

Note: This is a reference cited in *AP 42, Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume I Stationary Point and Area Sources*. AP42 is located on the EPA web site at www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/

The file name refers to the reference number, the AP42 chapter and section. The file name "ref02_c01s02.pdf" would mean the reference is from AP42 chapter 1 section 2. The reference may be from a previous version of the section and no longer cited. The primary source should always be checked.

AP-42 Section 11.6
 Reference 32
 Report Sect. 4
 Reference 25

Source category:
 Plant name :
 Test date :
 Process :

Portland Cement
 Leeds Portland Cement Co.
 9/17 - 9/21/84
 dry

Date: 01/12/93
 Location: Leeds, AL
 Ref. No.: 25
 Basis for process rate : kiln feed

Source	Type of control	Pollutant	Run No.	Emission rate, lb/hr	Process rate, ton/hr	Emission factor		Volumetric flow rate, DSCFH	Concen ppm
						kg/Mg	lb/ton		
rotary kiln w/ suspension preheater (coal-fired)	ESP	BASED ON FEED RATE							
		filt. PM	2	24.61	140	0.0879	0.1758		
		filt. PM	3	25.40	138	0.0920	0.1841		
		filt. PM	4	16.74	135	0.0620	0.1240		
		filt. PM	5	15.66	134	0.0584	0.1169		
		AVERAGE				0.0751	0.1502	RATING:	B
		CO2	2	141,724	140	506	1,012	6,543,110	19.0
		CO2	3	140,901	138	511	1,021	6,505,131	19.0
		CO2	4	134,203	135	497	994	6,261,813	18.8
		CO2	5	131,152	134	489	979	6,119,463	18.8
		AVERAGE				501	1,002	RATING:	B
clinker cooler	cyclone + gravel bed filter	BASED ON KILN FEED RATE							
		filt. PM	8	73.85	154	0.2398	0.4795		
		filt. PM	9	38.92	163	0.1194	0.2388		
		filt. PM	10	49.90	155	0.1610	0.3219		
		AVERAGE				ERR	ERR	RATING:	B
		CO2	8	3,676	140	13.1	26.3	4,606,761	0.7
		CO2	9	4,103	138	14.9	29.7	5,141,971	0.7
		CO2	10	4,696	135	17.4	34.8	5,884,683	0.7
		AVERAGE				134	15.1	30.3	RATING:

Notes: 1. Raw mill data not available for this unit.

Notes:

1. Raw mill data not useable because mill is ducted to same stack as kiln.
2. Kiln emission factors for emissions with mill off only.
3. Note that cooler emission factors are based on kilns feed rate; cooler feed rate not provided in report.

Section III
DESCRIPTION OF INSTALLATION - GENERAL

The progression of materials through the facility at Universal Atlas Cement in Leeds, Alabama, begins at the raw grinding department. The raw grinding department receives proportional raw materials and grinds them to the proper size. Acceptable size finished products are transferred from the raw mill area to blending/storage silos via a pumping system.

A feed bin receives the proportioned raw materials, and a constant level is maintained in the feed bin by a weight controller on the central control panel. From the mill feed bin the raw mix is delivered to the Loesche Mill feed chute via a weigh feeder. The chute contains a triple gate feeder which serves as an air lock for the Loesche Mill. Material out of the chute falls on a circular grinding bed and is thrown by centrifugal force under the grinding rollers. A retention ring on the periphery of the grinding bed forms the material into a predetermined, uniform thickness. The ground material spills over the edge of the retention ring and is elevated to a rotary classifier at the top of the mill by an air stream passing up through the angular louvers at the periphery of the grinding bed. The classifier separates the fines from the coarse particles - the coarse falling back into the grinding bed. The finer particles are carried by the air stream to an electrostatic precipitator. The product discharge from the precipitator is then sampled and transferred to the blending/storage silo via the pumping system.

The Loesch Mill is also air swept for simultaneous drying of the raw material by hot gases from the preheater. In case

no waste gases are available, the hot air for drying is produced by an air furnace which is equipped with automatic temperature controls. When the Loesche Mill is not operating, kiln gases are diverted through a conditioning tower to maintain suitable characteristics for particular collection by the precipitator.

Blending of raw materials occurs in a silo which utilizes a four-way cycling air valve to provide a uniform mix. Withdrawal from the blending silo is of the continuous overflow type which transports material via an air slide system to a selected storage silo. A rotary valve located at the bottom of the blending silo is used for direct removal of material into storage silo #1. Each storage silo is capable of two material withdrawal options. The normal material flow is through a level box and weighing system with the subsequent transport of material to the preheater by a pump. A bypass option routes the material around the weighing system to a pump for recirculation into the blending silo.

Dry Process

The preheater, rotary kiln, and clinker cooler transform the blended raw material into the clinker product. Raw material is clinkered by the intense heat flowing through the kiln and preheater. Clinker from the kiln discharges at approximately 2600°F and is quickly reduced to approximately 150°F at the discharge of the clinker cooler.

Hot kiln waste gases enter the refractory lined preheater through the duct beneath the kiln and stage #14 of the preheater; the gases are drawn up through the four stages by a fan. The gases from the kiln enter stage #4 at about 1900°F and leave stage #1 at about 650°F. Kiln feed enters the preheater and passes counter to the gas flow; material particles absorb heat as they mix with the hot gases.

Blended kiln feed material pumped from the storage silos enters the top of the preheater through the gas duct between stages #1 and #2. Heat is transferred from the gases to the pulverized material that is descending through the cyclones. The preheater quickly raises the temperature of the dry blended raw material from approximately 140°F to about 1450°F in four progressively hotter stages. The feed forms a suspended cloud as it mixes with the exhaust gases. Kiln waste gases provide all the heat required by the preheater. The preheater feed rate is controlled by kiln speed. The feed ratio to the kiln revolution ratio can be changed at any time.

Clinker discharges by gravity from the kiln into a six compartment grate cooler that is equipped with a clinker breaker at the discharge end. The clinker cooler performs four functions: (1) it quickly cools clinker, (2) it recovers heat from use in the kiln and other departments, (3) it reduces clinker to desired size, and (4) it drags cooled clinker to a belt conveyor.

The cooler has six fans that force air at ambient temperatures through the bed of hot clinker for quick temperature reduction. Heated air that has passed through the clinker bed has three possible exits; through the cyclone gravel bed filter, the kiln, or the coal mill. Coal is the principal fuel for firing the kiln. If needed, #2 oil is present for start-up purposes and emergency firing.

A process flow diagram is shown by Figure 3-1.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FILTER - CLINKER COOLER

The system consists of twelve (12) cyclone/filter bed modules operating in parallel from a main inlet chamber.

The operation of each cyclone/filter module is identical. Figure 3.2 illustrates the details of a cyclone/filter module.

NOTE: Double filter modules differ only in the fact that there are two (2) valves, beds and rakes for each cyclone. The sequence described below would occur simultaneously in both of the filter beds located over a particular cyclone.

Raw dust-laden gas enters the module from the inlet chamber (1) into the cyclone. The cyclone (2) removes the coarse dust and the gas flow moves up the vortex tube (4) into the filter chamber (5). The removed dust is discharged via the tipping gates (3). The gas flow then is directed through the filter media (6), where the remaining dust is removed. The gas then passes through the media support screen (7), into the clean gas chamber (8), and through the clean gas outlet duct (9).

The above described process continues until the filter bed becomes sufficiently coated with dust to require cleaning. At this point, the cyclone/filter module is isolated from the clean gas stream by actuation of the backwash control valve (10) via the valve operator (12). At this point, the module has entered the bed cleaning or backflush mode. This mode is illustrated in Figure 3.3. During bed cleaning, clean air enters the unit through the backflush air inlet (11) and is directed upward through the filter media (6). During this period, the stirring rake (13) is activated via the stirring rake motor (14). During the combined rake and air flushing, the dust is removed from the filter media and directed down the vortex tube (4). This dust is an agglomerated particles significantly larger than when they first reached the gravel bed. Some of the resuspended dust

is removed in the cyclone (2); the remainder passes into the inlet chamber (1) where more of the dust is removed because of the greatly reduced velocities. The backflush gases and the balance of agglomerated dust is distributed to the other cyclone/filter modules for removal by cyclonic action. Only one (1) filter module (having one (1) filter bed on SB units and two (2) filter beds on DB units) is removed at a time for cleaning. The cleaning cycle is controlled by timers located in the control panel.

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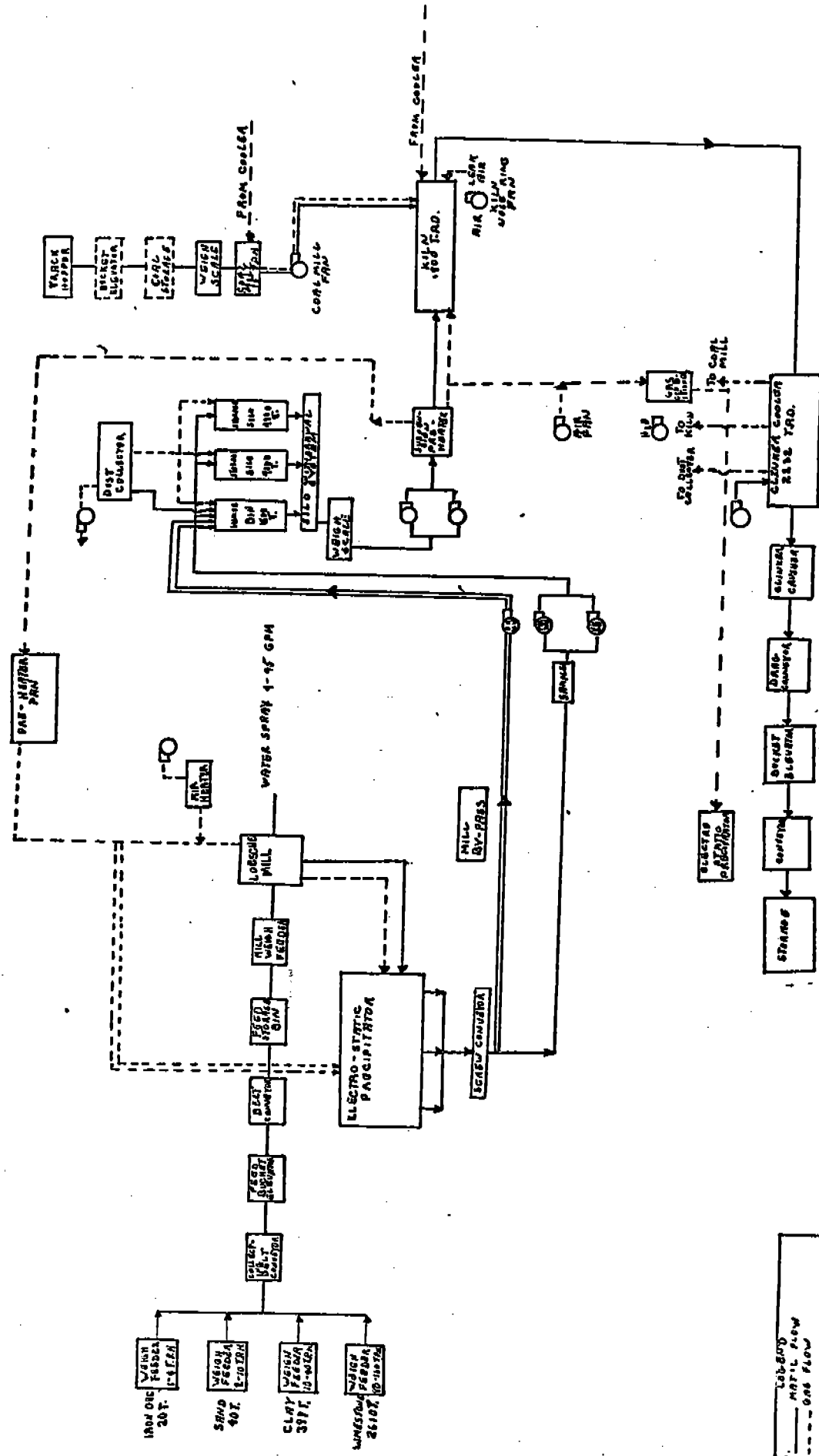
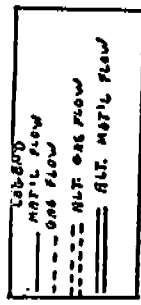
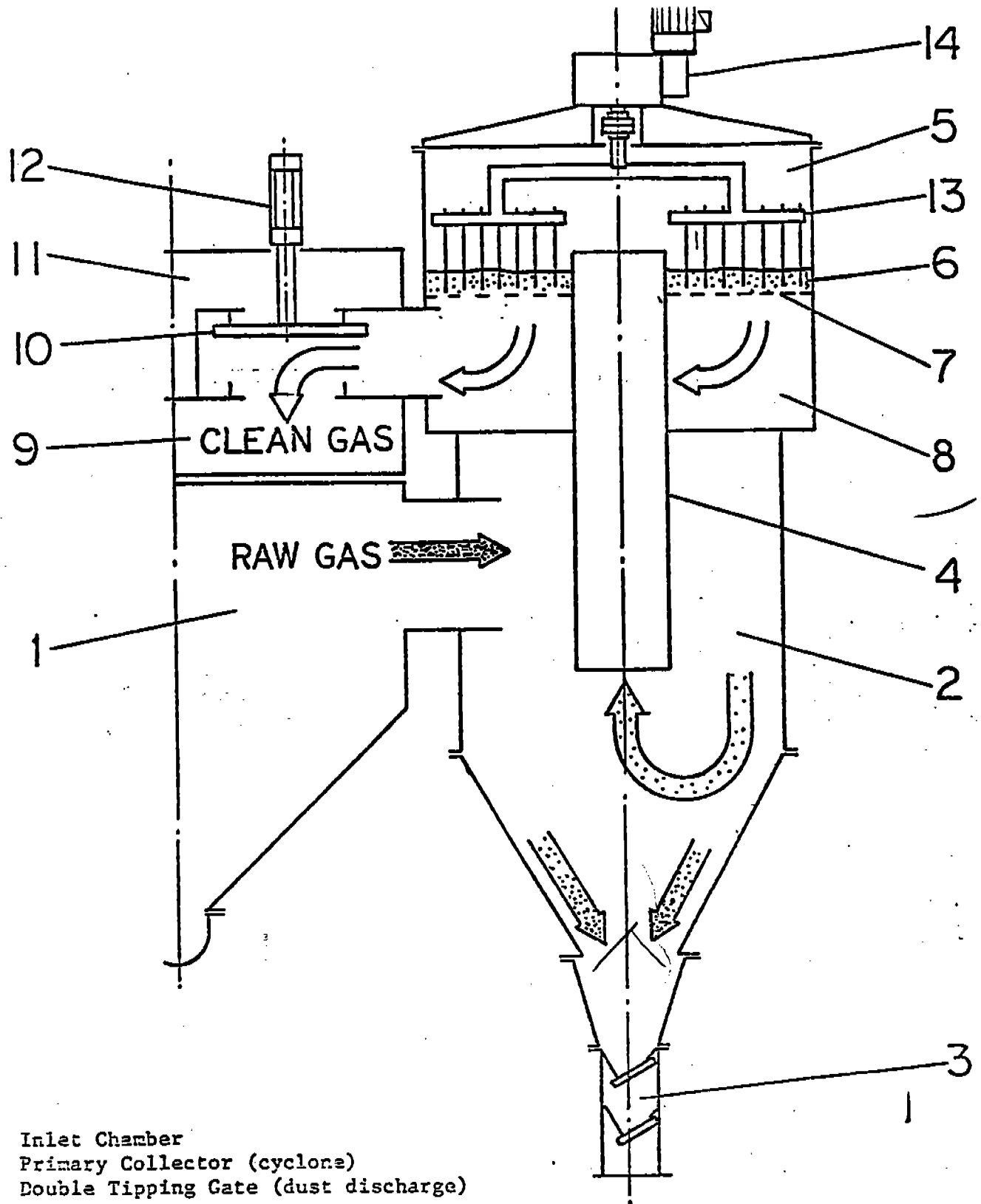


Figure 3-1 Process Flow Diagram.





