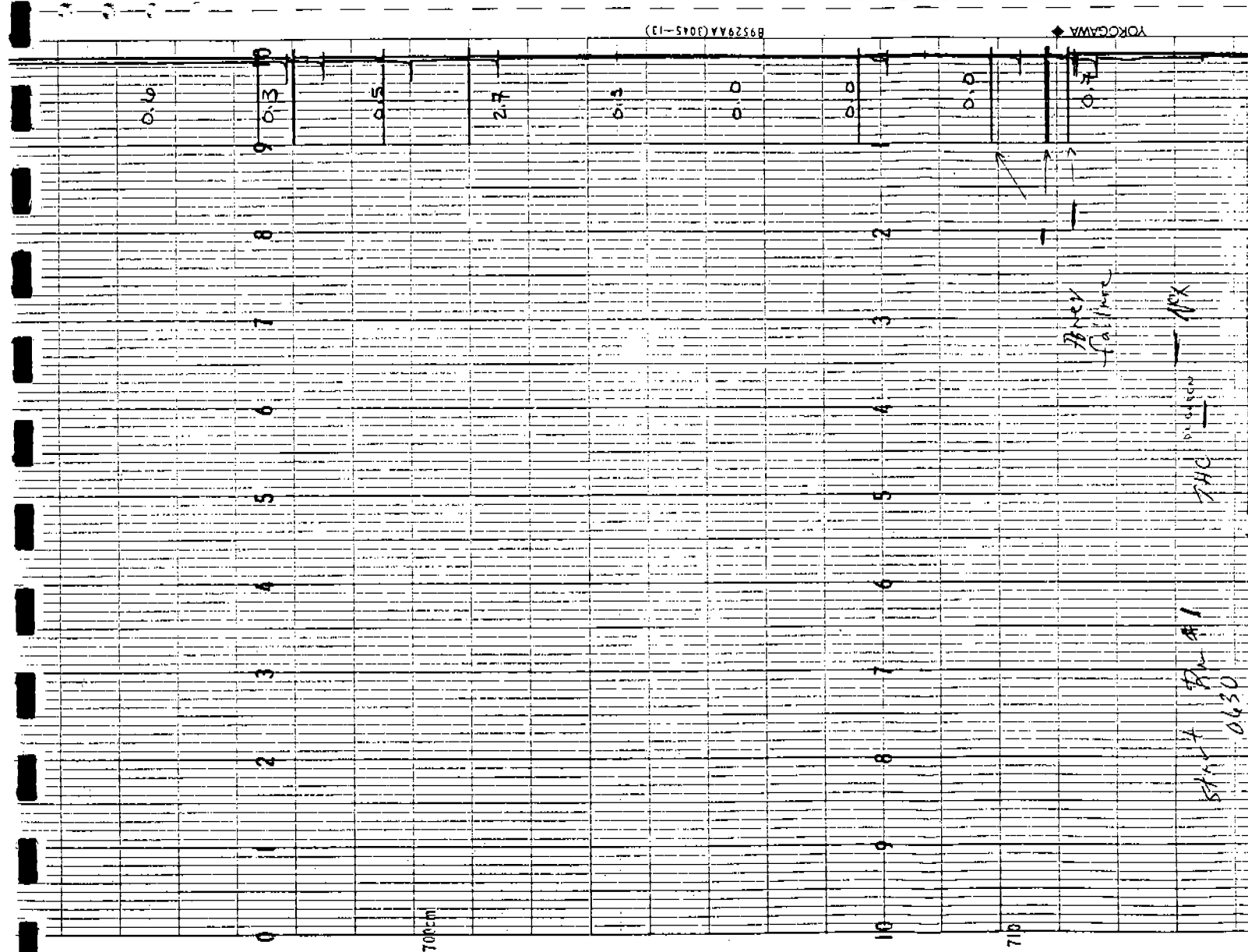
4

3

2

1

0



Penetration

10X

0.0000

THC

Start Pen #1
0630

YOKOGAWA

5/16 down chart
change parts

0.0

0.1

0.2

0.3

0.4

0.5

0.6

0.7

0.8

0.9

1.0

680

2 KORUSAI CHWT

680

0

YOKOGAWA

89529AA(3045-13)

67D

68D

NOX

3.4

2

slow down start
change parts

YOKOGAWA

650cm

KORUSAI-ART

650

0

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

5

4

3

2

1

0

1

2

3

4

5

0 0

0 0

0 0

0 0

0 0

0 0

0 0

0 0

0 0

0 0

0 0

EN 0733

89529AA (3045-13)

YOKOGAWA

0.2

0.5

0.5

0.8

0.6

0

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

0

— THE

— NOX

START RUN 40

0833

NOX

128VIT

330 rpm G40

12.1

12.1

12.1

12.1

12.1

12.1

12.1

12.1

12.1

12.1

— NOX

— THE

END RUN 1

0755

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.0

640

650

YOKOGAWA ◆

0.5

0.6

0.5

0.4

0.4

0.4

0.4

0.4

0.2

0.5

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

0

4

3

2

1

0

1

2

3

4

5

0.29

2 KORUSAI-CHART

0.30

600cm

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

0.5

0.5

0.6

0.7

0.6

0.5

1.05

0.5

0.6

0.5

610

clay part

89529AA(3045-13)

YOKOGAWA ◆

YOKOGAWA ◆

0.6

0.4

0.2

0.1

0.05

0.02

0.01

0.005

0.002

0.001

0.0005

0

0.1

0.2

0.3

0.4

0.5

0.6

0.7

0.8

0.9

1.0

1.1

1.2

1.3

1.4

1.5

1.6

1.7

1.8

1.9

2.0

2.1

2.2

2.3

2.4

2.5

2.6

2.7

2.8

2.9

3.0

3.1

3.2

3.3

3.4

3.5

3.6

3.7

3.8

3.9

4.0

4.1

4.2

4.3

4.4

4.5

4.6

4.7

4.8

4.9

5.0

5.1

5.2

5.3

5.4

5.5

5.6

5.7

5.8

5.9

6.0

6.1

6.2

6.3

6.4

6.5

6.6

6.7

6.8

6.9

7.0

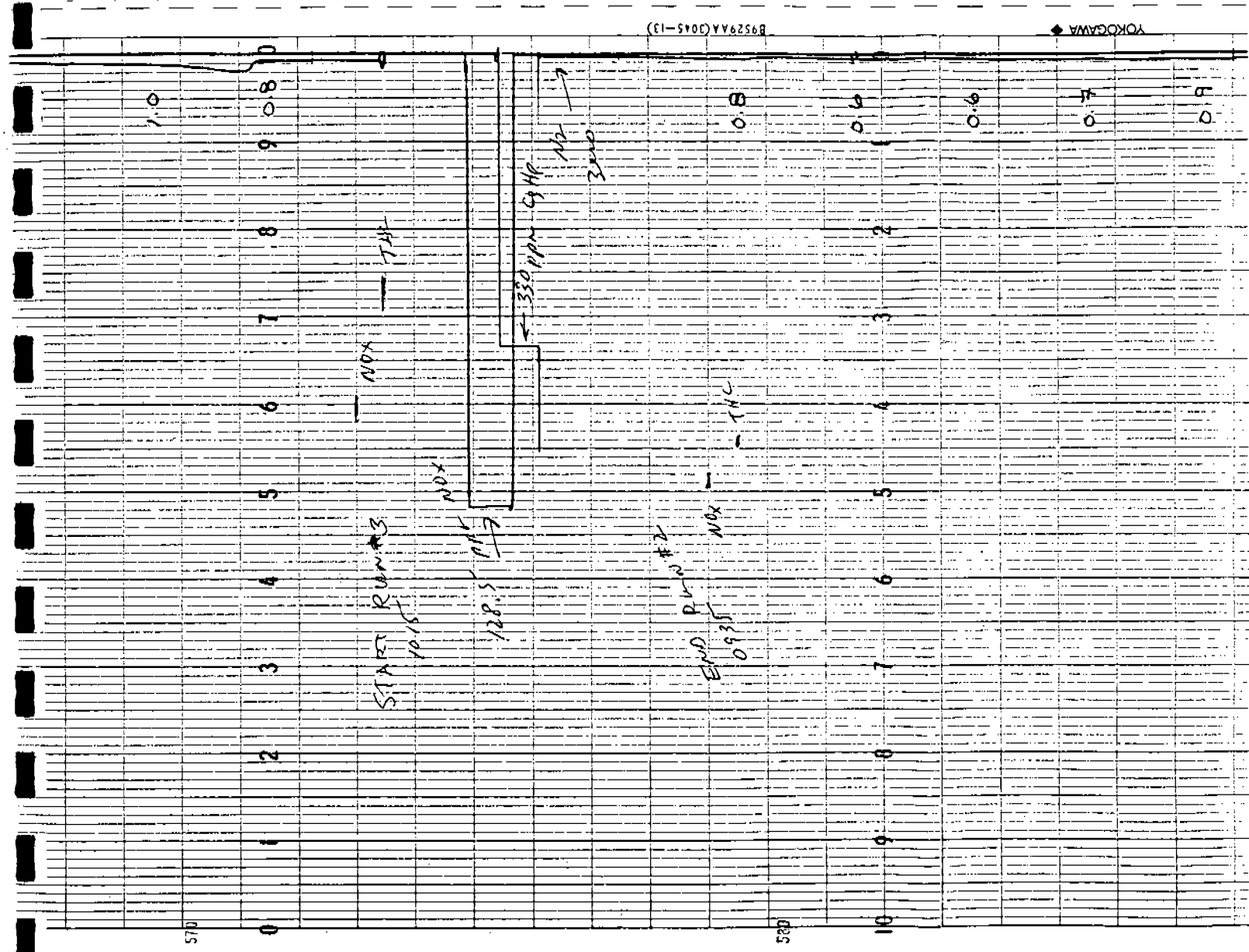
7.1

7.2

7.3

YOKOGAWA ◆

600cm



B9529AA(3045-13)

