

Victorville #2
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AP-42 Section	11.6
Reference	57
Report Sect.	4
Reference	62

Note: This is a reference cited in AP 42, *Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume I Stationary Point and Area Sources*. AP42 is located on the EPA web site at www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/

The file name refers to the reference number, the AP42 chapter and section. The file name "ref02_c01s02.pdf" would mean the reference is from AP42 chapter 1 section 2. The reference may be from a previous version of the section and no longer cited. The primary source should always be checked.

COMPLIANCE TESTING AT
SOUTHWESTERN PORTLAND CEMENT

March 18 through 21, 1985

Prepared for

Southwestern Portland Cement
15000 Seventh Street, Suite 201
Victorville, California 92392

April 1985

Prepared by

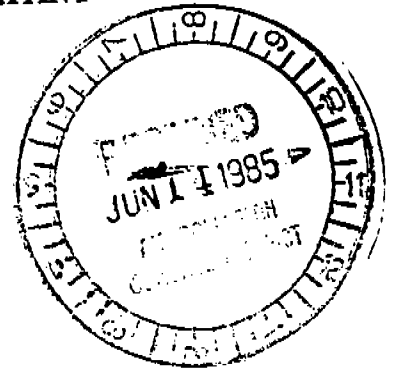
Pape & Steiner Environmental Services
5801 Norris Road
Bakersfield, California 93308

Report PS-85-411/Project 5401-85

SOUTHWESTERN PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY

P. O. BOX 937
VICTORVILLE, CALIFORNIA 92392

~~DISCONTINUED~~
(619) 245-1681



June 13, 1985

Mr. Tom Upthegrove
San Bernardino County
Air Pollution Control District
15505 Civic Drive
Victorville, CA 92392

Dear Tom:

Subject: Production Rates During Compliance Testing

Compliance testing was done during the week of March 18 through March 21, 1985. These results have been previously submitted to you with my letter of April 19, 1985 along with the compliance test report by Pape & Steiner, #PS-85-411, Project 5401-85, dated April, 1985.

Production rates on the various units tested are as follows:

#2 Kiln - Baghouse Stack

Test Number	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Test Dates:	03/20/85	03/21/85	03/21/85
Indicated Kiln Feed Rate (TPH):	230	206.25	206.25
Corrected Kiln Feed Rate (TPH):	205	184	184
Clinker (TPH):	112	100	100
Coal Feed Rates (TPH):			
Pyroclone:	6.61 TPH	5.6	5.6
Kiln:	<u>7.45</u> TPH	<u>6.8</u>	<u>6.8</u>
Total	14.06	12.4	12.4

*Coal - 13,445 BTU/lb. As received.
= 26.89 MM BTU/Ton*

Mr. Tom Upthegrove
San Bernardino County
Air Pollution Control District
Page Two
June 13, 1985

#2 Raw Mill - Stack - #27-FDC-14

Test Number	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Test Dates:	03/21/85	03/22/85	03/22/85
Average Mill Feed rates (TPH):	250	227	227

#27-FDC-11 - Additive Feed Belt to Raw Mill #2

Test Number	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>
Test Dates:	03/22/85	03/22/85
Average Feed Rate (TPH):	12.9	12.9

#12 Finish Mill - Main Dust Collector Stack - #42-FDC-34

Test Number	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Test Dates:	03/19/85	03/19/85	03/19/85
Average Mill Feed Rate (TPH):	73.5	73.5	73.5

High Surface Area Grind - Average Blaine = 4560 sq. cm./gram.

#12 Finish Mill Feed Belt Dust Collector #42-FDC-35

Test Number	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Test Dates:	03/19/85	03/19/85	03/19/85
Average Mill Feed Rate (TPH):	73.5	73.5	73.5

Sincerely yours,

Douglas Y. MacIver

Douglas Y. MacIver
Manager, Environmental Engineering

DYM:kmr

cc: E. B. Thorn, Jr.
O. G. Dagnan
M. A. Yannone
W. R. McCormick
J. H. Fleming
Walter Mook, APCD

SOUTHWESTERN PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY

P. O. BOX 937
VICTORVILLE, CALIFORNIA 92392

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
(619) 245-1681

April 19, 1985

Mr. Walter Mook
Executive Officer
San Bernardino Air Pollution
Control District
15579 Eighth Street
Victorville, CA 92392

Dear Walter:

Subject: Compliance Tests at Southwestern's New Facilities

Enclosed herewith are the results of the compliance tests done by Pape & Steiner Environmental Services which are required by your district and EPA's New Source Performance Standards (NSPS). These tests were conducted on March 19-22, 1985. Tom Upthegrove, an engineer with your district, observed the testing.

As noted by Pape & Steiner's report, the test on the clinker cooler dust collector (GBF-2) was not completed and the test on the clinker belt transfer point dust collector (53FDC-35) was not done because the clinker belt burned up during the early morning of March 21. Testing of these two dust collectors will be rescheduled.

Calibration of the kiln feed scale on March 22 after these tests were done shows that the indicated kiln feed rate was too high during the test periods. It should be noted that the indicated kiln feed rate includes 10-13% returned kiln baghouse dust.

The correct rates should be:

<u>Test Number</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
<u>Date</u>	<u>3/20/85</u>	<u>3/21/85</u>	<u>3/21/85</u>
Test condition, indicated KF rate with returned dust	<u>230</u> TPH	<u>206.25</u> TPH	<u>206.25</u> TPH
Corrected KF rate with returned dust	<u>205</u> TPH	<u>184</u> TPH	<u>184</u> TPH
Clinker	112 TPH	100 TPH	100 TPH

Mr. Walter Mook
Page Two
April 19, 1985

The emissions on the units tested meet all of the established emission limits in your rules and the EPA NSPS. We await your evaluation of how we stand with your new source review limits on carbon monoxide.

As required by your new source review, we are also sending a copy of this report to the EPA, Region IX in San Francisco.

If you have any question, please call.

Sincerely,



Douglas Y. MacIver
Manager, Environmental Engineering

DYM:kmr

Enclosures

cc: E. B. Thorn, Jr.
O. G. Dagnan ✓
M. A. Yannone
W. R. McCormick
G. W. Ogle
EPA; Region IX

#4

COMPLIANCE TESTING AT
SOUTHWESTERN PORTLAND CEMENT

March 18 through 21, 1985

Prepared for

Southwestern Portland Cement
15000 Seventh Street, Suite 201
Victorville, California 92392

April 1985

Prepared by

Pape & Steiner Environmental Services
5801 Norris Road
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Report PS-85-411/Project 5401-85

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

At the request of Southwestern Portland Cement (SWPC), Pape & Steiner Environmental Services conducted a series of emission tests on the exhaust of baghouse control devices on five new sources at their cement plant near Victorville, California. The purpose of this test program was to demonstrate compliance with EPA and San Bernardino County rules and regulations.

Recently, SWPC completed a large expansion of their Victorville cement plant. A new kiln (#2), raw mill (#2), finish mill (#12) and several belt feed dust collectors (#42-FDC-35, 27-FDC-11) are each equipped with baghouse particulate control devices. The kiln, raw mill and finish mill emissions were tested for EPA. The belt feed dust collector emissions were tested for San Bernardino County APCD. Some problems were encountered with the new Clinker Cooler (#2) equipped with a gravel bed filter and the clinker feed belt dust collector. Compliance demonstration tests were not completed on these two sources.

Pape & Steiner Environmental Services conducted the compliance test program from March 19 through 21, 1985. Triplicate EPA Method 5 tests for filterable particulate were performed on the #2 kiln, #2 raw mill, #12 finish mill and 42-FDC-35. Continuous monitor tests for NO_x , SO_2 , CO, CO_2

and O_2 were performed at the baghouse exhaust of #2 kiln using CARB Method 1-100. Triplicate 1-hour tests were run concurrently with the particulate measurements. A grab sample was collected during each test for C_1 through C_6 and greater than C_6 hydrocarbon analysis. Duplicate Method 5 tests were performed on 27-FDC-11. This source is regulated by San Bernardino County. Duplicate measurements were allowed because of circumstances occurring during the test program. The #2 kiln went down during the test program leaving only limited room in the raw feed silos and only duplicate tests could be completed before the silos were full.

Section 2 of this report presents the results for each of the sources tested. Sections 3 and 4 describe the sampling and analysis procedures used. Quality assurance steps taken during this program are described in Section 5. The Appendix contains calculation worksheets, raw data sheets, continuous monitor strip charts and equipment calibration sheets.

SECTION 2

RESULTS

This section of the report presents the results of emission tests conducted on each of five new sources at SWPC Victorville facility.

Tables 2-1 through 2-5 present results from #2 kiln, #2 raw mill, #12 finish mill, 42-FDC-35 and 27-FDC-11 respectively. Feedrate in tons per hour is presented for each test. Flue gas pressure, temperature, velocity and standardized volumetric flowrates were measured for each Method 5 test. Gas analysis of O_2 , CO_2 and H_2O was also measured during each test. Filterable particulate emissions are reported as solid particulate and represents matter which is filterable at $250^{\circ}F$. The filterable particulate is determined by combining the catch from the nozzle, probe, filter holder wash, and filter. Pound per hour emission rates are calculated from emission concentration and measured volumetric flowrates for each test.

Table 2-1 also presents gaseous and hydrocarbon emission data collected during the particulate tests. NO_x , SO_2 and CO components are presented on a dry volume basis. Pound per hour emission rates are calculated based on the measured volumetric flowrates from the Method 5 tests. Hydrocarbon components were speciated and lb/hr emission rates were determined by summing the individual component lb/hr emission rates. There were no hydrocarbon species detected greater than propane.

TABLE 2-1. SUMMARY OF SOURCE EMISSION TEST DATA

UNIT TESTED: #2 Kiln LOCATION: Baghouse Outlet

Adjusted rate = Clinker → 112 T/h 100 100

Test number	1	2	3	Average
Date	03/20/85	03/21/85	03/21/85	
Test condition	230 TPH	206.5 TPH	206.5 TPH	
	205	184	184	
Barometric pressure (in. Hg)	26.57	26.41	26.41	
Stack pressure (in. Hg)	26.57	26.41	26.41	
Stack area (ft ²)	139.63	139.63	139.63	
Elapsed sampling time (min)	72	72	72	
Volume gas sampled (dscf)	41.972	42.273	45.757	
F-Factor	0.546	0.543	0.543	
GAS DATA				
Average gas velocity (fps)	36.19	37.88	38.39	37.49
Average gas temperature (°F)	390	377	387	385
Gas flowrate (dscfm)	160292	169115	169637	166361
Gas analysis (dry percent basis)				
Carbon Dioxide	18.8	16.7	17.5	17.7
Oxygen	9.8	11.0	10.8	10.5
Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	121	57	53	77
Water	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.2
EMISSION CONCENTRATION				
Solid Particulate (gr/dscf)	0.0100	0.0027	0.0022	0.0050
Solid Particulate @ 12% CO ₂				
Particulate Matter (gr/dscf)				
Particulate Matter @ 12% CO ₂				
Total Sulfate (gr/dscf)				
Total Sulfate @ 12% CO ₂				
CO (ppm)	121	57	53	77
CO @ 3% O ₂	195	103	94	131
SO ₂ (ppm)	10	4	7	7
SO ₂ @ 3% O ₂	16	7	12	12
NO _x (ppm)	680	623	623	622-642 ?
NO _x @ 3% O ₂	1097	1126	998	1074
EMISSION RATE				
Solid Particulate (lb/hr)	13.73	3.95	3.16	6.95
Particulate Matter (lb/hr)				
Total Sulfate (lb/hr)				
CO (lb/hr)	84.58	42.04	39.21	55.28
SO ₂ (lb/hr)	16.80	6.75	11.85	11.53
NO _x (lb/hr)	780.87	754.79	684.21	739.96
VOC (lb/hr)	0.99	2.04	2.24	1.76
Coal- Feed rates	6.61	5.6	5.6	
	7.45	6.8	6.8	
KF x 1.536 = CR	14.06	12.4	12.4	
Adjusted #NO _x /MMBTU	2.07	2.26-2.28	2.05-2.05	2.13-2.24
#NO _x /TKF	2-2.395	3.656	3.31	3.45
#NO _x /TCLinker	5.21	5.62	5.09	5.31
Adjusted " / T CLINKER	6.97	7.56	6.84	7.12

Adjust
3.88
#NO_x/T

TABLE 2-2. SUMMARY OF SOURCE EMISSION TEST DATA

UNIT TESTED: #2 Raw Mill - #27-FDC-14 LOCATION: Baghouse Outlet

Test number	1	2	3	Average
Date	03-21-85	03-22-85	03-22-85	
Test condition	250 TPH	223 TPH	223 TPH	
Barometric pressure (in. Hg)	26.47	26.37	26.37	
Stack pressure (in. Hg)	26.41	26.34	26.34	
Stack area (ft ²)	28.27	28.27	28.27	
Elapsed sampling time (min)	72	60	60	
Volume gas sampled (dscf)	47.163	38.767	35.905	
F-Factor				
GAS DATA				
Average gas velocity (fps)	52.04	49.80	46.72	49.52
Average gas temperature (°F)	178	162	172	171
Gas flowrate (dscfm)	16865	60906	56259	59677
Gas analysis (dry percent basis)				
Carbon Dioxide	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Oxygen	20.5	20.5	20.5	20.5
Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	---	---	---	---
Water	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.7
EMISSION CONCENTRATION				
Solid Particulate (gr/dscf)	0.0057	0.0051	0.0041	0.0050
Solid Particulate @ 12% CO ₂				
Particulate Matter (gr/dscf)				
Particulate Matter @ 12% CO ₂				
Total Sulfate (gr/dscf)				
Total Sulfate @ 12% CO ₂				
CO (ppm)				
CO @ 3% O ₂				
SO ₂ (ppm)				
SO ₂ @ 3% O ₂				
NO _x (ppm)				
NO _x @ 3% O ₂				
EMISSION RATE				
Solid Particulate (lb/hr)	3.00	2.66	1.96	2.54
Particulate Matter (lb/hr)				
Total Sulfate (lb/hr)				
CO (lb/hr)				
SO ₂ (lb/hr)				
NO _x (lb/hr)				
1b/MMBtu - EMISSION FACTOR				
Solid Particulate				
Particulate Matter				
Total Sulfate				
SO ₂				
NO _x				

TABLE 2-3. SUMMARY OF SOURCE EMISSION TEST DATA

UNIT TESTED: #12 Finish Mill LOCATION: Baghouse Outlet

Test number	1	2	3	Average
Date	03/19/85	03/19/85	03/19/85	4560 Blaine surface
Test condition	73.5 TPH	73.5 TPH	73.5 TPH	
Barometric pressure (in. Hg)	27.36	27.36	27.36	
Stack pressure (in. Hg)	27.35	27.35	27.35	
Stack area (ft ²)	18.03	18.03	18.03	
Elapsed sampling time (min)	120	120	120	
Volume gas sampled (dscf)	71.390	66.799	70.549	
F-Factor				
GAS DATA				
Average gas velocity (fps)	19.50	18.61	19.74	19.28
Average gas temperature (°F)	188	188	191	189
Gas flowrate (dscfm)	14322	13669	14510	14167
Gas analysis (dry percent basis)				
Carbon Dioxide	0	0	0	0
Oxygen	20.9	20.9	20.9	20.9
Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	---	---	---	---
Water	8.8	8.9	8.4	8.7
EMISSION CONCENTRATION				
Solid Particulate (gr/dscf)	0.0039	0.0014	0.0019	0.0024
Solid Particulate @ 12% CO ₂				
Particulate Matter (gr/dscf)				
Particulate Matter @ 12% CO ₂				
Total Sulfate (gr/dscf)				
Total Sulfate @ 12% CO ₂				
CO (ppm)				
CO @ 3% O ₂				
SO ₂ (ppm)				
SO ₂ @ 3% O ₂				
NO _x (ppm)				
NO _x @ 3% O ₂				
EMISSION RATE				
Solid Particulate (lb/hr)	0.48	0.16	0.25	0.30
Particulate Matter (lb/hr)				
Total Sulfate (lb/hr)				
CO (lb/hr)				
SO ₂ (lb/hr)				
NO _x (lb/hr)				
1b/MMBtu - EMISSION FACTOR				
Solid Particulate				
Particulate Matter				
Total Sulfate				
SO ₂				
NO _x				

TABLE 2-4. SUMMARY OF SOURCE EMISSION TEST DATA

UNIT TESTED: #42-FDC-35 Finish Mill

LOCATION: Baghouse Outlet

Belt Feed Dust Collector

Test number	1	2	3	Average
Date	03/19/85	03/19/85	03/19/85	
Test condition	73.5 TPH	73.5 TPH	73.5 TPH	
Barometric pressure (in. Hg)	27.45	27.45	27.45	
Stack pressure (in. Hg)	27.43	27.43	27.43	
Stack area (ft ²)	1.88	1.88	1.88	
Elapsed sampling time (min)	126	126	126	
Volume gas sampled (dscf)	82.430	66.546	72.290	
F-Factor				
GAS DATA				
Average gas velocity (fps)	41.26	33.01	36.72	37.00
Average gas temperature (°F)	76	69	82	79
Gas flowrate (dscfm)	4162	3311	3668	3714
Gas analysis (dry percent basis)				
Carbon Dioxide	0	0	0	0
Oxygen	20.9	20.9	20.9	20.9
Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	---	---	---	---
Water	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.6
EMISSION CONCENTRATION				
Solid Particulate (gr/dscf)	0.0048	0.0061	0.0063	0.0057
Solid Particulate @ 12% CO ₂				
Particulate Matter (gr/dscf)				
Particulate Matter @ 12% CO ₂				
Total Sulfate (gr/dscf)				
Total Sulfate @ 12% CO ₂				
CO (ppm)				
CO @ 3% O ₂				
SO ₂ (ppm)				
SO ₂ @ 3% O ₂				
NO _x (ppm)				
NO _x @ 3% O ₂				
EMISSION RATE				
Solid Particulate (lb/hr)	0.17	0.17	0.20	0.18
Particulate Matter (lb/hr)				
Total Sulfate (lb/hr)				
CO (lb/hr)				
SO ₂ (lb/hr)				
NO _x (lb/hr)				
lb/MMBtu - EMISSION FACTOR				
Solid Particulate				
Particulate Matter				
Total Sulfate				
SO ₂				
NO _x				