1. Inlet Chamber
2. Primary Collector (cyclone)
3. Double Tipping Gate (dust discharge)
4. Vortex Tube
5. Filter Chamber
6. Gravel Bed
7. Screen Support for Bed
8. Clean Gas Collection Chamber
9. Exhaust Port
10. Backwash Control Valve
11. Backwash Air Inlet
12. Valve Cylinder
13. Stirring Rake
14. Stirring Rake Motor/Reducers

FIGURE 3-2

OPERATING PHASE

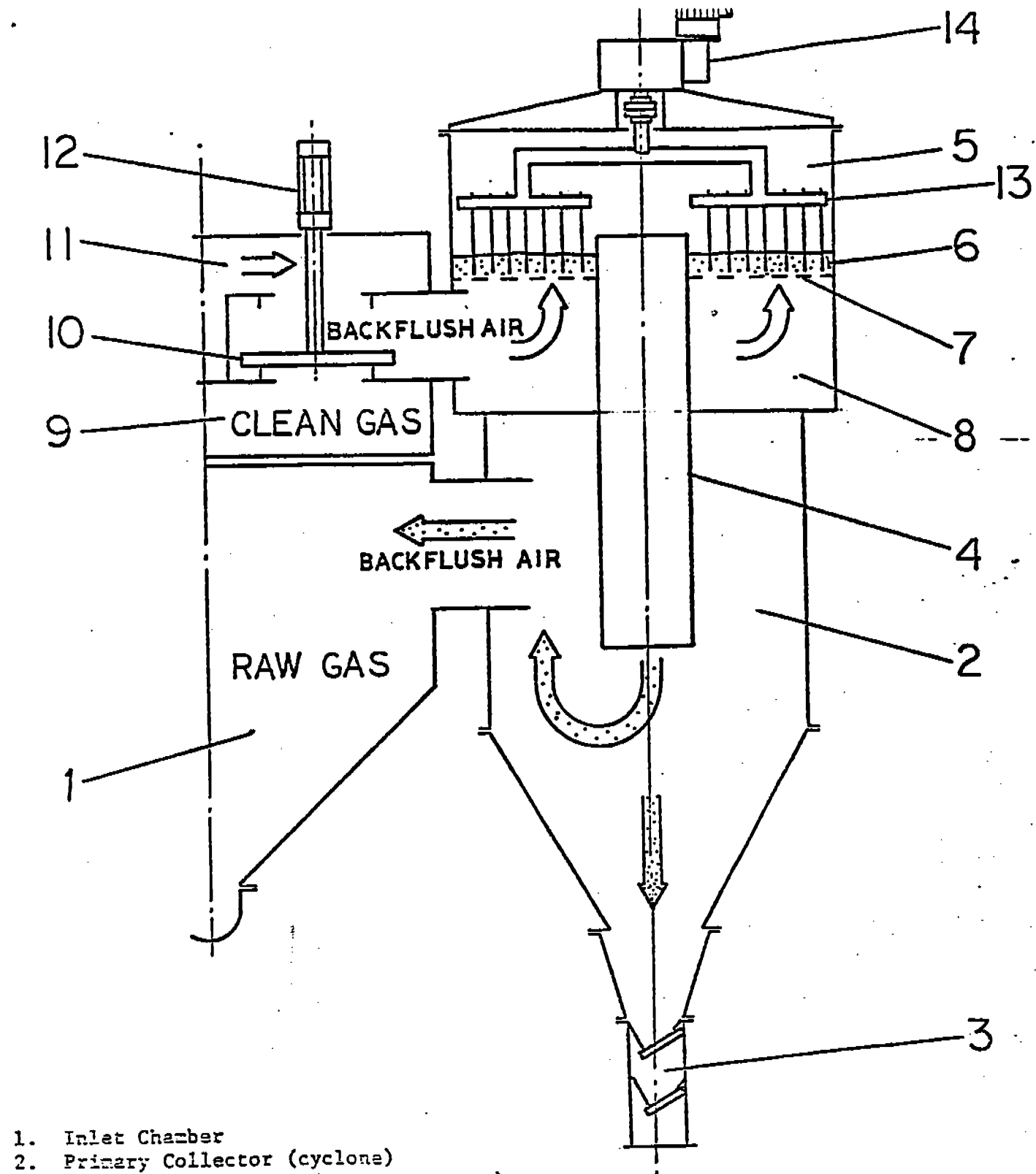


FIGURE 1 3-3

CLEANING PHASE

Section IV

SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Sampling Location and Procedures

An EPA sampling train as described in the Air Pollution Control Office publication APTD-0581 was used for this study. Figure 4-1 shows a schematic of this sampling equipment. The only modification to this configuration was the substitution of a right angle for the cyclone and flask.

Layout of the sampling ports in relation to flow disturbances for the Loesche Mill main stack is shown by Figure 4-2, and for the Clinker Cooler Stack, Figure 4-3. Based on the stack diameters and the upstream and downstream distances of the sampling ports from the closest flow disturbances the required number of sampling points according to methods prescribed in the Federal Register, was determined. Table 4-1 shows the dimensions from the stack wall to each sampling point on the main (ESP) stack, while Table 4-2 shows this for the Clinker Cooler stack. Sampling was conducted through four (4) ports on each source.

Prior to the start of the first sampling run, velocity traverses, and temperature readings were made in the stack. Moisture was estimated from previous sampling data. Using the above data, the nomograph was set up to utilize an appropriate size nozzle. Settings for the nomograph and the exact nozzle diameter are shown on the field data sheets (Appendix).

The sampling procedures followed were as outlined by Method 5 from the previously mentioned Federal Register. Sampling data for each run is a part of the Appendix. As noted by the data sheets, each point was sampling for three minutes



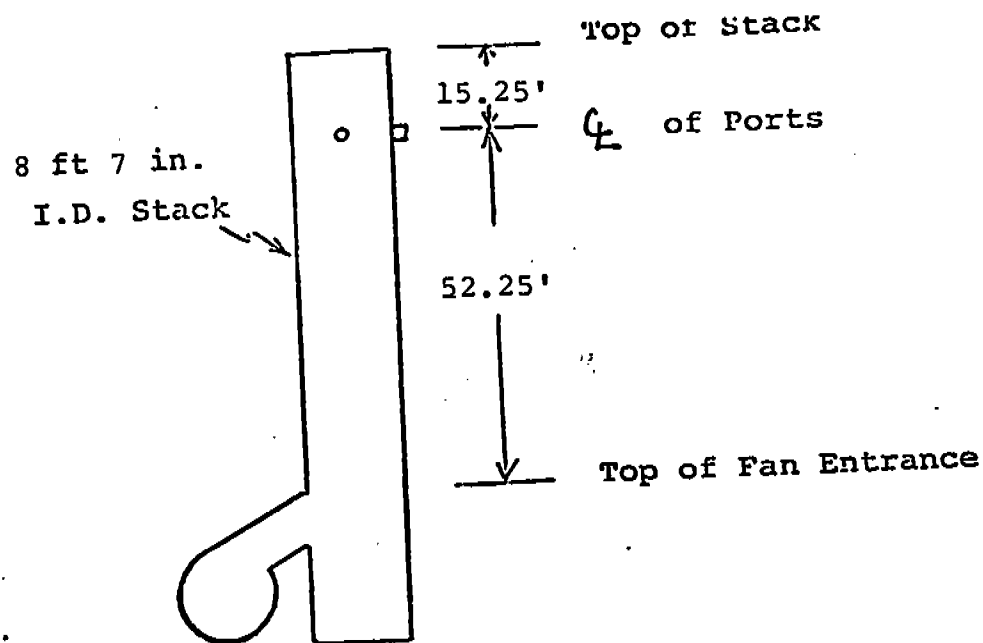


FIGURE 4-2.

Location of Sampling Ports - Main Stack.
Sampling Conducted Through Four Ports

Table 4-1.
Location of Sampling Points

<u>Point</u>	<u>% of Stack I.D.</u>	<u>X Stack I.D. (inches)</u>	=	<u>Distance from Port (inches)</u>
1	3.3	103		3.3
2	10.5	103		10.8
3	19.4	103		20.0
4	32.3	103		33.3

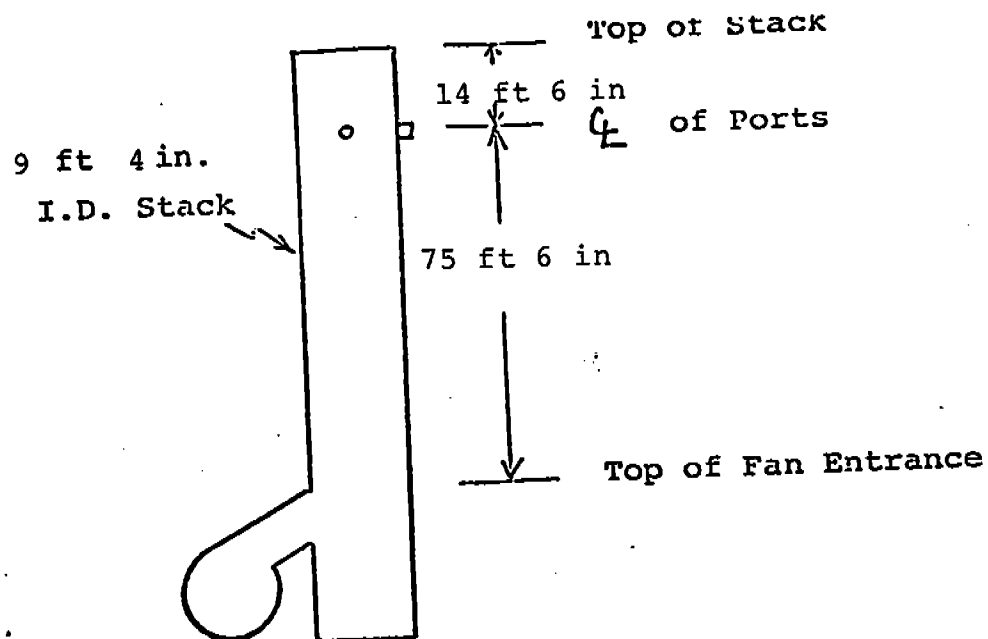


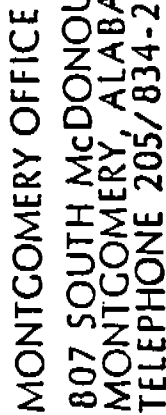
FIGURE 4-3.

Location of Sampling Ports - Clinker Cooler
Sampling Conducted Through Four Ports

Table 4-2.
Location of Sampling Points

<u>Point</u>	<u>% of Stack I.D.</u>	<u>X Stack I.D. (inches)</u>	=	<u>Distance from Port (inches)</u>
1	2.6	112		2.9
2	8.2	112		9.2
3	14.6	112		16.4
4	22.6	112		25.3
5	34.2	112		38.3

APPENDIX A
LABORATORY DATA

Date 9/24 Weighings By AmSampling Location Main

Remarks:

LABORATORY DATA

[illegible]

NOTE: The weight of the probe and cyclone wash blank for each sample is in direct proportion to the weight of the actual blank based on volume.

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MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
TELEPHONE 205/834-2870

Client Lehigh

Date 9/24 Weighings By AmSampling Location Main

Remarks:

LABORATORY DATA

PARTICULATE SOURCE	RUN # 5			RUN # 6			RUN # 7			BLANKS		
	Final Wt (g)	Initial Wt (g)	Diff. (g)	Final Wt (g)	Initial Wt (g)	Diff. (g)	Final Wt (g)	Initial Wt (g)	Diff. (g)	Final Wt (g)	Initial Wt (g)	Diff. (g)
PROBE & CYCLONE WASH	11.4239 g 75 ml	#25 11.6781	0.158	10.7041 g 130 ml	#24 10.6863	0.178	11.7348 g 120 ml	#A 11.7193	0.153			
FILTER	4.975	4.643	0.332	4.754	4.509	0.245	4.753	4.512	0.241			
IMPINGERS ACETONE WASH												
IMPINGERS H ₂ O												
	Gross Weight	0.440		Gross Weight	0.423		Gross Weight	0.394		Total Blank Wt.		
	Less Blank Wt.	1.0002		Less Blank Wt.	0.0003		Less Blank Wt.	0.002				
	Net Weight	0.488		Net Weight	0.420		Net Weight	0.392				

NOTE: The weight of the probe and cyclone wash blank for each sample is in direct proportion to the weight of the actual blank based on volume.

[illegible]



Date 9/24 Weighings By DM
Sampling Location CLINKER COOLER
Remarks: _____

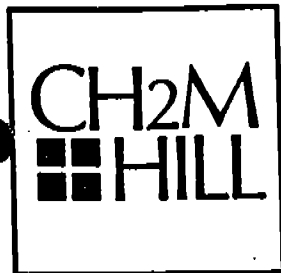
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APPENDIX B
FIELD DATA SHEETS

LOESCHE MILL "ON"

RUNS 1, 6, 7

PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET



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807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant Lehigh

Date 9/17 Run # 1

Sampling Location MAIN -

LOESCHE MILL ON

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 (.85) (.885) \sqrt{\frac{660}{(29.936)(29.398)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{55.692} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data	
$P_s = 660$ in. Hg	$T_s = 546$ °F
$C_p = .85$	$(\Delta p)_{avg} = .885$
$P_b = 29.936$ in. Hg	$P_s = 29.398$ in. Hg
$A_s = 57.863$ sq. ft.	$V_s = 56.056$ cu. ft.
H_2O (condensate) = 140	mls
H_2O (silica gel) = 16.5	grams
$\Delta H_{avg} = 2.364$	in H_2O , $P_b = 29.98$ in. Hg
Total particulate <u>0.0761</u> gram	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{\text{mls } H_2O}{\text{condensate} + \text{silica gel}} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{140 + 16.5}{156.5} \right) = (0.0474) (156.5) = \underline{7.418} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (.96056) \left(\frac{29.98 + \frac{2.364}{13.6}}{546} \right) = () (0.552) = \underline{54.6098} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{7.418}{54.6098 + 7.418} = .1196 = \underline{12.0\%}$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - .12) (55.692) \left(\frac{528}{660} \right) \left(\frac{29.936}{29.92} \right) = \underline{8,171,487} \text{ cu. ft./hr}$$

~~9,661,937~~ Don
~~161,032~~ ft³/mi

6. Calculate grain loading--

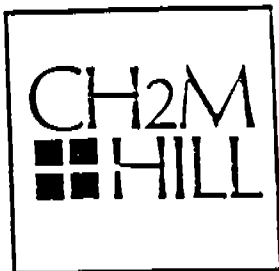
$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (.0761) / (54.6098) = \underline{0.0215}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (0.0215) (8,171,487) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{25.12}$$

8,171,487



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

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MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client Lehigh
Date 9/17 Run # 1
Sampling Location MainCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 12 %%CO₂ = 15% O₂ = 10%CO = —% N₂ = 75

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	.120	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	2.160
CO ₂	.150	x	.88	x	44.0	=	5.810
O ₂	.100	x	.88	x	32.0	=	2.816
CO	—	x	—	x	28.0	=	—
N ₂	.750	x	.88	x	28.2	=	18.612

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 29.398 lb/lb-moleDensity of gas referred to air = $\frac{29.398}{28.95} = 1.015$ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{1.015}} = \sqrt{.9848} = .99$



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Client Lehigh

Date 9/17 Run# 1

Sampling Location Main

CALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

OV P A
s s n

Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 660 °R
 V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 156.5 ml
 V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 56.056 cu.ft.
 T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 546 °R
 P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.98 in.Hg
 ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 2.364 in.H₂O
 ϕ = Total sampling time = 64 min.
 V_s = Stack gas velocity = 55.692 fps
 P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.936 in.Hg
 A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = .000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(660) (1.667) \left[(0.00267) (156.5) + \frac{56.056}{546} \left(29.98 + \frac{2.364}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(64) (55.692) (29.936) (.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{(1100.22) [(1.4179) + (.1027) (30.1538)]}{()}$$

$$I = \frac{(1100.22) (1.4179 + 3.0958)}{()} = \frac{(1100.22) (3.5137)}{()} = 3865.8322$$

$$I = \frac{99.809}{()} = \underline{99.8} \% \text{ of isokinetic sampling}$$

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Martin Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. 1.250 in. FILTER NUMBER _____
PITOT CORR. FACTOR 0.85 SILICA GEL NUMBER _____
CRIFICE CORR. FACTOR 1.855

READING	GAS METER	IMPINGER COND.
FINAL	774,920	360
INITIAL	718,050	200
NET	56,870 <u>54,458</u>	160

ORSAT READING

% CO ₂	15.5	16.0	16.5
% O ₂	9.5	11.5	11.0
% CO			
% N ₂			

REMARKS: $T_s = 200$ $T_m = 70$ $\% H_2O = 15$
 $c = 0.85$ $\Delta P = 0.60$

PORT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	$\sqrt{\Delta p}$	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)
3/1	0.00	0	—	0.76	872	2.30
2	4	4	720.6	0.95	975	2.80
3	12	8	723.2	1.00	1,000	3.00
4	12	12	726.2	0.95	975	2.80
4/1	0.00	0	—	0.63	794	1.90
2	4	4	729.6	0.76	872	2.40
3	8	8	738.2	0.83	911	2.50
4	12	12	741.9	0.85	922	2.60

PLANT

DATE

TIME START

MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE

SAMPLING LOCATION

WEATHER

AMBIENT TEMP.