YOKOGAWA

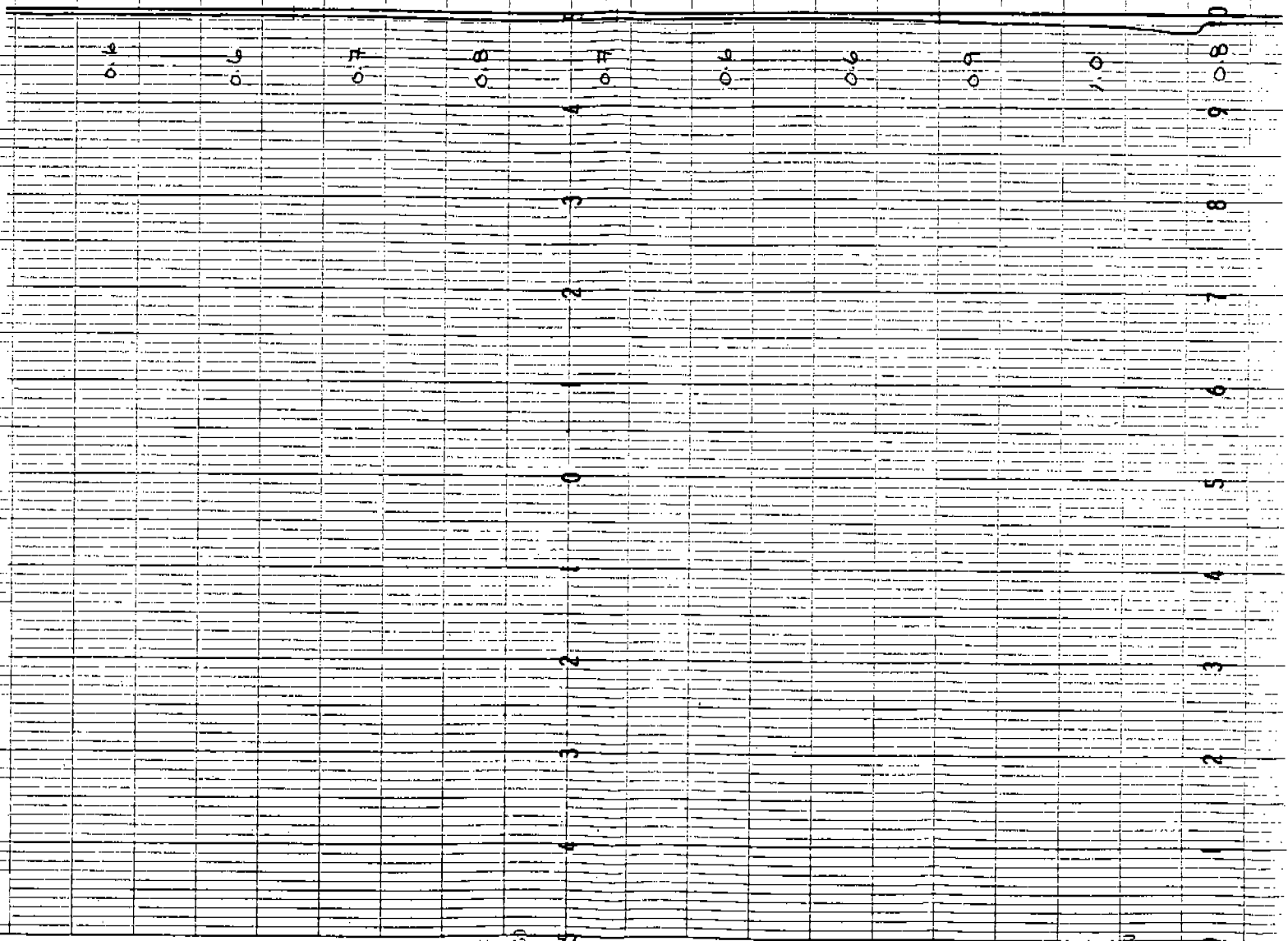
YOKOGAWA

KOKUSAI CHART

56

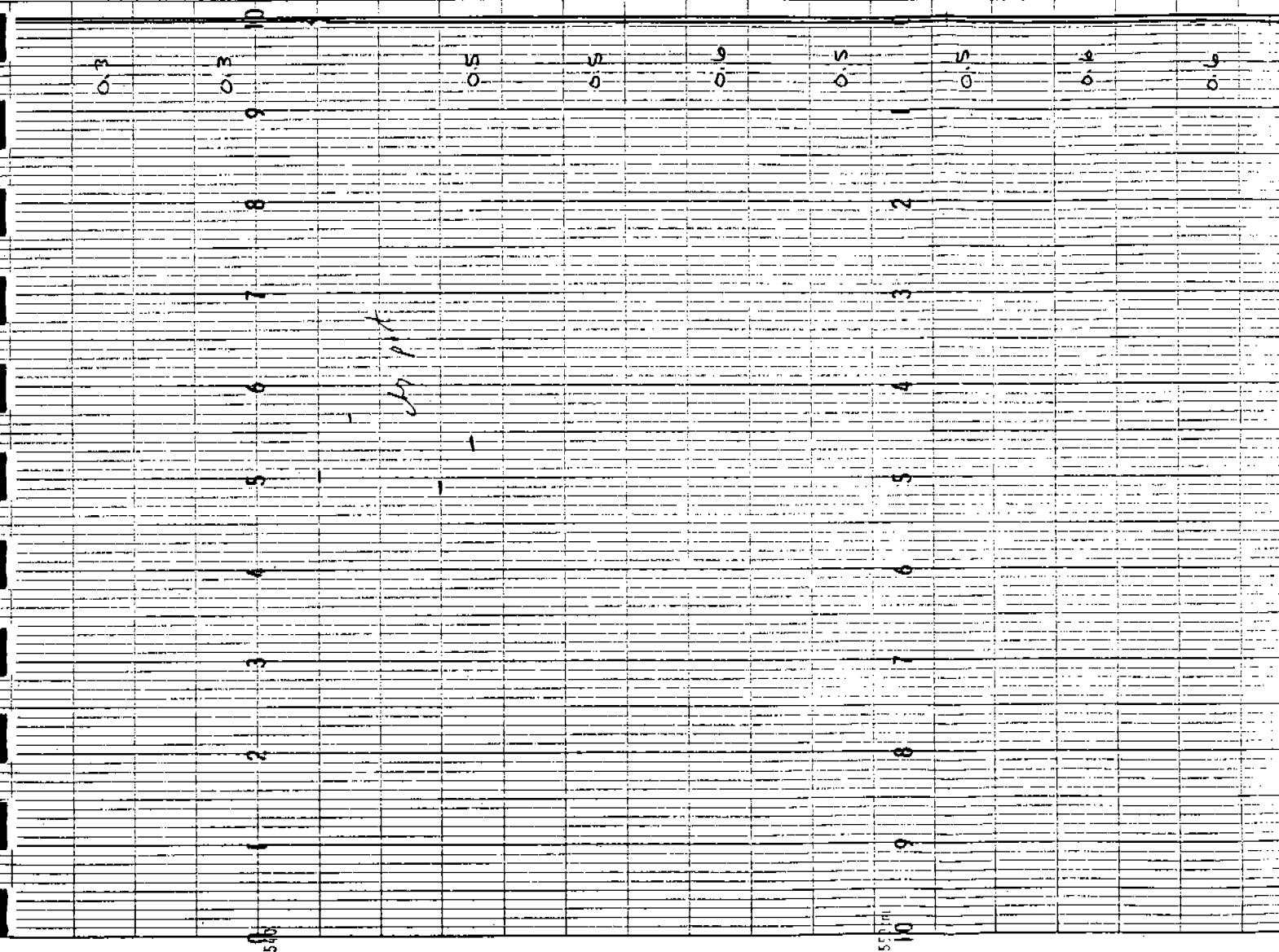
57

0



YOKOGAWA ◆

B9529AA(30A5-13)



◆ YOKOGAWA

EXHIBIT CHART

—

52



Brew file
stack

START RUN #1
1336

NOX
HC

5 125 511
NOX
2 330 ppm 6346

NOX
3400

END PW
NOX
143
1117

0.5

0.4

0.4

0.5

0.4

0.6

0.5

B9529AA (3045-13)

YOKOGAWA

495

KOKUSAI CHART

500m

YOKOGAWA

0.9

0.8

1.1

0.4

1.0

2.4

1.0

1.1

NOX

START RUN #1
1336

Brew Seale
Stack

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

0

330 ppm C3H8

125.5 ppm
NOX

chg part

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

420

430

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

0.4

0.8

0.9

1.0

1.0

1.0

0.0

0.0

89529AA(3045-13)

YOKOGAWA

YOKOGAWA

1.2

1.3

1.0

1.5

THC

1.3

1.7

1.3

1.0

0.9

460

RE KOKUSAI CHART

5

470

0

3

2

1

0

1

2

3

4

8

7

6

5

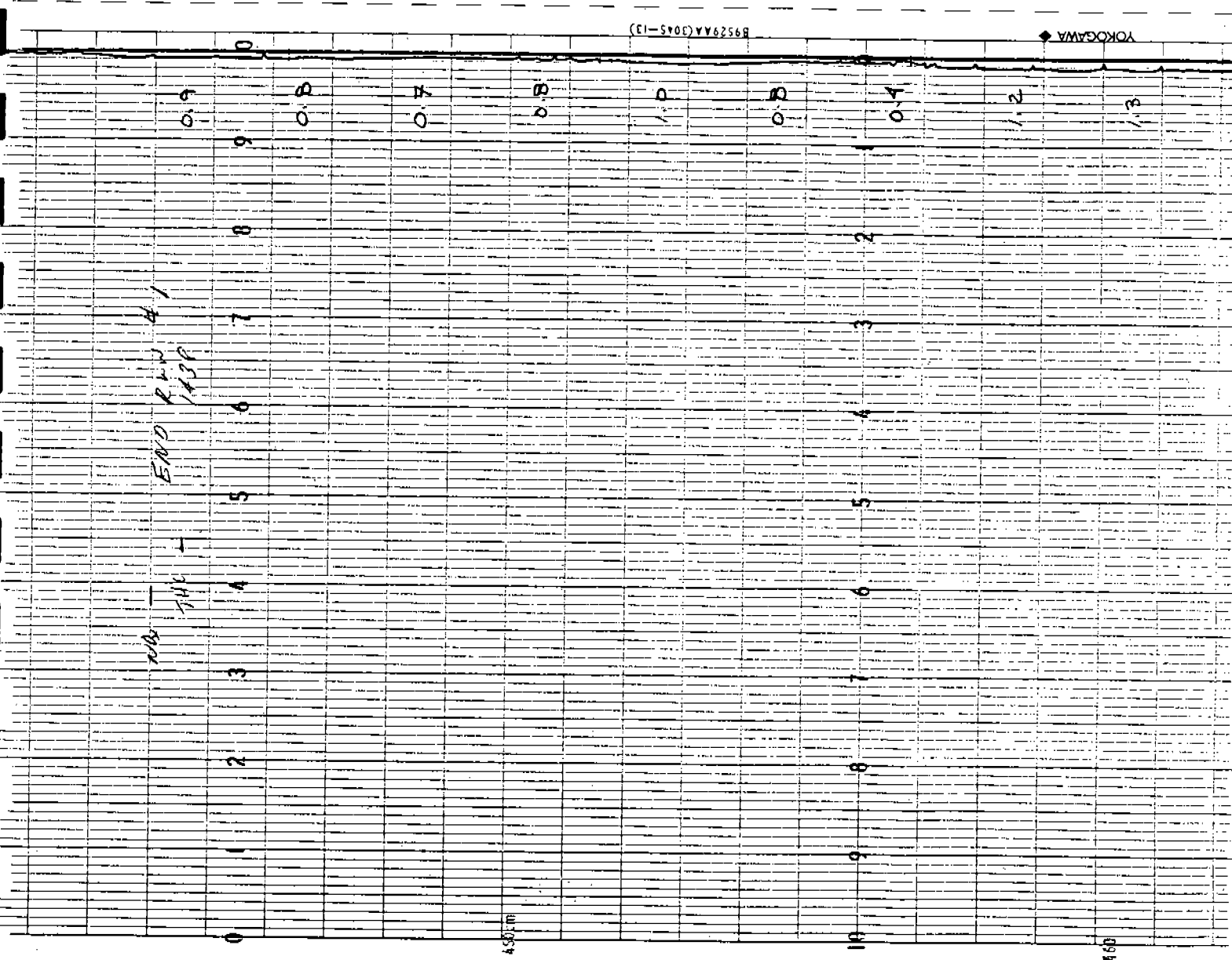
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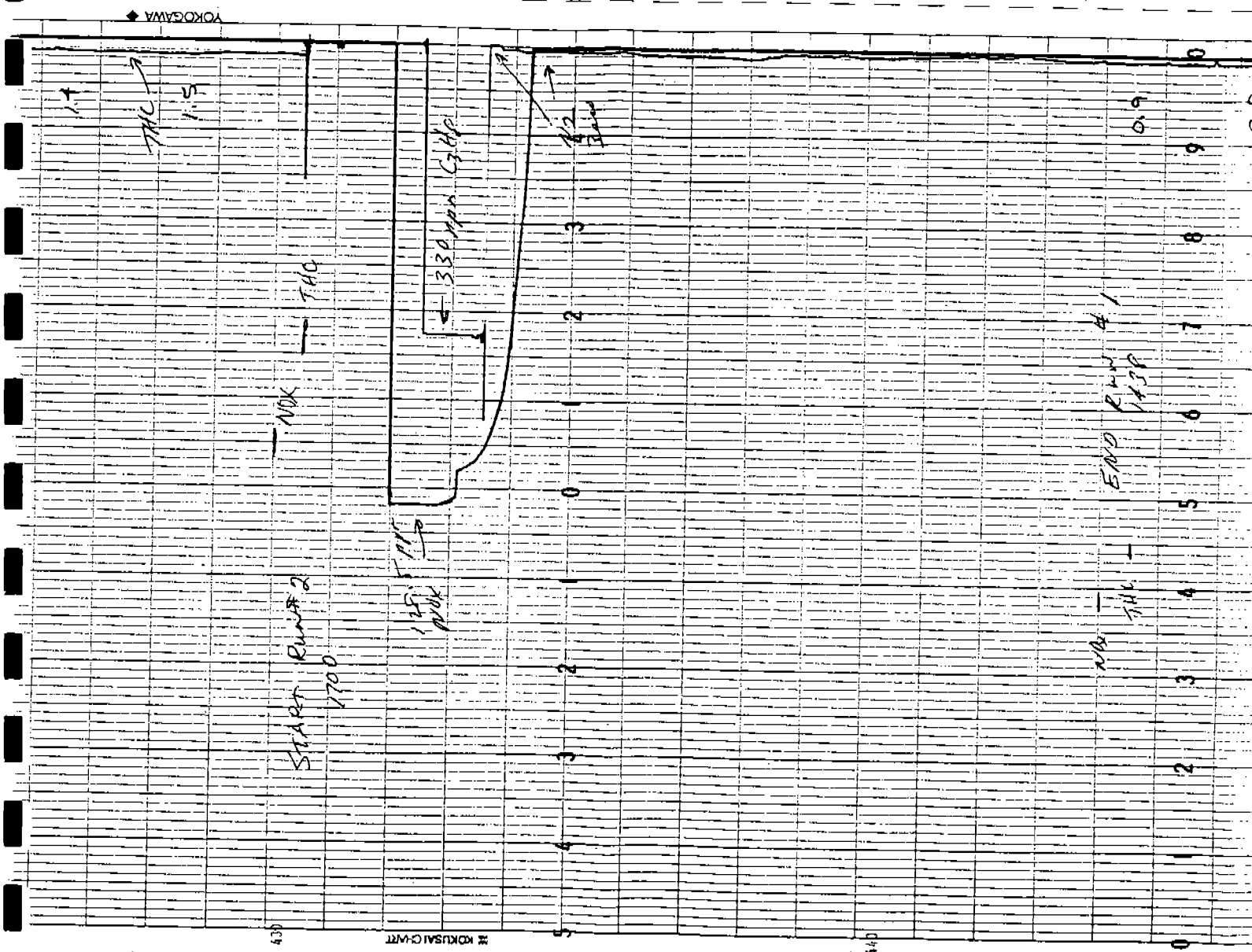
3

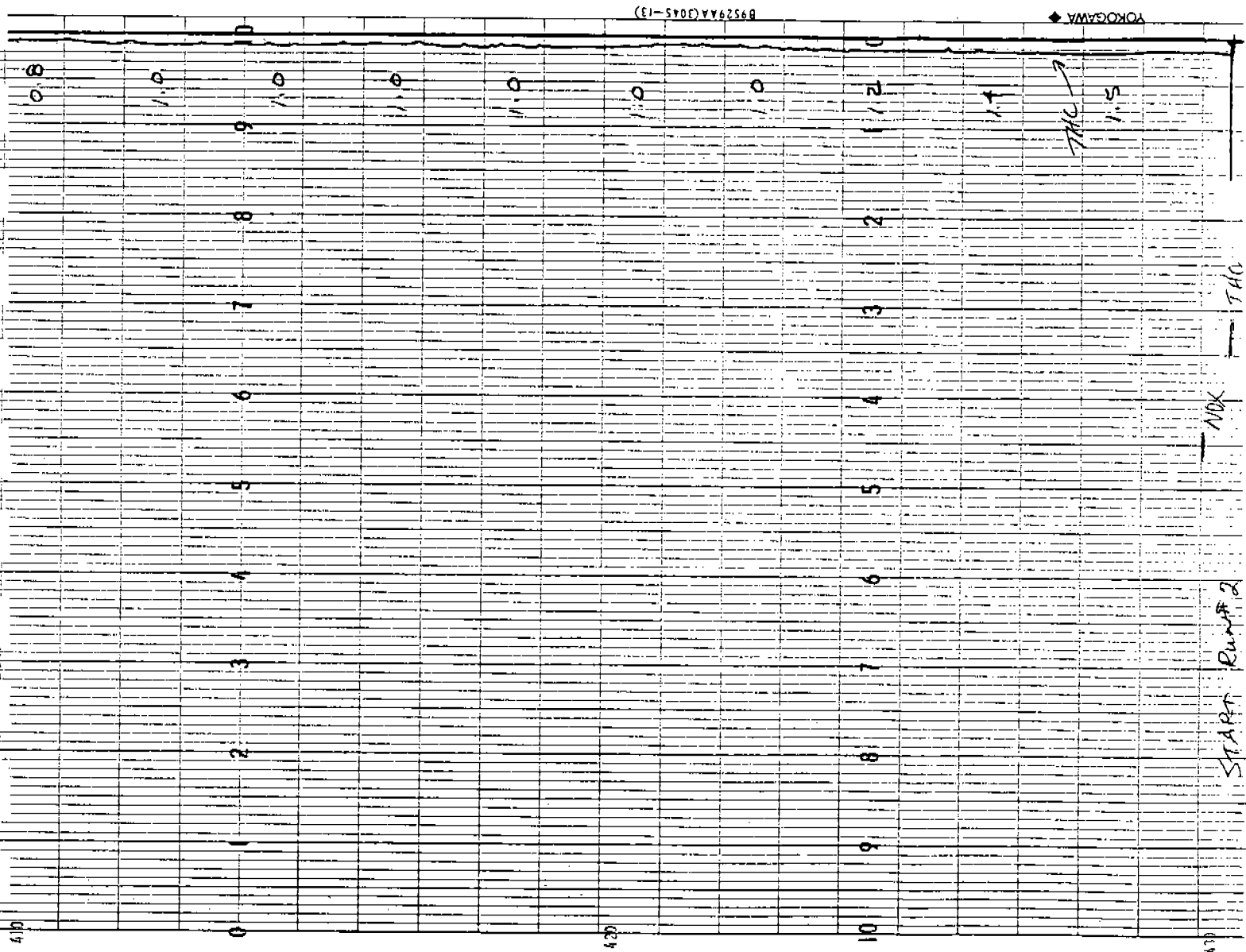
2

1

chg port







START Run #2

NOX

THC

YOKOGAWA

1.4

1.2

1.0

1.1

1.3

1.5

1.0

0.8

1.0

1.0

5

4

3

2

1

0

1

2

3

4

5

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

0

400 cm

400 cm

KOKUSAI-CHART

400

380

0

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

1.0

0.0

1.0

1.2

0.0

1.0

1.4

2.1

B9529AA (0045-13)