TABLE 2-5. SUMMARY OF SOURCE EMISSION TEST DATA

UNIT TESTED: #27-FDC-11 Raw Mill Belt LOCATION: Baghouse Outlet
 Feed Dust Collector

Test number	1	2	Average
Date	03/22/85	03/22/85	
Test condition	13 TPH	13 TPH	
Barometric pressure (in. Hg)	26.43	26.43	
Stack pressure (in. Hg)	26.43	26.43	
Stack area (ft ²)	1.88	1.88	
Elapsed sampling time (min)	60	60	
Volume gas sampled (dscf)	46.138	37.392	
F-Factor			
GAS DATA			
Average gas velocity (fps)	20.89	17.02	
Average gas temperature (°F)	69	72	
Gas flowrate (dscfm)	2059	1667	
Gas analysis (dry percent basis)			
Carbon Dioxide	0	0	0
Oxygen	20.9	20.9	20.9
Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	---	---	---
Water	0.7	0.8	0.7
EMISSION CONCENTRATION			
Solid Particulate (gr/dscf)	0.0030	0.0020	0.0025
Solid Particulate @ 12% CO ₂			
Particulate Matter (gr/dscf)			
Particulate Matter @ 12% CO ₂			
Total Sulfate (gr/dscf)			
Total Sulfate @ 12% CO ₂			
CO (ppm)			
CO @ 3% O ₂			
SO ₂ (ppm)			
SO ₂ @ 3% O ₂			
NO _x (ppm)			
NO _x @ 3% O ₂			
EMISSION RATE			
Solid Particulate (lb/hr)	0.05	0.03	0.04
Particulate Matter (lb/hr)			
Total Sulfate (lb/hr)			
CO (lb/hr)			
SO ₂ (lb/hr)			
NO _x (lb/hr)			
1b/MMBtu - EMISSION FACTOR			
Solid Particulate			
Particulate Matter			
Total Sulfate			
SO ₂			
NO _x			

SECTION 3

SAMPLING EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

This section of the report describes the equipment and procedures used to conduct the particulate gaseous tests on this program.

3.1 PRELIMINARY MEASUREMENTS

Before conducting the stack tests a series of preliminary measurements were made to determine:

- The location of the sampling site and the number and location of the sampling points to be used (EPA Method 1)
- The velocity, temperature, and pressure of the gases in the stack (EPA Method 2)
- The composition of the stack gases (EPA Method 3)
- The moisture content of the stack gases (psychrometric chart)

Using the results of these preliminary measurements and the calibration constants for the sampling train, a series of calculations were made to determine the value of K, a constant, and N_d , ideal nozzle diameter, required to run an isokinetic test according to the equation:

$$\Delta H = \left\{ \frac{60^2 \pi^2 K_p^2 C_p^2 (1 - B_{wo})^2 P_s MW_d}{576^2 K_o^2 MW_s P_m} \right\} (N_d^4) \left(\frac{T_m}{T_s} \right) (\Delta P)$$

where

$$K = \left\{ \frac{60^2 \pi^2 K_p^2 C_p^2 (1 - B_{wo})^2 P_s^{MW_d}}{576^2 K_o^2 MW_s P_m} \right\}$$

An actual nozzle, whose diameter was as close as possible to the ideal nozzle diameter, was selected for the test. Isokinetic sampling rates for each sampling point in the stack were computed using the equation:

$$\Delta H = (K)(N_d^4) \left(\frac{T_m}{T_s} \right) (\Delta P)$$

Since K and N_d are known, and remain constant during a test, the only variables are the meter temperature, the stack temperature and the velocity pressure for each sampling point.

3.2 PREPARATION OF THE PARTICULATE SAMPLING TRAIN

All sampling train components were cleaned in the laboratory (soap and water, tap water rinse, distilled water rinse, and IPA rinse) to eliminate previous contamination. The sampling train components were sealed and transported to the sampling site in a mobile lab. The EPA Method 5 equipment used to measure particulates (filterable) consisted of:

- A calibrated 316 stainless steel nozzle for isokinetic sampling
- A heated Pyrex glass sampling probe equipped with an S-type pitot tube and a thermocouple to measure stack velocity, pressure and temperature

- A heated Pyrex glass filter holder containing a weighed 100-mm Reeve Angel 934 AH glass fiber filter
- A Pyrex glass impinger train in an icebath (impingers 1 and 2 contained 100 ml distilled water; impinger 3 was dry; bubbler 4 contained a weighed amount of silica gel)
- An umbilical to connect the probe and sample box to the control module
- A control module containing a vacuum pump, a calibrated dry gas meter and a calibrated orifice meter to measure the pressure, temperature and flowrate throughout the train.

The sampling train was charged in the mobile lab using freshly prepared reagents. Each impinger and its contents was weighed to the nearest 0.1 gm on a calibrated electronic balance. Blanks of all filters and reagents were retained for subsequent analysis. The sampling point locations were marked on the probe using a high-temperature marker. The sampling train was completely assembled and lifted to the sampling site.

3.3 SAMPLING PROCEDURES FOR PARTICULATE SAMPLING TRAIN

Prior to a test, the sampling train was heated and leak-checked at 15 inches Mercury to insure leakage was less than 0.02 cfm. The S-type pitot tube was also leak-checked. The sampling train was installed on the unirail and the probe was inserted into the stack at the farthest point. An isokinetic sampling rate was calculated using an HP-41CV calculator for each sampling point on the traverse. Each point was sampled for an equal period of time and all pertinent data was recorded on the data sheet for

each point. The probe and sample box were maintained at 250°F throughout the traverse. The gases leaving the impinger train were maintained at <70°F. At the end of a traverse, the probe was withdrawn from the stack and the entire sampling train was transferred (intact) to the next sampling port. Another traverse of the stack was completed and the sampling train was withdrawn for the final leak check. This leak check was performed at 15 inches Mercury or at the highest vacuum achieved during the test. The S-type pitot tube was also checked at this time. After the leak check was complete the probe, nozzle, filter holder, and impinger train were sealed with tin foil and lowered to the mobile lab for sample recovery.

3.4 SAMPLE RECOVERY PROCEDURES FOR PARTICULATE SAMPLING TRAIN

Sample recovery occurred in the mobile lab. The nozzle and probe were brushed and rinsed three times using ACS reagent grade acetone into a polyethylene sample bottle. The 100-mm filter was removed from the 4-inch filter holder and sealed in its petri dish. The front half of the 4-inch glass filter holder was brushed and rinsed with acetone. Each impinger was removed from the icebath, wiped dry and weighed to the nearest 0.1 gm. All sample bottles and petri dishes were marked and labeled. A chain-of-custody log was completed and the field data sheet was also labeled with the sample ID numbers. The sampling train was then recharged in preparation for the next test.

3.5 SAMPLING PROCEDURES FOR CONTINUOUS MONITORING

The continuous monitors used in the Pape & Steiner Mobile Monitoring Lab are shown in Table 3-1. Figure 3-1 is a schematic of the continuous

TABLE 3-1 . CONTINUOUS MONITORING LAB

NO_x CHEMILUMINESCENT ANALYZER -- THERMO ELECTRON MODEL 10

Response Time (0-90%)	1.5 sec -- NO mode 1.7 sec -- NO _x mode
Zero Drift	Negligible after 1/2 hour warmup
Linearity	+1% of full scale
Accuracy	Derived from the NO or NO ₂ calibration gas, +1% of full scale
Output	0.100 mV, 0-10 mV, 0-5 V, 0-10 V

O₂ ANALYZER, FUEL TYPE -- TELEDYNE MODEL 326

Response Time (0-90%)	60 seconds
Accuracy	+1% of scale at constant temperatures; +1% of scale of +5% of reading, whichever is greater, over the operating temperature range
Output	0-1 V

CO₂/CO INFRARED ANALYZER -- ANARAD MODEL AR-600

Response Time (0-90%)	5 seconds
Zero Drift	+1%
Span Drift	+1%
Linearity	1%
Resolution	Less than 1% of full scale
Output	0-1 V

SO₂ UV ANALYZER -- DUPONT MODEL 400

Response Time (0-90%)	Less than 1 second
Zero Drift	Less than 1% full scale in 24 hours
Linearity	+1% full scale
Accuracy	+2% full scale
Output	0-10 mV
Operating Ranges	0-100 ppm, 0-1000 ppm

STRIP CHART RECORDERS (3) -- LINEAR MODEL 486

Pen Response	20 inches/second
Span -- full scale	1 mV through 10 V
Zero Set	Electronically adjustable full scale with 1 full scale of zero suppression
Accuracy	Total limit of error $\pm 0.5\%$
Dead Band	
Linearity	
Repeatability	

SCOTSMAN TRAILER

Fully Insulated
Air conditioned
8-ft x 14-ft x 11-ft

1. Filter 0.6 μ , 99.9999 percent efficient
2. Duct
3. 316 stainless steel probe
4. 3/8-inch, heated (250°F) Teflon
5. Four-pass conditioner-dryer, 316 stainless steel internals
6. 3/8-inch, unheated Teflon
7. Teflon-lined sample pump
8. 3/8-inch unheated Teflon
9. Rotameter
10. 1/4-inch Teflon tubing
11. Calibration gas manifold
12. Calibration gas selector valve
13. Calibration gas cylinders
14. Backpressure regulator
15. Auxiliary analysis port

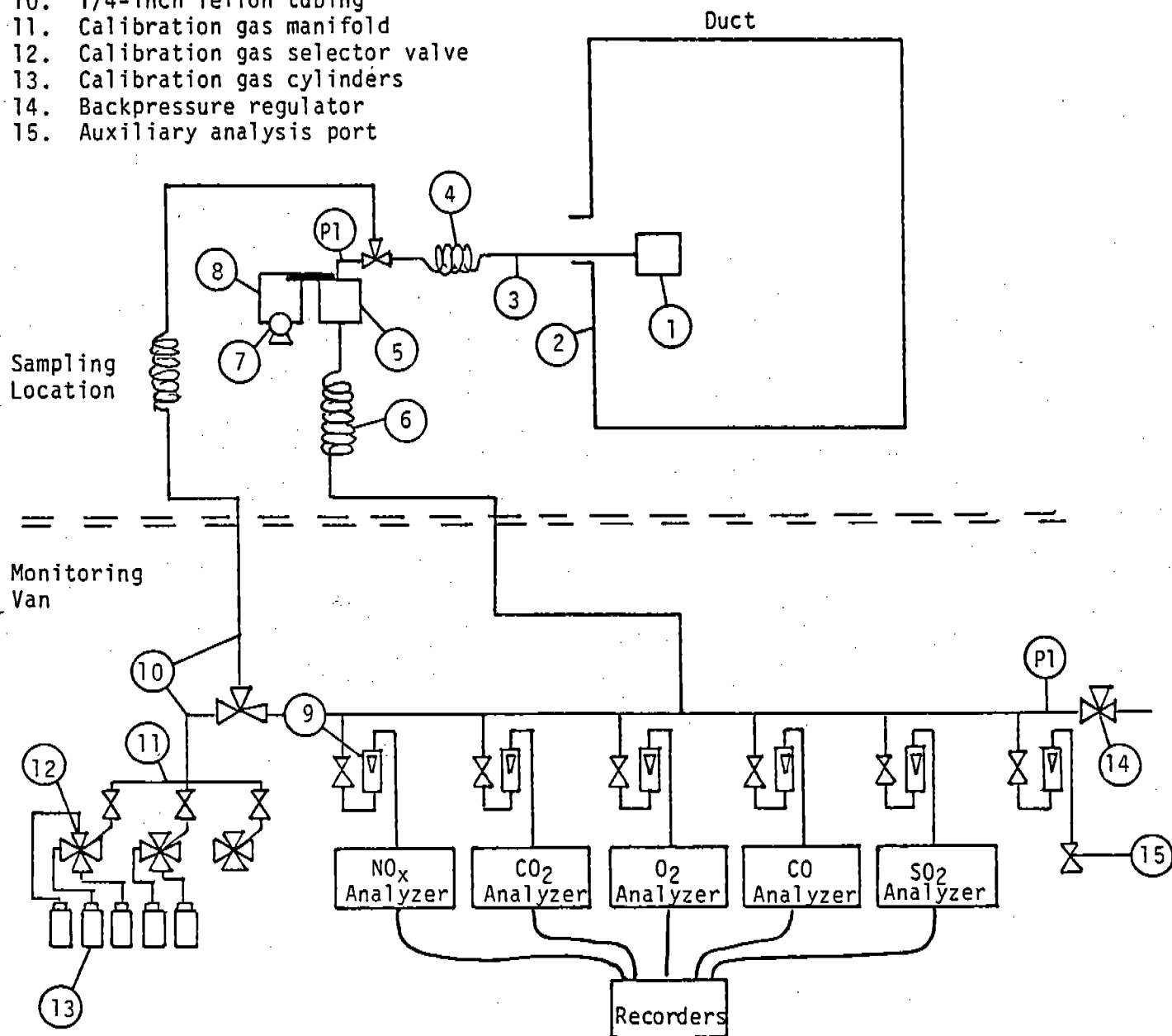


Figure 3-1. Schematic of Continuous Monitoring System.

monitoring system. The procedures used to continuously monitor stack gases for NO_x , SO_2 , CO , CO_2 , and O_2 strictly follow CARB Method 1-100.

Sample was taken from the stack using a 316 stainless steel probe. A Balston filter holder and fiberglass filter (99.9999 percent efficiency retention of 0.6 micron particles) was connected to the outlet of the probe. Sample gas was transported through heated Teflon sample line (maintained at $>250^\circ\text{F}$) by a Teflon-lined diaphragm pump to a 316 stainless steel refrigeration type conditioner (Hankison Model E-4G-SS). The sample gas was passed through the conditioner two separate times under vacuum before entering the pump, then two additional times under pressure. The clean, dry sample gas ($\sim 35^\circ\text{F}$) was then transported to the continuous analyzer system through an unheated Teflon line. A series of flowmeters, valves, and regulators maintain constant flow through the system at a constant pressure.

Calibrations of the continuous analyzers were performed using EPA Protocol 1 calibration gases (± 1 percent) for criteria pollutant analysis (NO_x/SO_2) and certified calibration gases (± 1 percent) for fixed gas analysis. Copies of the gas certifications are included in the Appendix of this report. All pertinent data (date, time, test locations, analyzer range, cal gas value) were recorded on both the field data sheets and continuous analyzer strip charts in the field.

At the start of the test, a leak-check was performed. The sample probe was removed from the stack and the end was sealed with a Swagelok cap. A leak-check is successful only if pressure at the analyzer system

and flow through the rotameters to the individual analyzers all drop to zero. A mandatory leak-check was performed at the completion of each test.

An initial calibration was performed at the start of the test period by introducing zero and span gases for each analyzer and making the necessary adjustments. Calibration gas values were recorded on the continuous monitor strip charts and field data sheets. A calibration check was completed at the end of the test and adjustments (if necessary) to the analyzers were made in preparation for another test.

Test data was collected by continuously recording data onto strip charts for each test.

3.5 SAMPLING PROCEDURES FOR HYDROCARBONS

The sampling train for hydrocarbons consisted of a probe (short piece of stainless steel), a Teflon sample line, a 500 ml glass sampling bomb; and a squeeze bulb. The entire train was purged with stack gas several times before collecting a sample. After sample collection, the glass bomb was taken to the mobile lab for immediate analysis. One grab sample was collected during each test on the Kiln.

SECTION 4

ANALYSIS PROCEDURES

This section of the report describes the procedures used to analyze the samples collected during the test program. All analyses were performed in the Pape & Steiner climate-controlled laboratory in Bakersfield.

4.1 ANALYSIS OF PARTICULATE SAMPLES

4.1.1 Nozzle, Probe, Filter Holder Wash

The volume of the acetone washings were measured and the washings were transferred to clean, tared, aluminum weighing dishes. The dishes were placed on a hot plate in a fume hood and gently heated to dryness. The dishes with the dry residue were desiccated and weighed repeatedly at 6-hour intervals until a constant weight was achieved (to the nearest 0.01 mg with a tolerance of <0.1 mg between weighings). The ACS reagent grade acetone blank was treated in the same manner.

4.1.2 Filter

The 100 mm filter was removed from its petri dish and transferred to an oven where it was heated for 2 hours at 105°C. The filter was then desiccated and weighed repeatedly at 6-hour intervals until a constant weight was achieved (to nearest 0.01 mg with a tolerance of <0.1 mg between weighings). An unused, tared blank filter was treated in the same manner.