BAROMETRIC PRESS.

DRY BULB

DEW POINT

RUN NUMBER

TIME END

WET BULB

MOISTURE

STACK PRESS.

WET BULB

MOISTURE

SKETCH:

FINAL LEAK CHECK
SAMPLE TRAIN AT 10 in. Hg
FINAL .080
INITIAL .065
LEAK .015/min.
PITOT
IMPACT 0 at 3.8 in.
STATIC 0 at 5.8 in.

STACK INFORMATION
DISTANCE FROM DOWNSTREAM ft.
DISTURBANCE: UPSTREAM ft.

DIA. in.
AREA ft²

Silica gel = 17.0 g

GAS METER TEMP. T _m (°F)		STACK TEMP.-T _s (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°F)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
INLET	OUTLET				
58		200	55	125	—
60		200	60	125	2.0
62		200	60	125	2.0
63		200	60	125	2.0
				°C ↓	
64		200	55	125	3.5
65		200	55	125	3.0
67		195	55	125	3.0
69		195	55	125	3.5

PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant LEHIGH

Date 9/20/84 Run # 6

Sampling Location MAN;

LOESCHE MILL ON

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 (0.85) (0.93) \sqrt{\frac{659}{29.934(29.38)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{58.50} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data	
$T_s = 659^\circ R$	$T_a = 528$
$C_p = 0.85$	$(\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} = 0.13$
$P_s = 29.934$ in. Hg	$P_a = 29.38$ in. Hg
$A_s = 57.863$ sq. ft.	$V_s = 54.458$ cu. ft.
H_2O (condensate) =	<u>160</u> mls
H_2O (silica gel) =	<u>17.0</u> grams
$\Delta H_{avg} = 2.63$ in. H ₂ O	$P_b = 29.98$ in. Hg
Total particulate = <u>0.0420</u> gram	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{\text{mls } H_2O}{\text{condensate} + \text{silica gel}} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{160 + 17}{177} \right) = (0.0474) (177) = \underline{8.39} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (54.458) \left(\frac{29.98 + \frac{2.63}{13.6}}{528} \right) = () (0.0571) = \underline{54.90} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{8.39}{54.90 + 8.39} = \underline{0.133} = \underline{13.3}\%$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - 0.133) (58.50) (57.863) (528/659) (29.934/29.92) = \underline{8468960} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

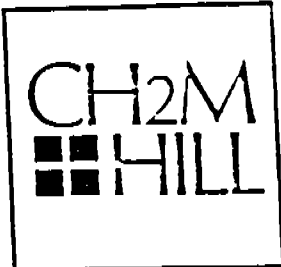
6. Calculate grain loading--

$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (0.0420) / (54.90) = \underline{0.02}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\underline{8468960}) (0.0118) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{14.30}$$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

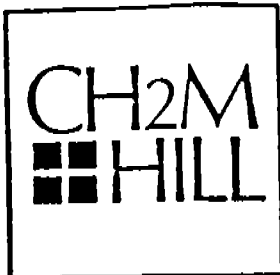
807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2670Client LEHIGHDate 9/20/84 Run # 6Sampling Location MAIN;LOESCHE MILL ONCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 13.3 %%CO₂ = 16.0% O₂ = 10.7%CO = —% N₂ = 73.3

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	.133	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	2.39
CO ₂	.16	x	.867	x	44.0	=	6.10
O ₂	.107	x	.867	x	32.0	=	2.97
CO	—	x	—	x	28.0	=	—
N ₂	.733	x	.867	x	28.2	=	17.92

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 29.38 lb/lb-molDensity of gas referred to air = $\frac{29.38}{28.95} = 1.01$ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{1.01}} = \sqrt{0.985} = 0.99$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/20/84 Run# 6Sampling Location MAINLOESCHE MILL ONCALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(p_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{OV_s P_s A_n}{s s n}$$

Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 659 °R
 V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 177 ml
 V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 54.458 cu.ft.
 T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 528 °R
 p_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.98 in.Hg
 ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 2.63 in.H₂O
 ϕ = Total sampling time = 64 min.
 V_s = Stack gas velocity = 58.50 fps
 P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.934 in.Hg
 A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(659) (1.667) \left[(0.00267) (177) + \frac{54.458}{528} \left(29.98 + \frac{2.63}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(64) (58.50) (29.934) (0.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) \left[(\quad) + (\quad) (\quad) \right]}{(\quad)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) (0.4726 + 3.1121)}{(\quad)} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)} =$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)} = \underline{96.30} \% \text{ of isokinetic sampling}$$

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Martin Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. .258 in. FILTER NUMBER _____
 PITOT CORR. FACTOR .85 SILICA GEL NUMBER _____
 CRIFICE CORR. FACTOR 1.855

READING	GAS METER	IMPINGER COND.
FINAL	834.867	375
INITIAL	777.582	200
NET	57.285	175

ORSAT READING

% CO2 _____
 % O2 5.2
 % CO 0.6
 % N2 _____

REMARKS: $T_s = 200$, %H₂O = 15, $T_m = 80$
 $C = 0.86$, $\Delta P = 0.61$

PLANT

DATE 9/20/84 RUN NUMBER 7
 TIME START 1024 TIME END 1133
 MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE LOESCHE MILL ON
 SAMPLING LOCATION MAIN
 WEATHER SUNNY
 AMBIENT TEMP. 72 °F STACK PRESS. -0.62 "H₂O"
 BAROMETRIC PRESS. 29.98 "Hg - WET BULB _____
 DRY BULB _____ °F MOISTURE _____
 DEW POINT _____ °F

SKETCH:

SEE
PREVIOUS
RUNS

Silicage = 13.5g

FINAL LEAK CHECK
 SAMPLE TRAIN AT 10 in. Hg
 FINAL .032
 INITIAL .015
 LEAK .017 /min.
 PITOT
 IMPACT 0 at 3.2 in.
 STATIC 0 at 4.4 in.

STACK INFORMATION

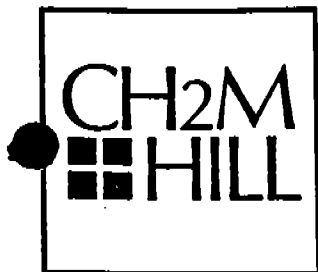
DIA. _____ in. DISTANCE FROM DOWNSTREAM _____ ft.
 AREA _____ ft² DISTURBANCE: _____ ft.

PORT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD-ΔP (in. H ₂ O)	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD-ΔP (in. H ₂ O)	GAS METER TEMP. T _m (°F)		STACK TEMP. -T _s (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°F)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
							INLET	OUTLET				
2/1	1024	0	—	0.83	.911	2.50	74	—	200	55	125	3.0
2	28	4	780.8	0.95	.975	2.80	75	—	200	60	125	3.0
3	32	8	784.6	1.00	1.00	2.95	78	—	200	60	125	3.5
4	36	12	788.5	0.98	.990	2.90	80	—	200	60	125	3.5
	1024											
1/1	1024	0	772.1	0.65	.806	1.95	80	—	200	60	125	2.5
2	26	4	776.0	0.83	.911	2.50	83	—	200	65	125	3.0
3	30	8	779.2	0.85	.922	2.55	84	—	200	65	125	3.0
4	34	12	802.7	0.90	.949	2.65	85	—	200	65	125	3.0

9/20/84- 12m 17-

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PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant LEHIGH

Date 9/20/34 Run # 7

Sampling Location MAIN,
LOESCHE MILL ON

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 (0.86) (0.929) \sqrt{\frac{660}{29.934(29.34)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{59.21} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data	
$F_s = 660$	$F_s = 544$
$C_p = 0.86$	$(\Delta p)_{avg} = 0.929$
$P_s = 29.934$	$P_s = 29.34$
$A_s = 57.863$	$A_s = 57.285$
$H_2O \text{ (condensate)} = 175$	$H_2O \text{ (silica gel)} = 13.5$
$\Delta H_{avg} = 2.58$	$P_b = 29.98$
Total particulate = 0.0392	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{\text{mls } H_2O}{\text{condensate} + \text{silica gel}} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) (175 + 13.5) = (0.0474) (188.5) = \underline{8.93} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{T_m}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (57.285) \left(\frac{29.98 + \frac{2.58}{13.6}}{544} \right) = () (0.0555) = \underline{56.04} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{8.93}{56.04 + 8.93} = \underline{0.137} = \underline{13.7\%}$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - 0.137) (59.21) (57.863) (528/660) (29.934/29.92) = \underline{8519271} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

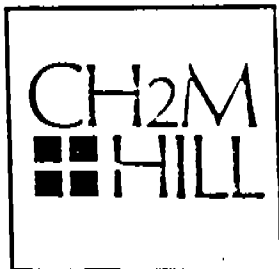
6. Calculate grain loading--

$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (0.0392) / (56.04) = \underline{0.01}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (0.0108) (8519271) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{13.15}$$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

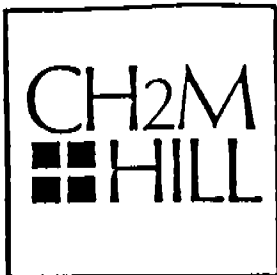
807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/20/84 Run # 7Sampling Location MAIN;
LOESCHE MILL ONCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 13.7 %%CO₂ = 16.0% O₂ = 10.7%CO = —% N₂ = 73.3

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	.137	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	2.47
CO ₂	.16	x	.863	x	44.0	=	6.08
O ₂	.107	x	.863	x	32.0	=	2.95
CO	—	x	—	x	28.0	=	—
N ₂	.733	x	.863	x	28.2	=	17.84

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 29.34 lb/lb-molDensity of gas referred to air = $\frac{29.34}{28.95} = 1.01$ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{1.01}} = \sqrt{0.987} = 0.99$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/20/84 Run# 7Sampling Location MAIN;LOESCHE MILL ONCALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

OV P A
S S n

Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 660°R
 V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 188.5 ml
 V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 57.285 cu.ft.
 T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 544 °R
 P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.98 in.Hg
 ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 2.58 in.H₂O
 t = Total sampling time = 64 min.
 V_s = Stack gas velocity = 59.21 fps
 P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.934 in.Hg
 A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(660) (1.667) \left[(0.00267) (188.5) + \frac{57.285}{544} \left(29.98 + \frac{2.58}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(64) (59.21) (29.934) (0.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) \left[(\quad) + (\quad) (\quad) \right]}{(\quad)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) [0.5033 + 3.1770]}{(\quad)} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)} =$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)} = \underline{93.34} \% \text{ of isokinetic sampling}$$

LOESCHE MILL "OFF"

RUNS 2, 3, 4, 5

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Martin / Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. .25 in.		FILTER NUMBER	
PITOT CORR. FACTOR .85		SILICA GEL NUMBER	
ORIFICE CORR. FACTOR 1.55		READING	IMPINGER COND.
FINAL		569.968	325
INITIAL		525.797	200
NET		44.171	125

ORSAT READING

CO2	3.0
O2	18.0
CO	5.0
N2	74.0

REMARKS: $T_m = 70$, $T_s = 270$, $\% H_2O = 15$, $c = 0.82$
 $\Delta P = 0.66$

Vault
JCOA

9/18/84

PLANT: Lehigh

DATE: 9/12/84 RUN NUMBER 2

TIME START 0742 TIME END 0853

MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE LAGESHC MILL OFF

SAMPLING LOCATION MAIN

WEATHER W/C

AMBIENT TEMP. 64 °F STACK PRESS. -0.2 "H₂O (29.925)

BAROMETRIC PRESS. 29.94 "Hg WET BULB

DRY BULB 64 °F MOISTURE ASSUME ±15%

DEW POINT from previous work

SKETCH:

FINAL LEAK CHECK
SAMPLE TRAIN AT 8 in. Hg
FINAL 0.098
INITIAL 0.095
LEAK 0.003 / min. sec.
PITOT 0.006 min.
IMPACT 0 at 3 in.
STATIC 0 at 3 in.

STACK INFORMATION
DISTANCE FROM DOWNSTREAM ft.
DISTURBANCE: UPSTREAM ft.