YOKOGAWA

390

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

0

START RUN #3
1823

NOX

THC

YOKOGAWA

NOX

330 ppm 9.118

NOX

END RUN #2
1802

NOX

THC

0.9

1.0

0.6

0.7

0.7

1.0

1.0

0.9

0

NOX

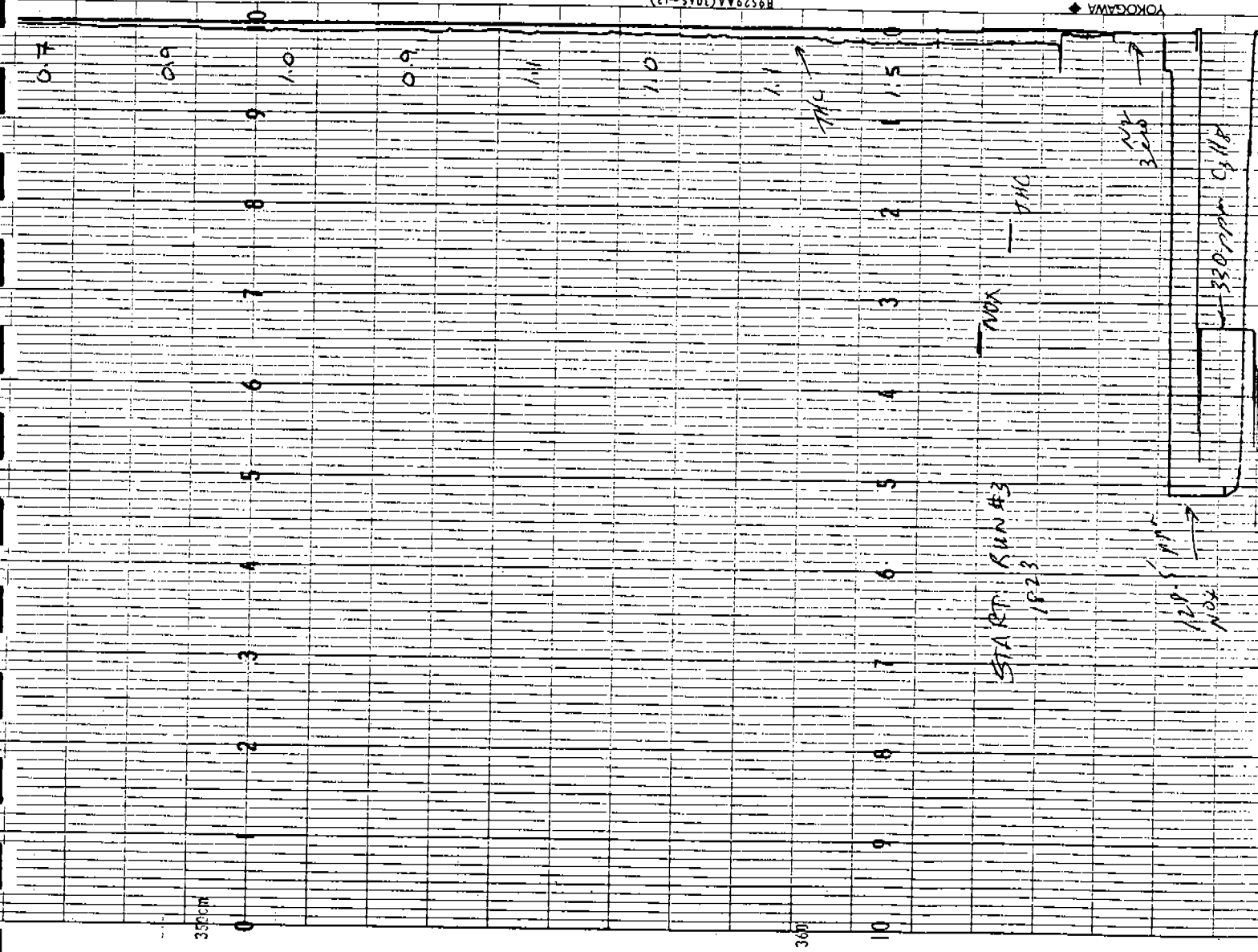
NOX

NOX

NOX

B9529AA(3045-13)

YOKOGAWA



YOKOGAWA ◆

100X 164 pth

3000

3000

3000

3000

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

0.0

0.9

0.7

0.0

0.0

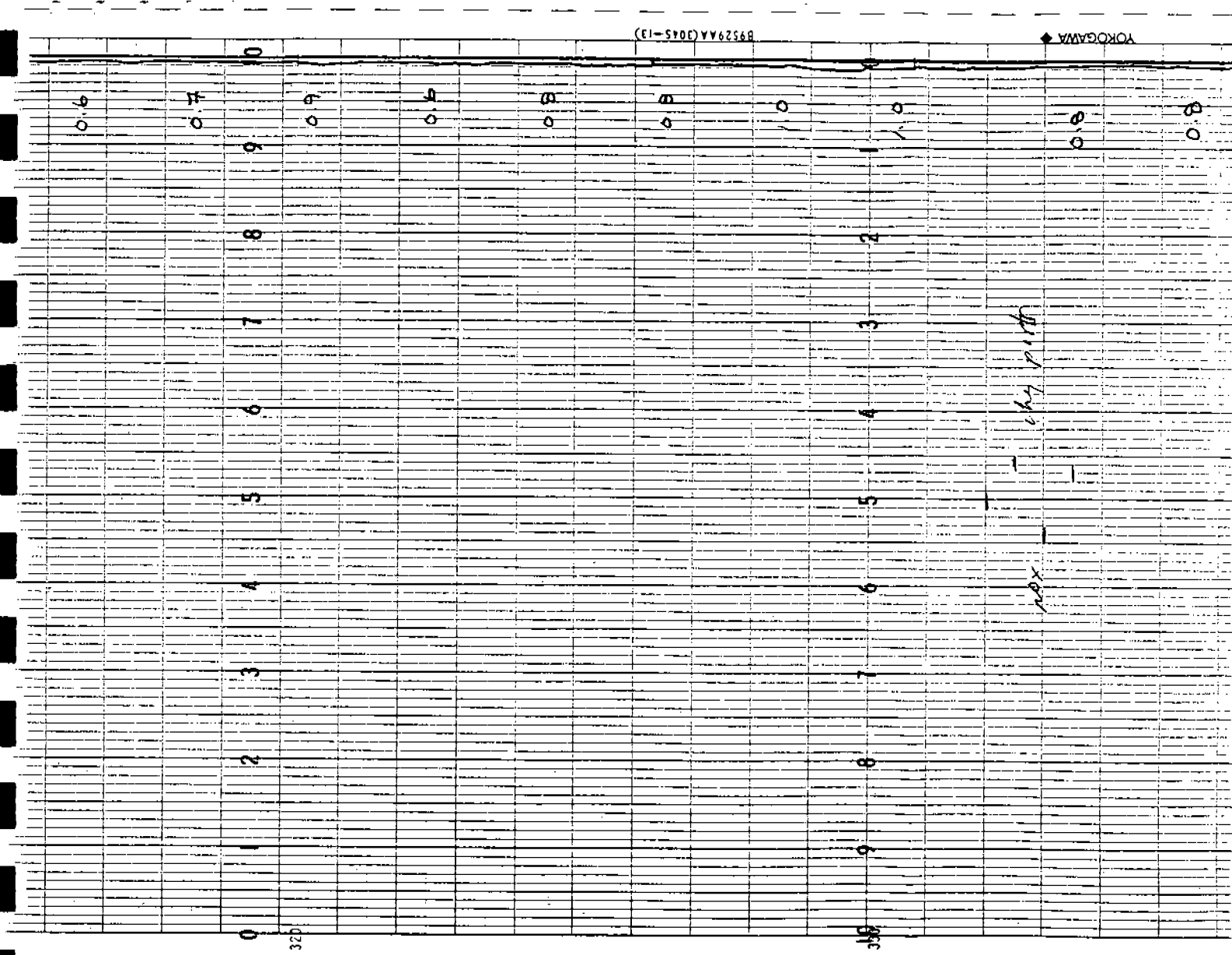
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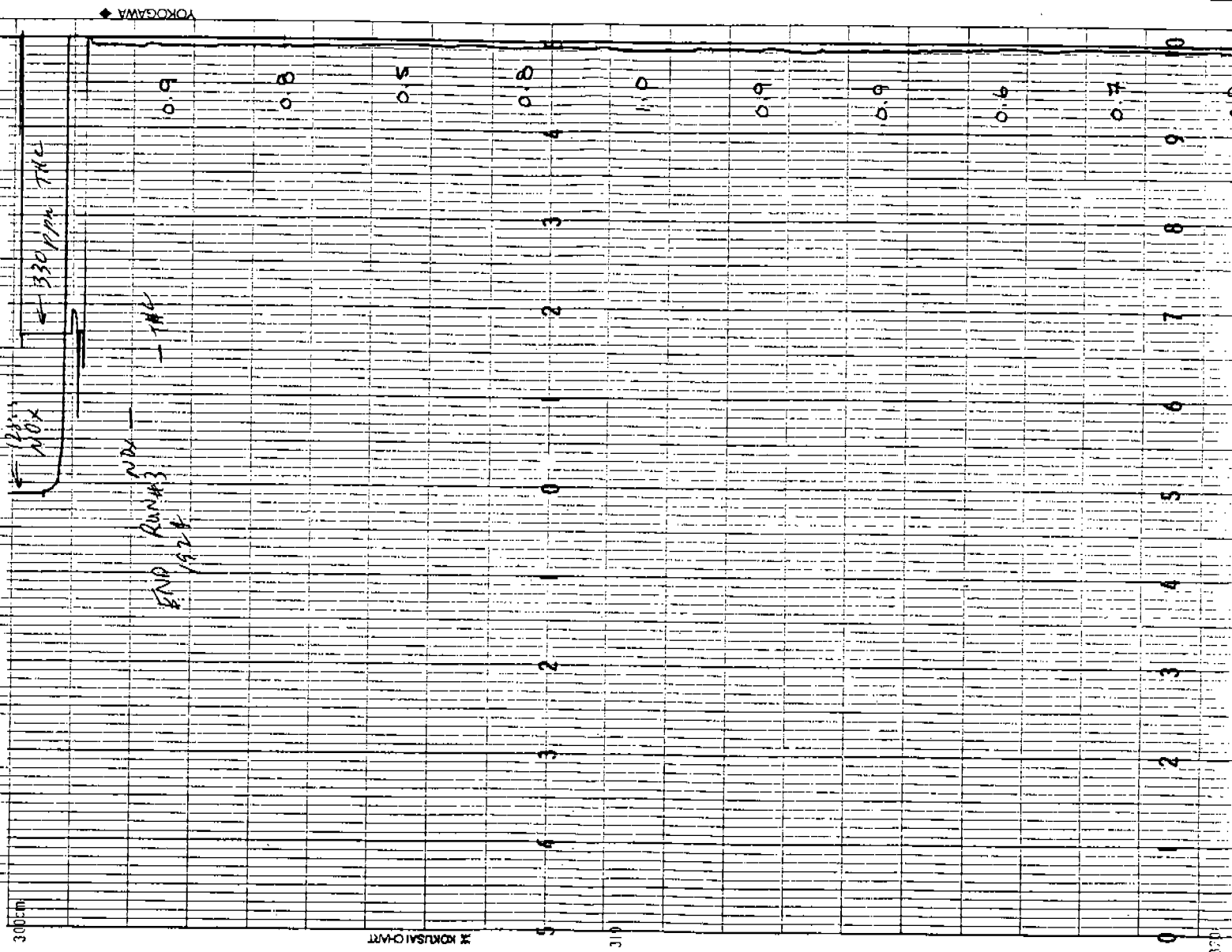
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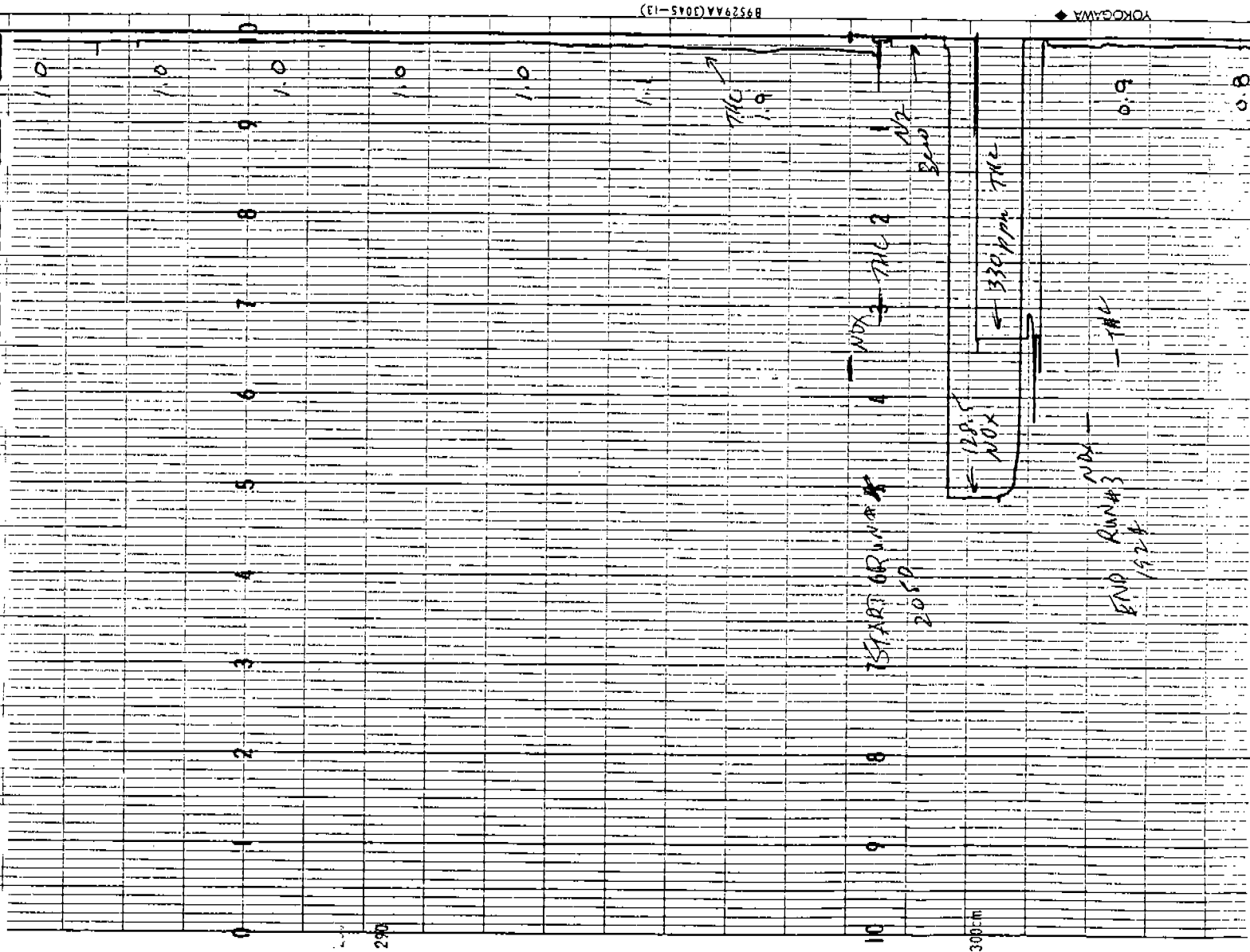
0.7