4.2 ANALYSIS OF HYDROCARBON SAMPLES

The grab sample of hydrocarbons was analyzed using Carle Model 211 AGC-FID. After purging the syringe three times, a 1-ml syringe sample was extracted from the syringe port on the glass bomb and injected onto a 6-foot long, 1/8-inch stainless steel column containing 80/100 mesh PoraPac Q, maintained at 150°C. Any C₁ through C₅ hydrocarbons were speciated and the greater than C₅ hydrocarbons were backflushed to the detector for quantitation as a single peak. An HP Model 3390A reporting integrator was used to record and integrate the signal from the GC. A ±1 percent certified calibration gas (C₁-C₆ HC in N₂) was used to calibrate the GC and to quantitate the C₁ through C₅ and greater than C₅ hydrocarbons.

SECTION 5

QUALITY ASSURANCE

5.1 PARTICULATE SAMPLING EQUIPMENT

A detailed record of repair and maintenance to each sampling train is kept. Preventative maintenance to each system is performed periodically to avoid complete component breakdown during a field test.

A detailed record of sampling system calibrations is also kept. Calibration data for the sampling nozzles, pitot tubes, dry gas meters and orifice meters are available for review. Results of the EPA Quality Assurance Branch biannual audits of the dry gas meter and orifice meter combinations are also logged and verify our in-house calibration data. The calibration data for the equipment used on this program can be found in the Appendix.

5.2 LAB ANALYSIS

All field samples are assigned a label and an ID number. This ID is also affixed to a chain-of-custody log and to the field data sheet to eliminate any chance of sample mixup.

Prior to analysis, all glassware is thoroughly cleaned (soap and water, tap water rinse, distilled water rinse, IPA rinse) to eliminate any contamination. The evaporating dishes used to evaporate the washings are

treated the same as a sample (dried in an oven, desiccated and weighed repeatedly at 6-hour intervals until a constant weight is achieved). The glassware used to measure volumes and make transfers and dilutions are all NBS Class A to insure accurate measurements. All weighings are carried out on a Mettler Model H54AR analytical balance supported by a marble table in a separate room from the main analytical laboratory. The balance is calibrated regularly against an NBS Class S-1 weight.

All reagents used in the field and in the laboratory are ACS reagent grade and blanks of these reagents are evaluated for every set of tests. Blanks are taken in the field from the squeeze bottles and not the original container. Records are kept on these blanks to insure consistent quality of the reagents.

A quality control program consisting of duplicate analyses (to measure precision), spikes (to measure recovery efficiency) or analysis of blind standards supplied by EPA's Quality Assurance Branch (to measure accuracy) is implemented for each test program.

5.3 CONTINUOUS MONITORS

Prior to the test program, an internal and external calibration of the sampling system was performed using the calibration gases. There was excellent agreement between the internal and external calibrations (indicating no sample loss in the system) over the test period. The calibration gas certificates for the gases used on this test program appear in the Appendix.

APPENDIX

- Emission Rate Calculations
- Isokinetic Calculations
- Analytical Reports
- Chain-of-Custody Logs
- Continuous Monitor Data
- Continuous Monitor Strip Charts
- Hydrocarbon Chromatograms
- Field Data Sheets
 - #2 Kiln
 - #2 Raw Mill
 - #12 Finish Mill
 - #42-FDC-35
 - #27-FDC-11
- Equipment Calibration Data
- Calibration Gas Certificates

TEST 1-3

LOCATION #2 Kiln

EMISSION RATE DATA -- 68°F

Standard Temperature, $S_t = 68^\circ\text{F}$; 29.92 inches Hg

XEQ FF

XEQ RAT

ENTER: R-17 $V_{m, \text{std}}$

R-26 Q_s

R-22 $O_2\%$

Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Average
<u>41.9716</u>	<u>45.2730</u>	<u>45.7568</u>	
<u>169,291.65</u>	<u>169115.16</u>	<u>169,636.96</u>	

LAB DATA

Front Half Wash (g)	<u>.02767</u>	<u>.00819</u>	<u>.00633</u>	
Mass Filter (g)	<u>-.00069</u>	<u>-.00019</u>	<u>-.00002</u>	
Back Half Catch (g)				
Front Half Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)				
Back Half Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)				
H_2O_2 Catch (mg H_2SO_4)				

RESULTS

F Factor	1			
Filt. Particulate gr/dscf	6	<u>.000</u>	<u>.0027</u>	<u>.0022</u>
Filt. Particulate lb/hr	7	<u>13.73</u>	<u>3.95</u>	<u>3.16</u>
Total Particulate gr/dscf	8			
Total Particulate lb/hr	10			
Total Sulfate gr/dscf	11			
Total Sulfate lb/hr	13			
SO_3 ppm	14			
SO_3 lb/hr	15			
SO_2 ppm	16			
SO_2 lb/hr	17			
SO_2 @ 3% O_2	18			
SO_2 lb/MMBtu				
S lb/MMBtu				

CM SO₂, NO_x, HC, CO EMISSION RATE DATA

Standard Temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

ENTER	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Average
R-22 O ₂ %	<u>9.8</u>	<u>11.0</u>	<u>10.8</u>	
R-26 Q _s	<u>169,291.65</u>	<u>169,115.16</u>	<u>169,636.96</u>	
R-15 NO _x ppm	<u>680</u>	<u>623</u>	<u>563</u>	<u>622</u>
R-15 SO ₂ ppm	<u>10</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
R-15 CO ppm	<u>121</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>77.0</u>
R-15 HC ₂ /ppm	<u>0.1.9</u>	<u>1.4/.8</u>	<u>1.5/.9</u>	

XEQ FF

XEQ SO₂

F Factor

RESULTS:

MW = 46

NO _x lb/hr	<u>780.87</u>	<u>754.79</u>	<u>684.21</u>	<u>739.96</u>
NO _x ppm @ 3% O ₂	<u>1096.6</u>	<u>1126.4</u>	<u>997.8</u>	
NO _x lb/MMBtu				
NO _x lb/Bbl				

MW = 64.1

SO ₂ lb/hr	<u>16.00</u>	<u>6.75</u>	<u>11.85</u>	<u>11.53</u>
SO ₂ ppm @ 3% O ₂	<u>16.1</u>	<u>7.2</u>	<u>12.4</u>	<u>11.9</u>
SO ₂ lb/MMBtu				
SO ₂ lb/Bbl				

MW = 28

CO lb/hr	<u>84.58</u>	<u>42.04</u>	<u>39.21</u>	<u>55.28</u>
CO ppm @ 3% O ₂	<u>195.1</u>	<u>103.1</u>	<u>93.9</u>	
CO lb/MMBtu				
CO lb/Bbl				

MW = ~~70~~ 20/44

C ₂ (HC lb/hr	<u>0</u>	<u>1.11</u>	<u>1.19</u>	
HC ppm @ 3% O ₂	<u>0</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>2.7</u>	
C ₃ (HC lb/MMBtu	<u>0.99</u>	<u>0.93</u>	<u>1.05</u>	
HC lb/Bbl	<u>1.5</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>1.6</u>	
lb/hr total NM	<u>0.99</u>	<u>2.04</u>	<u>2.24</u>	<u>1.76</u>

EMISSION RATE CALCULATIONS

1. Fuel factor at 68°F, 29.92 in. Hg (dscf/mmBtu)

$$F \text{ Factor} = \frac{10^6 [3.64(\%H) + 1.53(\%C) + 0.57(\%S) + 0.14(\%N) - 0.46(\%O_2)]}{Btu/lb}$$

2. Fuel factor at 60°F, 29.92 in. Hg (dscf/mmBtu)

$$F \text{ Factor}_{600} = F \text{ Factor}_{680} \left(\frac{60 + 460}{68 + 460} \right)$$

3. Emission concentration wet at standard conditions* (gr/scf)

$$gr/scf = 15.432 \left(\frac{Comp (g)}{V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}} \right)$$

4. Emission concentration dry at standard conditions* (gr/dscf)

$$gr/dscf = 15.432 \left(\frac{Comp (g)}{V_{m,std}} \right)$$

5. Emission concentration corrected to 12% CO₂

$$C @ 12\% CO_2 = C_{measured} \left(\frac{12}{\%CO_2 \text{ measured}} \right)$$

6. Emission Rate lb/hr from gr/dscf

$$lb/hr = 0.00857(gr/dscf)(Q_s)$$

7. Gaseous concentration in ppm

$$ppm = \frac{1.60864(S_t + 460)*(mg \text{ comp})}{MW(V_{m,std})}$$

8. Emission rate lb/hr from ppm

$$lb/hr = \frac{8.223 \times 10^{-5}(Q_s)(MW)(ppm)}{(S_t + 460)*}$$

9. Emission concentration corrected to 3% O₂

$$ppm @ 3\% O_2 = ppm \text{ measured} \left(\frac{20.9 - 3}{20.9 - \%O_2 \text{ measured}} \right)$$

* Standard temperature to be defined

EMISSION RATE CALCULATIONS
(Concluded)

10. Emission factor, lb/mmBtu at 0% O₂

$$\text{lb/mmBtu} = F(1.4286 \times 10^{-4}) \left(\frac{20.9}{20.9 - \%O_2} \right) (\text{gr/dscf})$$

$$\text{lb/mmBtu} = F(\text{MW}) \left(\frac{1.3711 \times 10^{-6}}{S_t + 460^*} \right) \left(\frac{20.9}{20.9 - \%O_2} \right) (\text{ppm})$$

11. Heating value of fuel, mmBtu/bbl

$$\text{mmBtu/bbl} = 349.786 \times 10^{-6} (\text{Btu/lb})(\text{SpGr})$$

12. Emission Factor, lb/bbl

$$\text{lb/bbl} = (\text{lb/mmBtu})(\text{mmBtu/bbl})$$

* Standard temperature to be defined

TEST 1-3

LOCATION Raw Mill

EMISSION RATE DATA -- 68°F

Standard Temperature, $S_t = 68^\circ\text{F}$; 29.92 inches Hg

XEQ FF

XEQ RAT

ENTER: R-17 $V_{m, \text{std}}$
R-26 Q_s
R-22 $O_2\%$

Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Average
<u>47.1631</u>	<u>38.7672</u>	<u>35.9050</u>	
<u>61864.63</u>	<u>60906.40</u>	<u>56258.54</u>	

LAB DATA

Front Half Wash (g)	<u>.01539</u>	<u>.01022</u>	<u>.00770</u>	
Mass Filter (g)	<u>.00193</u>	<u>.00256</u>	<u>.00174</u>	
Back Half Catch (g)				
Front Half Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)				
Back Half Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)				
H_2O_2 Catch (mg H_2SO_4)				

RESULTS

F Factor	1			
Filt. Particulate gr/dscf	6	<u>.0057</u>	<u>.0051</u>	<u>.0041</u>
Filt. Particulate lb/hr	7	<u>3.00</u>	<u>2.66</u>	<u>1.96</u>
Total Particulate gr/dscf	8			
Total Particulate lb/hr	10			
Total Sulfate gr/dscf	11			
Total Sulfate lb/hr	13			
SO_3 ppm	14			
SO_3 lb/hr	15			
SO_2 ppm	16			
SO_2 lb/hr	17			
SO_2 @ 3% O_2	18			
SO_2 lb/MMBtu				
S lb/MMBtu				

EMISSION RATE DATA -- 68°F

Standard Temperature, $S_t = 68^\circ\text{F}$; 29.92 inches Hg

XEQ FF

XEQ RAT

ENTER: R-17 $V_{m, \text{std}}$ R-26 Q_s R-22 $O_2\%$

Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Average
<u>71.3897</u>	<u>66.7987</u>	<u>70.5485</u>	
<u>14321.55</u>	<u>13669.32</u>	<u>15278.23</u>	

LAB DATA

Front Half Wash (g)	<u>.01978</u>	<u>.00661</u>	<u>.00857</u>	
Mass Filter (g)	<u>-.00158</u>	<u>-.00059</u>	<u>+.00029</u>	
Back Half Catch (g)				
Front Half Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)				
Back Half Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)				
H_2O_2 Catch (mg H_2SO_4)				

RESULTS

F Factor	1			
Filt. Particulate gr/dscf	6	<u>.0039</u>	<u>.0014</u>	<u>.0019</u>
Filt. Particulate lb/hr	7	<u>0.48</u>	<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.25</u>
Total Particulate gr/dscf	8			
Total Particulate lb/hr	10			
Total Sulfate gr/dscf	11			
Total Sulfate lb/hr	13			
SO_3 ppm	14			
SO_3 lb/hr	15			
SO_2 ppm	16			
SO_2 lb/hr	17			
SO_2 @ 3% O_2	18			
SO_2 lb/MMBtu				
S lb/MMBtu				

EMISSION RATE DATA -- 68°F

Standard Temperature, $S_t = 68^\circ\text{F}$; 29.92 inches Hg

XEQ FF

XEQ RAT

ENTER: R-17 $V_{m, \text{std}}$ R-26 Q_s R-22 $O_2\%$

<u>Test 1</u>	<u>Test 2</u>	<u>Test 3</u>	<u>Average</u>
<u>46.1376</u>	<u>37.3917</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>2059.21</u>	<u>1666.92</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

LAB DATA

Front Half Wash (g)	<u>.00874</u>	<u>.00469</u>	<u> </u>
Mass Filter (g)	<u>.00021</u>	<u>.00005</u>	<u> </u>
Back Half Catch (g)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Front Half Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Back Half Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
H ₂ O ₂ Catch (mg H_2SO_4)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

RESULTS

F Factor	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Filt. Particulate gr/dscf	6	<u>.0030</u>	<u>.0020</u>	<u>.0025</u>
Filt. Particulate lb/hr	7	<u>0.05</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.04</u>
Total Particulate gr/dscf	8	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Particulate lb/hr	10	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Sulfate gr/dscf	11	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Sulfate lb/hr	13	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SO ₃ ppm	14	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SO ₃ lb/hr	15	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SO ₂ ppm	16	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SO ₂ lb/hr	17	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SO ₂ @ 3% O ₂	18	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SO ₂ lb/MMBtu		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
S lb/MMBtu		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

EMISSION RATE DATA -- 68°F

Standard Temperature, $S_t = 68^\circ\text{F}$; 29.92 inches Hg

XEQ FF

XEQ RAT

ENTER: R-17 $V_{m, \text{std}}$ R-26 Q_s R-22 $O_2\%$

Test 1

Test 2

Test 3

Average

82.4300

66.5455

72.2901

4161.57

3310.80

3668.43

LAB DATA

Front Half Wash (g)

.02051

.02226

.02491

Mass Filter (g)

.00517

.00410

.00472

Back Half Catch (g)

Front Half
Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4)Back Half
Sulfate (mg H_2SO_4) H_2O_2 Catch
(mg H_2SO_4)

RESULTS

F Factor

Filt. Particulate gr/dscf

Filt. Particulate lb/hr

Total Particulate gr/dscf

Total Particulate lb/hr

Total Sulfate gr/dscf

Total Sulfate lb/hr

 SO_3 ppm SO_3 lb/hr SO_2 ppm SO_2 lb/hr SO_2 @ 3% O_2 SO_2 lb/MMBtu

S lb/MMBtu

1

6

7

8

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

.0048

0.17

.0061

0.17

.0063

0.20

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 1 Date 3-20-85 Location #2 Kiln

T_m <u>90.31</u>	V_m <u>49.700</u>	O_2 <u>9.8</u>	Stack ID " <u>160</u>
T_s <u>389.50</u>	θ <u>.9869</u>	CO_2 <u>18.8</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>139.63</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>1.56</u>	P_b <u>26.57</u>	Static <u>-0.05</u>	Test Time <u>72</u>
ΔH <u>1.56</u>	V_{1c} <u>39.1</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.3055</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\theta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 41.9716$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 1.8404$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0420$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 31.40$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d(1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 30.84$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 26.57$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 36.19$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

303,186.5

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 160,291.65$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 99.83$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 2 Date 3-21-85 Location #2 Kiln stack

T_m <u>67.50</u>	V_m <u>51.680</u>	O_2 <u>11.0</u>	Stack ID " <u>160</u>
T_s <u>376.86</u>	δ <u>.9469</u>	CO_2 <u>16.7</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>139.63</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.5179</u>	P_b <u>26.41</u>	Static <u>-.05</u>	Test Time <u>72</u>
ΔH <u>1.68</u>	V_{1c} <u>43.2</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.3055</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\delta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 45.2730$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 2.0334$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0430$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 31.11$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d(1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 30.55$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 26.41$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 37.88$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

317,349.18

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 169,115.16$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 102.07$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 66 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 3 Date 3-21-85 Location #2 Kln

T_m <u>81.56</u>	V_m <u>53.62</u>	O_2 <u>10.8</u>	Stack ID " <u>160</u>
T_s <u>386.54</u>	δ <u>.9869</u>	CO_2 <u>17.5</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>139.63</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.5230</u>	P_b <u>26.41</u>	Static <u>-0.05</u>	Test Time <u>72</u>
ΔH <u>1.71</u>	V_{1c} <u>42.5</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.3055</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\delta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 45.7568$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 2.0005$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0419$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 31.23$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 30.68$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 26.41$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 38.39$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

321,642.21

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 169,636.96$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 102.84$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 1 Date 3-21-85 Location Raw Mill

T_m <u>85.25</u>	V_m <u>54.272</u>	O_2 <u>20.5</u>	Stack ID "	<u>72</u>
T_s <u>177.75</u>	γ <u>1.0098</u>	CO_2 <u>0.5</u>	Stack Area Ft^2	<u>28.27</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.7866</u>	P_b <u>26.47</u>	Static <u>-.78</u>	Test Time	<u>72</u>
ΔH <u>1.63</u>	V_{1c} <u>43.0</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d	<u>.2356</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\gamma) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 47.1631$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 2.0240$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0411$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.70$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 28.45$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 26.41$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 52.04$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 61.864.63$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 98.97$$