DIA. in. AREA ft²

PORT # POINT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	√Δp	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	GAS METER TEMP. T _m (°F)		STACK TEMP. -T _s (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°F)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
							INLET	OUTLET				
3/1	1.12	0	—	0.58	762	1.55	63	63	270	60	130	—
2	1.12	4	528.3	0.58	762	1.55	64	64	270	60	135	—
3	1.12	8	531.1	0.62	787	1.68	65	65	270	60	140	1.5
4	1.12	12	533.9	0.62	787	1.68	66	66	270	60	140	2.0
4/1	2.00	0	536.9	0.42	648	1.18	67	67	270	60	140	1.5
2	2.00	4	540.0	0.50	707	1.35	67	67	270	60	140	1.5
3	2.00	8	542.4	0.58	762	1.58	67	67	265	60	140	1.5
4	2.00	12	544.7	0.58	762	1.58	68	68	265	60	140	1.5

KUN-2-Loesite mill off

[illegible]

PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant LEHIGH

Date 9/18/84 Run # 2

Sampling Location MAIN

LOESCHE MILL OFF

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 (0.85) (0.7583) \sqrt{\frac{727}{29.896(29.83)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{449.752} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data	
$T_s = 727$	$T_a = 528$
$C_p = 0.85$	$(\Delta p)_{avg} = 0.7583$
$P_s = 29.896$	$P_a = 29.83$
$M_s = 29.83$	$M_a = 29.83$
$A_s = 57.863$	$A_a = 44.171$
$H_2O \text{ (condensate)} = 12.5$	$H_2O \text{ (silica gel)} = 15.5$
$\Delta H_{avg} = 1.565$	$P_b = 29.94$
Total particulate = 0.0756 grams	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{\text{mls } H_2O}{\text{condensate} + \text{silica gel}} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) (12.5 + 15.5) = (0.0474) (28) = \underline{1.3272} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (44.171) \left(\frac{29.94 + \frac{1.565}{13.6}}{528} \right) = (17.64) (44.171) (0.0569) = \underline{44.35} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{1.3272}{44.35 + 1.3272} = \underline{0.1307} = \underline{13\%}$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - 0.13) (449.752) (57.863) (528/727) (29.896/29.92) = \underline{6543110} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

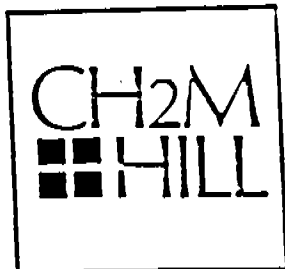
6. Calculate grain loading--

$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (0.0756) / (44.35) = \underline{0.0263}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (0.0263) (6543110) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{24.61}$$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/634-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/18/84 Run # 2Sampling Location MAIN,
LOESCHE MILL OFFCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 13 %

% CO₂ = 19
% O₂ = 10.5
% CO = —
% N₂ = 70.5

FROM
RUN #5

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	13/100	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	2.34
CO ₂	.19	x	.87	x	44.0	=	7.27 7.20
O ₂	.105	x	.87	x	32.0	=	2.92
CO	—	x	—	x	28.0	=	—
N ₂	70.5	x	.87	x	28.2	=	17.30 135

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 29.83 lb/lb-molDensity of gas referred to air = $\frac{29.83}{28.95} = 1.03$ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{1.03}} = \sqrt{0.97} = 0.985$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/18/84 Run# 2Sampling Location MAIN;LOESCHE MILL OFFCALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{0 V_s P_s A_n}{s s n}$$

Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 727 °R
 V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 140.5 ml
 V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 44.171 cu.ft.
 T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 528 °R
 P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.94 in.Hg
 ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 1.565 in.H₂O
 t = Total sampling time = 64 min.
 V_s = Stack gas velocity = 49.752 fps
 P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.896 in.Hg
 A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(727)(1.667) \left[(0.00267)(140.5) + \frac{44.171}{528} \left(29.94 + \frac{1.565}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(64)(49.752)(29.896)(0.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{(1211.90) [(0.3751) + (0.0337)(32.0551)]}{(33.34)}$$

$$I = \frac{(1211.90)(0.3751 + 2.5143)}{(33.34)} = \frac{(1211.90)(2.8894)}{(33.34)} =$$

$$I = \frac{(1211.90)(2.8894)}{(33.34)} = \underline{101.3} \% \text{ of isokinetic sampling}$$

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Martin/Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. <u>0.25</u> in.	FILTER NUMBER _____
PITOT CORR. FACTOR <u>0.5</u>	SILICA GEL NUMBER _____
ORIFICE CORR. FACTOR <u>1.85</u>	

READING	GAS METER	IMPINGER COND.
FINAL	617.266	318
INITIAL	572.272	200
NET	44.994	118

ORSAT READING	
% CO ₂	<u>5.6</u> <u>9/10</u>
% O ₂	<u>14.5</u> <u>14.5</u>
% CO	<u>1.5</u> <u>1.5</u>
% N ₂	<u>78.4</u> <u>78.4</u>

ORSAT READING

% CO2
% O2
% CO
% N2

REMARKS: T_s = 270, T_m = 70, %H₂O = 15
c = 0.82
ΔP = 0.66

Vmt
520H
9/18/84

PLANT Lehigh

DATE 9/18/84 RUN NUMBER 3

TIME START 1012 TIME END 1122

MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE LOLSCHHE MILL OFF

SAMPLING LOCATION MAIN

WEATHER p/c

AMBIENT TEMP. 70 °F STACK PRESS. 0.05 "H₂O (24.896) in. Hg

BAROMETRIC PRESS. 24.94 "Hg WET BULB

DRY BULB 70 °F MOISTURE

DEW POINT 70 °F

SKETCH:	FINAL LEAK CHECK
	SAMPLE TRAIN AT <u>10</u> in. Hg
	FINAL <u>.10</u>
	INITIAL <u>.094</u>
	LEAK <u>.007</u> / min. 30 sec
	PITOT <u>.014</u> / min.
	IMPACTO at <u>3.2</u> in.
	STATICO at <u>3.2</u> in.

SEE
Runs 1, 2
Silica gel = 15.0g

STACK INFORMATION

DIA. in. DISTANCE FROM DOWNSTREAM ft.
AREA ft² DISTURBANCE: UPSTREAM ft.

PORT # POINT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD-ΔP (in. H ₂ O)	√ΔP	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD-ΔP (in. H ₂ O)	GAS METER TEMP. T _m (°F)		STACK TEMP. T _s (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°C)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
							INLET	OUTLET				
211	1012	0	—	0.54	0.735	1.49	70	70	265	60	140	—
2	1016	4	574.9	0.60	0.775	1.60	70	70	265	60	140	1.5
3	1020	8	577.8	0.62	0.787	1.70	71	71	265	60	140	2.0
4	1026	12	580.7	0.58	0.762	1.65	72	72	265	60	130	2.0
111	1030	6	583.6	0.47	0.686	1.35	73	73	265	65	130	2.0
2	1034	4	586.2	0.60	0.775	1.70	75	75	265	65	130	2.5
3	1038	8	588.9	0.58	0.762	1.65	76	76	270	65	130	2.5
4	1042	12	591.9	0.58	0.762	1.65	78	78	270	65	130	2.5

Run-3-behigh - 9/18

POINT #	DISTANCE FROM POINT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD- P (in. H ₂ O)	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD- H (in. H ₂ O)	GAS METER TEMP.		STACK TEMP.-T _s (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°C)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
							T _m (°F)					
							INLET	OUTLET				
4/1	1048	0	594.8	0.42	648	1.20	78		270	65	130	2.0
2	52	4	597.2	0.52	721	1.50	78		270	65	130	2.0
3	96	8	599.9	0.54	735	1.55	79		270	65	135	2.5
4	1100	12	602.6	0.54	735	1.55	78		270	65	135	2.5
3/1	1106	0	605.5	0.52	721	1.50	79		270	65	135	2.5
2	10*	4	608.3	0.64	.800	1.80	79		270	65	135	2.5
3	14	8	611.3	0.64	.800	1.80	79		270	65	135	3.0
4	18	12	614.3	0.64	.800	1.80	79		270	65	135	3.0
					12.0040	26.2403	121	4.00	4290			
					0.7503	1.6400	75	8750	268.1250			
							+460		460			
							535	8750	728.1250			

PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant LEHIGH

Date 9/18/84 Run # 3

Sampling Location MAIN

LOESCHE MILL OFF

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\Delta P)_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 (0.85) (0.75) \sqrt{\frac{728}{29.896 (29.89)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{49.192} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data	
$\bar{T}_s = 728^\circ R$	$\bar{T}_a = 536^\circ R$
$C_p = 0.85$	$(\Delta P)_{avg} = 0.75$
$P_s = 29.896 \text{ in. Hg}$	$P_a = 29.89 \text{ in. Hg}$
$\lambda_s = 57.863 \text{ ft.}$	$V_s = 44.944 \text{ cu. ft.}$
$H_2O \text{ (condensate)} = 118 \text{ mls}$	
$H_2O \text{ (silica gel)} = 15.0 \text{ gms}$	
$\Delta H_{avg} = 1.64 \text{ in } H_2O$	$P_b = 29.94 \text{ in. Hg}$
Total particulate = 0.0787 grams	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{\text{mls } H_2O}{\text{condensate} + \text{silica gel}} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) (118 + 15) = (0.0474) (133) = \underline{6.30} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{T_m}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (44.94) \left(\frac{29.94 + \frac{1.64}{536}}{536} \right) = () (0.0561) = \underline{44.51} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{6.30}{44.51 + 6.30} = \underline{0.124} = \underline{12.4} \%$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - 0.124) (44.94) (57.863) (528 / 728) (29.896 / 29.92) = \underline{6,505,131} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

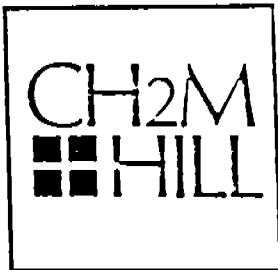
6. Calculate grain loading--

$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (0.0787) / (44.51) = \underline{0.0273}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (0.0273) (6,505,131) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{25,40}$$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/634-2670Client LEHIGHDate 9/18/84 Run # 3Sampling Location MAIN,LOESCHE MILL OFFCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 12.4 %%CO₂ = 19% O₂ = 10.5%CO = —% N₂ = 70.5

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	.124	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	2.23
CO ₂	.19	x	.875	x	44.0	=	7.32
O ₂	.105	x	.875	x	32.0	=	2.94
CO	—	x	—	x	28.0	=	—
N ₂	.705	x	.875	x	28.2	=	17.40

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 29.89 lb/lb-molDensity of gas referred to air = $\frac{29.89}{28.95} = 1.03$ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{1.03}} = \sqrt{0.97} = 0.98$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/18/84 Run# 3Sampling Location MAIN;LOESCHE MILL OFFCALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{OV_s P_s A_n}{s s n}$$
Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 728°R V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 133 ml V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 44.994 cu.ft. T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 536 °R P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.94 in.Hg ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 1.64 in.H₂O Q = Total sampling time = 64 min. V_s = Stack gas velocity = 49.192 fps P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.896 in.Hg A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(728) (1.667) \left[(0.00267) (133) + \frac{44.994}{536} \left(29.94 + \frac{1.64}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(64) (49.192) (29.896) (0.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) \left[(\quad) + (\quad) (\quad) \right]}{(\quad)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) (0.355) + 2.5234}{(\quad)} = \frac{(\quad) (2.8785)}{(\quad)} =$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)} = \underline{102.2} \% \text{ of isokinetic sampling}$$

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Martin/Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. 1.258 in. FILTER NUMBER _____
PITOT CORR. FACTOR .85 SILICA GEL NUMBER _____
CRIFICE CORR. FACTOR 1.855

ORSAT READING

CO₂ _____
O₂ _____
CO _____
N₂ _____

READING	GAS METER	IMPINGER COND.
FINAL	664.307	330
INITIAL	620.002	200
NET	44.305	130

REMARKS: $T_g = 270$, $T_m = 90$, $\% H_2O = 15\%$
 $C = 0.82$
 $\Delta P = 0.66$

PORT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD- ΔP (in. H ₂ O)	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD- ΔP (in. H ₂ O)
POINT #					
3/1	13.5	—	0.44	.663	1.28
2	12.5	622.3	0.55	.742	1.55
3	13.3	624.9	0.58	.762	1.65
4	13.7	627.9	0.55	.742	1.55
4/1	13.3	620.7	0.49	.633	1.15
2	12.7	622.7	0.51	.714	1.45
3	12.1	625.9	0.53	.728	1.52
4	12.5	628.4	0.53	.728	1.52

PLANT: LehighDATE: 9/18/84TIME START: 1255

MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE

SAMPLING LOCATION: LOESCHE MILL OFFWEATHER: SUNNYAMBIENT TEMP. 78 °FBAROMETRIC PRESS. 29.94 "Hg

WET BULB

DEW POINT: — °F

SKETCH:

FINAL LEAK CHECK
SAMPLE TRAIN AT 9 in. Hg
FINAL 0.42
INITIAL 0.33
LEAK 0.09 /min. 30 sec.
PITOT 0.18 /min.
IMPACT 0 at 4 in.
STATIC 0 at 39 in.

STACK INFORMATION

DISTANCE FROM

DISTURBANCE:

DIA. — in.AREA — ft²DOWNSTREAM — ft.UPSTREAM — ft.

PORT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	GAS METER TEMP. (°F)		STACK TEMP. (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°C)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
		T _m	OUTLET				
3/1	13.5	78	80	270	60	130	—
2	12.5	78	80	270	60	130	—
3	13.3	80	82	270	60	130	—
4	13.7	82	83	270	60	130	—
4/1	13.3	83	83	270	60	130	—
2	12.7	83	83	270	60	130	—
3	12.1	83	83	270	60	130	—
4	12.5	83	83	270	60	130	—

see runs #2
Silica gel = 16.5g

PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant LEHIGH

Date 9/18/84 Run # 4

Sampling Location MAIN;

LOESCHE MILL OFF

**CH2M
HILL**

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 (0.85) (0.73) \sqrt{\frac{730}{29.896(29.37)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{48.368} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data	
$\bar{T}_s = 730$	$\bar{T}_a = 545$
$C_p = 0.85$	$(\Delta p)_{avg} = 0.73$
$P_s = 29.896$	$P_a = 29.37$
$A_s = 57.86^3$	$A_a = 44.30^3$
$H_2O \text{ (condensate)} = 130$	mls
$H_2O \text{ (silica gel)} = 16.5$	grams
$\Delta H_{avg} = 1.52$	$\text{in } H_2O; P_b = 29.94$
Total particulate = 0.0523 grams	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{mls } H_2O \\ \text{condensate + silica gel} \end{array} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\underline{130} + \underline{16.5} \right) = (0.0474) (\underline{146.5}) = \underline{6.94} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{T_m}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (\underline{44.305}) \left(\frac{29.94 + \frac{1.52}{13.6}}{545} \right) = (\underline{\quad}) (0.0551) = \underline{43.09} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{6.94}{43.09 + 6.94} = \underline{0.139} = \underline{14}\%$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - \underline{.14}) (\underline{48.368}) (\underline{57.86}) (528 / \underline{730}) (\underline{29.896} / 29.92) = \underline{6,261.813} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

6. Calculate grain loading--

$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (0.0523) / (\underline{43.09}) = \underline{0.0187}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\underline{6261.813}) (\underline{0.0187}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{16.74}$$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

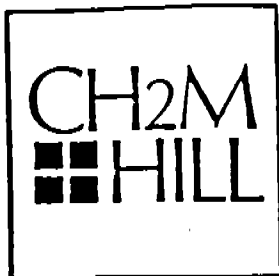
807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/634-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/18/84 Run # 4Sampling Location MAIN;LOESCHE MILL OFFCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 14 %%CO₂ = 12.8% O₂ = 10.5%CO = —% N₂ = 70.7

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	<u>14</u>	x	<u>1.0</u>	x	<u>18.0</u>	=	<u>2.52</u>
CO ₂	<u>12.8</u>	x	<u>.86</u>	x	<u>44.0</u>	=	<u>6.81</u>
O ₂	<u>10.5</u>	x	<u>.86</u>	x	<u>32.0</u>	=	<u>2.89</u>
CO	<u>—</u>	x	<u>—</u>	x	<u>28.0</u>	=	<u>—</u>
N ₂	<u>70.7</u>	x	<u>.86</u>	x	<u>28.2</u>	=	<u>17.15</u>

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 29.37 lb/lb-molDensity of gas referred to air = $\frac{29.37}{28.95} = 1.01$ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{1.01}} = \sqrt{0.986} = 0.99$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/18/84 Run# 4Sampling Location MAIN;LOESCHE MILL OFFCALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{OV_s P_s A_n}{s}$$
Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 730 °R V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 146.5 ml V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 44.305 cu.ft. T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 545 °R P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.94 in.Hg ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 1.52 in.H₂O t = Total sampling time = 64 min. V_s = Stack gas velocity = 48.368 fps P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.896 in.Hg A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(730) (1.667) \left[(0.00267) (146.5) + \frac{44.305}{545} \left(29.94 + \frac{1.52}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(64) (48.368) (29.896) (0.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) \left[(\quad) + (\quad) (\quad) \right]}{(\quad)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) (0.3912 + 2.4439)}{(\quad)} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)} =$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)} = \underline{102.7} \% \text{ of isokinetic sampling}$$

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Martin Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. 0.253 in.
PITOT CORR. FACTOR 0.85
CRIFICE CORR. FACTOR 1.855

FILTER NUMBER 4
SILICA GEL NUMBER

READING	GAS METER	IMPINGER COND.
FINAL	708.360	330
INITIAL	664.546	200
NET	43.814	130

ORSAT READING

% CO₂ 19.0 18.5
% O₂ 10.5 10.3
% CO _____
% N₂ _____

REMARKS:

SEE RUN #4

PLANT

DATE

TIME START

MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE

SAMPLING LOCATION

WEATHER

AMBIENT TEMP.