0.0

0.0







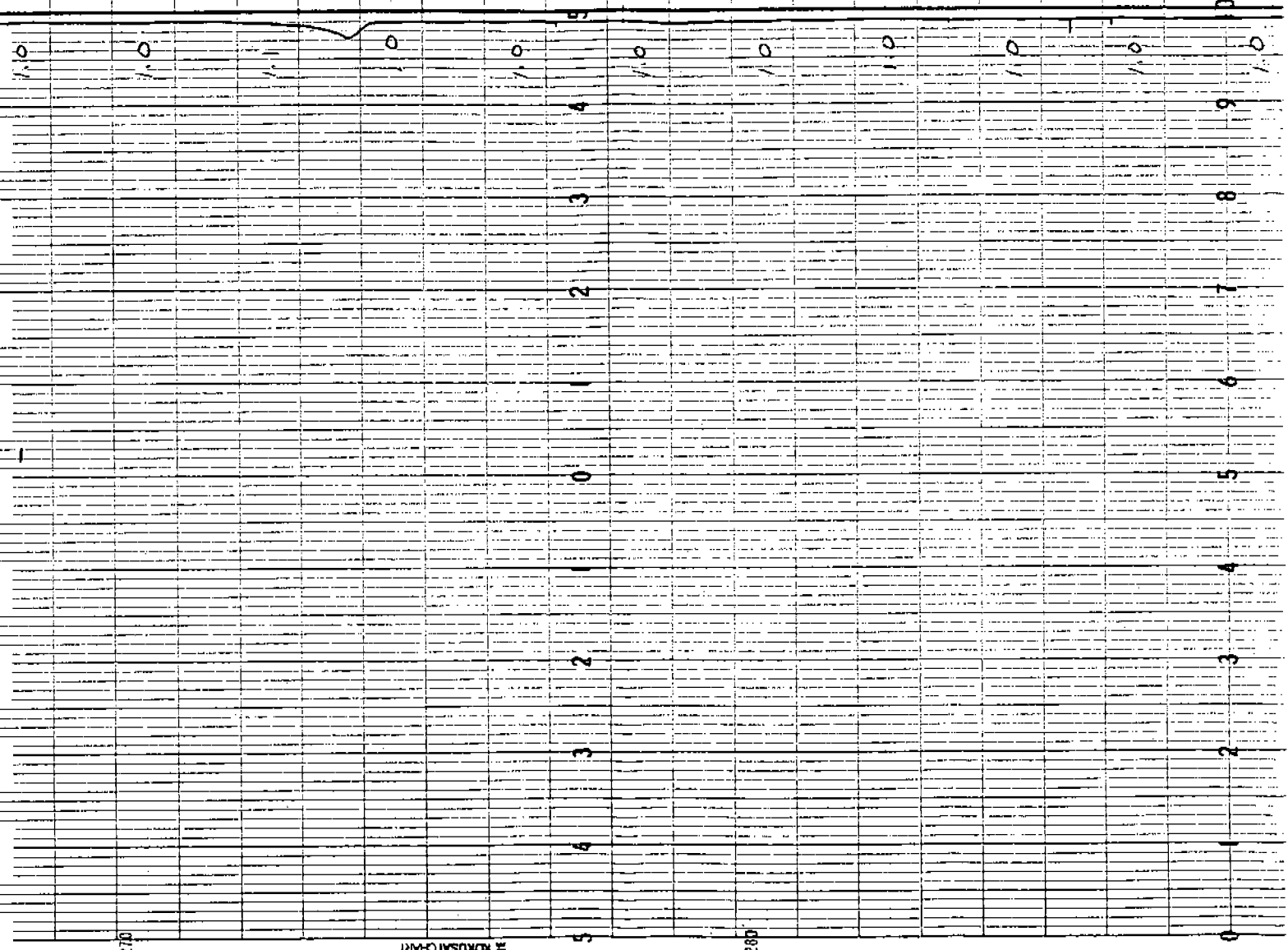
YOKOGAWA

270

280

280

280



YOKOGAWA ◆

B9529AA (2045-13)

260

10

260

0

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

0

1

2

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

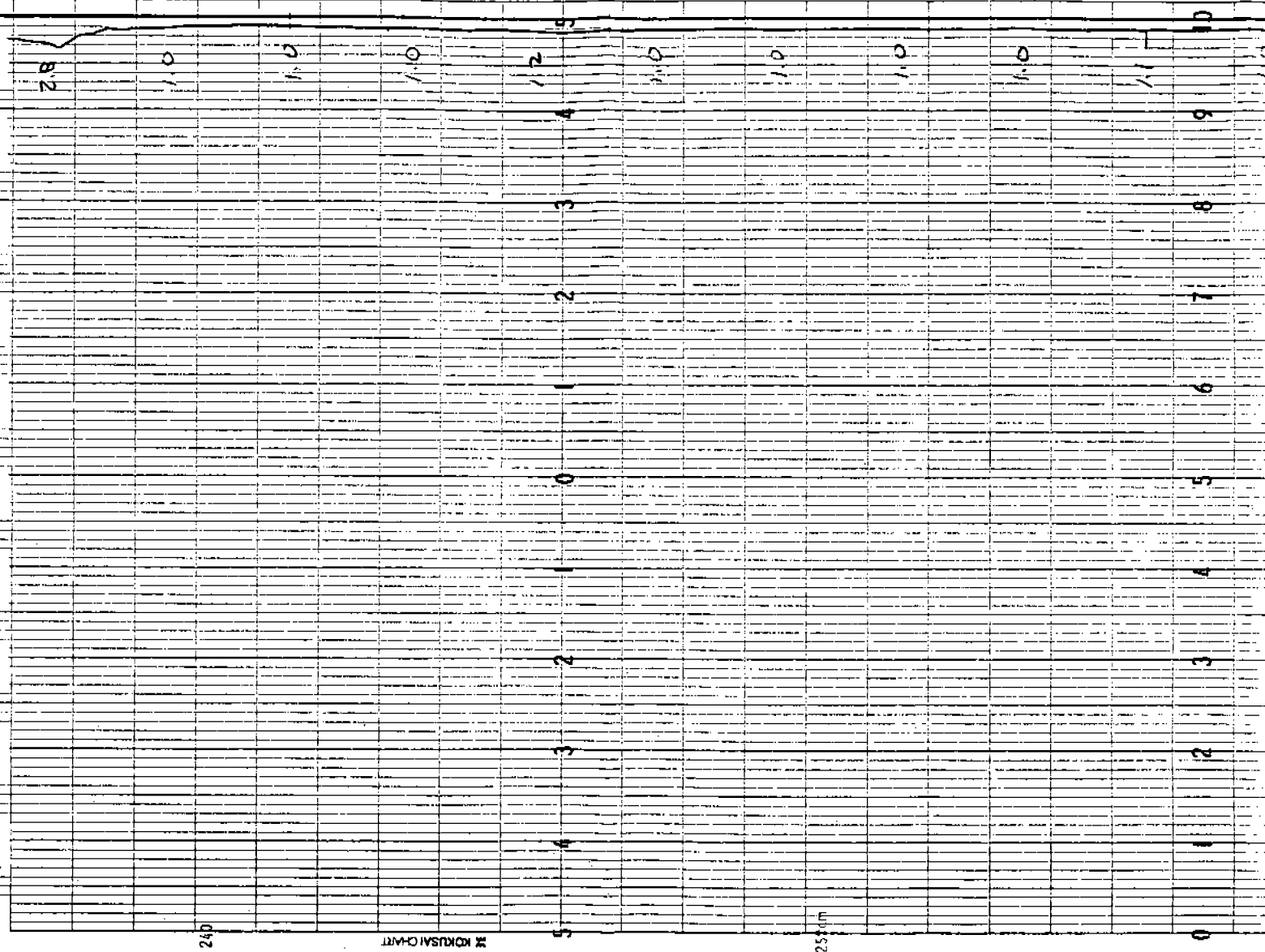
9

10

1

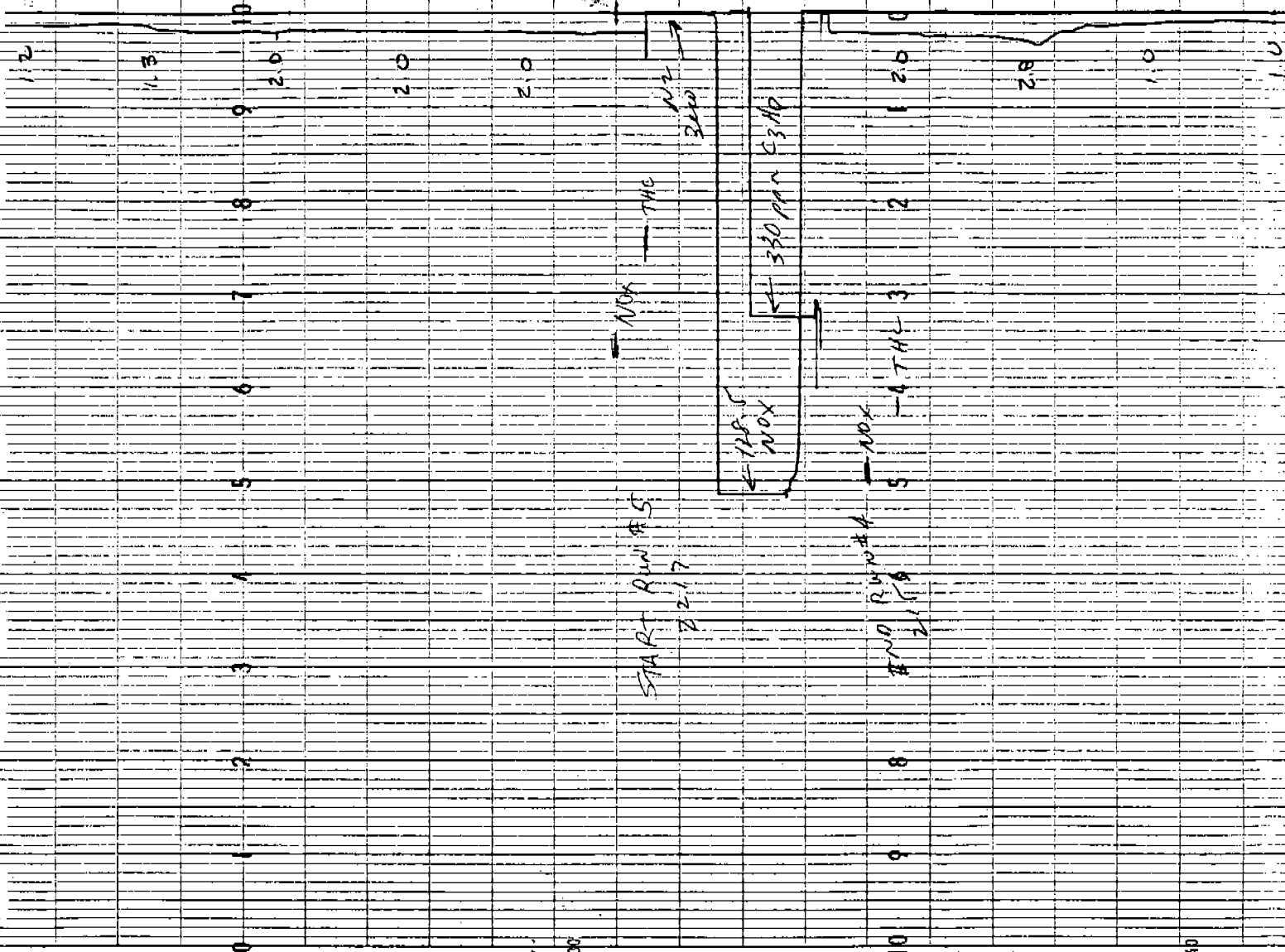
1

YOKOGAWA ◆



B9529AA(3045-13)