88,279.34

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 2 Date 3-22-85 Location Raw Mill

T_m <u>78.08</u>	V_m <u>44.200</u>	O_2 <u>20.5</u>	Stack ID " <u>72</u>
T_s <u>161.75</u>	γ <u>1.0098</u>	CO_2 <u>0.5</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>28.27</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.7622</u>	P_b <u>26.37</u>	Static <u>-.37</u>	Test Time <u>60</u>
ΔH <u>1.55</u>	V_{1c} <u>30.6</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.2356</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\gamma) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 38.7672$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 1.4403$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = 0.0358$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.90$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 28.51$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 26.34$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 49.80$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

84,486.85

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 60,906.40$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 99.15$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 3 Date 3-22-85 Location Raw Mill

T_m <u>83.25</u>	V_m <u>41.353</u>	O_2 <u>20.5</u>	Stack ID " <u>72</u>
T_s <u>171.67</u>	γ <u>1.0098</u>	CO_2 <u>0.5</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>28.27</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.7094</u>	P_b <u>26.37</u>	Static <u>-.39</u>	Test Time <u>60</u>
ΔH <u>1.35</u>	V_{1c} <u>28.0</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.2356</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\gamma) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 35.9050$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 1.3180$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = 0.0354$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.90$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 28.51$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 26.34$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 46.72$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

79.254.91

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 56.258.54$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 99.42$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 1 Date 3-19-85 Location 42 F. 24 Mill

T_m <u>79.60</u>	V_m <u>78.746</u>	O_2 <u>20.9</u>	Stack ID " <u>57.5</u>
T_s <u>188.42</u>	δ <u>1.0093</u>	CO_2 <u>0</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>18.03</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>0.2945</u>	P_b <u>27.36</u>	Static <u>-10</u>	Test Time <u>120</u>
ΔH <u>1.25</u>	V_{1c} <u>146.7</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.358</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\delta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 71.3897$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 6.9052$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0882$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.84$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 27.88$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 27.35$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 19.50$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 14321.55$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 106.89$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 2 Date 3-19-85 Location Finish Mill

T_m <u>86.06</u>	V_m <u>74.592</u>	O_2 <u>20.9</u>	Stack ID " <u>57.5</u>
T_s <u>187.63</u>	θ <u>1.0098</u>	CO_2 <u>0</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>18.03</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.2811</u>	P_b <u>27.36</u>	Static <u>-0.1</u>	Test Time <u>120</u>
ΔH <u>1.11</u>	V_{1c} <u>138.5</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.3586</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\theta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 66.7987$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 6.5192$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = 0.0889$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.84$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 27.87$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 27.35$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 18.61$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 13669.32$$

20,130.09 ACFM

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 104.79$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 62 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 3 Date 3-19-85 Location Finish Mill

T_m <u>89.75</u>	V_m <u>79.284</u>	O_2 <u>20.9</u>	Stack ID " <u>57.5</u>
T_s <u>190.67</u>	γ <u>1.0098</u>	CO_2 <u>0</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>18.03</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.2978</u>	P_b <u>27.36</u>	Static <u>-.11</u>	Test Time <u>120</u>
ΔH <u>1.24</u>	V_{lc} <u>137.7</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.3586</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\gamma) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 70.5485$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{lc}) = 6.4815$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0841$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.84$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 27.92$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 27.35$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 19.74$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 14509.59$$

ACFM 21,356.48

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 104.06$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 1 Date 3-22-85 Location 27-F-11

T_m <u>80.10</u>	V_m <u>53.789</u>	O_2 <u>20.9</u>	Stack ID "	<u>-</u>
T_s <u>68.63</u>	γ <u>.9869</u>	CO_2 <u>0</u>	Stack Area Ft^2	<u>1.875</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.3488</u>	P_b <u>26.43</u>	Static <u>-.05</u>	Test Time	<u>60</u>
ΔH <u>2.32</u>	V_{lc} <u>6.6</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d	<u>3582</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\gamma) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 46.1376$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{lc}) = 0.3107$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0067$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.84$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 28.76$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 26.43$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 20.89$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

2349.9

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 2059.21$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 100.13$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 2 Date 3-22-85 Location 27-FDC-11

T_m <u>71.96</u>	V_m <u>43.678</u>	O_2 <u>20.9</u>	Stack ID " <u>0</u>
T_s <u>71.75</u>	δ <u>.9869</u>	CO_2 <u>0</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>1.875</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.2834</u>	P_b <u>26.43</u>	Static <u>-.05</u>	Test Time <u>60</u>
ΔH <u>1.52</u>	V_{1c} <u>6.1</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.3582</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m, std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\delta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 37.3917$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m, std} + V_{w, std}; R-04) \quad V_{w, std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = .2871$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w, std}}{V_{w, std} + V_{m, std}} = .0076$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.84$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d (1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 28.75$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 26.43$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 17.02$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 1666.92$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{.9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w, std} + V_{m, std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 100.25$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 1 Date 3-19-85 Location 42-FDC-35 Finish mill Belt Feed

T_m <u>79.6</u>	V_m <u>92.64</u>	O_2 <u>20.9</u>	Stack ID " <u>18 x 15</u>
T_s <u>76.0</u>	δ <u>.9869</u>	CO_2 <u>0</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>1.875</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.697</u>	P_b <u>27.45</u>	Static <u>-.25</u>	Test Time <u>120</u>
ΔH <u>1.62</u>	V_{1c} <u>12.8</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.2319</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\delta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 82.4300$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 0.6025$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0073$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.84$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d(1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 28.76$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 27.43$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 41.26$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 4161.57$$

ACFM = 4641.54

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 100.57$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 2 Date 3-19-85 Location 42-FDC-35

T_m <u>90.0</u>	V_m <u>76.34</u>	O_2 <u>20.9</u>	Stack ID " <u>18" x 15"</u>
T_s <u>79.4</u>	δ <u>.9869</u>	CO_2 <u>0</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>1.875</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.556</u>	P_b <u>27.45</u>	Static <u>-.25</u>	Test Time <u>126</u>
ΔH <u>1.07</u>	V_{lc} <u>9.5</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.2319</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\delta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 66.5455$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{lc}) = 0.4472$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0067$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.84$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d(1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 28.76$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 27.43$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 3301$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 3310.80$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 102.06$$

ISOKINETIC CALCULATIONS

Standard temperature, S_t 68 (XEQ 60 or 68); 29.92 inches Hg

Test 3 Date 3-19-85 Location 42-FDC-35

T_m <u>92.8</u>	V_m <u>83.3</u>	O_2 <u>20.9</u>	Stack ID "
T_s <u>82.2</u>	δ <u>.9869</u>	CO_2 <u>0</u>	Stack Area Ft^2 <u>1.875</u>
$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ <u>.617</u>	P_b <u>27.45</u>	Static <u>-.25</u>	Test Time <u>126</u>
ΔH <u>1.26</u>	V_{1c} <u>8.3</u>	C_p <u>.84</u>	N_d <u>.2319</u>

1. Volume of dry gas sampled at standard conditions (dscf)

(R-17)

$$V_{m,std} = \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{29.92} \right) (\delta) V_m \left(\frac{P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{T_m + 460} \right) = 72.2901$$

2. Stack gas moisture condensed at standard conditions (scf)

(R-18)

$$(V_{m,std} + V_{w,std}; R-04) \quad V_{w,std} = 8.9148 \times 10^{-5} (S_t + 460) (V_{1c}) = 0.3907$$

3. Stack gas proportion of water vapor, by volume

(R-19)

$$B_{wo} = \frac{V_{w,std}}{V_{w,std} + V_{m,std}} = .0054$$

4. Stack gas dry molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-21)

$$MW_d = 0.44(\%CO_2) + 0.32(\%O_2) + 0.28(\%N_2 + \%CO) = 28.84$$

5. Stack gas molecular weight (lb/lb mole)

(R-22)

$$MW_s = MW_d(1 - B_{wo}) + 18(B_{wo}) = 28.78$$

6. Pressure stack, in. Hg

(R-23)

$$P_s = P_b + \left(\frac{P_{static}}{13.6} \right) = 27.43$$

7. Stack gas velocity, at stack conditions (ft/sec)

(R-24)

$$V_s = 85.49(C_p)(\sqrt{\Delta P})_{avg} \sqrt{\frac{T_s + 460}{P_s(MW_s)}} = 36.72$$

8. Stack gas volume at standard conditions (dscfm)

(R-26)

(ACFM; R-25)

4131.03

$$Q_s = 60(1 - B_{wo}) V_s A_s \left(\frac{S_t + 460}{T_s + 460} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right) = 3668.43$$

9. Test percent isokinetic

(R-02)

$$\%I = \frac{9142.88(T_s + 460)(V_{w,std} + V_{m,std})}{(S_t + 460) \theta V_s P_s (D_n)^2} = 100.06$$

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE TYPE Front Half Wash

DATE 3/29/85

SAMPLE COMPONENT Acetone

ANALYST SK

REQUESTED BY SWPC

ANALYTICAL METHOD Gravimetric

Sample ID No.	Test No.	Sample Volume	Sample Aliquot	Titer mls or (Absorbance)	Analytical Result (total sample) grams	
					Uncorrected	Blank corrected
FDC-35	1	118	118		0.02108	0.02051
	2	123	123		0.02285	0.02226
	3	158	158		0.02567	0.02491
*2 Finish Mill	1	163	163		0.02056	0.01978
	2	162	162		0.00739	0.00661
	3	168	168		0.00938	0.00857
*2 Kiln	1	92	92		0.02831	0.02787
	2	95	95		0.00865	0.00819
	3	95	95		0.00679	0.00633
Raw Mill	1	175	175		0.01623	0.01539
	2	102	102		0.01068	0.01022
	3	140	140		0.00837	0.00770
27 FDC-11	1	110	110		0.00927	0.00874
	2	141	141		0.00537	0.00469
	Blk.	100	100		0.00048	

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE TYPE Filterable Particulate
 SAMPLE COMPONENT 100mm filter
 REQUESTED BY SWPC
 ANALYTICAL METHOD Gravimetric

DATE 3/29/85
 ANALYST SK

Sample ID No.	Test No.	Filter No.	Sample Aliquot	Titer mls or (Absorbance)	Analytical Result (total sample) grams	
					Uncorrected	Blank corrected
FDC-35	1	10-404			0.00513	0.00517
	2	10-403			0.00406	0.00410
	3	10-405			0.00468	0.00472
*2 Finish Mill	1	10-400			-0.00154	0.00000
	2	10-402			-0.00055	0.00000
	3	10-390			0.00025	0.00029
*2 Kiln	1	10-406			-0.00073	0.00000
	2	10-392			-0.00023	0.00000
	3	10-408			0.00008	0.00012
Raw Mill	1	10-396			0.00189	0.00193
	2	10-398			0.00252	0.00256
	3	10-407			0.00170	0.00174
27-FDC-11	1	10-409			0.00017	0.00021
	2	10-412			0.00001	0.00005
	Blk.	10-410			-0.00004	

SAMPLE HANDLING/LOG-IN

Date 3-20-84 / 3-21-84 Test Location Clinker Coder / #2 Kiln

	Sample Type	Volume	Comments
1.	856361 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		<u>Clinker Coder - Field Analysis AP</u>
2.	856364 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>12</u> Meth Sample Test		" "
3.	85 6367 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		<u>#2 Kiln</u>
4.	85 6370 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		
5.	856362 <u>ACE Blank</u> Meth Sample Test		
6.	856363 <u>RA100 Blank</u> Meth Sample Test		
7.	856368 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
8.	856369 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>3</u> Meth Sample Test		
9.	856371 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
10.	856372 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>3</u> Meth Sample Test		
11.			
12.			

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

AP

SAMPLE HANDLING/LOG-IN

Date 3/21-22/85 Test Location Raw Mill + feed dust collector

	Sample Type	Volume	Comments
1.	856365 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		Raw Mill
2.	856366 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			27-F-11 Raw feed dust collector
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

OP _____

SAMPLE HANDLING/LOG-IN

Date 3-19-85 Test Location SWPC

	Sample Type	Volume	Comments
1.	85 6349 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		#2 Finish Mill
2.	85 6350 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
3.	85 6351 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>3</u> Meth Sample Test		
4.	85 6352 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		
5.	85 6353 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
6.	85 6354 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>3</u> Meth Sample Test		
7.	85 6355 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		FDC-35 (Finish mill Feed system Dust Collector)
8.	85 6356 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
9.	85 6357 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>3</u> Meth Sample Test		
10.	85 6258 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		
11.	85 6359 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
12.	85 6360 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>3</u> Meth Sample Test		