BAROMETRIC PRESS.

DRY BULB

DEW POINT

RUN NUMBER

TIME END

MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE

SAMPLING LOCATION

WEATHER

AMBIENT TEMP.

BAROMETRIC PRESS.

DRY BULB

DEW POINT

SKETCH:

SEE RUNS 1, 2

FINAL LEAK CHECK
SAMPLE TRAIN AT 9 in. Hg
FINAL .013
INITIAL .000
LEAK .013 /min.
PITOT
IMPACT 0 at 3.2 in.
STATIC 0 at 3.8 in.

STACK INFORMATION

DIA. in.AREA ft²

DISTANCE FROM

DISTURBANCE:

DOWNSTREAM

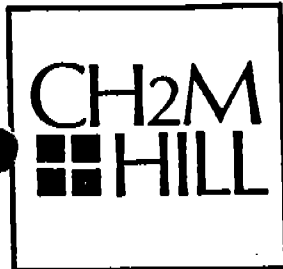
UPSTREAM

PORT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	√Δp	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)
2/1	150	0	—	0.50	707	1.40
2	14	4	667.0	0.55	742	1.55
3	18	8	669.9	0.55	742	1.55
4	22	12	672.6	0.53	728	1.50
1/1	129	0	675.4	0.43	656	1.25
2	33	4	678.0	0.52	721	1.47
3	37	8	680.7	0.53	728	1.50
4	41	12	683.4	0.52	721	1.47

GAS METER TEMP. T _m (°F)	STACK TEMP. (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°C)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
INLET	OUTLET			
83	270	60	125	—
84	270	60	125	—
85	270	60	125	—
87	270	60	125	2.0
88	270	60	125	1.5
89	270	60	125	2.0
90	270	60	125	2.0
92	270	60	125	2.0

[illegible]

PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant LEHIGH

Date 9/18/84 Run # 5

Sampling Location MAIN;

LOESCHE MILL OFF

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 (0.85) (0.717) \sqrt{\frac{730}{29.896(29.67)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{47.266} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data	
$T_s = 730^\circ R$	$T_a = 551^\circ F$
$C_p = 0.85$	$(Kdp)_{avg} = 0.717$
$P_s = 29.896 \text{ in. Hg}$	$P_a = 29.67 \text{ in. Hg}$
$A_s = 57.863 \text{ sq. ft.}$	$V_s = 43.814 \text{ cu. ft.}$
$H_2O \text{ (condensate)} = 130 \text{ mls}$	
$H_2O \text{ (silica gel)} = 14.0 \text{ gms}$	
$\Delta h_{avg} = 1.47 \text{ in. H}_2O$	$P_b = 29.94 \text{ in. Hg}$
Total particulate = <u>0.0488</u> grams	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{mls } H_2O \\ \text{condensate} \end{array} + \begin{array}{l} \text{grams } H_2O \\ \text{silica gel} \end{array} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) (\underline{130} + \underline{14}) = (0.0474) (\underline{144}) = \underline{6.83} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (\underline{43.814}) \left(\frac{29.94 + \frac{1.47}{13.6}}{\underline{551}} \right) = (\underline{\quad}) (\underline{0.0545}) = \underline{42.15} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{\underline{6.83}}{\underline{42.15} + \underline{6.83}} = \underline{0.1395} = \underline{14}\%$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - \underline{.14}) (\underline{47.266}) (\underline{57.863}) (528 / \underline{730}) (\underline{29.896} / 29.92) = \underline{6,119,463} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

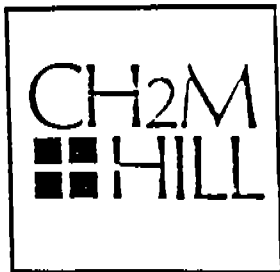
6. Calculate grain loading--

$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (\underline{0.0488}) / (\underline{42.15}) = \underline{0.079}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\underline{0.079}) (\underline{6,119,463}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{15.66}$$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

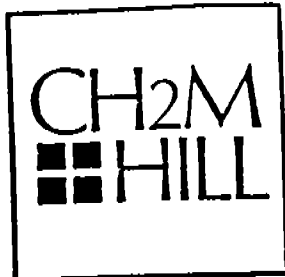
807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/634-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/18/84 Run # 5Sampling Location MANLOESCHE MILL OFFCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 14 %%CO₂ = 18.8% O₂ = 10.5%CO = —% N₂ = 70.7

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	14.0	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	2.52
CO ₂	18.8	x	.86	x	44.0	=	7.11
O ₂	10.5	x	.86	x	32.0	=	2.89
CO	—	x	—	x	28.0	=	—
N ₂	70.7	x	.86	x	28.2	=	17.15

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 29.67 lb/lb-molDensity of gas referred to air = $\frac{29.67}{28.95} = 1.02$ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{1.02}} = \sqrt{0.976} = 0.99$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client LEHIGHDate 9/18/84 Run# 5Sampling Location MAINLOESCHE MILL OFFCALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{OV_s P_s A_n}{s s n}$$

Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 730 °R
 V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 144 ml
 V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 43.814 cu.ft.
 T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 551 °R
 P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.94 in.Hg
 ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 1.47 in.H₂O
 t = Total sampling time = 64 min.
 V_s = Stack gas velocity = 47.266 fps
 P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.896 in.Hg
 A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(730)(1.667) \left[(0.00267)(144) + \frac{43.814}{551} \left(29.94 + \frac{1.47}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(64)(47.266)(29.896)(0.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) \left[(\quad) + (\quad) \right]}{(\quad)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad)(0.3045 + 2.3893)}{(\quad)} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$I = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{102.8} \% \text{ of isokinetic sampling}$$

CLINKER COOLER

RUNS 8, 9, 10

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Martin/Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. 2.58 in. FILTER NUMBER 45
PITOT CORR. FACTOR .85 SILICA GEL NUMBER
ORIFICE CORR. FACTOR 1.833

READING	GAS METER	IMPINGER COND.
FINAL	882.039	215
INITIAL	854.095	200
NET	27.944	15

ORSAT READING

CO ₂	<u>4.5</u>
O ₂	<u>6.0</u>
CO	<u>0.0</u>
N ₂	<u>0.0</u>

REMARKS: $T_s = 350$, $\%H_2O = 4$, $T_m = 110$
 $C = 1.10$, $\Delta P = 0.54$

VMA
9/24/84
VMA
JCOA

PLANT Lehigh RUN NUMBER 188
DATE 9/21/84 TIME END 0924
TIME START 0813
MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE
SAMPLING LOCATION Clinker Cooler
WEATHER Hazy
AMBIENT TEMP. 40 °F STACK PRESS. -0.22 "H₂O" "H₂O"
BAROMETRIC PRESS. 29.96 "Hg WET BULB 11.0 (~66) °F
DRY BULB 38.0 °F MOISTURE Assume 4%
DEW POINT — °F PREVIOUS DATA

SKETCH:

20 pts @ 3 min/ku
5/pt +

FINAL LEAK CHECK
SAMPLE TRAIN AT 9 in. Hg
FINAL .052
INITIAL .042
LEAK .010/min.
PITOT IMPACT 0 at 3.6 in.
STATIC 0 at 3.2 in.

LOW FLOW STACK INFORMATION
DIA. in. 48 DISTANCE FROM DOWNSTREAM ft.
AREA ft² 0.1-0.2 DISTURBANCE: Silica gel = 12.0 g

PORT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	√Δp	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	GAS METER TEMP. (°F)		STACK TEMP. (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°F)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
							INLET	OUTLET				
1	4.5	0	—	0.13	361	0.46	97	97	350	60	125	—
2	17	3	855.4	0.15	387	0.53	97	97	360	60	125	—
3	40	6	856.1	0.17	412	0.59	98	98	365	60	125	—
4	43	9	858.3	0.20	447	0.70	98	98	370	60	125	—
5	46	12	859.8	0.20	447	0.70	98	98	375	65	125	—
2/1	46.5	0	861.1	0.13	361	0.46	99	99	355	65	130	—
2	46.5	3	862.4	0.12	346	0.41	103	103	370	65	130	—
3	46.5	6	863.7	0.07	265	0.25	104	104	380	65	125	—

MONTGOMERY OFFICE



807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant LEHIGH

Date 9/21/84 Run # 1

Sampling Location CLINKER COOLER

- $$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$
- $$V_s = 85.49 (1.10) (0.415) \sqrt{\frac{787}{29.944(27.97)}}$$
- $$V_s = \frac{37.83}{29.23} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data

$\bar{T}_g = 73.7^\circ\text{F}$, $\bar{T}_a = 56.8^\circ\text{F}$

$C_p = 1.10$; $(\bar{H}_p)_{\text{avg}} = 0.415$

$P_a = 29.944$ in. Hg; $H_a = 27.97$ ft. mole

$A_a = 68.417$ sq. ft.; $V_a = 27.944$ cu. ft.

$\text{H}_2\text{O (condensate)} = 15$ lbs

$\text{H}_2\text{O (silica gel)} = 12$ grams

$\Delta H_{\text{avg}} = 0.619$ in H_2O ; $P_b = 29.96$ in Hg

Total particulate = 0.1892 grams

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample -

$$V_{\text{wstd}} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{\text{mls H}_2\text{O}}{\text{condensate} + \text{silica gel}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{grams H}_2\text{O}}{\text{grams H}_2\text{O}} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\frac{15}{1} + \frac{12}{1} \right) = (0.0474) (27) = \underline{\underline{1.28 \text{ cu.ft.}}}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{\text{mstd}} = (17.64)(V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{\text{mstd}} = (17.64) (\cancel{27.944}) \left(\frac{29.96 + \frac{0.619}{13.6}}{568} \right) = (\underline{\quad}) (\underline{0.0528}) = \underline{26.04} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{1.28}{26.04 + 1.28} = \underline{0.047} = \underline{4.7\%}$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{std} = 3600(1-B_{ws})V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{\text{stpd}} = 3600 (1 - \frac{.047}{29.23 \text{ gpm}}) (\frac{3733}{68.417}) (528 / \frac{787}{29.944}) (\frac{29.944}{29.92}) = \underline{\underline{\quad \text{cu. ft. / l} \quad}}$$

6. Calculate grain loading--

Calculate grain loading--
 $\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43)(\text{grams})/V_{\text{mstd}} = (15.43)(0.1892)/(26.04) = \underline{\underline{0.112}}$

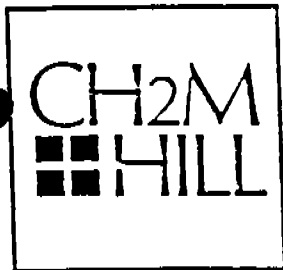
7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$1\text{bs/hr} = (\text{grains/stdcf})(Q_{\text{std}})(1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$1 \text{ lbs/hr} = (546254)(0.1121)(1.43 \times 10^{-4}) =$$

4606,76

73.85 Dan



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

607 SOUTH McDCNOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/634-2670Client LEHIGHDate 9/21/84 Run # 1Sampling Location CLINKER COOLERCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 4.7 %%CO₂ = 0.7% O₂ = 4.0%CO = —% N₂ = 95.3

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
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H ₂ O	.047	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	0.85
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CO ₂	0.007	x	.953	x	44.0	=	0.29
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O ₂	0.04	x	.953	x	32.0	=	1.22
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CO	—	x	—	x	28.0	=	—
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N ₂	95.3	x	.953	x	28.2	=	25.61
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Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 27.97 lb/lb-mole✓ Density of gas referred to air = $\frac{27.97}{28.95} = 0.966$ ✓ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{0.966}} = \sqrt{1.035} = 1.02$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Client LEHIGH

Date 9/21/84 Run# 1

Sampling Location CLINKER COOLER

CALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$$0 V_s P_s A_n$$

Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 787°R
 V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 27 ml
 V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 27.944 cu.ft.
 T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 568 °R
 P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.96 in.Hg
 ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 0.619 in.H₂O
 ϕ = Total sampling time = 60 min.
 V_s = Stack gas velocity = 29.23 37.83 fps
 P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.944 in.Hg
 A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(787)(1.667) \left[(0.00267)(27) + \frac{27.944}{568} \left(29.96 + \frac{0.619}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(60)(37.83)(29.944)(0.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{() \left[() + () \right]}{()}$$

$$I = \frac{() (0.072) + (14762)}{()} = \frac{()}{()} =$$

$$I = \frac{()}{()} = \underline{82.33} \text{ \% of isokinetic sampling}$$

106.6 g/m

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

VMA
SCDA
9/24/84

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Master/Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. 1.25 in. FILTER NUMBER _____
PITOT CORR. FACTOR .85 SILICA GEL NUMBER _____
CRIFICE CORR. FACTOR 1.053

READING	GAS METER	IMPINGER COND.
FINAL	943.619	210
INITIAL	882.152	200
NET	31.467	10

ORSAT READING

% CO2 _____
% O2 44.6
% CO 4.6
% N2 _____

REMARKS: SEE RUN 1

PLANT Lehigh RUN NUMBER 2 (9)
DATE 9/21/84 TIME END _____
TIME START 1010
MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE _____
SAMPLING LOCATION CLINKER COOLER
WEATHER HAZY
AMBIENT TEMP. 86 °F STACK PRESS. -0.22 "H₂O
BAROMETRIC PRESS. 29.96 "Hg WET BULB _____
DRY BULB _____ °F MOISTURE _____
DEW POINT _____ °F

SKETCH: SEE RUN 1

FINAL LEAK CHECK
SAMPLE TRAIN AT 12 in. Hg
FINAL .036
INITIAL .030
LEAK .006/min.
PITOT IMPACT 0 at 3.8 in.
STATIC 0 at 5 in.

(Higher Flow/T_s in ft² than RUN#1)
STACK INFORMATION
DISTANCE FROM DOWNSTREAM _____ ft.
DISTURBANCE: UPSTREAM _____ ft.