YOKOGAWA



YOKOGAWA ◆

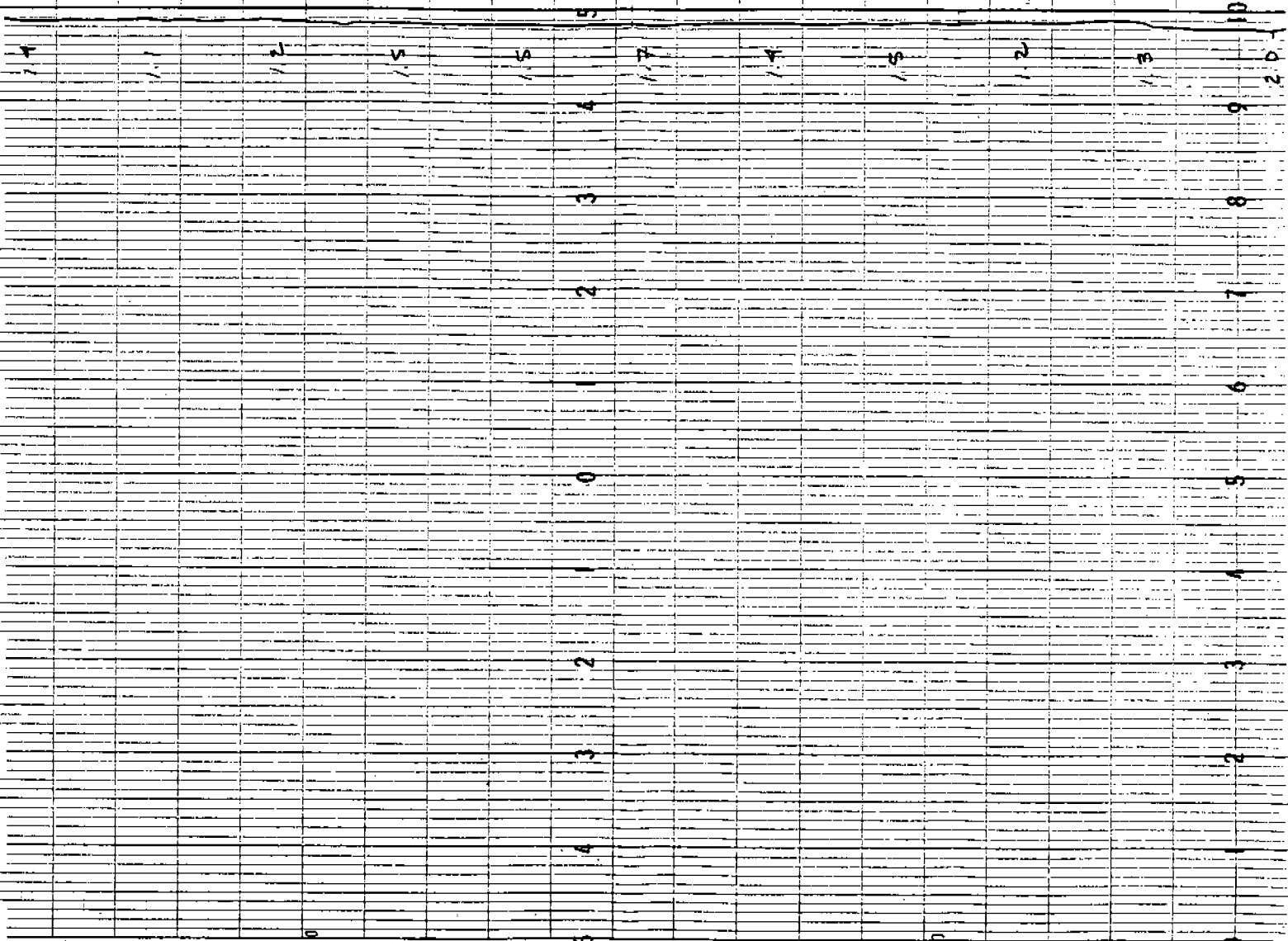
210

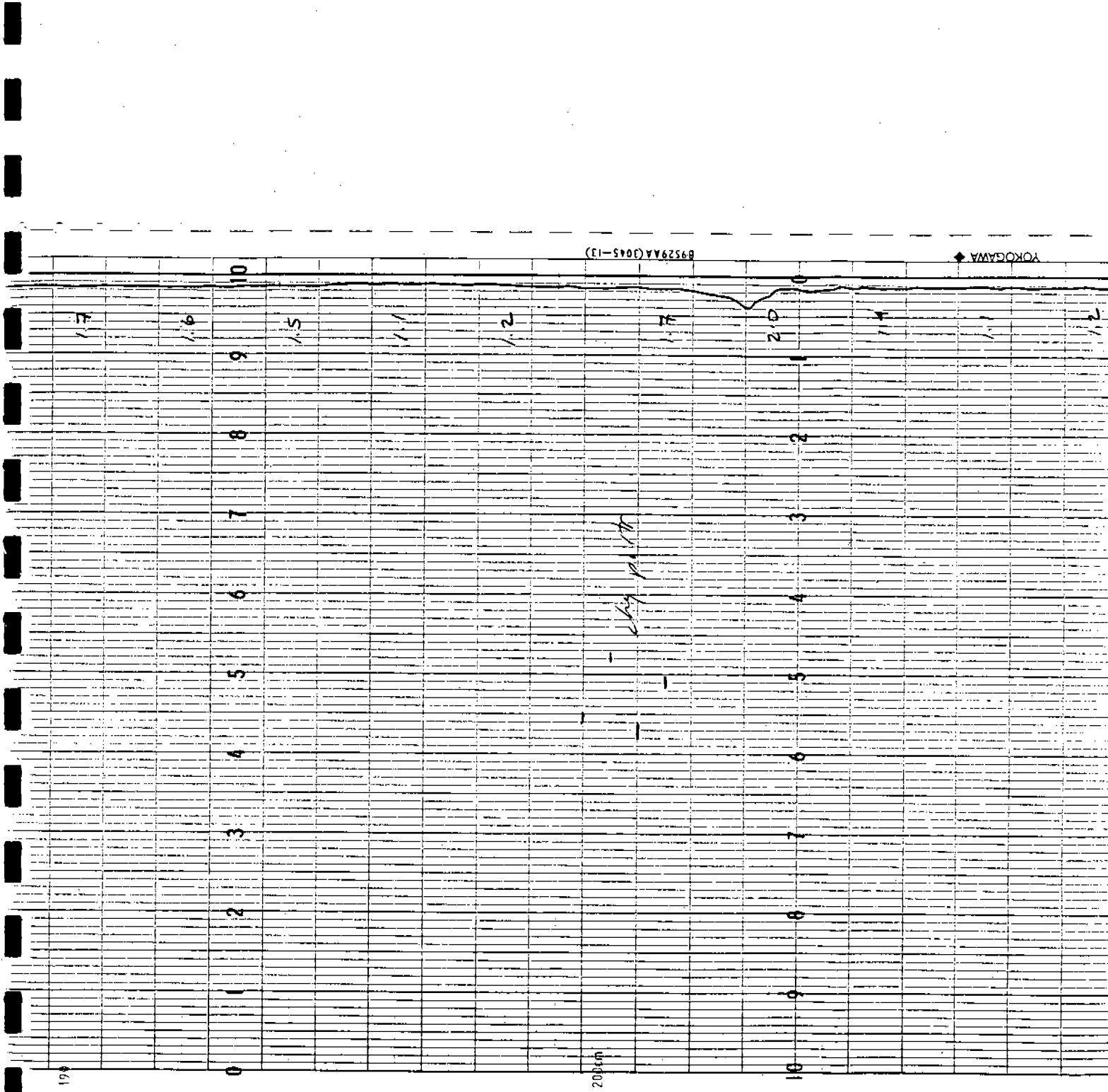
✱ KOKUSAI CHART

5

220

0





01 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

9 /

7 /

8 /

12

6 /

6 /

4 /

0 /

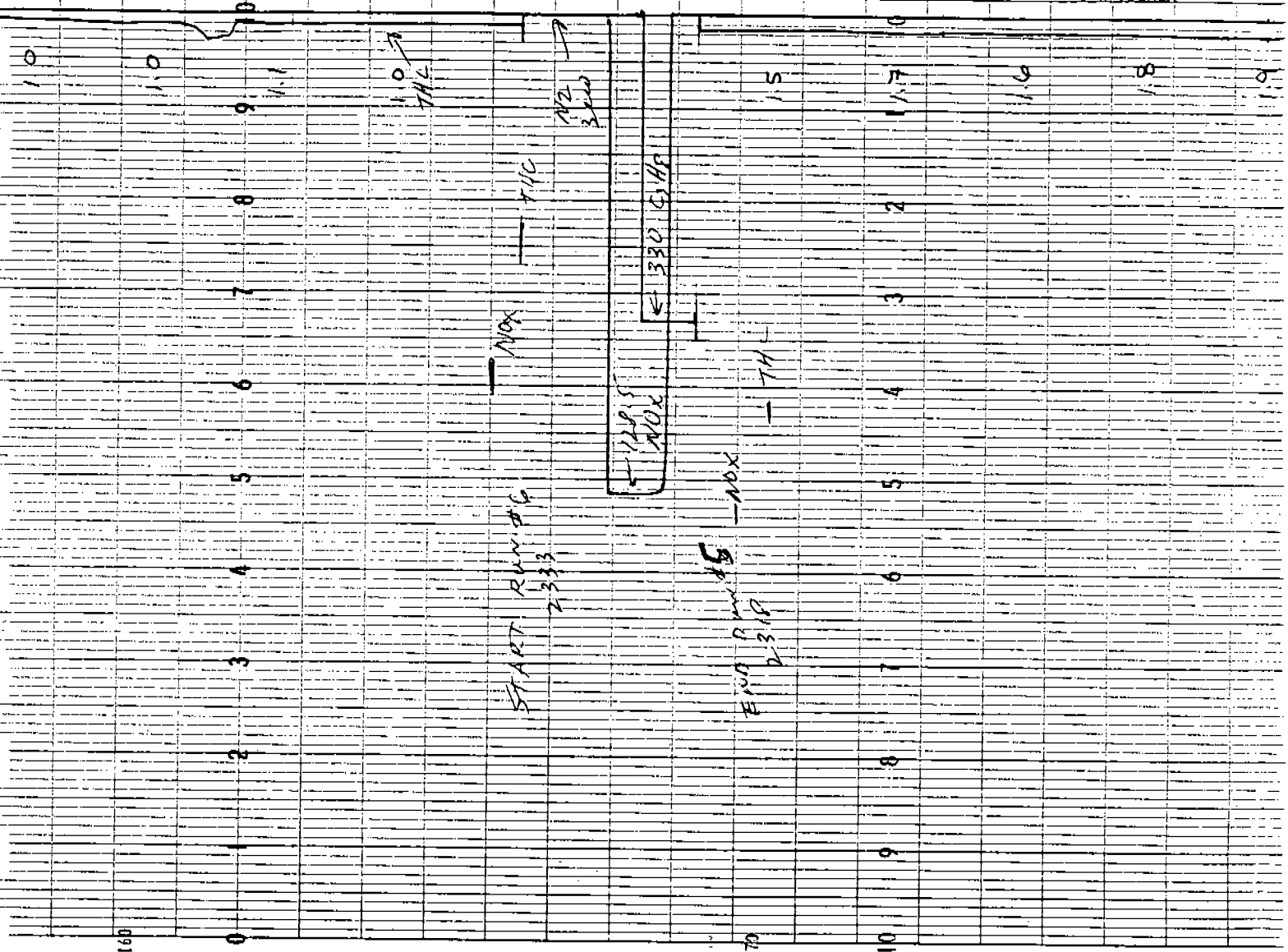
8 /

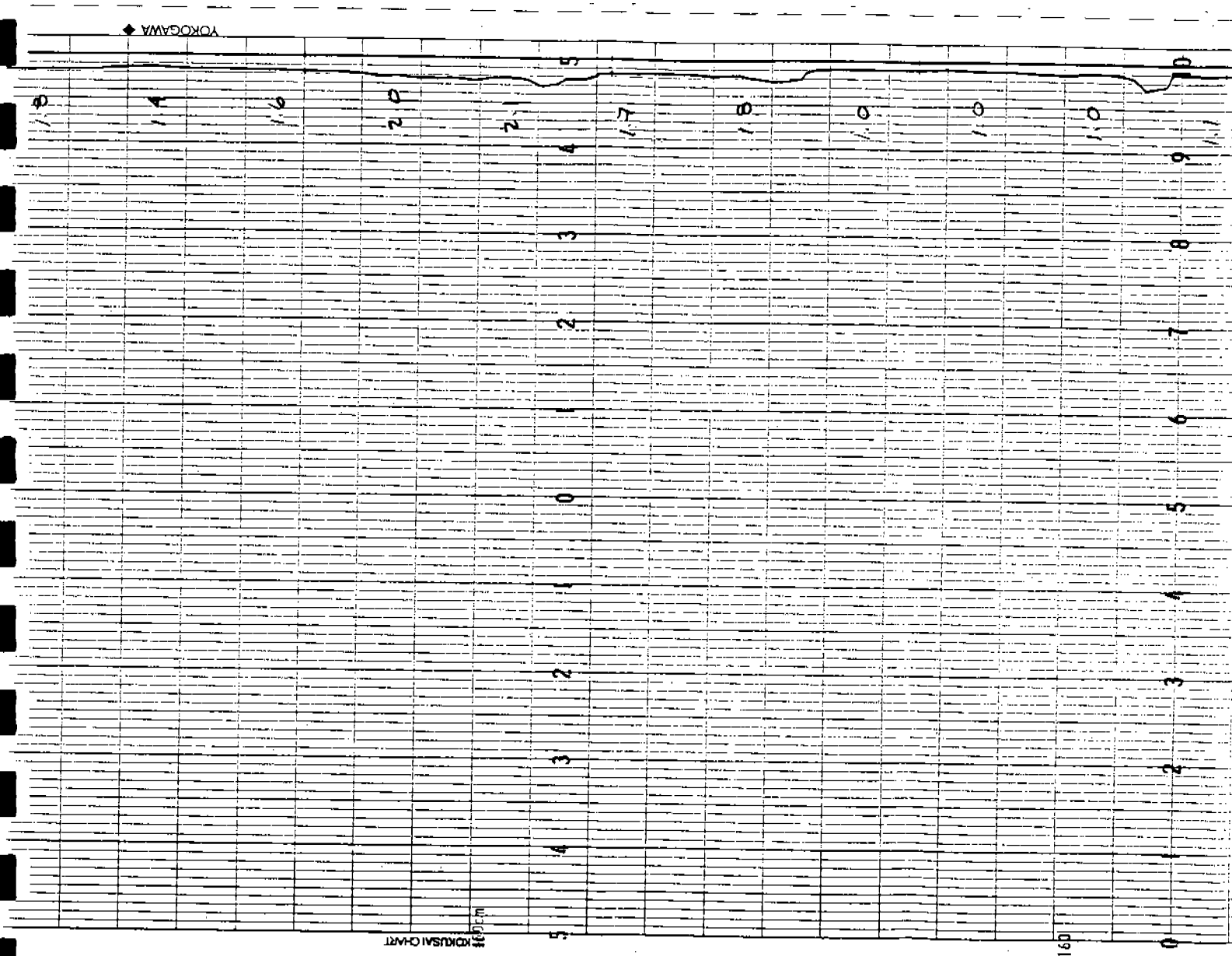
6 /

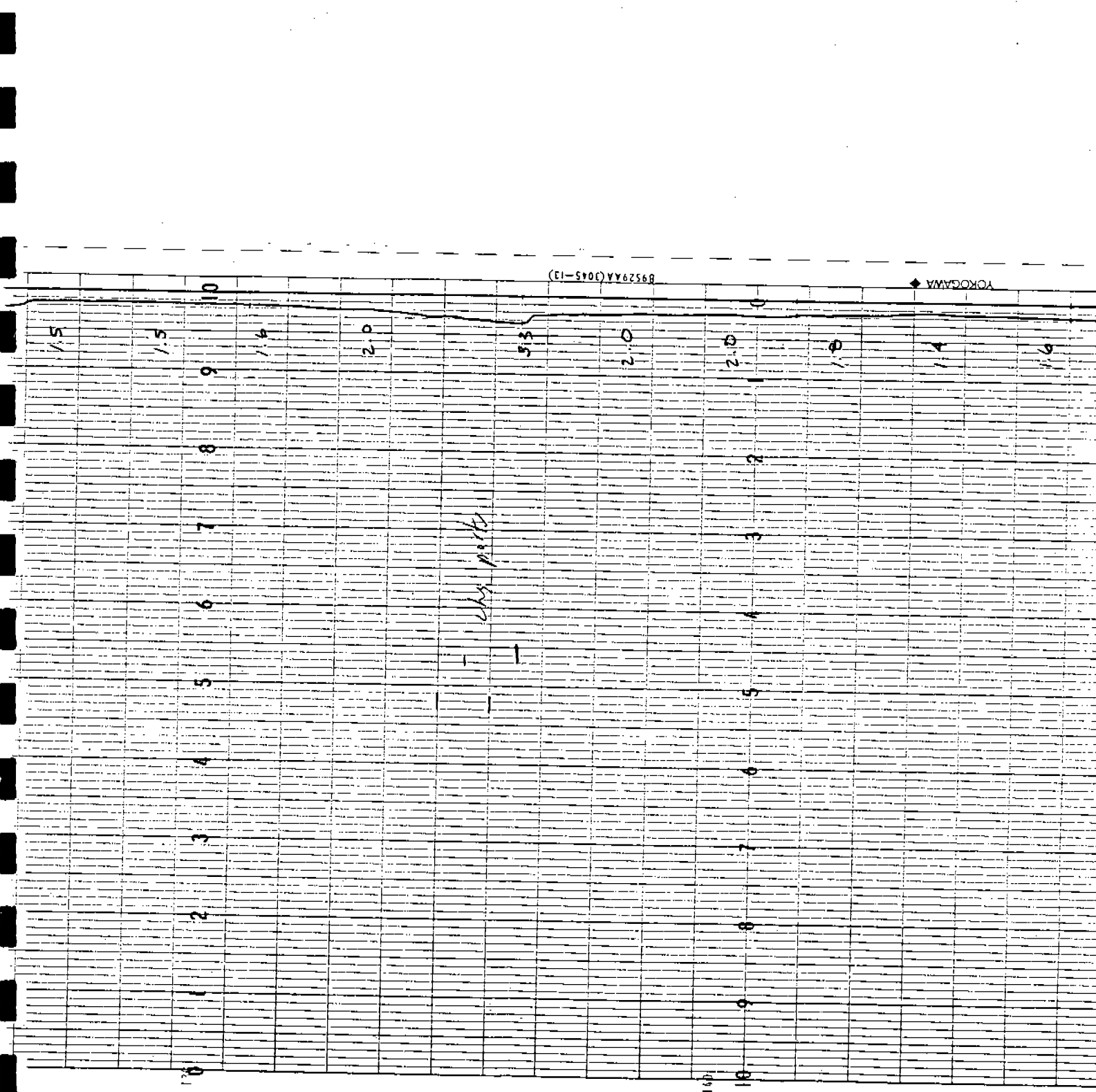
YOKOGAWA ◆

≡ KOKUSAI CHART

1961







YOKOGAWA

1.3

1.0

1.4

1.9

1.8

2.0

2.0

2.3

2.5

2.5

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

0

9

4

3

2

1

0

1

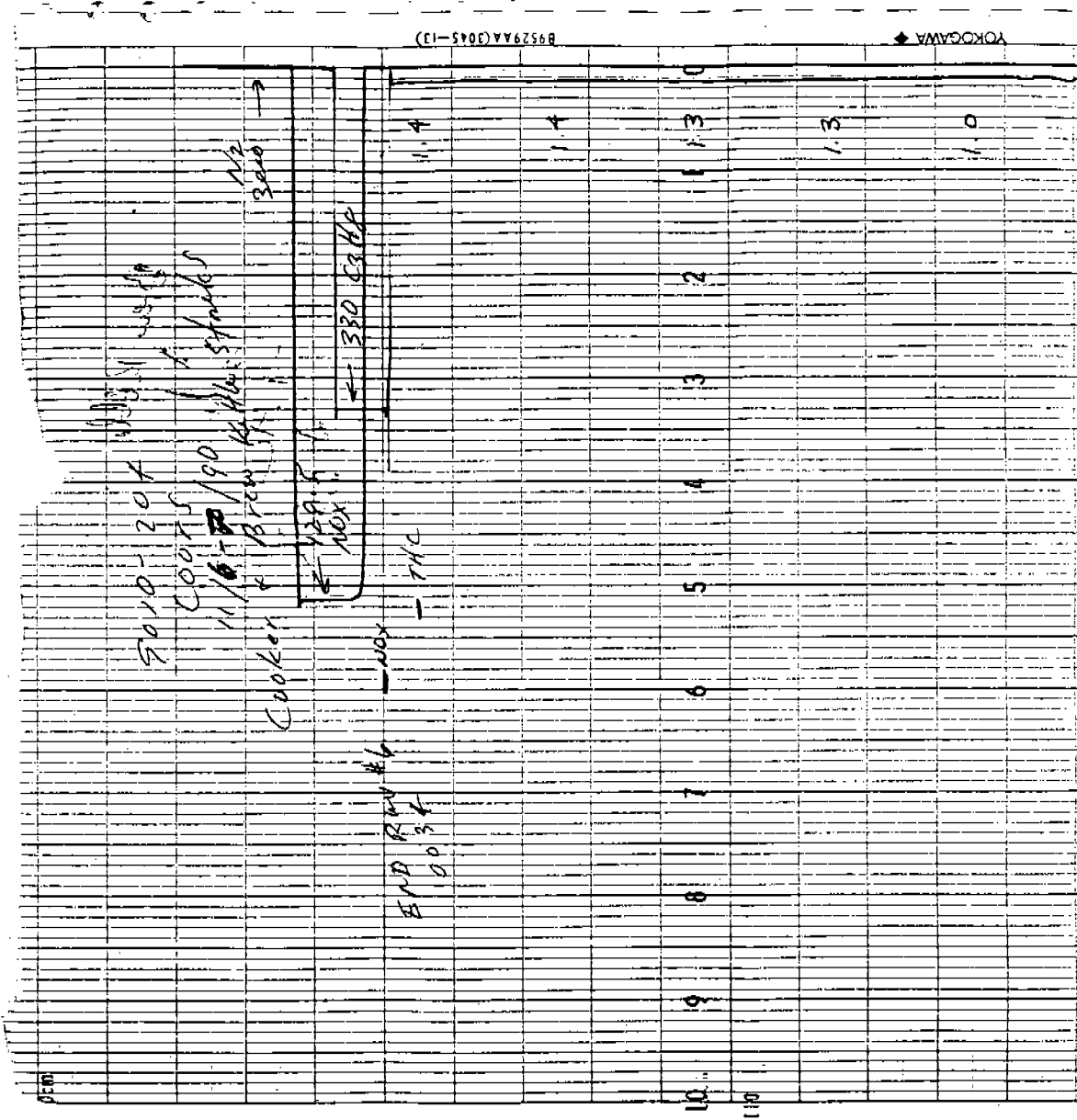
2

3

4

5

KOKUSAI CHART



89529AA(3045-13)

YOKOGAWA

APPENDIX E
Analytical Data

PARTICULATE

WESTERN ENVIRONMENTAL
SERVICES & TESTING, INC.

PARTICULATE ANALYSIS

Job No. 9010-204

Name Coors

Source Name COOKER

Run No. 1

Filter No. T-471

Front Wash 175 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6738

101.0079

Initial

0.6717

100.9959

0.0021 ⇒ 2.1 mg

0.0120 ⇒ 12.0 mg

- 2.0 BLANK

10.0 mg

MF 12.1 mg

MT _____ mg

Run No. 2

Filter No. T-473

Front Wash 225 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6700

104.9667

Initial

0.6692

104.9580

0.0008 ⇒ 0.8 mg

0.0087 ⇒ 8.7 mg

- 2.6 BLANK

6.1 mg

MF 6.9 mg

MT _____ mg

Run No. 3

Filter No. T-474

Front Wash 300 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6700

98.6084

Initial

0.6680

98.5925

0.0020 ⇒ 2.0 mg

0.0159 ⇒ 15.9 mg

- 3.4 BLANK

12.5 mg

MF 14.5 mg

MT _____ mg

Acetone Blank:

Volume 200 ml

Blank: 0.0115 mg/ml

Final 100.6169

Initial 100.6146
0.0023

Total
Weight 2.3 mg

D.I. Blank:

Volume _____ ml

Blank: _____ mg/ml

Final

Initial _____

Total

Weight _____ mg

WESTERN ENVIRONMENTAL
SERVICES & TESTING, INC.

PARTICULATE ANALYSIS

Job No. 9010-204

Name COORS

Source Name BREW KETTLE

Run No. 1

Filter No. 7-475

Front Wash 325 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6710

106.9260

Initial

0.6698

106.9170

0.0012 ⇒ 1.2 mg

0.0090 ⇒

9.0 mg

-3.7 BLANK

5.3 mg

MF 6.5 mg

MT _____ mg

Run No. 2

Filter No. 7-476

Front Wash 325 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6750

106.3372

Initial

0.6736

106.3294

0.0014 ⇒ 1.4 mg

0.0078 ⇒

7.8 mg

-3.7 BLANK

4.1 mg

MF 5.5 mg

MT _____ mg

Run No. 3

Filter No. 7-477

Front Wash 325 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6658

100.8923

Initial

0.6649

100.8862

0.0009 ⇒ 0.9 mg

0.0061 ⇒

6.1 mg

-3.7 BLANK

2.4 mg

MF 3.3 mg

MT _____ mg

Acetone Blank:

Volume 200 ml

Blank: 0.0115 mg/ml

Final 100.6169

Initial 100.6146

0.0023

Total

Weight 2.3 mg

D.I. Blank:

Volume _____ ml

Blank: _____ mg/ml

Final

Initial _____

Total

Weight _____ mg

WESTERN ENVIRONMENTAL