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

PP clean up

SAMPLE HANDLING/LOG-IN

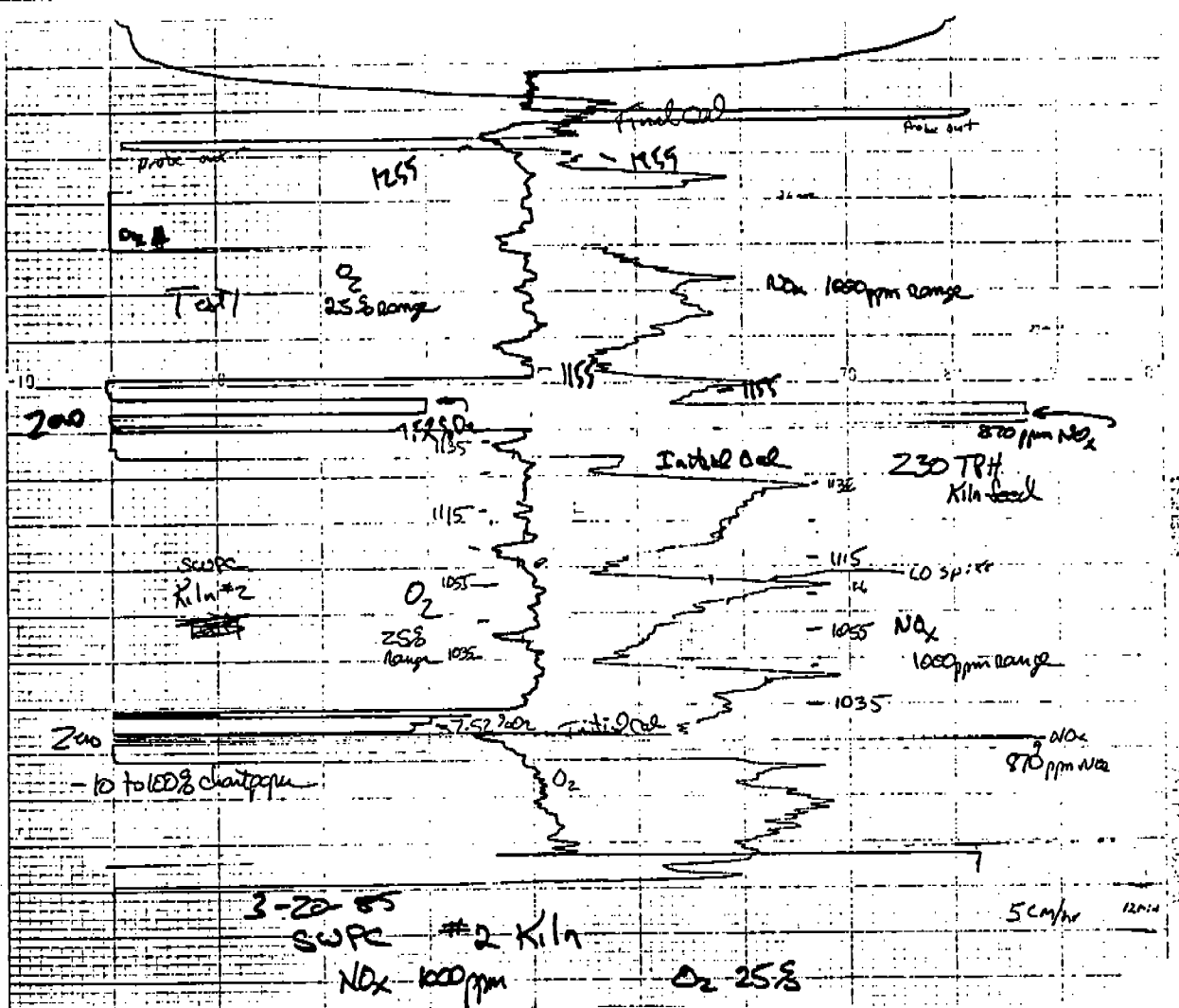
Date 3/26/85 Test Location SWPC

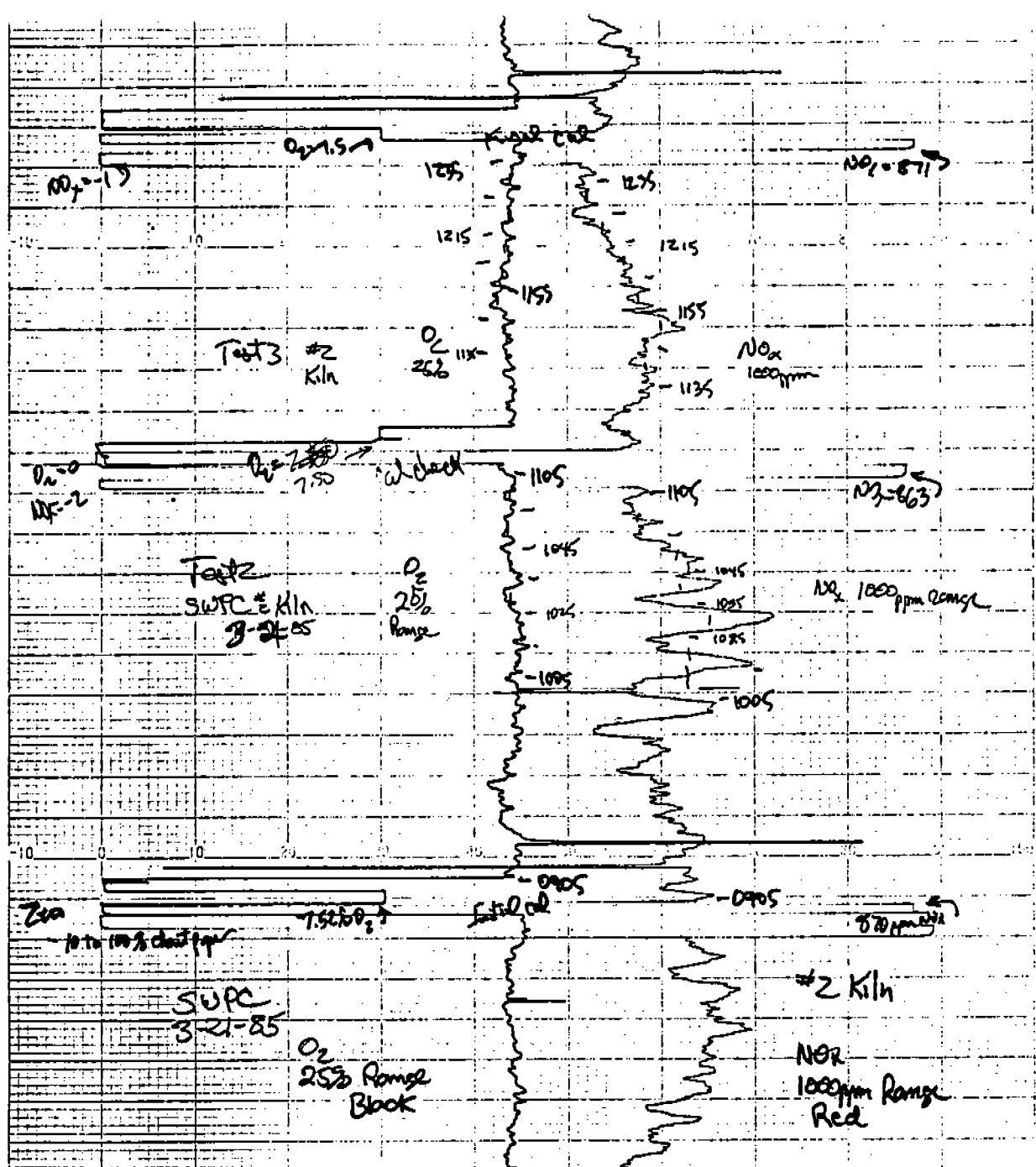
	Sample Type	Volume	Comments
1.	856481 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		
2.	856482 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		
3.	856483 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
4.	856484 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
5.	856485 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>3</u> Meth Sample Test		
6.	856486 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>3</u> Meth Sample Test		
7.	856487 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		
8.	856488 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>1</u> Meth Sample Test		
9.	856489 <u>5</u> <u>FHA</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
10.	856490 <u>5</u> <u>MF</u> <u>2</u> Meth Sample Test		
11.			
12.			

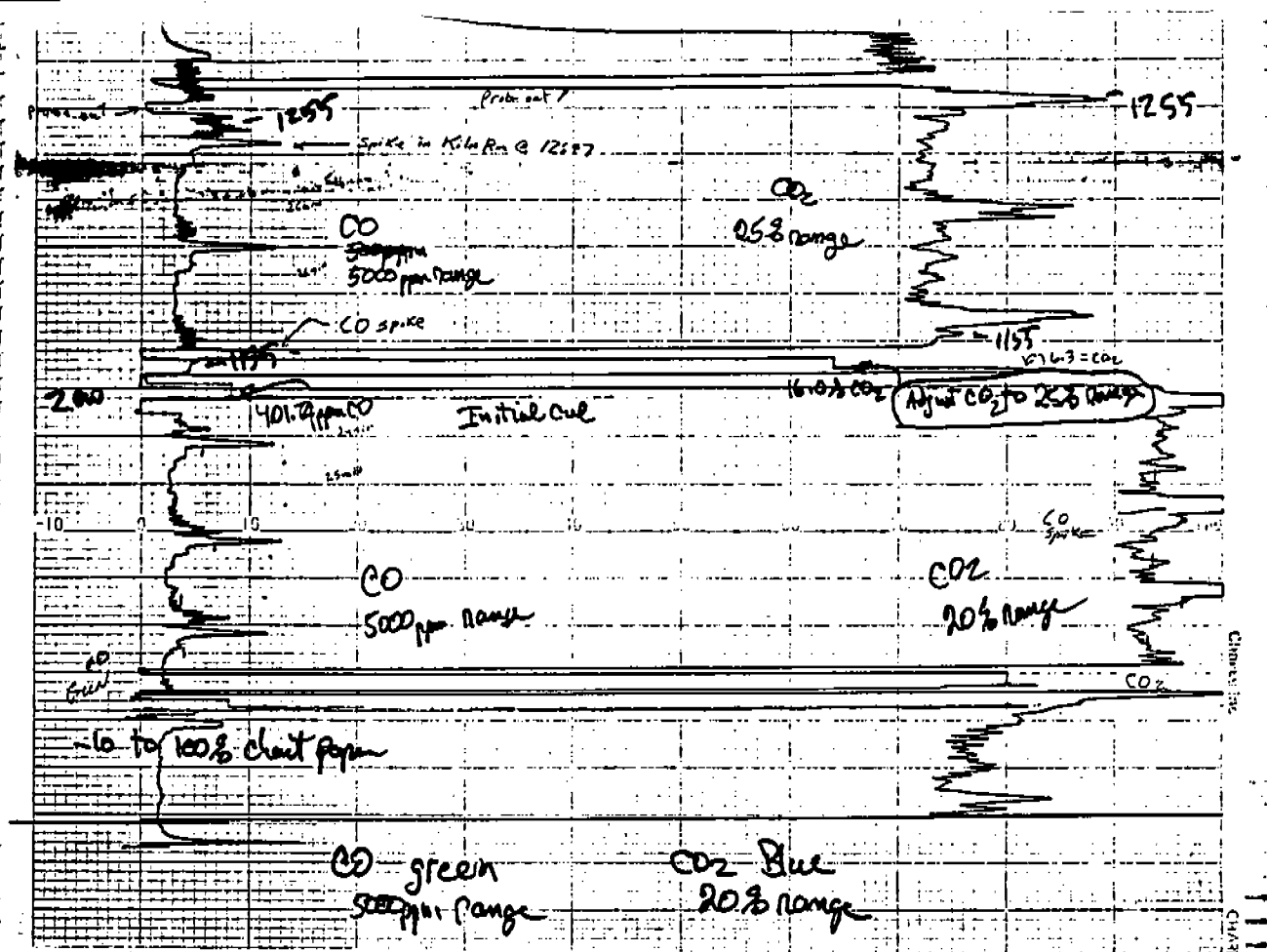
CHAIN OF CUSTODY

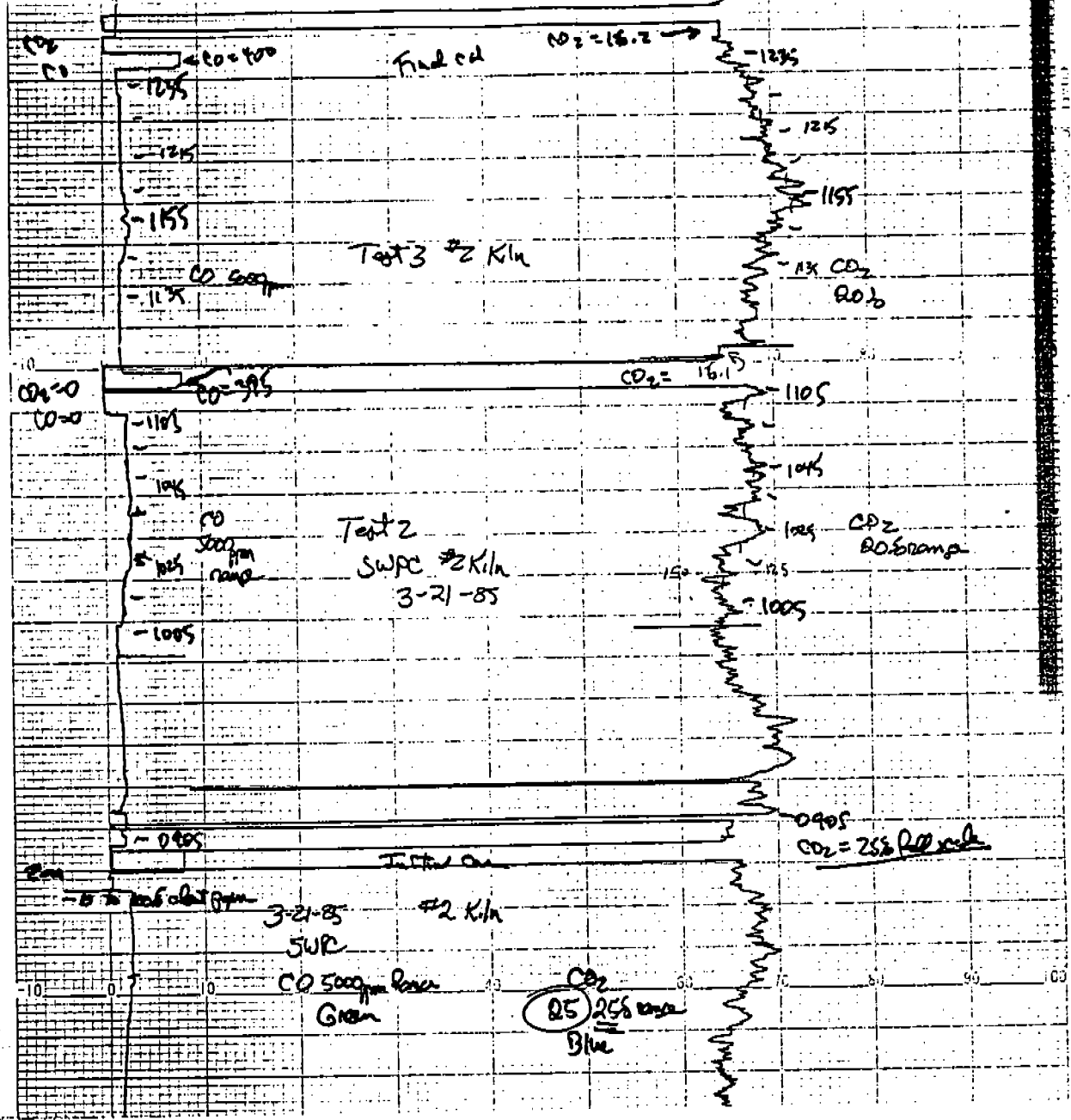
Ambient Temperature _____
Barometric Pressure 26.47 (in Hg)
Static Pressure Duct _____
Fuel _____

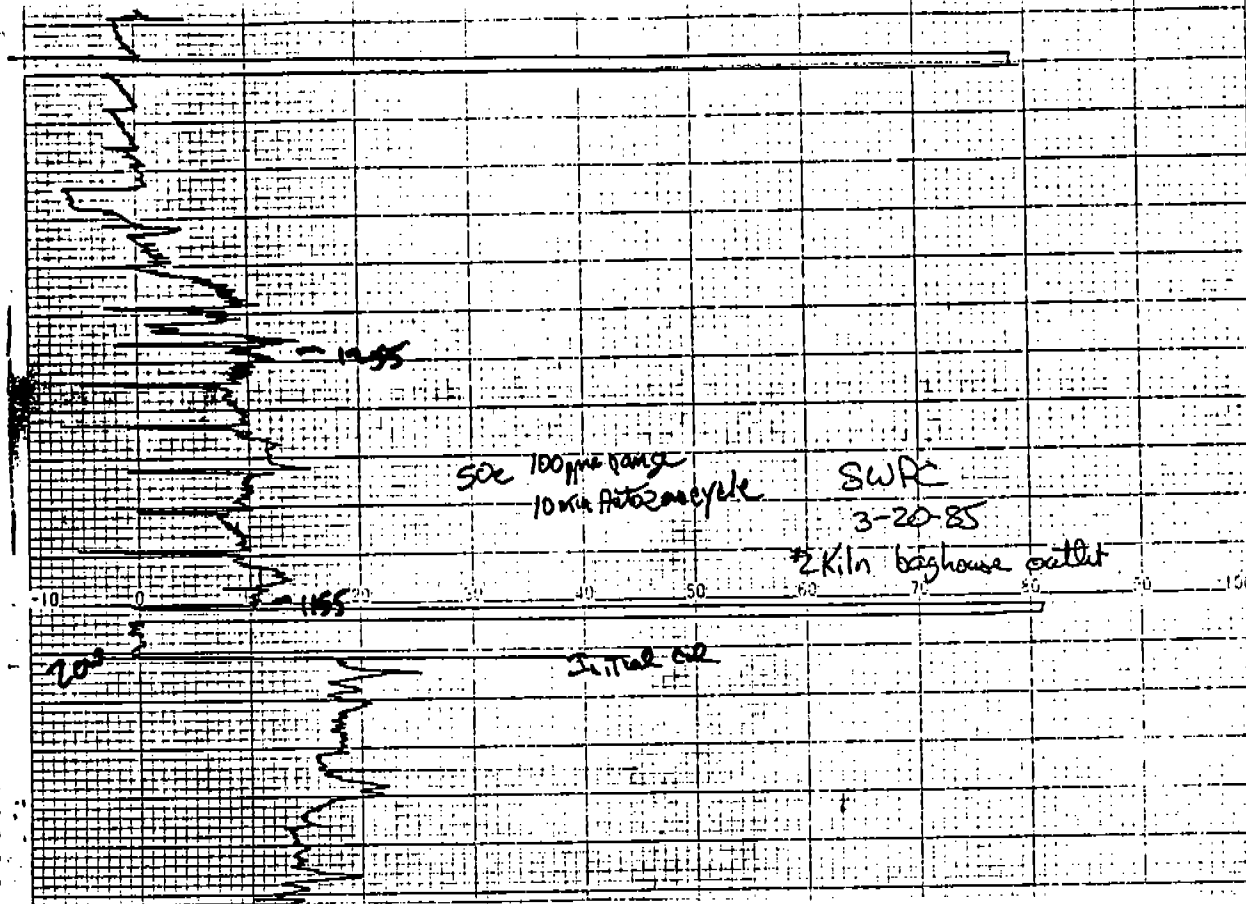
[illegible]