PORT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	GAS METER TEMP. T _m (°F)	STACK TEMP. T _s (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°F)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
POINT #						INLET	OUTLET			
1	100	0		0.23	0.75	93		60	125	-
2	150	3	883.5	0.30	0.95	93		60	125	-
3	200	6	885.2	0.32	1.02	93		60	125	-
4	250	9	887.2	0.32	1.02	93		65	125	-
5	300	12	888.9	0.25	0.78	93		65	130	-
6	350	0	890.6	0.37	1.15	95		65	125	-
7	400	3	892.7	0.41	1.30	95		65	125	-
8	450	6	894.8	0.45	1.45	96		65	125	-
9	500	9	897.1	0.43	1.35	97		65	125	-
10	550					100		65	125	-

RUN 2 - Dunker Cooler - 9121

$T_m = 100$, $T_s = 420$, $\%H_2O = 4$, $c = 1.13$, $SP = 0.60$

POINT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD- P (in. H ₂ O)	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD- H (in. H ₂ O)	GAS METER TEMP. T _m (°F)		STACK TEMP. - T _s (°F)	INPINGER TEMP. (°F) ICE	BOX TEMP. (°F)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
							INLET	OUTLET				
201	1049	0	900.9	0.16	1400	0.51	97		410	65	130	2.0
2	82	3	902.3	0.16	1400	0.51	98		410	65	125	2.0
3	55	6	903.6	0.18	1424	0.57	98		410	60	125	2.0
4	58	9	905.1	0.16	1400	0.51	98		410	60	125	2.0
5	101	12	906.3	0.13	361	0.42	98		410	60	125	2.0
101	106	0	907.6	0.15	387	0.48	97		440	60	125	2.0
2	105	3	909.0	0.13	361	0.42	97		445	65	125	2.0
3	12	6	910.1	0.13	361	0.42	97		450	65	125	2.0
4	15	9	911.3	0.13	387	0.42	97		450	65	125	2.0
5	18	12	912.4	0.13	387	0.42	97		450	65	125	2.0
	1121				9.7280	15.7000	19.20.00		8465.00			
	08				0.4864	0.7850	96.00		423.25			
							556.0000		883.25			

PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870CH2M
HILLPlant vehighDate 9/21/84 Run # 2(9)Sampling Location ClinkerCooler

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 (.85) (.148) \sqrt{\frac{883}{(29.944)(28.085)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{36.188} \text{ fps}$$

Sampling Data	
$\bar{T}_s = 883$	$\bar{T}_a = 556$
$C_p = .85$	$(\Delta p)_{avg} = .148$
$P_s = 29.944$	$P_a = 28.085$
$M_s = 28.085$	$M_a = 28.085$
$A_s = 68.417$	$A_a = 31.467$
$H_2O \text{ (condensate)} = 10$	$H_2O \text{ (silica gel)} = 13.5$
$\Delta H_{avg} = 1.785$	$P_b = 29.96$
Total particulate = 0.1028 grams	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{mls H}_2\text{O} \\ \text{condensate} \end{array} + \begin{array}{l} \text{grams H}_2\text{O} \\ \text{silica gel} \end{array} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) (\underline{10} + \underline{13.5}) = (0.0474) (\underline{23.5}) = \underline{1.11} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{T_m}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (\underline{31.467}) \left(\frac{\underline{29.96} + \frac{1.785}{556}}{556} \right) = (\underline{1}) (\underline{0.540}) = \underline{29.920} \text{ cu.ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{1.11}{29.97 + 1.11} = \underline{0.0357} = \underline{3.6}\%$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - \underline{0.036}) (\underline{36.188}) (\underline{68.417}) (528 / \underline{883}) (\underline{29.944} / 29.92) = \underline{5,141,971} \text{ cu.ft./}$$

6. Calculate grain loading--

$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (\underline{0.1028}) / (\underline{29.97}) = \underline{0.0529}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\underline{0.0529}) (\underline{5,141,971}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{38.92}$$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870Client BehingDate 9/21 Run # (9) 2Sampling Location ClinkerCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 3.6 %

%CO₂ = 0.7
% O₂ = 4.0
%CO = -
% N₂ = 95.3

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	1036	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	1648
CO ₂	1007	x	.964	x	44.0	=	297
O ₂	1040	x	.964	x	32.0	=	1.233
CO	-	x	-	x	28.0	=	-
N ₂	1953	x	.964	x	28.2	=	25.907

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 28.085 lb/lb-moDensity of gas referred to air = 28.95 =Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{28.95}}$ = $\sqrt{\quad}$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Client Lehigh
Date 9/21/81 Run# 2 (9)
Sampling Location Cinder Coner

CALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$OV_s P_s A_n$

Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 883 °R
 V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 23.5 ml
 V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 31.467 cu.ft.
 T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 556 °R
 P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.96 in.Hg
 ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 0.785 in.H₂O
 ϕ = Total sampling time = 60 min.
 V_s = Stack gas velocity = 36.188 fps
 P_s = Stack gas pressure = 29.944 in.Hg
 A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle = 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(883)(1.667) \left[(0.00267)(23.5) + \frac{31.467}{556} \left(29.96 + \frac{0.785}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(60)(36.188)(29.944)(0.000363)}$$
$$I = \frac{() \left[() + () () \right]}{()}$$
$$I = \frac{() \left[() + () \right]}{()} = \frac{() \left[() \right]}{()} =$$
$$I = \underline{109.86} = \underline{109.9} \% \text{ of isokinetic sampling}$$

MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870 A DIVISION OF CH2M HILL

CH2M HILL

VMA
9/24/84
JCOA

Lehigh

PLANT: Lehigh
DATE: 9/21/84 RUN NUMBER 3 (10)
TIME START 1200 TIME END 1307
MATERIAL PROCESSING RATE
SAMPLING LOCATION Clinker Cooler
WEATHER Sunny
AMBIENT TEMP. 86 °F STACK PRESS. -0.22 "H₂O"
BAROMETRIC PRESS. 29.96 "Hg WET BULB
DRY BULB °F MOISTURE
DEW POINT °F

TEST CONDUCTED BY: Martina Cooper

NOZZLE DIA. <u>0.253</u> in.		FILTER NUMBER	
PITOT CORR. FACTOR <u>0.85</u>		SILICA GEL NUMBER	
ORIFICE CORR. FACTOR <u>0.855</u>			
READING	GAS METER	IMPINGER COND.	
FINAL	<u>949.428</u>	<u>0.15</u>	
INITIAL	<u>913.707</u>	<u>200</u>	
NET	<u>35.721</u>	<u>15</u>	

ORSAT READING

10.0 0.0 1.0
2.0 4.0 4.0
% CO 2
% N₂ 2

REMARKS: T_s = 360, T_a = 100, % O₂ = 4, % CO = 0.54

SKETCH:

FINAL LEAK CHECK
SAMPLE TRAIN AT 12 in. Hg
FINAL 0.056
INITIAL 0.042
LEAK 0.014 /min.
PITOT
IMPACT 0 at 49 in.
STATIC 0 at 44 in.

STACK INFORMATION
DISTANCE FROM DOWNSTREAM ft.
DISTURBANCE: UPSTREAM ft.

DIA. in.
AREA ft²

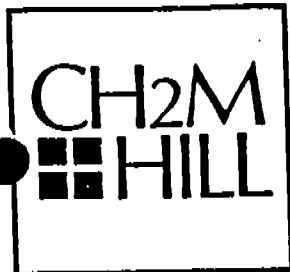
Silica gel = 12.0g

PORT #	POINT #	DISTANCE FROM PORT (in.)	TIME	GAS METER VOLUME (ft ³)	STACK VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	√Δp	ORIFICE VELOCITY HEAD-Δp (in. H ₂ O)	GAS METER TEMP. T _m (°F)		STACK TEMP. -T _s (°F)	IMPINGER TEMP. (°F)	BOX TEMP. (°F)	VACUUM (in. Hg)
								INLET	OUTLET				
1	1	1200	0	✓	0.18	424	0.61	93		370	55	125	-
2	2	03	3	914.9	0.18	424	0.61	93		390	60	125	-
3	3	06	6	916.3	0.18	424	0.61	93		390	60	125	-
4	4	09	9	917.7	0.20	447	0.69	93		400	60	125	-
5	5	12	12	919.2	0.20	447	0.69	93		400	60	125	-
2/1	2/1	17	0	920.7	0.25	506	0.84	93		370	65	125	-
2	2	20	3	922.4	0.25	500	0.84	94		370	65	125	-
3	3	23	6	923.9	0.24	490	0.82	94		360	65	125	-
4	4	26	9	925.8	0.25	500	0.84	94		340	65	125	-
								94		210	105	125	-

Run 3- Chiller Cooler- 7/21/84

[illegible]

PARTICULATE EMISSION DATA CALCULATION SHEET



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Plant LEHIGH
Date 9/21/84 Run # 3
Sampling Location CLINKER COOLER

1. Calculate Stack gas velocity--

$$V_s = 85.49 C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s}{P_s M_s}}$$

$$V_s = 85.49 \left(\frac{110}{100} \right) (0.54) \sqrt{\frac{832}{29.944(28.09)}}$$

$$V_s = \underline{50.50} \text{ fps}$$

39.023

Sampling Data	
$T_s = 832^\circ R$	$T_a = 555^\circ R$
$C_p = \frac{110}{100}$	$(\Delta p)_{avg} = 0.54$
$P_s = 29.944$ in. Hg	$M_s = 28.09$ g/g-mole
$A_s = 68.417$ sq. ft.	$V_s = 35.721$ cu. ft.
H_2O (condensate) = 15	als
H_2O (silica gel) = 12	gms
$\Delta H_{avg} = 1.034$ in H_2O	$P_b = 29.96$ in Hg
Total particulate = 0.1310 grams	

2. Calculate volume of water vapor in gas sample--

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) \left(\begin{matrix} \text{mls } H_2O \\ \text{condensate} \end{matrix} + \begin{matrix} \text{grams } H_2O \\ \text{silica gel} \end{matrix} \right)$$

$$V_{wstd} = (0.0474) (15 + 12) = (0.0474) (27) = \underline{1.28} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

3. Calculate gas sample volume at standard conditions--

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (V_m) \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$V_{mstd} = (17.64) (35.721) \left(\frac{29.96 + \frac{1.034}{13.6}}{555} \right) = () (0.0541) = \underline{34.10} \text{ cu. ft.}$$

4. Calculate percent moisture in gas stream--

$$B_{ws} = \frac{V_{wstd}}{V_{mstd} + V_{wstd}} = \frac{1.28}{34.10 + 1.28} = \underline{0.0362} = \underline{3.6} \%$$

5. Calculate stack gas volumetric flow rate, dry basis, std. conditions--

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - B_{ws}) V_s A_s \frac{528}{T_s} \frac{P_s}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{stpd} = 3600 (1 - 0.036) (50.5) (68.417) (528/832) (29.944/29.92) = \underline{5,884,683} \text{ cu. ft}$$

39.023

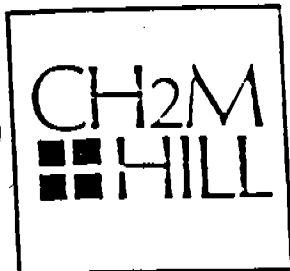
6. Calculate grain loading--

$$\text{grains/sdcf} = (15.43) (\text{grams}) / V_{mstd} = (15.43) (0.1310) / (34.10) = \underline{0.059}$$

7. Calculate mass emission rate--

$$\text{lbs/hr} = (\text{grains/sdcf}) (Q_{stpd}) (1.43 \times 10^{-4})$$

$$\text{lbs/hr} = \left(\frac{7615418}{5,884,683} \right) (0.059) (1.43 \times 10^{-4}) = \underline{49.90}$$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

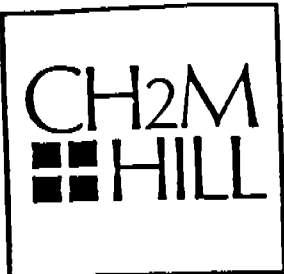
607 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/634-2670Client LEHIGHDate 9/21/84 Run # 3Sampling Location CLINKER COOLCALCULATION OF STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT (M_s)

Average Orsat Analysis (dry)

Moisture Content = 3.6 %%CO₂ = 0.7% O₂ = 4.0%CO = —% N₂ = 95.3

Component	% Vol/100	X	Moisture Correction	X	Molecular Weight	=	Wt./Mole (wet base)
H ₂ O	.036	x	1.0	x	18.0	=	0.65
CO ₂	.007	x	.964	x	44.0	=	0.30
O ₂	.04	x	.964	x	32.0	=	1.23
CO	—	x	—	x	28.0	=	—
N ₂	.953	x	.964	x	28.2	=	25.91

Average Molecular Wt., wet basis (M_s) = 28.09 lb/lb-moDensity of gas referred to air = $\frac{28.09}{28.95} = 0.97$ Gas density correction factor = $\sqrt{\frac{1.00}{0.97}} = \sqrt{1.03} = 1.015$



MONTGOMERY OFFICE

807 SOUTH McDONOUGH STREET
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104
205/834-2870

Client LEHIGH

Date 9/21/84 Run# 3

Sampling Location CLINKER COOLER

CALCULATION OF ISOKINETIC RATE

$$I = T_s \left(1.667 \frac{\text{min}}{\text{sec}} \right) \left[\left(0.00267 \frac{\text{in. Hg-cu.ft.}}{\text{ml} - ^\circ\text{R}} \right) V_1 + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$OV_s P_s A_n$

Where I = % of isokinetic sampling T_s = Avg. stack temperature = 832 °R

V_1 = Total volume of liquid collected in impingers & silica gel = 27 ml

V_m = Gas sample thru dry gas meter @ meter conditions = 35.721 cu.ft.

T_m = Average dry gas meter temperature = 555 °R

P_{bar} = Barometric pressure @ sampling site = 29.96 in.Hg

ΔH = Average pressure drop across orifice = 1.034 in.H₂O

t = Total sampling time = 60 min.

V_s = Stack gas velocity

39.023 = 50.50 ^{2.00} fps

P_s = Stack gas pressure

= 29.944 in.Hg

A_n = Cross-sectional area of nozzle

= 0.000363 sq.ft.

$$I = \frac{(832)(1.667) \left[(0.00267)(27) + \frac{35.721}{555} \left(29.96 + \frac{1.034}{13.6} \right) \right]}{(60) \left(\frac{39.023}{2.00} \right) (29.944) (0.000363)}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) \left[(\quad) + (\quad) \right]}{(\quad) \left[(\quad) + (\quad) \right]}$$

$$I = \frac{(\quad) (0.0721 + 1.9332)}{(\quad) (\quad) (\quad)} = \frac{(\quad) (\quad) (\quad)}{(\quad) (\quad) (\quad)}$$

$$I = \frac{1}{\quad} = \frac{84.44}{109.3} \text{ \% of isokinetic sampling}$$

109.3 ^{Don}

APPENDIX C
QUALITY ASSURANCE

METER BOX CALIBRATION DATA AND CALCULATION FORM

(English units)

Date 3/1/84

Meter box number Nutech

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 30.03$ in. Hg Calibrated by D. Martin

Orifice manometer setting (ΔH), in. H_2O	Gas volume		Temperature				Time (θ), min	Y_i	$\Delta H @$ in. H_2O
	Wet test meter (V_w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V_d), ft ³	Wet test meter (t_w), °F	Dry gas meter					
				Inlet (t_{d_i}), °F	Outlet (t_{d_o}), °F	Avg ^a (t_d), °F			
0.5	5	222.207 227.285	62	63/69	66	12:52	.991	1.811	
1.0	86	227.971 234.100	62	71/75	73	11:03	.997	1.830	
1.5	10	234.551 244.882	62	75/82	78.5	15:13	.995	1.856	
2.0	10	245.268 255.700	62	82/86	84.0	13:17	.994	1.866	
3.0	10	256.040 266.574	62	87/90	88.5	10:58	.990	1.876	
4.0	10	266.958 277.438	62	90/95	92.5	9:32	1.000	1.891	
Avg							.995	1.855	

ΔH , in. H_2O	$\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$	$Y_i = \frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{V_d (P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}) (t_w + 460)}$	$\Delta H @_i = \frac{0.0317 \Delta H}{P_b (t_d + 460)} \left[\frac{(t_w + 460) \theta}{V_w} \right]^2$
0.5	0.0368	$\frac{5(30.03)(526)}{5.519(30.0668)(522)} = .991$	$\frac{0.0317(0.5)}{30.03(526)} \left[\frac{522(12.867)}{5} \right]^2 = 1.811$
1.0	0.0737	$\frac{6(30.03)(533)}{6.1129(30.1037)(522)} = .997$	$\frac{0.0317(1.0)}{30.03(533)} \left[\frac{522(11.05)}{6} \right]^2 = 1.830$
1.5	0.110	$\frac{10(30.03)(538.5)}{10.331(30.14)(522)} = .995$	$\frac{0.0317(1.5)}{30.03(538.5)} \left[\frac{522(15.22)}{10} \right]^2 = 1.856$
2.0	0.147	$\frac{10(30.03)(544)}{10.3263(30.177)(522)} = .994$	$\frac{0.0317(2.0)}{30.03(544)} \left[\frac{522(13.282)}{10} \right]^2 = 1.866$
3.0	0.221	$\frac{10(30.03)(548.5)}{10.534(30.251)(522)} = .9902$	$\frac{0.0317(3.0)}{30.03(548.5)} \left[\frac{522(10.97)}{10} \right]^2 = 1.876$
4.0	0.294	$\frac{10(30.03)(552.5)}{10.48(30.324)(522)} = 1.000$	$\frac{0.0317(4.0)}{30.03(552.5)} \left[\frac{522(9.53)}{10} \right]^2 = 1.891$

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d .

POSTTEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units)

Test number 1-10 Date 10/26/84 Meter box number Nutech Plant Lohg h
 Barometric pressure, $P_b = 30.01$ in. Hg Dry gas meter number Nutech Pretest Y 0.99

Orifice manometer setting, (ΔH), in. H_2O	Gas volume		Temperature				Time (Θ), min	Vacuum setting, in. Hg	Y_i	Y_i	$\frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{V_d \left(P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}\right) (t_w + 460)}$
	Wet test meter (V_w), ft^3	Dry gas meter (V_d), ft^3	Wet test meter (t_w), $^{\circ}F$	Dry gas meter		Average (t_d), $^{\circ}F$					
				Inlet (t_{d_i}), $^{\circ}F$	Outlet (t_{d_o}), $^{\circ}F$						
2.0 10.280	10	72.188 82.468	76	78	90	84	13:23	8	.9825	(10.280)(30.01)(544)	10.280(30.157) 536
2.0 10.379	10	82.408 92.847	76	88	98	93	12:56	8	.9892	10.379(30.01) 532 10.379(30.157) 536	
2.0 10.507	10	92.847 103.357	76	98	108	103	12:40	8	.9948	10.507(30.01) 563 10.507(30.157) 536	
									Y =	.9888	

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d where

V_w = Gas volume passing through the wet test meter, ft^3 .

V_d = Gas volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft^3 .

t_w = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_{d_i} = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_{d_o} = Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_{d_i} and t_{d_o} , $^{\circ}F$.

ΔH = Pressure differential across orifice, in. H_2O .

Y_i = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

Y = Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs; tolerance = pretest Y $\pm 0.05Y$.

P_b = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

Θ = Time of calibration run, min.



SUBJECT

PROBE HEAT
CALIBRATION

BY J. H. HICKIN DATE 1/2/87

SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

PROJECT NO.

Our 4' and 6' probes' heats correspond to those given for the inlet ambient temperature of 80°F in the attached figure from

Maintenance, Calibration, and Operation of -
Isokinetic Source-Sampling Equipment,
by Jerome J. Rom, Applied Technology Division,
USEPA.

For:

1) 8' Probes, 80° Inlet Temp., 0.75 cfm
(glass)

Rheostat (%)

Outlet Temp (°F)

20

100

40

125

60

180

80

225

2) 9' Probes
(glass)

20

100

40

130

60

175

80

215

3) 10' Probes
(glass)

100%

240°, After 15 min.

APPENDIX I

CALIBRATION FORM A (Must Be Included With Field Data Sheet)

Gauge	Average Test Condition Temperature	Gauge Reading	Reference Reading Room Temp	Difference
Impinger (Pre)	65	72	72	0
Meter In (Pre)	~ 90	73	72	+1
Meter Out (Pre)			Room Temp	
Filter Heated Area (Pre) (IN OIL)	250	274	248 ± 25°F 272	+2
Stack (Post)	200-400	270	Stack Temp ° F 272	-2

Post Test

Train Leak Rate

Pitot Leak Check

Pre Test (Answer Yes or No)

Orsat Leak Check

Metering System Leak Check

Barometer Calibrated

Sample Bag Leak Check (if used)

Signature

Run 1

CFM

Run 2

CFM

Run 3

CFM

ALL RUNS
< 0.02 CFM
O.K.

N/A

YES

YES

N/A

Title AIR QUALITY SPEC. Date 10/84

APPENDIX D
PROCESS RECORDS

9/17/84

LEEDS RAW MILL PROCESS DATA SHEET

DATE _____

TIME

[illegible]

DATE 7/17/84

LEEDS KILN PROCESS DATA SHEET

Main Stack Test

TIME	PREHEATER				KILN				COOLER										SPRAY TOWER				COAL MILL							REMARKS						
	Feed Rate	ID-30 Speed	ID-30 Draft	Stage 1 Exit Draft	Stage 1 Gas Temp.	Stage 4 Gas Temp.	Preh. Exit O ₂	ID-24 Speed	Kiln Speed	Kiln Amps	Kiln Exit O ₂	Sec. Air Temp.	#1 Grate Speed	#1 Undergrate Press.	#2 Undergrate Press.	#4 Undergrate Press.	#1 Fan Flow	#2 Fan Flow	#3 Fan Flow	#4 Fan Flow	Kiln Hood Draft	Vent Fan Damper	Filter Inlet Temp.	Spray Tower Inlet Temp.	Spray Tower Outlet Temp.	Water Spray	Coal Feed	Mill Inlet Temp.	Mill Outlet Temp.		Mill Inlet Draft	Mill Drive Amps	System Fan Damper	Prim. Air Fan Damper	Dust Trap Temp.	
7:15 PM	154	100	4	54	20	20	X	100	112	100	1	110	5	10	11	12	X	16	17	19	19	104	100	100	1	1	1	106	110	9	25	60	37	300	Test #1	
7:25 PM	154	100	4	54	20	20	X	100	112	100	1	110	5	12	13	14	X	X	17	17	17	17	105	68	310	1	1	1	107	115	85	29	60	37		300
7:35 PM	154	100	4	54	20	20	X	100	112	100	1	110	5	13	14	15	L	X	16	16	15	105	60	400	1	1	1	108	120	102	28	60	37	300		
7:45 PM	154	100	4	54	20	20	X	100	112	100	1	110	5	13	14	15	102	X	17	15	18	104	78	410	1	1	1	108	125	105	28	60	37	300		
7:55 PM	154	100	4	54	20	20	X	100	112	100	1	110	55	14	15	16	102	X	16	18	16	108	470	470	1	1	1	108	120	100	28	60	37	660		
8 PM																																				
8 PM																																				
10 PM																																				
12 AM																																				
2 AM																																				
4 AM																																				
6 AM																																				

DATE 9/18/84

Test #2

Mo:LL 77:W 07F (#1)

[illegible]

DATE 9/18/84

DATE 9/18/84

Main Stack Test

TIME		PREHEATER										KILN										COOLER										SPRAY TOWER						COAL MILL							REMARKS
		Feed Rate	ID-30 Speed	ID-30 Draft	Stage 1 Exit Draft	Stage 1 Gas Temp.	Stage 4 Gas Temp.	Reh. Exit O ₂	ID-24 Speed	Kiln Speed	Kiln Amps	% O ₂ Exit	Sec. Air Temp.	#1 Grate Speed	#1 Undergrate Press.	#2 Undergrate Press.	#4 Undergrate Press.	#1 Fan Flow	#2 Fan Flow	#3 Fan Flow	#4 Fan Flow	Kiln Hood Draft	Vent Fan Damper	Filter Inlet Temp.	Spray Tower Inlet Temp.	Spray Tower Outlet Temp.	Water Spray	Coal Feed	Mill Inlet Temp.	Mill Outlet Temp.	Mill Inlet Draft	Mill Drive Amps	System Fan Damper	Prim. Air Fan Damper	Dust Trap Temp.										
7:00 AM	142	1040	-5	34	700	150	—	680	118	9/10	.5	1800	5	135	141	151	72	—	16	19	8	105	100	520	510	305	68	10.2	380	155	.8	29	60	37	630	Test #2									
7:30 AM	140	1040	-5	33 1/2	700	150	—	680	118	9/10	.5	1800	5 1/2	141 1/2	151 1/2	78	—	16	17	17	104	92	420	525	305	64	10.2	370	150	.8	24	60	37	630	Mill										
8:00 AM	140	1040	-5	33 1/2	700	150	—	680	118	8 1/10	.6	1750	5	137 1/2	141 1/2	74	—	16	15	15	102	100	420	510	305	68	10.2	380	160	.9	28	60	37	610	off (#1)										
8:30 AM	140	1040	-5	33 1/2	700	1305	—	680	118	7 1/10	.5	1800	5	142	152	72	—	15	14	16	105	95	520	525	305	64	10.2	380	155	.7	29	60	37	650	140 TPH										
9:00 AM	140	1040	-5	33 1/2	700	1305	—	680	118	7 1/11	.5	1800	6	142	154	72	—	15	17 1/2	15	107	92	520	510	305	62	10.2	370	155	.7	24	60	37	620	Average										
9:30 AM																																				Feed to									
10:00 AM																																				Kiln									
10:30 AM																																													
11:00 AM																																													
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6:00 PM																																													

DATE 9-18-84

LEEDS KILN PROCESS DATA SHEET
MAIN STACK Test

REMARKS
Test #3
M:11
OFF (#2)
138 TPH
Average
Feed 138 TPH

PREHEATER										KILN				COOLER										SPRAY TOWER				COAL MILL							
Feed Rate		ID-30 Speed	ID-30 Draft	Stage 1 Exit Draft	Stage 1 Gas Temp.	Stage 4 Gas Temp.	Reh. Exit O ₂	ID-24 Speed	Kiln Speed	Kiln Amps	Kiln Exit O ₂	Sec. Air Temp.	#1 Grate Speed	#1 Undergrate Press.	#2 Undergrate Press.	#4 Undergrate Press.	#1 Fan Flow	#2 Fan Flow	#3 Fan Flow	#4 Fan Flow	Kiln Hood Draft	Vent Fan Damper	Filter Inlet Temp.	Spray Tower Inlet Temp.	Spray Tower Outlet Temp.	Water Spray	Coal Feed	Mill Inlet Temp.	Mill Outlet Temp.	Mill Inlet Draft	Mill Drive Amps	System Fan Damper	Prim. Air Fan Damper	Dust Trap Temp.	
TIME	TPH	RPM	"WC	"WC	°F	°F	%	RPM	RPM	A	%	°F	SPM	"WC	"WC	"WC	K1000 CFM	K1000 CFM	K1000 CFM	K1000 CFM	"WC	%	°F	°F	°F	GPH	lb/h	°F	°F	"WC	A	%	%	°F	
8 AM	140	1040	-5	33 1/2	700	135	1.7	70	118	111	1	1700	5	12 1/2	13	5 1/2	16	17	18	17	0.6	100	450	520	305	62	10.2	415	155	1	28	60	37	650	
9 AM	138	1040	-5	33 1/2	700	135	1.7	70	118	111	1	1700	5	12 1/2	13	5 1/2	16	17	18	17	0.6	95	440	520	305	64	10.2	415	155	.9	28	60	37	660	
10 AM	138	1040	-5	33 1/2	700	135	1.7	70	118	111	1	1700	5	12 1/2	13	5 1/2	16	17	18	17	0.6	90	470	520	305	64	10.2	415	155	.8	27	60	37	660	
11 AM	138	1040	-5	33 1/2	705	135	1.1	69	118	112	1	1700	5	12 1/2	13 1/2	5	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15	.07	80	400	525	305	66	10.2	380	145	1.1	28	60	37	520	
12 PM	136	1040	-5	33	705	135	1.9	69	118	112	1	1700	5	12 1/2	14 1/2	5.8	16	19	17	17	.045	90	420	525	305	68	10.2	370	145	.8	29	60	37	580	
1 PM																																			
2 PM																																			
3 PM																																			
4 PM																																			
5 PM																																			
6 AM																																			

DATE 9/18/84

REMARKS	Test #	Mill Off (#)
	4	1111 Off (#3)

[illegible]

DATE 2/11/84

REMARKS

Test #5

$$N:11 \quad f_4(\#4)$$
[illegible]

DATE 2/19/84

LEEDS KILN PROCESS DATA SHEET

Main Stack Test

TIME	PREHEATER				KILN				COOLER								SPRAY TOWER				COAL MILL						REMARKS						
	Feed Rate	ID-30 Speed	ID-30 Draft	Stage 1 Exit Draft	Stage 1 Gas Temp.	Stage 4 Gas Temp.	Reh. Exit O2	ID-24 Speed	Kiln Speed	Kiln Amps	Kiln Exit O2	Sec. Air Temp.	#1 Grate Speed	#1 Undergrate Press.	#2 Undergrate Press.	#4 Undergrate Press.	#1 Fan Flow	#2 Fan Flow	#3 Fan Flow	#4 Fan Flow	Kiln Hood Draft	Vent Fan Damper	Filter Inlet Temp.	Spray Tower Inlet Temp.	Spray Tower Outlet Temp.	Water Spray		Coal Feed	Mill Inlet Temp.	Mill Outlet Temp.	Mill Inlet Draft	Mill Drive Amps	System Fan Damper
8:00 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	Test #5 Mill 134 TPH Feed to Kiln
8:15 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
8:30 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
8:45 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
9:00 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
9:15 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
9:30 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
9:45 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
10:00 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
10:15 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
10:30 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
10:45 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
11:00 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
11:15 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
11:30 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
11:45 AM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
12:00 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
12:15 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
12:30 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
12:45 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
2:00 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
2:15 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
2:30 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
2:45 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
3:00 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
3:15 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
3:30 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
3:45 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
4:00 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
4:15 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
4:30 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
4:45 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
5:00 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
5:15 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
5:30 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
5:45 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	
6:00 PM	135	100	-5	33	700	150	1	100	100	116	1	1115	5	13.8	14.6	7.5	16	18	17	10.2	10.2	10.2	305	305	67	10.2	140	17	27	60	37	630	

LEEDS RAW MILL PROCESS DATA SHEET

DATE 9/20/84

TIME	LOESCHE MILL							AUXILIARIES							REMARKS					
	Diff. Pressure "WC	Air Flow 1000 CFM	Inlet Temp. °F	Outlet Temp. °F	Feed Rate T/H	Vibration "/sec	RPM	Classifier Speed RPM	M:11 Amps A	D24 Amps A	D24 Speed RPM	011 Elevator A	0418 Elevator A	052 Pump Speed RPM		052 Pump Press. PSI	FEED Bin Level Tons	Opacity %	M:11 ΔP Set Point	
3:00 AM	37	185	610	200	8.3	10/18	47	150/110	150/110	203	1180	30	21	1180	26	—	4	73	Test #7 Mill On #3	
3:45 AM	37	185	610	200	8.5	11/18	47	150/110	150/110	202	1180	22	20	1180	26	—	4	73		
4:30 AM	37	185	610	200	8.5	11/18	46	150/110	150/110	200	1180	30	24	1180	25	—	6	73		
5:15 AM	37	185	610	200	8.5	11/18	46	150/110	150/110	201	1180	22	19	1180	26	—	4	73		
6:00 AM	37	190	610	200	8.4	11/19	46	150/110	150/110	201	1180	30	19	1180	27	—	4	73		
6:45 AM																				
7:30 AM																				
8:15 AM																				
9:00 AM																				
9:45 AM																				
10:30 AM																				
11:15 AM																				
12:00 PM																				
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12:45 AM																				
1:30 AM																				
2:15 AM																				
3:00 AM																				
3:45 AM																				
4:30 AM																				
5:15 AM																				
6:00 AM																				

TIME	Feed Rate	th/h
3:00 AM	5.2	118
3:45 AM	5.5	118
4:30 AM	5.5	118
5:15 AM	5.5	118
6:00 AM	5.5	118
6:45 AM		
7:30 AM		
8:15 AM		
9:00 AM		
9:45 AM		
10:30 AM		
11:15 AM		
12:00 PM		
12:45 PM		
1:30 PM		
2:15 PM		
3:00 PM		
3:45 PM		
4:30 PM		
5:15 PM		
6:00 PM		

Cooler Stack Test

100

+
es
f

DATE 2/21/84

[illegible]

Avg. Lin Feed = 154 TPH

DATE 2/21/84

[illegible]

Avg. Kiln Feed = 163 TPH

APPENDIX E
VISIBLE EMISSIONS

Bureau of Environmental Health
Paul Pate, Director



September 25, 1984

Mr. David Martin
Scientist
CH₂M Hill
807 South McDonough Street
P.O. Box 2499
Montgomery, Alabama 36104

Dear Mr. Martin:

As per our conversation Friday, September 21, 1984, enclosed are copies of visible emission readings performed by Sanitarians from this office on the Loesche Mill September 17 - 18, 1984 at Lehigh Cement, Leeds, Alabama. As we had discussed, please include these visible emissions readings in the stack test report.