SERVICES & TESTING, INC.

PARTICULATE ANALYSIS

Job No. 9010-204

Name COORS

Source Name BREW KETTLE

Run No. 4

Filter No. T-478

Front Wash 400 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6782

101.0079

Initial

0.6761

100.9959

0.0021 ⇒ 2.1 mg

0.0120 ⇒ 12.0 mg

- 4.6 BLANK

7.4 mg

MF 9.5 mg

MT _____ mg

Run No. 5

Filter No. T-479

Front Wash 325 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6712

104.9667

Initial

0.6699

104.9580

0.0013 ⇒ 1.3 mg

0.0087 ⇒ 8.7 mg

- 3.7 BLANK

5.0 mg

MF 6.3 mg

MT _____ mg

Run No. 6

Filter No. T-480

Front Wash 300 ml

Impinger Catch - Backhalf _____ ml

Final

0.6679

98.6084

Initial

0.6658

98.5925

0.0021 ⇒ 2.1 mg

0.0159 ⇒ 15.9 mg

- 3.4 BLANK

12.5 mg

MF 14.6 mg

MT _____ mg

Acetone Blank:

Volume 200 ml

Blank: 0.0115 mg/ml

Final 100.6169

Initial 100.6146
0.0023

Total
Weight 2.3 mg

D.I. Blank:

Volume _____ ml

Blank: _____ mg/ml

Final

Initial _____

Total

Weight _____ mg

SULFUR DIOXIDE

Client CoorsSO₂ EMISSION DATAJob No. 9010-204Unit Tested COOKER STACK

Run Number	1	2	3
Date	11/6/90	11/6/90	11/6/90
Time	0630 - 0755	0833 - 0935	1015 - 1117
N - normality of Ba Cl ₂	0.009871	0.009871	0.009871
ML _I - ml in impinger #1	240	176	200
ML _I - ml in impinger #2	226	120	134
ML _I - ml in impinger #3	—	—	—
ML _A - ml in aliquot #1	5	5	5
ML _A - ml in aliquot #2	5	5	5
ML _A - ml in aliquot #3	—	—	—
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #1	0.10	0.05	0.05
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #2	0.10	0.05	0.05
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #3	—	—	—
ML _{BB} - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate blank	0.05	0.05	0.05
T _m - average gas meter temp., °F	82	86	86
V _m - volume of dry gas sampled @ meter conditions, ft. ³	58.413	70.251	65.211
P _b - barometric pressure, "Hg Abs.	24.24	24.24	24.24
Q _s - Stack gas volume dry @ standard conditions, *SCFM	4187	4898	4432
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #1, mgs	0.76	ND	ND
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #2, mgs	0.71	ND	ND
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #3, mgs	—	—	—
C _T - total SO ₂ in impingers, mgs	1.47		
ppm SO ₂	0.42	ND	ND
C _{SO₂} - emission rate of SO ₂ , lbs/day	0.42		
C _s - emission rate of S, lbs/day <u>SO₂ lbs/hr</u>	0.02		
*68°F, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)			

$$C_I = \frac{ML_I \times (ML_B - ML_{BB}) \times N \times 32}{ML_A}$$

$$\text{ppm SO}_2 = \frac{0.7513 \times C_T \times (T_m + 460)}{V_m P_b}$$

$$C_T = C_I \#1 + C_I \#2 + C_I \#3$$

$$C_{SO_2} = \text{ppm SO}_2 \times Q_s \times 239.2 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$C_s = \frac{C_{SO_2}}{2}$$