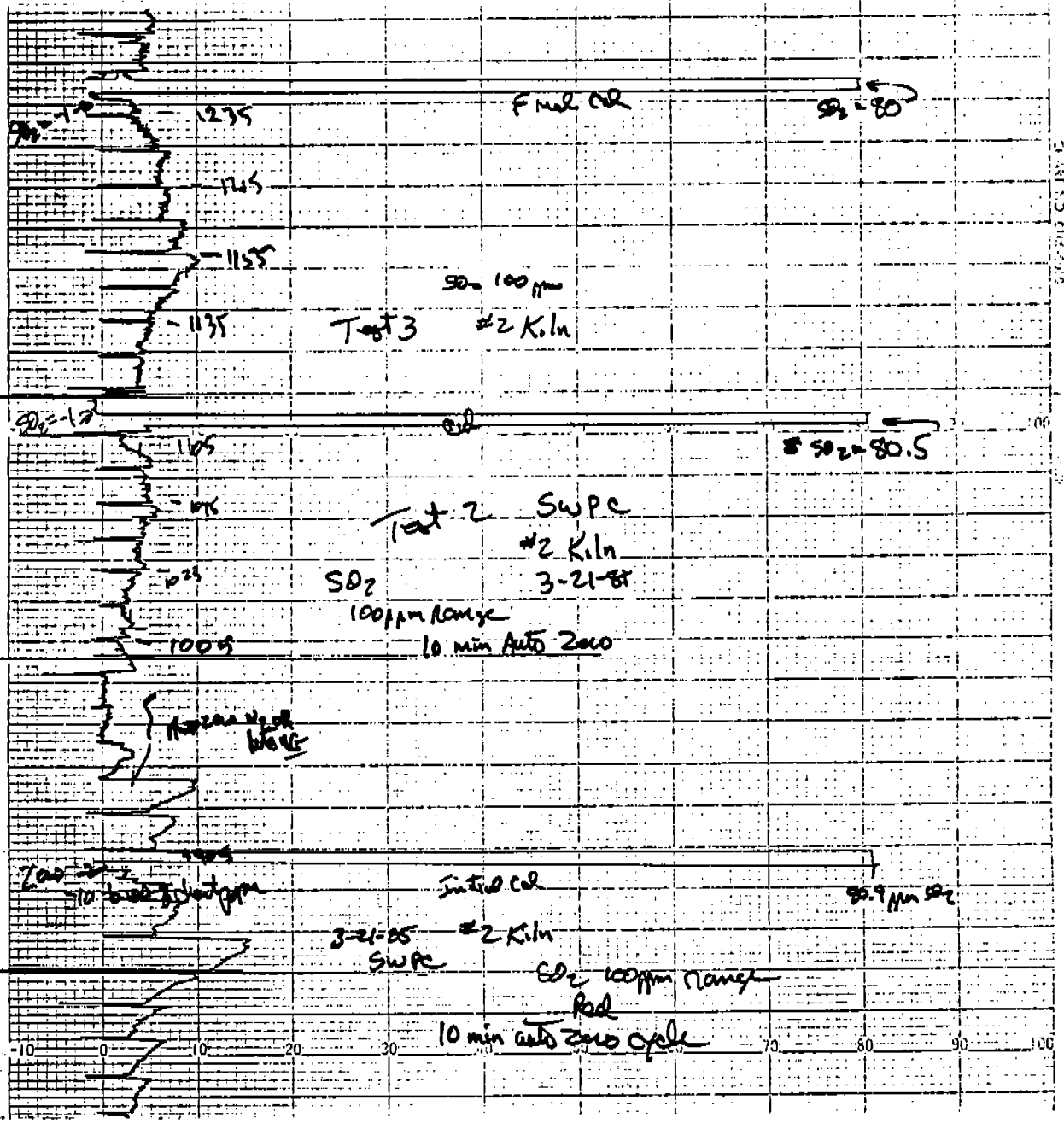






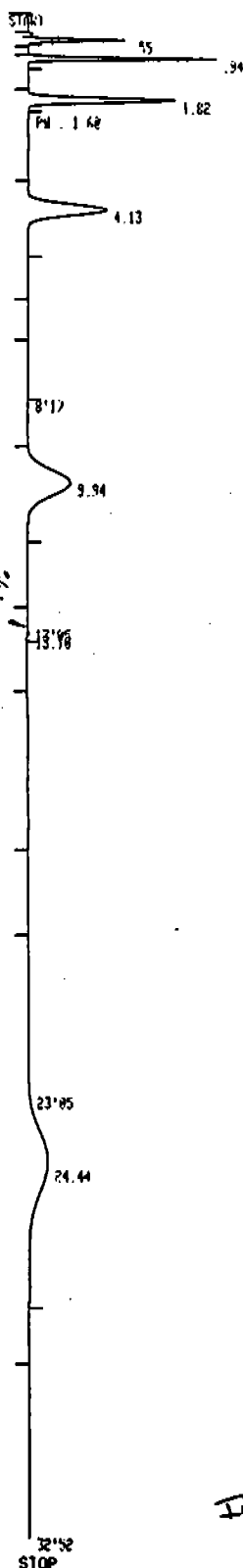






ATT 27 1 0
PK WD 0 4 0
THRS 1 0
LIST LIST
PEAK CAPACITY 1159

ZERO = 0.01
ATT 27 = 1
CHT SP = 1.0
PK WD = 0.04
THRS = -1
AR REJ = 0



RUN # 4 MAR/25/85 10:18:11

AREA#	RT	AREA TYPE	AR/HT	AREA#
0.41	870	BV	0.058	0.269
0.55	15134	VB	0.055	4.036
0.94	31839	DB	0.060	9.859
1.82	46622	BB	0.112	14.436
4.13	59940	BB	0.269	18.560
9.94	78047	BB	0.646	24.166
13.10	2935 D BB		0.352	0.909
24.44	87570	PB	1.599	27.115

TOTAL AREA= 322964
MUL FACTOR= 1.0000E+00

CALIB ESTD

REF % RTW: 2 0
% RTW: 2 0

CAL #	RT	AMT
1: 0	5 5	5 3
2: 0	9 4	5 4
3: 1	8 2	5 3
4: 4	1 3	5 0
5: 9	0 4	5 3
6: 2	4 4	4 7

REF PK CAL #

LIST: CALIB
ESTD
REF % RTW: 20.00
CALIB RUNS 1
% RTW: 20.00

CAL #	RT	AMT	AMT/AREA
1R	0.55	5.3590E+01	3.5410E-03
2	0.94	5.4400E+01	1.7066E-03
3	1.82	5.3300E+01	1.1432E-03
4	4.13	5.0660E+01	8.4518E-04
5	9.94	5.3860E+01	6.9010E-04
6	24.44	4.7040E+01	5.3717E-04

RUN # 4 MAR/25/85 10:18:11

ESTD	RT	AREA TYPE	CAL #	AMOUNT
0.41	870	BV		3.030
0.55	15134	VB	1R	53.590
0.94	31839	DB	2	54.400
1.82	46622	BB	3	53.300
4.13	59940	BB	4	50.660
9.94	78047	BB	5	53.860
13.10	2935 D BB			10.424
24.44	87570	PB	6	47.040

TOTAL AREA= 322960
MUL FACTOR= 1.0000E+00

OP # 6 0
RPRT UNC PKG YES

OP # 2 0
RF UNC PKS= 0 0 3 5 4 1 0 0
uncalibrated peaks as CH4

RUN # 4 MAR/25/85 10:18:11

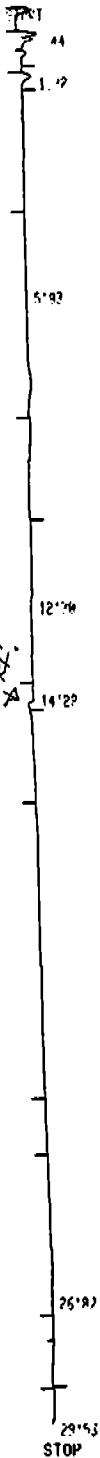
ESTD	RT	AREA TYPE	CAL #	AMOUNT
0.41	870	BV		3.001
0.55	15134	VB	1R	53.590
0.94	31839	DB	2	54.400
1.82	46622	BB	3	53.300
4.13	59940	BB	4	50.660
9.94	78047	BB	5	53.860
13.10	2935 D BB			10.393
24.44	87570	PB	6	47.040

TOTAL AREA= 322960
MUL FACTOR= 1.0000E+00

ATT 21 - 1.0
PK WD - 1.60
THRESH - 1.0
LIST: LIST
PEAK CAPACITY: 1154

ZERO = 0.0-0.2
ATT 21 = -1
CHT SP = 1.0
PK WD = 0.16
THRESH = -1
AR REF = 0

Test 1 SWPC #2 KILN

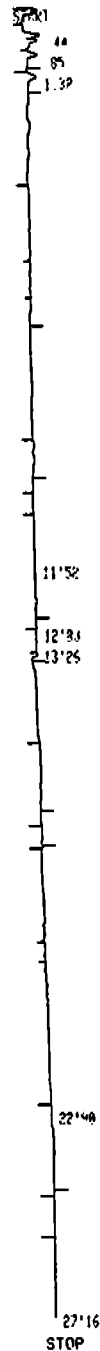


RUN # 7 MAR/25/85 11:09:01

ESTD	RT	AREA	TYPE	CALC	AMOUNT
	0.44	1897	PV	1R	3.885
	1.32	767	PS	3	0.877

TOTAL AREA= 1964
MUL FACTOR= 1.0000E+00

Test 2 SWPC #2 KILN



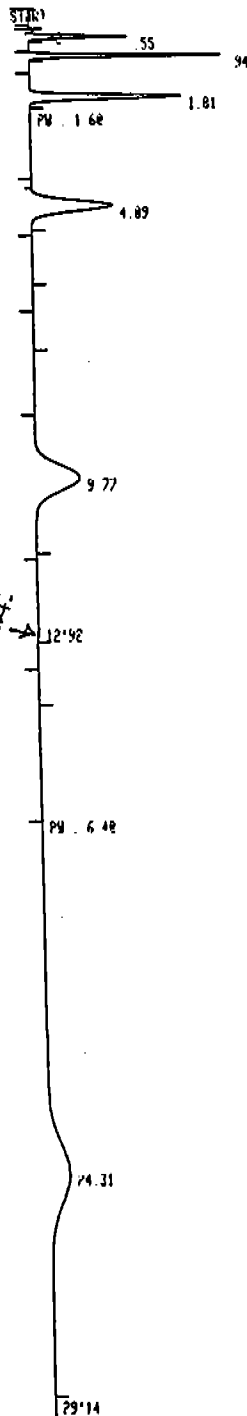
RUN # 9 MAR/25/85 12:16:23

ESTD	RT	AREA	TYPE	CALC	AMOUNT
	0.44	1882	BV	1R	3.831
	0.85	853	D VB	2	1.457
	1.32	783	PS	3	0.895

TOTAL AREA= 2718
MUL FACTOR= 1.0000E+00

Test 3 SWP #2 Kite

PK WD = 0.40
 THRS = 10
 LIST: LIST
 PEAK CAPACITY: 1154
 ZERO = 0.02
 ATT 21 = 1
 CHT SP = 1.0
 PK WD = 0.04
 THRS = -1
 AR REF = 0



RUN # 8 MAR/25/85 11:44:00

ESTD	RT	AREA	TYPE	CAL	AMOUNT
0.44	1115	PV	1R		3.948
0.85	833	D VB	2		1.423
1.32	684	SB	3		0.762

TOTAL AREA= 2632
 MUL FACTOR= 1.0000E+00

RUN # 11 MAR/25/85 12:50:49

ESTD	RT	AREA	TYPE	CAL	AMOUNT
0.42	861	BV			3.849
0.55	15154	VB	1R		53.661
0.94	31827	PB	2		54.379
1.81	46694	PB	3		53.332
4.09	59485	VB	4		50.275
9.77	78342	PB	5		54.864
24.31	91642	PB	6		49.227

TOTAL AREA= 324810
 MUL FACTOR= 1.0000E+00

Final Cal

Date 3-20-85

Test Location #216-1A

Run Number 1

Stack Diameter 160

Operator CUN

Filter No. 406

Barometric Pressure 26.57

Static in. wg. -0.05

Probe Type/Length 4' pyrex

Pitot Coefficient 1.54

Meter Box No./8 9869

Nozzle No./Size 0.3055

#1448

Impinger Volumes/Weights					Gas Composition		
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
H ₂ O	379.7	555.6	24.1				
H ₂ O	557.2	551.8	5.4				
	474.0	433.3	0.7				
				Leak Rate	cfm		"Hg
S.G.	663.7	654.8	8.9	Initial	0.015		15
-G-		Total	33.1	Final			

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F				Pump Vacuum in. Hg	√ΔP	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.			
A-1	0	.32	1.9	732.53	392	242	245	61	80	78	5
2	3	.42	2.5	35.95	393	256	250	61	82	79	6
3	6	.47	2.7	37.70	390	261	250	60	84	80	6
4	9	.51	3.0	40.36	390	257	250	61	85	81	7
5	12	.50	3.0	43.26	388	256	250	59	87	82	7
6	15	.40	2.4	46.17	380	264	255	58	89	84	6
STOP	18			48.82							
B-1	0	.18	1.0	48.82	387	242	249	65	88	86	3
2	3	.18	1.0	50.60	390	259	248	66	90	88	3
3	6	.17	1.0	52.33	392	268	247	66	91	89	3
4	9	.17	1.0	54.06	390	272	247	62	92	90	3
5	12	.15	.87	55.80	390	264	248	63	92	90	3
6	15	.15	.87	57.41	382	260	248	64	92	90	3
STOP	18			59.07							
			1.56								

This is part
"C"

856370

856367

Filter No.

Filter No. 1.

Nozzle No./Size

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F						Pump Vacuum in. Hg-	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter				
									In	Out			
C-1	0	17	1.0	759.07	394	247	243	65	90	89		3	This is
2	3	17	1.0	760.50	393	269	250	57	93	90		3	port B
3	6	15	.96	762.38	392	269	248	56	93	91		3	
4	9	13	.78	764.14	392	265	247	55	94	91		3	
5	12	10	.60	765.74	391	264	250	55	94	92		2	
6	15	10	.60	767.11	384	260	250	55	95	92		2	
	18			768.48									
D-1	0	28	1.7	768.48	382	235	239	62	95	94		4	
2	3	38	2.3	770.69	390	260	242	60	98	95		5	
3	6	40	2.4	773.23	395	268	240	58	99	96		5.5	HC
4	9	44	2.7	775.89	396	267	232	58	99	96		6	HC
5	12	22	1.3	778.68	391	263	233	57	99	97		4	HC
6	15	13	.80	80.47	384	261	240	61	98	96		3	
	18			82.23									@ 13:11
			1.56	49.700	389.50			24	90.31				.4949

Date 3-21-85

Test Location #2 Kila

Run Number 2

Stack Diameter 160"

Operator CW

Filter No. 392

Barometric Pressure 26.41

Static in. wg. -.05

Probe Type/Length Glass/4'

Pitot Coefficient .84

Meter Box No./1.9469

Nozzle No./Size 1.3055

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
100ml H ₂ O	572.9	550.1	22.8	CM	16.7	11.0	
100ml H ₂ O	567.3	560.9	6.4				
Blank	440.2	439.2	1.0				
				Leak Rate	cfm		"Hg
				Initial	.015		15
S.G.	655.5	642.5	13.0	Final			
(I)		Total	43.2				

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F				Pump Vacuum in. Hg	√ΔP	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.			
0-1	0	2.3	1.4	282.69	375	230	235	44	51	51	6
2	3	3.30	1.8	84.88	376	260	236	38	52	51	7
3	6	3.36	2.15	87.21	377	265	240	37	54	52	8
4	9	4.0	2.4	89.65	376	270	235	37	55	52	9
5	12	4.1	2.4	92.20	374	265	230	38	58	54	9
6	15	3.8	2.3	94.83	370	270	225	39	60	56	9
X	18			97.35							
C-1	0	1.8	1.1	97.35	377	240	242	36	61	60	4.5
2	3	1.5	0.90	99.13	370	258	242	39	62	59	4
3	6	2.0	1.2	800.80	372	263	240	40	64	59	4.5
4	9	2.1	1.2	2.62	373	265	240	42	66	61	4.5
5	12	2.0	1.2	4.46	373	265	240	43	68	62	4.5
6	15	1.8	1.1	6.27	376	265	239	44	70	64	4.5
X	18			808.08							

Blank
856363

2
856371

Blank
856362

2
856368

Barometric Pressure

Static in. wg.

Probe Type/Length

Pitot Coefficient

Meter Box No. / X

Nozzle No./Size

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F					Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter In			
B-1	0	1.17	1.0	808.08	2337	234	242	47	72	68	4	
2	3	1.16	.90	9.81	377	256	247	50	74	70	4	
3	6	1.16	.90	11.48	378	263	244	51	76	71	4	
4	9	1.16	.90	13.10	378	264	245	52	77	72	4	
5	12	1.13	.80	14.77	378	264	246	52	77	73	3.5	
6	15	1.11	.65	16.33	374	260	248	52	78	75	3	
X	18			17.78								
A-1	0	.32	1.9	17.78	384	234	239	57	78	77	7	
2	3	.35	2.1	22.50	389	232	241	55	80	77	8	No Vm data
3	6	.49	2.9	25.47	386	235	241	55	81	78	14	
4	9	.47	2.8	29.34	386	242	233	55	81	79	12	
5	12	.55	3.2	31.40	384	261	230	54	82	79	15	
6	15	.54	3.2	834.37	377	264	231	54	83	80	15	HC
END	18											@ 10:29
			1.68	51.680	376.96				67.50			.5179

Date 3-21-85
 Test Location #2 Kiln
 Run Number 3
 Stack Diameter 160"
 Operator CNC
 Filter No. 408
 Barometric Pressure 26.41
 Static in. wg. -0.5
 Probe Type/Length 81 in / 6'
 Pitot Coefficient .84
 Meter Box No./Ø .9869
 Nozzle No./Size .3055

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
H ₂ O	607.3	541.5	65.8		17.5	10.8	
H ₂ O	547.9	585.0	-37.1				
Dioxin	463.8	463.4	1.4				
				Leak Rate	cfm	"Hg	
				Initial	.010	15	
S.G.	613.6	601.2	12.4	Final			
O	Total			42.5			

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F				Stack	Probe	Oven		Imp.	Gas Meter		Pump Vacuum in. Hg	√ΔP	Comments
A-1	0.33	1.9		835.01	389	230	246	57	73	73						6		11:45
2	3.35	2.0		37.35	385	238	234	51	75	74						6		HC
3	6.48	2.9		39.83	385	241	232	50	76	74						9		
4	9.53	3.1		40.70	383	253	230	54	77	74						10		
5	12.50	3.0		45.65	382	256	229	53	78	74						10		
6	15.45	2.7		48.58	377	248	231	52	78	75						8		
X	18			51.39														
B-1	0.16	.95		51.39	383	237	237	51	78	76						3		
2	3.20	1.2		52.89	383	241	233	50	79	76						4		
3	6.15	.90		54.88	388	246	238	49	81	78						3		
4	9.15	.90		56.55	387	251	240	51	83	80						3		
5	12.14	.85		58.21	386	248	236	53	83	80						3		
6	15.10	.58		59.82	382	245	230	54	84	81						2.5		
X	18			61.20														

3 85 6369
 3 85 6372

Nozzle No./Size

Nozzle No / Size

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F						Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter				
									In	Out			
C-1	0	16	95	861.20	385	230	234	55	82	82	3		
2	3	17	1.0	62.86	390	230	231	55	84	82	3		
3	6	20	1.2	84.64	391	236	233	55	86	83	4		
4	9	21	1.2	86.56	391	240	235	54	86	83	4		
5	12	19	1.2	68.46	389	239	237	57	86	84	4		
6	15	15	90	870.36	382	256	232	58	87	85	3		
X	18	—	—	872.06	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
D-1	0	32	1.9	872.66	390	243	234	61	85	85	6		
2	3	33	1.9	74.45	392	250	231	56	87	86	6		
3	6	46	2.7	76.83	392	255	235	55	88	86	8		
4	9	44	2.6	79.63	390	261	241	54	89	86	8		
5	12	46	2.7	82.34	390	268	245	55	90	86	8		
6	15	33	1.9	85.25	385	271	239	54	91	86	6		
END	18	—	—	887.63	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		0.1363
			1.71	53.62	386.54				81.56		5.230		

SAMPLING POINT LOCATION DATA SHEET

Plant #2 Kiln SWPC

Date 3-20-85

Test Location Kiln

Upstream Dist./Dia. _____

Downstream Dist./Dia. _____

No. of Sampling Points 24

Stack Dimension 160" I.D.