If you have any questions, please contact me at 933-9110, extension 1280.

Sincerely,

Veda M. Hampton
Air Pollution Control Engineer
Air Pollution Control Program

VMH/bb

Enc.



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

Company Name Lehigh Cement (Leeds) Location 18
Source Kiln Permit No. 0002901501
Start/Stop Time 3:13/3:42 Sky Condition 50% clouds Date 09/18/84
Observation Point SSW of source Distance from Source 100 yds
Stack Height 101' Background blue sky Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other
Violation Observed ☐ If Notice Given, Notice Number ☐
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 10
Minutes Exceeding: ☐ % Opacity = ☐ ☐ % Opacity = ☐
Observer Cargo 43 Time Analysis 02 ID VE

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	10	10	10	10	15	10	10	10	10	30					45				
1	10	10	10	10	16	10	10	10	10	31					46				
2	10	10	10	10	17	10	10	10	10	32					47				
3	10	10	10	10	18	10	10	10	10	33					48				
4	10	10	10	10	19	10	10	5	10	34					49				
5	10	10	10	10	20	10	10	5	10	35					50				
6	10	10	10	5	21	10	10	10	10	36					51				
7	10	10	5	10	22	5	5	5	5	37					52				
8	10	10	10	10	23	5	5	5	5	38					53				
9	10	15	10	10	24	10	5	5	5	39					54				
10	10	10	10	10	25	5	5	10	10	40					55				
11	10	10	10	10	26	10	10	10	10	41					56				
12	10	10	10	10	27	10	10	10	15	42					57				
13	10	10	10	10	28	10	10	10	10	43					58				
14	10	10	10	10	29	10	10	10	10	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

Stack test

min 9-14 = 10% opacity

run #5

reading point of maximum opacity (detached plume)

MILL OFF



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

Company Name Lehigh Cement (Leeds) Location 18
Source Kiln Permit No. 0002901501
Start/Stop Time 1:04/1:33 Sky Condition 50% clouds Date 091884
Observation Point SSW of source Distance from Source 100 yards
Stack Height 101 ft Background blue sky Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other _____
Violation Observed ☐ If Notice Given, Notice Number ☐
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 10
Minutes Exceeding: ☐ % Opacity = ☐ ☐ % Opacity = ☐
Observer Cargo 43 Time Analysis 02 ID VE

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	5	5	5	10	15	15	15	10	10	30					45				
1	5	5	10	5	16	10	10	10	10	31					46				
2	5	10	10	5	17	10	10	10	5	32					47				
3	5	5	5	5	18	5	5	5	5	33					48				
4	0	0	0	0	19	5	5	5	5	34					49				
5	0	5	5	5	20	5	5	5	5	35					50				
6	10	10	5	5	21	5	5	5	10	36					51				
7	5	5	10	10	22	5	5	5	5	37					52				
8	5	5	5	5	23	5	5	5	5	38					53				
9	10	10	10	10	24	5	10	10	10	39					54				
10	5	10	5	10	25	10	10	10	10	40					55				
11	10	10	10	15	26	5	5	10	5	41					56				
12	10	10	10	10	27	5	10	10	10	42					57				
13	10	10	10	5	28	10	5	5	5	43					58				
14	10	10	15	15	29	5	5	5	5	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

stack test min 11-16 = 10% opacity

run # 4

reading point of highest opacity (detached plume)



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS, OBSERVATION REPORT

Company Name Lohigh Cement (Leeds) Location 18
Source Kiln Permit No. 0002901501
Start/Stop Time 10:13/10:42 Sky Condition clear Date 09/18/84
Observation Point East of source Distance from Source 200 yards
Stack Height 101 ft Background sky Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other _____
Violation Observed ☐ If Notice Given, Notice Number 23
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 12
Minutes Exceeding: 32 % Opacity = 34 % Opacity = 38
Observer Cargo Time Analysis 02 ID V F

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	10	10	5	5	15	5	10	5	5	30					45				
1	10	5	5	40	16	10	5	5	5	31					46				
2	10	10	10	15	17	10	5	5	5	32					47				
3	5	5	5	10	18	30	10	5	5	33					48				
4	10	15	10	20	19	5	10	10	5	34					49				
5	10	10	10	5	20	10	10	10	10	35					50				
6	10	20	30	15	21	10	10	15	15	36					51				
7	10	10	10	5	22	5	10	10	15	37					52				
8	5	10	10	15	23	15	15	10	10	38					53				
9	10	10	5	10	24	10	10	5	10	39					54				
10	15	10	10	10	25	5	5	10	5	40					55				
11	10	10	5	10	26	5	5	5	10	41					56				
12	5	5	10	5	27	10	5	5	5	42					57				
13	10	10	10	5	28	5	5	10	5	43					58				
14	10	5	5	10	29	5	5	5	5	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

stack test min 1-6 = 12% opacity
run #3

mill off



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

Company Name Lehigh Cement (Feeds) Location 118
Source Kilm Permit No. 0002901501
Start/Stop Time 7:45/8:14 Sky Condition 20% clouds Date 091884
Observation Point East of source Distance from Source 200 yards
Stack Height 101 ft Background blue sky Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other
Violation Observed ☐ If Notice Given, Notice Number ☐
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 11
Minutes Exceeding: ☐ % Opacity = ☐ ☐ % Opacity = ☐
Observer Cargo 43 Time Analysis 02 ID VE

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	15	20	20	15	15	5	5	5	5	30					45				
1	15	15	10	10	16	5	5	5	5	31					46				
2	10	15	10	15	17	5	5	10	10	32					47				
3	15	20	15	5	18	5	10	10	10	33					48				
4	5	5	10	5	19	5	5	5	5	34					49				
5	10	5	10	10	20	5	10	5	5	35					50				
6	5	5	10	5	21	5	10	5	5	36					51				
7	10	10	5	5	22	10	5	5	5	37					52				
8	5	5	10	5	23	5	5	5	5	38					53				
9	5	10	5	5	24	5	10	5	5	39					54				
10	5	5	10	5	25	5	5	10	5	40					55				
11	10	5	5	10	26	5	5	10	5	41					56				
12	10	10	5	5	27	5	5	10	5	42					57				
13	5	10	10	5	28	5	5	5	5	43					58				
14	10	5	10	5	29	5	5	5	5	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

Stack test min 0-5 = 11% opacity
run # 2

MILL OFF



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

Company Name Lehigh Cement (P-2 ds) Location 18
Source Kiln Permit No. 0002901501
Start/Stop Time 2:48/3:17 Sky Condition 75% clouds Date 09/19/84
Observation Point SW of source Distance from Source 100 yds
Stack Height 101 ft Background cloudy sky Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other
Violation Observed ☐ If Notice Given, Notice Number ☐
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 06
Minutes Exceeding: ☐ % Opacity = ☐ ☐ % Opacity = ☐
Observer Cargo 43 Time Analysis 02 ID V F

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	0	0	0	0	15	5	5	5	5	30					45				
1	0	0	0	0	16	5	10	5	5	31					46				
2	0	0	0	0	17	10	5	5	10	32					47				
3	0	0	0	0	18	5	5	5	5	33					48				
4	0	0	0	0	19	5	5	10	5	34					49				
5	0	0	0	0	20	5	5	5	5	35					50				
6	0	0	0	0	21	10	5	5	5	36					51				
7	0	0	0	0	22	10	5	10	5	37					52				
8	0	0	0	0	23	5	5	5	5	38					53				
9	0	0	0	0	24	5	10	5	5	39					54				
10	0	0	0	0	25	5	5	5	10	40					55				
11	0	0	0	0	26	5	5	5	5	41					56				
12	0	0	0	0	27	5	5	10	5	42					57				
13	0	0	0	0	28	5	5	5	10	43					58				
14	0	0	0	5	29	5	5	5	10	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

min 17-22 = 6% opacity

Stack test run #1

mill on



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

VMA
JCOH
9/21/84

Company Name Lehigh Cement (Peds) Location 18
Source Kalm Permit No. 0002901501
Start/Stop Time 8:04/8:33 Sky Condition clear Date 0921-4
Observation Point East of source Distance from Source 200 yards
Stack Height 101' Background blue sky Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other
Violation Observed ☐ If Notice Given, Notice Number ☐
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 3
Minutes Exceeding: ☐ % Opacity = ☐ ☐ % Opacity = ☐
Observer Cargo Time Analysis 02 ID VE

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	5	5	5	5	15	5	5	5	5	30					45				
1	5	10	10	5	16	0	0	0	5	31					46				
2	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	5	5	32					47				
3	0	5	5	5	18	0	0	5	5	33					48				
4	5	0	5	5	19	5	0	5	5	34					49				
5	5	5	5	5	20	5	0	0	5	35					50				
6	5	0	0	0	21	5	5	5	5	36					51				
7	5	5	5	5	22	5	5	5	5	37					52				
8	5	5	0	5	23	5	5	0	5	38					53				
9	5	0	0	0	24	5	5	0	0	39					54				
10	5	5	0	0	25	0	5	5	0	40					55				
11	0	0	5	0	26	5	5	0	0	41					56				
12	0	0	0	0	27	5	5	0	0	42					57				
13	0	0	0	0	28	5	0	5	5	43					58				
14	0	0	0	5	29	0	5	0	5	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

stack test min 0-5 = 39% opacity
run #6

mill on



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

Vmt
9/21/84
JCBH

Company Name Lakeland Cement Co. Location 18

Source Kiln Permit No. 0002901501

Start/Stop Time 10:23/10:52 Sky Condition clear Date 092084

Observation Point SE of source Distance from Source 200 yds

Stack Height 101' Background blue sky Plume Color white

Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other

Violation Observed ☐ If Notice Given, Notice Number ☐

Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 03

Minutes Exceeding: ☐ % Opacity = ☐ ☐ % Opacity = ☐

Observer Canga Time Analysis 02 ID VE

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	5	5	5	5	15	0	0	0	5	30					45				
1	5	5	5	5	16	5	5	0	0	31					46				
2	5	5	5	5	17	5	5	5	5	32					47				
3	5	5	5	5	18	5	5	5	5	33					48				
4	5	5	5	5	19	5	5	5	5	34					49				
5	5	5	5	5	20	5	5	5	5	35					50				
6	5	5	5	5	21	5	5	5	5	36					51				
7	5	5	5	5	22	5	5	5	5	37					52				
8	5	5	5	5	23	5	5	5	5	38					53				
9	5	5	5	5	24	5	5	5	5	39					54				
10	5	5	5	5	25	5	5	5	5	40					55				
11	5	5	5	5	26	5	5	5	5	41					56				
12	5	5	5	5	27	5	5	5	5	42					57				
13	5	5	5	5	28	5	5	5	5	43					58				
14	5	5	5	5	29	5	5	5	5	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

stack test
run # 7
min 17-22 = 3% opacity

mill on



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

2/24/84
9/21/84
JCH

Company Name Lehigh Cement Location 18
Source Clinker cooler Permit No. 0002901502
Start/Stop Time 8:17/8:46 Sky Condition 10% clouds Date 092184
Observation Point SE of source Distance from Source 1000 ft
Stack Height 80 feet Background Pre-heater Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other ☐
Violation Observed ☒ If Notice Given, Notice Number ☐
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 11
Minutes Exceeding: ☐ % Opacity = ☐ ☐ % Opacity = ☐
Observer Cargo Time Analysis 02 ID VE

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	15	10	10	10	15	5	5	10	15	30					45				
1	15	10	10	10	16	10	10	5	5	31					46				
2	10	10	10	10	17	5	5	5	5	32					47				
3	5	5	5	15	18	5	5	5	5	33					48				
4	15	15	10	10	19	5	15	10	10	34					49				
5	10	15	15	10	20	5	5	5	5	35					50				
6	10	15	10	10	21	5	5	5	5	36					51				
7	10	10	10	15	22	5	5	5	5	37					52				
8	15	10	10	10	23	10	10	10	5	38					53				
9	10	10	5	10	24	5	5	5	10	39					54				
10	5	5	10	10	25	5	5	5	5	40					55				
11	10	5	5	10	26	10	5	5	5	41					56				
12	10	10	10	10	27	10	5	5	5	42					57				
13	5	5	5	10	28	5	5	5	5	43					58				
14	10	5	5	5	29	5	5	5	5	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

Stack test
run #8
min 4-9 = 11% opacity



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

VH
9/21/84
JCH

Company Name High Cement (Road) Location 18
Source clinker cooler Permit No. 0002901502
Start/Stop Time 10:17/10:46 Sky Condition 10% clouds Date 092184
Observation Point SE of source Distance from Source 1000 ft
Stack Height 80 ft Background power plant tower Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other
Violation Observed ☒ If Notice Given, Notice Number
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 12
Minutes Exceeding: % Opacity = , % Opacity =
Observer C. J. J. Time Analysis 02 ID VE

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	5	5	10	10	15	5	5	5	5	30					45				
1	10	5	5	5	16	5	5	5	5	31					46				
2	5	5	5	5	17	5	5	10	10	32					47				
3	5	5	5	5	18	5	5	10	5	33					48				
4	5	5	15	5	19	5	5	5	5	34					49				
5	5	5	5	5	20	5	30	5	5	35					50				
6	5	5	5	5	21	5	5	5	5	36					51				
7	10	15	5	5	22	5	5	5	5	37					52				
8	5	15	15	20	23	5	5	5	5	38					53				
9	5	5	0	15	24	10	15	15	10	39					54				
10	10	20	20	5	25	10	10	5	5	40					55				
11	5	5	10	5	26	15	5	5	5	41					56				
12	5	10	10	5	27	10	10	5	5	42					57				
13	0	0	5	5	28	35	10	5	5	43					58				
14	5	5	15	15	29	5	5	5	10	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

stack test
run #9
min 7-13 = 12% opacity
11.46



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

VH4
9/21/84
JCDH

Company Name L. High Cement (Leeds) Location 18
Source Clinker Cooler Permit No. 0002901502
Start/Stop Time 12:29/12:58 Sky Condition 10% clouds Date 09 21 84
Observation Point 500 ft Distance from Source 1000 ft
Stack Height 80 ft Background no heat tower Plume Color white
Method of Evaluation: ☐ 1 Hour Cumulative ☒ 6 Minute Average ☐ Other
Violation Observed ☒ If Notice Given, Notice Number 23
Total Minutes Observed 30 Highest 6 Minute Average 30
Minutes Exceeding: 32 % Opacity = 34 % Opacity = 38
Observer C. J. J. Time Analysis 00 ID VE

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	15	15	15	15	15	5	10	10	10	30					45				
1	25	25	25	25	16	10	10	15	50	31					46				
2	20	10	15	15	17	40	40	30	30	32					47				
3	15	15	15	20	18	30	30	35	30	33					48				
4	15	15	15	10	19	40	40	40	30	34					49				
5	20	15	15	15	20	50	25	25	30	35					50				
6	15	15	10	10	21	30	30	25	30	36					51				
7	10	5	10	5	22	25	25	25	20	37					52				
8	5	10	10	50	23	10	25	30	20	38					53				
9	50	15	10	10	24	00	25	25	20	39					54				
10	5	10	10	5	25	25	30	20	20	40					55				
11	5	5	10	5	26	00	20	30	20	41					56				
12	5	5	5	15	27	25	15	20	15	42					57				
13	15	15	10	10	28	00	20	25	15	43					58				
14	10	10	10	10	29	5	5	15	10	44					59				

Results and Recommendations:

stack test
run #10
min 17-22 = 30% opacity