Unit Tested Brew Kettle Stack - Heat Reclaim on

Run Number	1	2	3
Date	11/6/90	11/6/90	11/6/90
Time	1336 - 1438	1700 - 1802	1823 - 1924
N - normality of Ba Cl ₂	0.009871	0.009871	0.009871
ML _I - ml in impinger #1	234	236	256
ML _I - ml in impinger #2	136	120	150
ML _I - ml in impinger #3	—	—	—
ML _A - ml in aliquot #1	5	5	5
ML _A - ml in aliquot #2	5	5	5
ML _A - ml in aliquot #3	—	—	—
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #1	0.10	0.10	0.07
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #2	0.10	0.10	0.07
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #3	—	—	—
ML _{BS} - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate blank	0.05	0.05	0.05
T _a - average gas meter temp., °F	82	82	84
V _m - volume of dry gas sampled @ meter conditions, ft. ³	42.966	42.838	50.152
P _b - barometric pressure, "Hg Abs.	24.24	24.24	24.24
Q _s - Stack gas volume dry @ standard conditions, *SCFM	11019	11905	13610
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #1, mgs	0.74	0.74	0.32
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #2, mgs	0.43	0.38	0.19
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #3, mgs	—	—	—
C _T - total SO ₂ in impingers, mgs	1.17	1.12	0.51
ppm SO ₂	0.4	0.4	0.2
C _{SO2} - emission rate of SO ₂ , lbs/day	1.05	1.14	0.65
C _e - emission rate of 6, lbs/day SO ₂ lbs/hr	0.04	0.05	0.03
*68°F, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)			

$$C_I = \frac{ML_I \times (ML_B - ML_{BS}) \times N \times 32}{ML_A}$$

$$\text{ppm SO}_2 = \frac{0.7513 \times C_T \times (T_m + 460)}{V_m P_b}$$

$$C_T = C_I \#1 + C_I \#2 + C_I \#3$$

$$C_{SO2} = \text{ppm SO}_2 \times Q_s \times 239.2 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$C_e = \frac{C_{SO2}}{2}$$

Unit Tested Brow Kettle Stack - Heat Reclaim Off

Run Number	4	5	6
Date	11/6/90	11/6/90	11/6/90
Time	2050 - 2153	2217 - 2318	2333 - 0034
N - normality of Ba Cl ₂	0.009871	0.009871	0.009871
ML _I - ml in impinger #1	304	309	425
ML _I - ml in impinger #2	134	160	206
ML _I - ml in impinger #3	—	—	—
ML _A - ml in aliquot #1	5	5	5
ML _A - ml in aliquot #2	5	5	5
ML _A - ml in aliquot #3	—	—	—
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #1	0.05	0.05	0.05
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #2	0.05	0.05	0.05
ML _B - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate #3	—	—	—
ML _{BB} - ml of Ba Cl ₂ to titrate blank	0.05	0.05	0.05
T _m - average gas meter temp., °F	81	81	80
V _m - volume of dry gas sampled @ meter conditions, ft. ³	47.493	44.878	41.780
P _b - barometric pressure, "Hg Abs.	24.24	24.24	24.24
Q _s - Stack gas volume dry @ standard conditions, *SCFM	14086	11797	10810
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #1, mgs	ND	ND	ND
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #2, mgs	ND	ND	ND
C _I - SO ₂ in impinger #3, mgs			
C _T - total SO ₂ in impingers, mgs			
ppm SO ₂	ND	ND	ND
^c SO ₂ - emission rate of SO ₂ , lbs/day			
C _s - emission rate of S, lbs/day			
*68°F, 29.92 "Hg (20°C, 760 mm Hg)			

$$C_I = \frac{ML_I \times (ML_B - ML_{BB}) \times N \times 32}{ML_A}$$

$$\text{ppm SO}_2 = \frac{0.7513 \times C_T \times (T_m + 460)}{V_m P_b}$$

$$C_T = C_I \#1 + C_I \#2 + C_I \#3$$

$$^c\text{SO}_2 = \text{ppm SO}_2 \times Q_s \times 239.2 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$C_s = \frac{^c\text{SO}_2}{2}$$

STANDARDIZATION OF SO_2 REAGENTS

Standardized By: L. McCullough

Date: 11/12/90

(I) Standardization of 0.1 N Sulfuric Acid

	grams Na_2CO_3	ml H_2SO_4	N H_2SO_4
1.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
2.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
3.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Average N =

$$\text{N } \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 = \frac{\text{grams } \text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \times 1000 \text{ ml/l}}{53.00 \text{ g/eq} \times \text{volume } \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \text{ in ml}}$$

$$\text{N } \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

(II) Standardization of Barium Chloride

	ml BaCl_2	N BaCl_2
1.	<u>10.1</u>	<u> </u>
2.	<u>10.1</u>	<u> </u>
3.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Average N BaCl_2 = 0.009871

$$\text{N } \text{BaCl}_2 = \frac{\text{Volume } \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \text{ in ml} \times \text{N } \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}{\text{Volume } \text{BaCl}_2 \text{ used in ml}}$$

$$\text{N } \text{BaCl}_2 = \underline{0.009871}$$

BaCl_2 should be standardized once every three (3) months.

SO₂ TITRATION DATA

Job Name: COORS
 Job Number: 9010-204
 Unit Tested: Cooker + Brew Kettle
 Date of Test: 11/6/90

Date: 11/12/90
 Analyzed By: T/M
 Normality: 0.009871

	Run/Impinger	Aliquot	1st Titration	2nd Titration	Average	Impinger Volume
Brew Kettle Stack	1 / 1	5 ml	0.10	0.10	0.10	234
	1 / 2	5	0.10	0.10	0.10	136
	2 / 1	5	0.10	0.10	0.10	236
	1 / 2	5	0.10	0.10	0.10	120
	3 / 1	5	0.05	0.10	0.07	256
	1 / 2	5	0.05	0.10	0.07	150
	4 / 1	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	304
	1 / 2	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	134
	5 / 1	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	309
	1 / 2	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	160
	6 / 1	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	425
	1 / 2	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	206
Cooker Stack	1 / 1	5	0.10	0.10	0.10	240
	1 / 2	5	0.10	0.10	0.10	226
	2 / 1	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	176
	1 / 2	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	120
	3 / 1	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	200
	1 / 2	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	134
	Blank	5	0.05	0.05	0.05	—

Replicate titrations must agree within 1.0 percent or 0.2 ml, whichever is larger.

ANALYZER DATA

TOTAL HYDROCARBONS

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant COORS Date 11/6/90

Sample location COOKER STACK

Run number 1 Time 0630-0755

Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>0.7</u>	<u> </u>
2	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
3	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
4	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
5	<u>0.3</u>	<u> </u>
6	<u>2.7</u>	<u> </u>
7	<u>0.5</u>	<u> </u>
8	<u>0.3</u>	<u> </u>
9	<u>0.6</u>	<u> </u>
10	<u>0.7</u>	<u> </u>
11	<u>0.6</u>	<u> </u>
12	<u>0.3</u>	<u> </u>
13	<u>0.5</u>	<u> </u>
14	<u>0.1</u>	<u> </u>
15	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
16	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
17	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
18	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
19	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
20	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
21	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
22	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
23	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
24	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
25	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
26	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
27	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
28	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
29	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
30	<u>0.0</u>	<u> </u>
Average	<u>0.2</u>	<u> </u>

= 2 ppm (dry basis)

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant Coors Date 11/6/90
 Sample location COOKER STACK
 Run number 2 Time 0833-0935
 Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>0.6</u>	
2	<u>0.8</u>	
3	<u>0.5</u>	
4	<u>0.5</u>	
5	<u>0.2</u>	
6	<u>0.4</u>	
7	<u>0.4</u>	
8	<u>0.4</u>	
9	<u>0.4</u>	
10	<u>0.4</u>	
11	<u>0.5</u>	
12	<u>0.6</u>	
13	<u>0.5</u>	
14	<u>0.5</u>	
15	<u>0.5</u>	
16	<u>0.6</u>	
17	<u>0.7</u>	
18	<u>0.6</u>	
19	<u>0.5</u>	
20	<u>0.5</u>	
21	<u>0.4</u>	
22	<u>0.3</u>	
23	<u>0.4</u>	
24	<u>0.3</u>	
25	<u>0.5</u>	
26	<u>0.9</u>	
27	<u>0.7</u>	
28	<u>0.6</u>	
29	<u>0.6</u>	
30	<u>0.8</u>	
Average	<u>0.5</u>	

= 5 ppm (dry basis)

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant COORS Date 11/6/90
 Sample location COOKER STACK
 Run number 3 Time 1015 - 1117
 Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>0.8</u>	
2	<u>1.0</u>	
3	<u>0.9</u>	
4	<u>0.6</u>	
5	<u>0.6</u>	
6	<u>0.7</u>	
7	<u>0.8</u>	
8	<u>0.7</u>	
9	<u>0.6</u>	
10	<u>0.6</u>	
11	<u>0.5</u>	
12	<u>0.5</u>	
13	<u>0.6</u>	
14	<u>0.5</u>	
15	<u>0.5</u>	
16	<u>0.3</u>	
17	<u>0.3</u>	
18	<u>0.4</u>	
19	<u>0.5</u>	
20	<u>0.6</u>	
21	<u>0.5</u>	
22	<u>0.5</u>	
23	<u>0.6</u>	
24	<u>0.7</u>	
25	<u>0.6</u>	
26	<u>0.6</u>	
27	<u>0.5</u>	
28	<u>0.4</u>	
29	<u>0.4</u>	
30	<u>0.5</u>	
Average	<u>0.6</u>	

= 6 ppm (dry basis)

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant COORS Date 11/6/90
 Sample location BREW KETTLE
 Run number 1 Time 1336-1438
 Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>1.1</u>	<u>11</u>
2	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>
3	<u>2.4</u>	<u>24</u>
4	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>
5	<u>0.4</u>	<u>4</u>
6	<u>1.1</u>	<u>11</u>
7	<u>0.8</u>	<u>8</u>
8	<u>0.9</u>	<u>9</u>
9	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>
10	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>
11	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>
12	<u>0.9</u>	<u>9</u>
13	<u>0.8</u>	<u>8</u>
14	<u>0.4</u>	<u>4</u>
15	<u>0.9</u>	<u>9</u>
16	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>
17	<u>1.3</u>	<u>13</u>
18	<u>1.7</u>	<u>17</u>
19	<u>1.3</u>	<u>13</u>
20	<u>1.5</u>	<u>15</u>
21	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>
22	<u>1.3</u>	<u>13</u>
23	<u>1.2</u>	<u>12</u>
24	<u>0.4</u>	<u>4</u>
25	<u>0.8</u>	<u>8</u>
26	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>
27	<u>0.8</u>	<u>8</u>
28	<u>0.7</u>	<u>7</u>
29	<u>0.8</u>	<u>8</u>
30	<u>0.9</u>	<u>9</u>
Average	<u>1.0</u>	<u>10</u>

= 10 ppm (dry basis)

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant Coors Date 11/6/90
Sample location BREW KETTLE
Run number 2 Time 1700-1802
Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>1.5</u>	<u> </u>
2	<u>1.4</u>	<u> </u>
3	<u>1.2</u>	<u> </u>
4	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
5	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
6	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
7	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
8	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
9	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
10	<u>0.8</u>	<u> </u>
11	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
12	<u>1.3</u>	<u> </u>
13	<u>1.3</u>	<u> </u>
14	<u>1.1</u>	<u> </u>
15	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
16	<u>1.2</u>	<u> </u>
17	<u>1.4</u>	<u> </u>
18	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
19	<u>0.8</u>	<u> </u>
20	<u>1.2</u>	<u> </u>
21	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
22	<u>0.8</u>	<u> </u>
23	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
24	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
25	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
26	<u>0.7</u>	<u> </u>
27	<u>0.7</u>	<u> </u>
28	<u>0.6</u>	<u> </u>
29	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>
30	<u>0.9</u>	<u> </u>
Average	<u>1.0</u>	<u> </u>

= 10 ppm (dry basis)

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant COORS Date 11/6/90
 Sample location BREW KETTLE
 Run number 3 Time 1823-1924
 Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>1.5</u>	_____
2	<u>1.1</u>	_____
3	<u>1.0</u>	_____
4	<u>1.1</u>	_____
5	<u>0.9</u>	_____
6	<u>1.0</u>	_____
7	<u>0.9</u>	_____
8	<u>0.7</u>	_____
9	<u>0.7</u>	_____
10	<u>0.8</u>	_____
11	<u>0.8</u>	_____
12	<u>0.9</u>	_____
13	<u>0.7</u>	_____
14	<u>0.8</u>	_____
15	<u>0.8</u>	_____
16	<u>1.0</u>	_____
17	<u>1.0</u>	_____
18	<u>0.8</u>	_____
19	<u>0.8</u>	_____
20	<u>0.6</u>	_____
21	<u>0.9</u>	_____
22	<u>0.7</u>	_____
23	<u>0.6</u>	_____
24	<u>0.9</u>	_____
25	<u>0.9</u>	_____
26	<u>1.0</u>	_____
27	<u>0.8</u>	_____
28	<u>0.5</u>	_____
29	<u>0.8</u>	_____
30	<u>0.9</u>	_____
Average	<u>0.9</u>	_____

= 9 ppm (dry basis)

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant Coors Date 11/6/90
 Sample location BREW KETTLE
 Run number 4 Time 2050-2153
 Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>1.9</u>	_____
2	<u>1.1</u>	_____
3	<u>1.0</u>	_____
4	<u>1.0</u>	_____
5	<u>1.0</u>	_____
6	<u>1.0</u>	_____
7	<u>1.0</u>	_____
8	<u>1.0</u>	_____
9	<u>1.0</u>	_____
10	<u>1.0</u>	_____
11	<u>1.0</u>	_____
12	<u>1.0</u>	_____
13	<u>1.1</u>	_____
14	<u>1.0</u>	_____
15	<u>1.0</u>	_____
16	<u>1.0</u>	_____
17	<u>1.0</u>	_____
18	<u>1.0</u>	_____
19	<u>1.0</u>	_____
20	<u>1.1</u>	_____
21	<u>1.0</u>	_____
22	<u>1.0</u>	_____
23	<u>1.0</u>	_____
24	<u>1.0</u>	_____
25	<u>1.2</u>	_____
26	<u>1.0</u>	_____
27	<u>1.0</u>	_____
28	<u>1.0</u>	_____
29	<u>2.8</u>	_____
30	<u>2.0</u>	_____
Average	<u>1.1</u>	_____

= 11 ppm (dry basis)

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant Coors Date 11/6/90
 Sample location BREW KETTLE
 Run number 5 Time 2217-2318
 Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>2.0</u>	_____
2	<u>2.0</u>	_____
3	<u>2.0</u>	_____
4	<u>1.3</u>	_____
5	<u>1.2</u>	_____
6	<u>1.5</u>	_____
7	<u>1.4</u>	_____
8	<u>1.7</u>	_____
9	<u>1.5</u>	_____
10	<u>1.5</u>	_____
11	<u>1.2</u>	_____
12	<u>1.1</u>	_____
13	<u>1.4</u>	_____
14	<u>2.0</u>	_____
15	<u>1.7</u>	_____
16	<u>1.2</u>	_____
17	<u>1.1</u>	_____
18	<u>1.5</u>	_____
19	<u>1.6</u>	_____
20	<u>1.7</u>	_____
21	<u>1.8</u>	_____
22	<u>2.1</u>	_____
23	<u>1.9</u>	_____
24	<u>1.6</u>	_____
25	<u>1.4</u>	_____
26	<u>1.9</u>	_____
27	<u>1.8</u>	_____
28	<u>1.6</u>	_____
29	<u>1.7</u>	_____
30	<u>1.5</u>	_____
Average	<u>1.6</u>	_____

= 16 ppm (dry basis)

THC CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant COORS Date 11/6-7/90
 Sample location BREW KETTLE
 Run number 6 Time 2333-0034
 Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals 2 MIN.