Coupling Length 5 3/4 including rail assembly

note transmissometer in
2 of 4 remaining ports

- ① existing ports are 3" male pipe thread
- ② use plate with one-sided female pipe thread
- ③ overhead supports are 2" welded plate-holes

Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist
1	9.2						
2	16.5						
3	24.6						
4	34.1						
5	45.8						
6	62.7						
7	108.8						
8	125.8						
9	137.4						
10	146.9						
11	155.0						
12	162.3						

SAMPLING POINT RELOCATION:

K FACTOR/NOZZLE CALCULATION

#2 Kila
3-20-85

$$K = \frac{782.687(C_p)^2(1 - B_{wo})^2 P_s MW_d}{K_o^2 MW_s P_m}$$

XEQ KC

CP	<u>.84</u>	O ₂	<u>9.0</u>	MW _d	= <u>31.3</u>
B _{wo}	<u>.05</u>	CO ₂	<u>18.5</u>	K(R10)	= <u>1055</u>
P _s H ₂ O"	<u>8</u>	K _o	<u>.693</u>		
P _b	<u>21.57</u>				

$$N_d = \left(\frac{\Delta H T_s}{K T_m \Delta P} \right)^{.25}$$

XEQ ND

ΔP	_____	Ideal Nozzle @ 1.1	ΔH = _____
T _s	_____	Ideal Nozzle @ 1.8	ΔH = _____
T _m	_____		

$$\Delta H = K(N_d)^4 \left(\frac{T_m}{T_s} \right) (\Delta P)$$

XEQ KND

(1) Actual Nozzle I.D.	<u>.3055</u>	(2) Actual Nozzle I.D.	_____
K(Nd) ⁴ (R09)	= <u>9.191</u>	K(Nd) ⁴ (R09)	= _____

XEQ DH

Nozzle 1

Nozzle 2

	High	Low	High	Low
T _m in	<u>110</u>	<u>80</u>	_____	_____
T _m out	<u>100</u>	<u>75</u>	_____	_____
T _s	<u>385</u>	_____	_____	_____
ΔP	<u>.30</u>	_____	_____	_____
ΔH	<u>1.8</u>	_____	_____	_____

CLΣ

Barometric Pressure 26.37

Static in. wg. 0.37

Probe Type/Length $C/\alpha_{\text{max}} \epsilon'$ Pitot Coefficient 0.87

Meter Box No. 18635/1-0098

Nozzle No./Size 1437/c.2356

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
H ₂ O	584.4	566.2	18.2		20.5	20.5	
H ₂ O	526.7	523.4	3.3				
Blenk	444.8	444.2	0.6				
				Leak Rate	cfm		
				Initial	2.017		
				Final	2.013		
S.G.	673.5	665.0	8.5				7
(L)	Total						

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F						Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter				
									In	Out			
1	0	0.46	1.21	064.504	153		235	40	69	66	3.0	0.675	0952 Requitest
2		0.59	1.55	067.82	156		232	43	69	66	3.0	0.68	Pilot OK
3	10	0.55	1.44	071.43	159		236	44	74	66	3.0	0.742	85 6483
4		0.49	1.29	074.94	161		229	46	78	68	3.0	0.700	
5	20	0.50	1.32	078.30	162		231	47	80	69	3.0	0.727	856484
6		0.46	1.22	081.68	161		237	50	83	71	3.0	0.675	
7	30	0.65	1.73	085.00	158		241	55	78	77	3.5	0.800	1023 per 1 change
8		0.68	1.81	088.87	164		240	45	84	77	3.5	0.825	1021 Resumt
9	40	0.67	1.79	092.86	165		244	47	90	79	3.5	0.819	
4		0.68	1.82	096.80	166		239	48	92	81	3.5	0.825	
5	50	0.67	1.79	100.52	168		236	52	93	82	3.5	0.819	
6		0.61	1.63	104.84	168		240	54	93	87	3.0	0.781	
	60			108.704									100, end test
			1.55	114.202	161.75					78.08		0.7622	

Impinger Volumes/Weights					Gas Composition		
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
H ₂ O	554.3	539.4	14.9		0.3	20.5	
H ₂ O	556.0	550.4	5.6				
Blank	452.6	452.2	0.4				
				Leak Rate	cfm	"Hg	
				Initial	0.307	14	
S.G.	694.8	692.7	7.1	Final	0.307	8	
	N	Total	28.0				

Date 03-22-85
 Test Location Raw Mill
 Run Number 63
 Stack Diameter 72
 Operator RKL
 Filter No. 407
 Barometric Pressure 26.37
 Static in. wg. 0.39
 Probe Type/Length 6/40.6'
 Pitot Coefficient 0.81
 Meter Box No. 18 635/10648
 Nozzle No./Size 1472/0.2256

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F			Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter		Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
												In	Out			
1	0	0.60	1.57	109.007		254	41	167				76	73	4.0	0.275	1143 <u>Agid test</u>
2		0.58	1.52	112.55		258	37	169				79	75	4.0	0.262	
3	10	0.28	0.74	116.20		254	38	167				83	75	2.0	0.524	856485
4		0.35	0.93	119.00		261	39	165				85	76	2.5	0.592	
5	20	0.37	0.98	121.75		257	39	164				86	77	2.5	0.608	856486
6		0.43	1.15	124.74		270	38	164				88	78	3.0	0.656	
1	30	0.62	1.66	127.975		246	42	163				84	81	4.0	0.787	1113 <u>port change</u>
2		0.63	1.66	131.78		241	34	176				92	81	4.0	0.744	1217 <u>resonance</u>
3	40	0.60	1.57	135.64		252	32	180				92	82	4.0	0.725	
4		0.60	1.57	139.43		251	37	182				93	84	4.0	0.725	
5	50	0.58	1.52	143.20		255	34	182				94	84	4.0	0.762	
6		0.49	1.29	146.94		254	35	181				95	85	3.0	0.700	
	60			150.756												1247 <u>end test</u>
			1.35	141.353			8	171.67				83	75		0.7644	

SAMPLING POINT LOCATION DATA SHEET

Plant SLOPC

Date 03-21-85

Test Location Raw Mill

Upstream Dist./Dia. 2

Downstream Dist./Dia. 8

No. of Sampling Points 6

Stack Dimension 72

Coupling Length 13

4" Flange on stack

NO power on platform, power at base of stack

Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	ΔP Dist	TS Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist
1	16.1	1	1.05(74)	155	$P_s = 0.78$	0.61	
2	23.5	2	1.12(74)	159		0.86	
3	34.3	3	1.10(74)	161		0.85	
4	63.7	4	0.65(74)	162		0.76	
5	74.5	5	0.62(74)	161		0.78	
6	81.9	6	0.62(74)	161		0.70	
				VEL. TRAV →	ΔP 1 0.64	166	
					2 0.69	169	
					3 0.66	169	
					4 0.63	170	
					5 0.62	169	
					6 0.57	168	

SAMPLING POINT RELOCATION:

K FACTOR/NOZZLE CALCULATION

$$K = \frac{782.687(Cp)^2(1 - B_{wo})^2 P_s MW_d}{K_o^2 MW_s P_m}$$

XEQ KC

CP	<u>0.84</u>	O2	<u>20.5</u>	MWd	= <u>28.4</u>
Bwo	<u>0.05</u>	CO2	<u>0.5</u>	K(R10)	= <u>495.441</u>
Ps H2O"	<u>-0.78</u>	Ko	<u>0.7115</u>		
Pb	<u>26.47</u>				

$$N_d = \left(\frac{\Delta H T_s}{K T_m \Delta P} \right)^{.25}$$

XEQ ND

ΔP	<u>0.69</u>	Ideal Nozzle @ 1.1	ΔH = <u>0.207</u>
Ts	<u>169</u>	Ideal Nozzle @ 1.8	ΔH = <u>0.235</u>
Tm	<u>85</u>		

$$\Delta H = K(N_d)^4 \left(\frac{T_m}{T_s} \right) (\Delta P)$$

XEQ KND

(1) Actual Nozzle I.D. 0.2356 (2) Actual Nozzle I.D. _____
 K(Nd)⁴ (R09) = 3.067 K(Nd)⁴ (R09) = _____

XEQ DH

	Nozzle 1		Nozzle 2	
	High	Low	High	Low
Tm in	<u>85</u>	_____	_____	_____
Tm out	<u>85</u>	_____	_____	_____
Ts	<u>169</u>	_____	_____	_____
ΔP	<u>0.69</u>	_____	_____	_____
ΔH	<u>1.83</u>	_____	_____	_____

CLΣ

Filter No. 400

Nozzle No./Size 271/0.35811[illegible]

Impinger Volumes/Weights						Gas Composition						
Contents		Final	Initial		Net	Time	C0 ₂	O ₂				C0
							Leak Rate		cfm	"Hg		
							Initial					
S.G.							Final					
				Total								

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F					Gas Meter		Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	In	Out				
1	0	0.085	1.23	765.157	186	240	340	44	79	79	3.0	0.242	1013 assumed test	
2		0.085	1.23	768.42	189	245	245	42	86	79	3.0	0.242		
3	10	0.085	1.23	771.69	190	250	236	41	88	79	3.0	0.242		
4		0.085	1.24	774.97	190	255	240	43	89	80	3.0	0.242		
5	20	0.09	1.31	778.15	191	266	258	41	89	80	3.0	0.300	856349	
6		0.09	1.31	781.44	190	266	239	42	89	80	3.0	0.300		
7	30	0.095	1.38	784.82	191	277	251	43	90	81	3.5	0.308	856352	
8		0.09	1.31	788.28	191	272	238	46	90	81	3.0	0.300		
9	40	0.09	1.31	791.58	190	264	342	46	91	82	3.0	0.300		
10		0.085	1.24	794.95	189	256	237	47	90	82	3.0	0.292		
11	50	0.08	1.17	798.30	188	255	245	46	90	82	3.0	0.283		
12		0.075	1.11	801.51	181	253	246	46	90	82		0.277		
	60			804.689									1113 end test	
			1.25	78.746	188.42				79.60				0.2945	

Filter No. 402

Nozzle No./Size 271/c 3281[illegible]

Nozzle No./Size 1271/13586

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F						Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter				
									In	Out			
1	0	0.075	1.00	840.80S	180	242	234	50	86	86	30	0.274	1710 Resound
2		0.085	1.19	843.81	186	247	241	47	93	86	30	0.292	
3	10	0.09	1.26	846.97	188	265	238	45	95	86	30	0.300	
4		0.09	1.26	850.27	188	262	229	43	95	86	30	0.300	
5	20	0.09	1.26	853.56	189	262	241	43	95	86	30	0.300	
6		0.09	1.26	856.88	190	267	237	44	95	86	30	0.300	
7	30	0.095	1.33	860.19	190	262	233	43	95	86	30	0.308	
8		0.09	1.26	863.58	191	267	243	44	95	86	30	0.300	
9	40	0.09	1.26	866.93	191	267	240	45	95	86	30	0.300	
10		0.08	1.12	870.36	190	272	236	44	95	86	30	0.287	
11	50	0.07	0.98	873.52	190	272	247	46	95	87	30	0.265	
12		0.07	0.98	876.53	188	269	231	45	76	87	30	0.265	
	60	—	—	879.521									1410 End Test
			1.11	745.920	187.63				86.06			0.2811	

Date 07-19-85Test Location 22 Fw millRun Number 03Stack Diameter 57.5Operator RKSFilter No. - 390Barometric Pressure 27.36Static in. wg. 0.11Probe Type/Length GL-216'Pitot Coefficient 0.84Meter Box No. 186351.0048Nozzle No./Size 127/0.3580

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
H ₂ O	666.9	576.6	90.3		0	20.9	
H ₂ O	585.1	561.3	23.8				
—	462.4	458.9	3.5				
				Leak Rate	cfm	"Hg	
				Initial	0.011	14	
S.G.	658.2	638.1	20.1	Final	0.013	10	
-E-	Total			137.7			

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F					Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter In Out			
1	0	0.085	1.18	879.732	180	267	232	45	77	78	0.242	1445 begin test
2		0.08	1.10	882.90	185	280	227	42	80	80	0.283	
3	10	0.075	1.04	886.02	187	278	225	43	84	80	0.274	
4		0.075	1.04	889.03	189	241	226	42	84	80	0.274	
5	20	0.08	1.10	892.03	191	248	224	42	90	80	0.253	
6		0.075	1.04	895.16	191	260	219	44	92	82	0.274	
7	30	0.065	0.90	898.18	192	260	215	43	93	81	0.255	
8		0.095	1.32	901.05	191	263	210	43	94	85	0.308	
9	40	0.085	1.19	904.42	191	261	218	42	96	86	0.242	
10		0.085	1.19	907.65	191	264	228	42	96	86	0.242	
11	50	0.075	1.05	910.92	191	276	232	43	97	87	0.274	
12		0.075	1.05	914.00	188	261	226	42	96	87	0.274	1545 changing probe
	60			917.065								

3
85 63513
85 6354

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
					Leak Rate	cfm	"Hg
					Initial		
S.G.					Final		
			Total				

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F					Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments	
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter				
									In	Out			
1	0	0.085	1.20	917.065	182	238	228	44	87	87	3.0	0.292	1549 Resume
2		0.095	1.34	920.28	185	240	227	45	94	88	4.0	0.308	
3	10	0.085	1.19	923.72	191	252	232	47	97	85	3.5	0.292	
4		0.095	1.33	926.98	192	248	233	48	97	84	7.0	0.308	
5	20	0.10	1.40	930.38	193	250	235	49	98	87	4.0	0.316	
6		0.10	1.40	933.91	195	254	236	51	98	90	4.0	0.316	
7	30	0.105	1.46	937.37	196	266	234	50	98	90	8.0	0.324	
8		0.105	1.46	940.44	197	275	242	52	98	90	4.0	0.324	
9	40	0.10	1.39	944.53	197	272	237	51	98	90	4.0	0.316	
10		0.11	1.53	948.06	195	261	235	48	98	90	4.0	0.332	
11	50	0.115	1.60	951.75	195	254	232	48	98	90	4.5	0.337	
12		0.095	1.33	955.50	193	252	230	48	97	90		0.308	
	60	—	—	959.016	—	—	—	—	—	—		—	1649 End Test
			1.24	79.284	190.67				89.75			0.2975	

SAMPLING POINT LOCATION DATA SHEET

Plant SWPL
 Date 03-19-85
 Test Location SWPL #2 Finishing mill
 Upstream Dist./Dia. ~10' / 201.2
 Downstream Dist./Dia. ~40' / 571.4
 No. of Sampling Points 12
 Stack Dimension 87.5
 Coupling Length 15'

4" Flange adp.
 50' cord / twist adp.

$$\begin{array}{r} 6' \\ 82.5 \\ - 15 \\ \hline 87.5 \end{array}$$

Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist
1	16.2						
2	18.9						
3	21.8						
4	25.2						
5	29.4						
6	35.5						
7	52.0						
8	58.1						
9	62.3						
10	65.7						
11	68.6						
12	71.3						

SAMPLING POINT RELOCATION:

27 Finishing Mill
SWPC

K FACTOR/NOZZLE CALCULATION

$$K = \frac{782.687 (C_p)^2 (1 - B_{wo})^2 P_s MW_d}{K_o^2 MW_s P_m}$$

XEQ KC

CP 0.89 O₂ 20.9
 Bwo 0.02 (0.05) CO₂ 0
 P_s H₂O" -0.10 Ko 0.7118
 Pb 27.36

MWd = 28.8 (28.836)
 K(R10) = 1049.419 (997.476)

Ts 179ΔP #5 = 0.10#6 = ¹⁵⁶0.105

187

#7 = 0.10

$$N_d = \left(\frac{\Delta H T_s}{K T_m \Delta P} \right)^{.25}$$

XEQ ND

ΔP 0.10
 Ts 185
 Tm 80

Ideal Nozzle @ 1.1 ΔH = 0.335 .339Ideal Nozzle @ 1.8 ΔH = 0.378 .383

$$\Delta H = K(N_d)^4 \left(\frac{T_m}{T_s} \right) (\Delta P)$$

XEQ KND

#1271

(1) Actual Nozzle I.D. 0.3586

(2) Actual Nozzle I.D. _____

K(Nd)⁴ (R09) = 17.353
16.495

K(Nd)⁴ (R09) = _____

XEQ DH

Nozzle 1

Nozzle 2

	High	Low	High	Low
Tm in	<u>50</u>	_____	_____	_____
Tm out	<u>80</u>	_____	_____	_____
Ts	<u>185</u>	_____	_____	_____
ΔP	<u>0.1</u>	_____	_____	_____
ΔH	<u>1.45</u>	_____	_____	_____

CLΣ

Date 3-22-85
 Test Location 27-F-11
 Run Number 1
 Stack Diameter 15x18
 Operator OPP
 Filter No. 409
 Barometric Pressure 26.43
 Static in. wg. -0.05
 Probe Type/Length Glas/4'
 Pitot Coefficient .84
 Meter Box No. 18644/989
 Nozzle No./Size ,3582