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm <u>THC</u> (from cal. curve)
1	<u>1.0</u>	_____
2	<u>1.1</u>	_____
3	<u>1.0</u>	_____
4	<u>1.0</u>	_____
5	<u>1.0</u>	_____
6	<u>1.8</u>	_____
7	<u>1.7</u>	_____
8	<u>2.1</u>	_____
9	<u>2.0</u>	_____
10	<u>1.6</u>	_____
11	<u>1.4</u>	_____
12	<u>1.8</u>	_____
13	<u>2.0</u>	_____
14	<u>2.0</u>	_____
15	<u>3.3</u>	_____
16	<u>2.0</u>	_____
17	<u>1.6</u>	_____
18	<u>1.5</u>	_____
19	<u>1.5</u>	_____
20	<u>2.3</u>	_____
21	<u>2.0</u>	_____
22	<u>2.0</u>	_____
23	<u>1.8</u>	_____
24	<u>1.9</u>	_____
25	<u>1.4</u>	_____
26	<u>1.0</u>	_____
27	<u>1.3</u>	_____
28	<u>1.3</u>	_____
29	<u>1.4</u>	_____
30	<u>1.4</u>	_____
Average	<u>1.6</u>	_____

= 16 ppm (dry basis)

OXIDES OF NITROGEN

METHOD 7E ANALYTICAL DATA & CALCULATIONS
CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant COORS Date 11/6-7/90
Sample location COOKER
Run number 1-3 Time 0630-1117
Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals _____

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm NOx (from cal. curve)
1	_____	_____
2	_____	_____
3	_____	_____
4	_____	_____
5	_____	_____
6	_____	_____
7	_____	_____
8	_____	_____
9	_____	_____
10	_____	_____
11	_____	_____
12	_____	_____
13	_____	_____
14	_____	_____
15	_____	_____
16	_____	_____
17	_____	_____
18	_____	_____
19	_____	_____
20	_____	_____
21	_____	_____
22	_____	_____
23	_____	_____
24	_____	_____
25	_____	_____
26	_____	_____
27	_____	_____
28	_____	_____
29	_____	_____
30	_____	_____
Average	_____	_____

= _____ ppm (dry basis)

* ALL RUNS READ LESS THAN 1 ppm.

METHOD 7E ANALYTICAL DATA & CALCULATIONS
CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant Coors Date 11/6-7/90
Sample location BREW KETTLE
Run number 1-3 Time 1336-1924
Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals _____

<u>Interval</u>	<u>Chart Recorder Deflection, %</u>	<u>ppm NOx (from cal. curve)</u>
1	_____	_____
2	_____	_____
3	_____	_____
4	_____	_____
5	_____	_____
6	_____	_____
7	_____	_____
8	_____	_____
9	_____	_____
10	_____	_____
11	_____	_____
12	_____	_____
13	_____	_____
14	_____	_____
15	_____	_____
16	_____	_____
17	_____	_____
18	_____	_____
19	_____	_____
20	_____	_____
21	_____	_____
22	_____	_____
23	_____	_____
24	_____	_____
25	_____	_____
26	_____	_____
27	_____	_____
28	_____	_____
29	_____	_____
30	_____	_____
Average	_____	_____

= _____ ppm (dry basis)

* ALL RUNS READ LESS THAN 1 ppm.

METHOD 7E ANALYTICAL DATA & CALCULATIONS
CONTINUOUS ANALYSIS

Plant COORS Date 11/6-7/90
Sample location BREW KETTLE
Run number 4-6 Time 2050-0034
Operator M. REYNOLDS Intervals _____

Interval	Chart Recorder Deflection, %	ppm NOx (from cal. curve)
1	_____	_____
2	_____	_____
3	_____	_____
4	_____	_____
5	_____	_____
6	_____	_____
7	_____	_____
8	_____	_____
9	_____	_____
10	_____	_____
11	_____	_____
12	_____	_____
13	_____	_____
14	_____	_____
15	_____	_____
16	_____	_____
17	_____	_____
18	_____	_____
19	_____	_____
20	_____	_____
21	_____	_____
22	_____	_____
23	_____	_____
24	_____	_____
25	_____	_____
26	_____	_____
27	_____	_____
28	_____	_____
29	_____	_____
30	_____	_____
Average	_____	_____

= _____ ppm (dry basis)

* ALL RUNS READ LESS THAN 1 PPM.

INTEGRATED BAG SAMPLES



**WESTERN
ENVIRONMENTAL
SERVICES AND
TESTING INC.**

6756 West Uranium Road
Casper, Wyoming 82604
307/234-5511

76 Imperial Drive, Unit I
Evanston, Wyoming 82930
307/789-6420

Client : Adolph Coors Company
Address: CE 125 Golden, CO 80401
Attention: Jere Zimmermon

LAB# : 90-2241-1

Sample Type : Air Bags
Submitted By: Western Environmental
Analyzed By : NR
Subject : 9010-204

Date Sampled : 11-06-90
Date Submitted: 11-12-90
Date Analyzed : 11-20-90

Sample #	Sample I.D.	Parameter	Units	Level
2241-1	Cooker Stack	Methane	ppm	1.7
	Run #1-3			
	0800 hrs 11/06/90	Ethane	ppm	0.1
		C3	ppm	*ND
		C4	ppm	0.4
		C5	ppm	10.0

* = Not Detected

The C5 results are a conglomeration of little peaks with one major large constituent that may be something other than a straight chain hydrocarbon with a relatively different response factor.

Niels L Rasmussen
Analyst



**WESTERN
ENVIRONMENTAL
SERVICES AND
TESTING INC.**

6756 West Uranium Road.
Casper, Wyoming 82604
307/234-5511

76 Imperial Drive, Unit I
Evanston, Wyoming 82930
307/789-6420

Client : Adolph Coors Company
Address: CE 125 Golden, CO 80401
Attention: Jere Zimmermon

LAB# : 90-2241-2

Sample Type : Air Bags
Submitted By: Western Environmental
Analyzed By : NR
Subject : 9010-204

Date Sampled : 11-06-90
Date Submitted: 11-12-90
Date Analyzed : 11-20-90

Sample #	Sample I.D.	Parameter	Units	Level
2241-2	Brew Kettle	Methane	ppm	1.4
	Run #1-3			
	1430 hrs 11-06-90	Ethane	ppm	*ND
		C3	ppm	*ND
		C4	ppm	0.4
		C5	ppm	11.7

* = Not Detected

The C5 results are a conglomeration of little peaks with one major large constituent that may be something other than a straight chain Hydrocarbon with a relatively different response factor.

Neil L. Rasmussen
Analyst

**WESTERN
ENVIRONMENTAL
SERVICES AND
TESTING INC.**

6756 West Uranium Road
Casper, Wyoming 82604
307/234-5511

76 Imperial Drive, Unit I
Evanston, Wyoming 82930
307/789-6420

Client : Adolph Coors Company
Address: CE 125 Golden, CO 80401
Attention: Jere Zimmermon

LAB# : 90-2241-3

Sample Type : Air Bags
Submitted By: Western Environmental
Analyzed By : NR
Subject : 9010-204

Date Sampled : 11-06-90
Date Submitted: 11-12-90
Date Analyzed : 11-20-90

Sample #	Sample I.D.	Parameter	Units	Level
2241-3	Brew Kettle	Methane	ppm	1.4
	Run #4-6			
	2245 hrs 11-06-90	Ethane	ppm	1.0
		C3	ppm	*ND
		C4	ppm	1.9
		C5	ppm	7.5

* = Not Detected

The C5 results are a conglomeration of little peaks with one major large constituent that may be something other than a straight chain Hydrocarbon with a relatively different response factor.

Neil L. Rasmussen
Analyst

APPENDIX F

Chain of Custody
and
Analysis Request

WESTERN ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES AND TESTING, INC.

Chain of Custody and Analysis Request

Job Number 9010-204

Date(s) Sampled Nov. 6, 1990

Job Name Coors

Number of Runs 3

Source Location Golden CO

Unit Tested Combined Coors Stack

Absorbing Solution/Analysis For

Run	Filter Number	Imp 1	Imp 2	Imp 3	Imp 4	Probe Wash
1	T-471	6% H_2O_2 / moist SO ₂	6% H_2O_2 / moist. SO ₂	Dry / moist	silico gel / moist	Acetone / part
2	T-473	"	"	"	"	"
3	T-474	"	"	"	"	"
4						

No. monitor

Other _____

Total Number of Sample Bottles: 9

Total Number of Filters: 3

Comments: Integrated bag sample for ethane/methane analysis

Person Responsible for Samples: J. Mendez

Sample No.	Recovered by	Date	Time	Location
1	J. Mendez	11/6/90	0830	on site
2	J. Mendez	11/6/90	0950	on site
3	J. Mendez	11/6/90	1140	on site
4				

Samples Received By J. Mendez for transport Date: 11/9/90 Time: 1400

Samples Received at Lab by Nicholas L. Rasmussen Date: 11/9/90 Time: 1930

Samples Analyzed by staff. N.B./JPM/NR/TM Date: 11/10-15/90 Time: —

WESTERN ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES AND TESTING, INC.

Chain of Custody and Analysis Request

Job Number 9010-204

Date(s) Sampled 11/6/90

Job Name Coors

Number of Runs 3

Source Location 60/dn CO

Unit Tested Brew Kettle Stack- Heat Reclaim On

Absorbing Solution/Analysis For

Run	Filter Number	Imp 1	Imp 2	Imp 3	Imp 4	Probe Wash
1	T-475	6% / moist H ₂ O / SO ₂	6% / moist H ₂ O / SO ₂	dry / moist	silica gel / moist	Acetone / part.
2	T-476	"	"	"	"	"
3	T-477	"	"	"	"	"
4						

No. monitor

Other _____

Total Number of Sample Bottles: 9

Total Number of Filters: 3

Comments: 3 Integrated bag sample for ethan/methan

Person Responsible for Samples: J Mendez

Sample No.	Recovered by	Date	Time	Location
1	J Mendez	11/6/90	1500	on site
2	J Mendez	11/6/90	1820	on site
3	J Mendez	11/6/90	1940	on site
4				

Samples Received By J Mendez for transport Date: 11/9/90 Time: 1400

Samples Received at Lab by Nils L Rasmussen Date: 11/9/90 Time: 1930

Samples Analyzed by Staff NB/SPM/NR/TM Date: 11/10/90 Time: -

WESTERN ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES AND TESTING, INC.

Chain of Custody and Analysis Request

Job Number 9010-204

Date(s) Sampled 11/6/90

Job Name Boers

Number of Runs 3

Source Location Golden CO

Unit Tested Brew Kettle Stack - Heat Recovery off

Absorbing Solution/Analysis For

Run	Filter Number	Imp 1	Imp 2	Imp 3	Imp 4	Probe Wash
1 4	T-478	6% H_2O_2 / moist SO_2	6% H_2O_2 / moist SO_2	Dry / moist	silico gel / moist	Acetone / part
2 5	T-479	"	"	"	"	"
3 6	T-480	"	"	"	"	"
4						

No.: monitor

Other _____

Total Number of Sample Bottles: 9

Total Number of Filters: 3

Comments: Integrated bag samples for ethane/methane analysis

Person Responsible for Samples: J. Mender

Sample No.	Recovered by	Date	Time	Location
1 4	J. Mender	11/6/90	2200	on site
2 5	J. M.	11/6/90	2340	on site
3 6		11/7/90	0100	on site
4				

Samples Received By J. Mender for transport Date: 11/9/90 Time: 1400

Samples Received at Lab by Phil L. Rasmussen Date: 11/9/90 Time: 1930

Samples Analyzed by staff NB/SPM/WR/TM Date: 11/10/90 Time: -

APPENDIX G

Resumes of Test Personnel.

JAMES E. MEADOR, JR.

CURRENT:
06/01/81 to
present

Vice President, Western Environmental Services and Testing, Inc., Casper, WY, and Evanston, WY; an environmental monitoring and consulting firm.

PROFESSIONAL:
12/01/78 to
05/31/81

Partner, Air Quality Department, Kumpe and Associates, P.C., Casper, WY; an engineering and consulting firm.

02/14/77 to
12/01/78

Field Testing Supervisor, Ecology Audits, Inc., Dallas, TX; an environmental monitoring and consulting firm.

EDUCATION:

Bachelor of Science - Major - Biology; Minor - Chemistry; Southwest Texas State University, San Marcos, TX, December 1976

TECHNICAL EXPERIENCE:

Managed over 800 source emission surveys throughout the United States; conducted over 30 ambient air studies in the past years throughout the southwest and western U.S.

TEACHING EXPERIENCE:

Assisted in short course "Performing and Observing Source Sampling," September 1977; conducted source sampling training for industrial personnel at various locations. As an undergraduate student, employed as laboratory instructor for botany classes.

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING:

Attended short course "Performing and Observing Source Sampling," July 1977.

CERTIFICATIONS:

Asbestos: Contractor/Supervisor
Visible Emissions Evaluator
Private Pilot - Single engine land

PROFESSIONAL
MEMBERSHIPS:

Air Pollution Control Association
TP-7 Committee - Source Emissions Testing
Society of Mining Engineers of A.I.M.E.
Source Evaluation Society
Wyoming Mining Association
Colorado Mining Association

MICHAEL E. REYNOLDS

CURRENT:
01/90
to present

Field Testing Supervisor, Western Environmental Services and Testing, Inc., Casper, Wyoming, and Evanston, Wyoming; an environmental monitoring and consulting firm.

PROFESSIONAL:
04/89 to 01/90

Senior Technician, Western Environmental Services and Testing, Inc., Casper, Wyoming, and Evanston, Wyoming; an environmental monitoring and consulting firm.

EDUCATION:

South Dakota School of Mines and Technology, Mining Engineering, September 1978 to May 1980.

University of Wyoming, Laramie, Undergraduate business courses consistent with M.B.A. program

Bachelor of Science, Petroleum Engineering, December 1983

TECHNICAL EXPERIENCE:

Assisted in over 75 source emissions surveys and the maintenance of various ambient air networks.