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
H ₂ O	524.2	533.7	-9.5		0	20.9	
H ₂ O	558.6	555.2	3.4				
Diluent	434.6	433.4	1.2				
				Leak Rate	cfm		"Hg
S.G.	669.9	658.4	11.5	Initial	.012		15
P	Total		6.6	Final			

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F				Pump Vacuum in. Hg	√ΔP	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.			
A-1	007	.09	1.72	88.866	68	234	244	54	6	.300	
2	25	.09	1.70	90.90	69	236	245	46	6	.300	856487
3	5	.09	1.70	92.90	69	237	245	45	6	.300	
4		.10	1.88	94.78	69	235	237	46	6	.316	
5	10	.10	1.88	96.80	69	238	237	48	6	.316	
6		.10	1.88	98.70	69	230	237	48	6	.316	
7	15	.11	2.07	100.65	69	240	235	48	7	.332	
8		.10	1.87	102.73	68	250	237	48	6	.316	
END	20			105.100							
B-1	030	.14	2.65	5.100	68	265	236	55	9	.374	
2	25	.14	2.65	7.54	68	274	241	48	9	.374	
3	5	.14	2.66	9.87	67	268	234	50	10	.374	
4		.13	2.47	12.24	67	262	237	49	11	.361	
5	10	.14	2.66	14.60	67	259	240	48	12	.374	
6		.14	2.66	16.97	67	256	233	49	11	.374	

Nozzle No./Size

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F						Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.	Gas Meter				
									In	Out			
B-7	15	.12	2.27	19.37	68	250	239	49	82	78	8	.346	
8		.11	2.08	21.61	69	249	237	50	83	78	8	.332	
END	20	—	—	23.649	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
C-1	055	.14	2.66	123.649	67	238	239	59	82	80	9	.374	
2	25	.14	2.65	126.11	69	239	239	51	83	79	9	.374	
3	5	.14	2.65	128.40	70	236	239	50	84	80	10	.374	
4		.14	2.65	130.78	70	235	236	51	84	80	10	.374	
5	10	.14	2.65	133.19	70	244	233	51	84	80	10	.374	
6		.14	2.65	135.61	70	251	236	50	83	81	10	.374	
7	15	.13	2.46	138.06	70	261	239	51	84	80	10	.361	
8		.13	2.46	140.34	70	276	239	51	83	81	9	.361	
END	20	—	—	142.655	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	60	2.32		53.789	68.63				80.10			.3488	

Quarry

Date 3-22-85
 Test Location 27-Fdc-11
 Run Number 2
 Stack Diameter 15x18
 Operator AP
 Filter No. 412
 Barometric Pressure 26.48
 Static in. wg. -.05
 Probe Type/Length Class 4'
 Pitot Coefficient .84
 Meter Box No./ δ 644/989
 Nozzle No./Size 1376/3582

Impinger Volumes/Weights					Gas Composition		
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
H ₂ O	600.4	607.3	-6.9		0	20.9	
H ₂ O	550.5	547.9	2.6				
Blank	464.8	463.8	1.0				
				Leak Rate	cfm		"Hg
				Initial	.010		15
S.G.	617.5	608.1	9.4	Final			
		Total	6.1				

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F				Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.			
A-1	1159	.07	1.30	44.180	72	265	230	54	74	75	.265
2	2.5	.08	1.49	45.88	72 73	263	234	52	75	75	.283
3	5	.07	1.30	47.71	73	267	236	50	77	75	.265
4		.07	1.30	49.39	73	263	248	51	77	75	.265
5	10	.07	1.31	51.05	73 73	263	245	53	78	75	.265
6		.06	1.12	52.74	72	262	238	53	78	75	.245
7	15	.07	1.31	64.35	72	258	260	51	79	76	.265
8		.07	1.31	55.99	72	260	247	51	79	76	.265
END	20	—	—	57.677	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
B-1	1223	.11	2.06	57.677	72	264	253	55	77	76	.332
2		.10	1.87	59.80	73	265	263	51	80	77	.316
3	5	.09	1.69	61.80	72	264	263	49	80	77	.300
4		.09	1.69	63.67	72	273	254	48	80	77	.300
5	10	.09	1.69	65.57	72	271	256	48	80	77	.300
6		.08	1.50	67.48	72	269	260	47	82	78	.283

Date _____

Test

Run I

Staci

Operational

Filter

Barometric Pressure

Static in. wg.

Probe Type/Length

Pitot Coefficient

Meter Box No. / 8

Nozzle No./Size

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
					Leak Rate	cfm	"Hg
					Initial		
S.G.					Final		
	Total					100	10

[illegible]

K FACTOR/NOZZLE CALCULATION

Feed mill dust collector

3-22-85

27-F-11

$$K = \frac{782.687 (C_p)^2 (1 - B_{wo})^2 P_s MW_d}{K_o^2 MW_s P_m}$$

XEQ KC

CP	<u>.84</u>	O2	<u>20.9</u>	MWd	=	<u>28.8</u>
Bwo	<u>.01</u>	CO2	<u>0</u>	K(R10)	=	<u>1.125.525</u>
Ps H2O"	<u>-1.05</u>	Ko	<u>.693</u>			
Pb	<u>26.43</u>					

$$N_d = \left(\frac{\Delta H T_s}{K T_m \Delta P} \right)^{.25}$$

XEQ ND

ΔP	<u>.1</u>	Ideal Nozzle @ 1.1	ΔH =	<u>-313</u>
Ts	<u>70</u>	Ideal Nozzle @ 1.8	ΔH =	<u>-354</u>
Tm	<u>80</u>			

$$\Delta H = K(N_d)^4 \left(\frac{T_m}{T_s} \right) (\Delta P)$$

XEQ KND

#1376

(1) Actual Nozzle I.D.	<u>.3562</u>	(2) Actual Nozzle I.D.	<u> </u>
K(Nd) ⁴ (R09)	= <u>18.529</u>	K(Nd) ⁴ (R09)	= <u> </u>

XEQ DH

	Nozzle 1		Nozzle 2	
	High	Low	High	Low
Tm in	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Tm out	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Ts	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ΔP	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ΔH	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

CLΣ

SAMPLING POINT LOCATION DATA SHEET

Feed mill dust collector

Plant SWPC

Date 3-22-85

Test Location 27-F-11

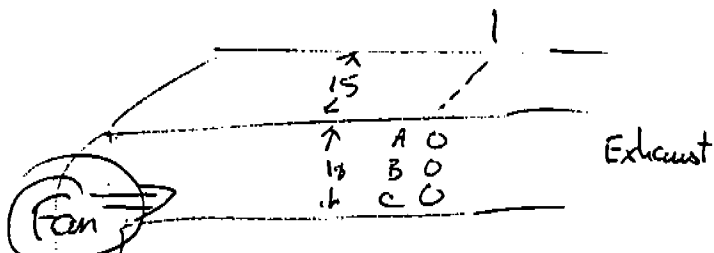
Upstream Dist./Dia. 69 / 4.0

Downstream Dist./Dia. 38 / 2.2

No. of Sampling Points 3

Stack Dimension 15 x 18 (17guis)

Coupling Length 3



- 3 3" nipples on dust - vertical side can't use unisail adapter because it blocks port #2
- Power on platform - need 50' cord note: Lights must be on 2nd power, same circuit - if all else fails go down turned up level to left ~ 50' 2nd circuit available there.
- Use chain to support port side of unisail from eye hook. Make high enough to reach top port with horizontal over support in place.

Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	Dist
1	23.9 ⁺ → 4.0						
2	5.8						
3	7.7						
4	9.6						
5	11.4						
6	13.3						
7	15.2						
8	17.0 ⁺						

SAMPLING POINT RELOCATION: #1, #8 to 1" from wall

Plan-1

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition		
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂
H ₂ O	550.1	566.2	-16.1		0	20.9
H ₂ O	560.9	551.9	9.0			
	439.2	436.7	2.5			
				Leak Rate	cfm	"Hg
				Initial	0.012	15.0
S.G.	687.0	669.6	17.4	Final		
		Total	12.8			

Date 3-19-85
 Barometric Pressure 27.45
 Test Location 42-FDC-35
 Static in. wg. -0.25
 Run Number 1
 Probe Type/Length pyrex, 48"
 Stack Diameter 18" x 15"
 Pitot Coefficient 0.84
 Operator CUN
 Meter Box No. 180.98.693
 Filter No. 404
 Nozzle No./Size 1458-2.319

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F			Imp.	Gas Meter		Pump Vacuum in. Hg	√ΔP	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven		In	Out			
A-1	0	.35	1.10	475.44	77	235	237	45	61	61	4	.592	@ 09:10-AM
2	4	.35	1.10	79.11	81	242	236	39	64	62	4	.592	(traverse
3	12	.34	1.10	82.67	81	246	241	39	68	65	4	.583	moving
4	18	.32	1.00	86.30	81	248	236	41	72	68	4	.566	onward)
5	24	.32	1.00	89.84	81	247	236	44	75	71	4	.566	(bottom part)
6	30	.34	1.10	93.36	81	249	240	44	77	73	4	.583	
7	34	.31	1.00	97.06	81	248	238	43	80	76	4	.557	
S10P	42			500.61									85 6358
B-1	0	.42	1.40	500.61	75	253	236	44	78	78	5	.648	
2	6	.58	1.90	4.70	75	257	235	42	82	79	6	.762	
3	12	.61	2.00	9.43	73	252	236	41	84	81	7	.781	
4	18	.63	2.00	14.36	73	244	238	41	85	82	7	.794	
5	24	.59	1.95	19.40	72	246	237	43	86	83	7	.768	
6	30	.60	2.00	24.25	74	246	237	43	86	83	7	.775	
7	36	.60	2.00	29.15	74	247	233	44	87	85	7	.775	

Barometric Pressure 27.45.

Static in. wg. -0.25

Probe Type/Length $\frac{4' \text{ ppi} \times 1}{12}$ Pitot Coefficient 0.84

Meter Box No. 18 0.9869

Nozzle No./Size 0.2319

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
				Leak Rate		cfm	"Hg
				Initial			
S.G.				Final			
			Total	,005 8			

[illegible]

Date 3-19-85
 Test Location 42-FDC-35
 Run Number 2
 Stack Diameter 18" x 15"
 Operator CAN
 Filter No. 403
 Barometric Pressure 27.45
 Static in. wg. -0.25
 Probe Type/Length 4' pyrex
 Pitot Coefficient 0.84
 Meter Box No. 18
 Nozzle No./Size 0.2319

Impinger Volumes/Weights					Gas Composition		
Contents	Final	Initial	Net		Time	CO ₂	O ₂
H ₂ O	524.2	536.0	-11.8				
H ₂ O	548.2	542.9	5.3				
	451.5	450.3	1.2				
					Leak Rate	cfm	"Hg
					Initial	0.01	15
S.G.	696.3	681.5	14.8		Final		
-D-		Total	9.5				

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F				Pump Vacuum in. Hg	√ΔP	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.			
A-1	0	.33	1.10	570.11	70	234	253	43	81	81	574 @ 12:08
2	6	.27	0.89	573.74	80	243	256	41	83	82	
3	12	.26	0.86	77.15	80	248	256	41	85	83	windy
4	18	.26	.86	80.49	80	243	265	38	86	84	
5	24	.25	.83	83.83	80	248	256	41	88	85	
6	30	.25	.83	87.11	79	247	255	42	89	87	
7	36	.14	.46	90.40	76	250	255	42	90	88	856356
STOP	42			92.94							
B-1	0	.12	.40	92.94	81	260	255	43	89	88	2 346
2	6	.16	.53	95.32	80	259	256	43	90	89	2 400
3	12	.18	.59	97.99	80	260	255	43	90	89	2.5 424
4	18	.18	.59	600.83	80	256	256	43	91	90	2.5 424
5	24	.38	1.25	603.70	79	253	256	44	93	91	4 616
6	30	.36	1.26	7.59	79	248	256	42	94	91	4 600
7	36	.35	1.20	11.49	77	249	256	43	94	92	4 392

Date 3-19-85
Test Location 42-FDC-35
Run Number 2
Stack Diameter 18" x 15"
Operator CMW
Filter No. 403

Barometric Pressure	27.45
Static in. wg.	-0.25
Probe Type/Length	4' 210x
Pitot Coefficient	0.84
Meter Box No./	09869
Nozzle No./Size	0.23/9

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
S.G.				Leak Rate	cfm		
				Initial			
				Final			
Total						0.05	7

[illegible]

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	CO
H ₂ O	522.2	535.0	-12.8		0	20.9	
H ₂ O	555.2	549.2	6.0				
—	433.4	432.4	1.0				
				Leak Rate		cfm	"Hg
				Initial		0.15	15
S.G.	672.8	658.7	14.1	Final			
-F-		Total	8.3				

Barometric Pressure 27.45
 Static in. wg. -0.25
 Probe Type/Length 4' pyrex
 Pitot Coefficient 0.84
 Meter Box No./ δ .9869
 Nozzle No./Size .2319

Date 3-19-85
 Test Location 42-FDC-35
 Run Number 3
 Stack Diameter 18" x 15"
 Operator CANV
 Filter No. 405

Sample Point	Time	ΔP in wg	ΔH in wg	Gas Meter Volume Ft ³	Temperature °F				Pump Vacuum in. Hg	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Comments
					Stack	Probe	Oven	Imp.			
A-1	0	.33	1.10	646.58	78	229	241	53	81	81	574
2	6	.34	1.10	50.24	80	239	237	48	85	84	583
3	12	.36	1.26	53.93	79	245	235	47	88	86	600
4	18	.35	1.15	57.71	86	248	238	47	90	86	592
5	24	.34	1.10	61.49	81	254	235	46	91	88	583
6	30	.36	1.20	65.24	81	250	236	46	93	90	600
7	36	.34	1.10	69.09	79	257	240	46	94	91	583
STOP	42			72.81							
B-1	0	.38	1.25	72.81	81	264	237	49	92	92	616
2	6	.41	1.35	76.78	83	257	243	46	94	92	640
3	12	.37	1.25	80.87	83	256	238	47	95	93	608
4	18	.36	1.20	84.84	84	262	235	48	96	93	600
5	24	.36	1.20	88.74	84	262	239	47	96	94	600
6	30	.38	1.25	92.62	85	261	240	48	97	94	616
7	36	.36	1.20	96.60	82	261	239	48	97	95	600

Barometric pressure 27.45

Static in. wg. -0.125

[illegible]

Pitot Coefficient 0.84

Meter Box No. 18 9869

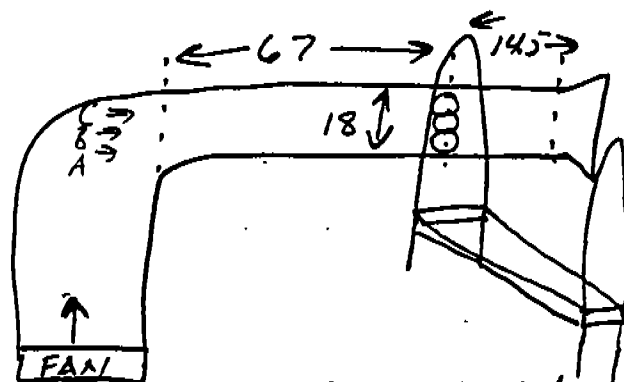
Nozzle No./Size 1,2319

Impinger Volumes/Weights				Gas Composition			
Contents	Final	Initial	Net	Time	CO ₂	O ₂	C ₀
				Leak Rate		cfm	"Hg
				Initial			
S.G.				Final		.01	8
			Total				

[illegible]

SAMPLING POINT LOCATION DATA SHEET

Plant SWPC - River Plant
 Date 3-19-85
 Test Location _____
 Upstream Dist./Dia. 67" 4
 Downstream Dist./Dia. 14.5" 1
 No. of Sampling Points _____
 Stack Dimension 18 x 15"
 Coupling Length 3 1/4"



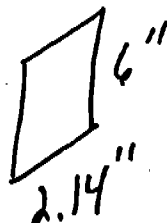
Eg. Dia. = 16.4"

1. 1-2x10 plank w/ 2-10' ropes to slide box
2. 110 VAC w/in 10' at source test ports.

Sample Point	Dist	Sample Point	ΔP Dist A	Sample Point	ΔP Dist B	Sample Point	ΔP Dist C
1	4.32		.44	75°F	.46	.60	.60
2	6.46		.46	↓	.48	.60	.62
3	8.61		.48		.52		.62
4	10.75		.48		.52		.62
5	12.89		.48		.52		.62
6	15.04		.48		.52		.62
7	17.18		.48		.52		.62

4/14
 11/4
 5/14
 7/14
 9/14
 11/14
 13/14

SAMPLING POINT RELOCATION:



2.8 ratio

Finish mill
feed belt

K FACTOR/NOZZLE CALCULATION

$$K = \frac{782.687 (C_p)^2 (1 - B_{wo})^2 P_s MW_d}{K_o^2 MW_s P_m}$$

XEQ KC

CP	<u>.84</u>	O ₂	<u>21</u>	MW _d	= <u>28.85</u>
B _{wo}	<u>.005</u>	CO ₂	<u>0</u>	K(R10)	= <u>1135</u>
P _s H ₂ O"	<u>6</u>	K _o	<u>.693</u>		
P _b	<u>27.45</u>				

$$N_d = \left(\frac{\Delta H T_s}{K T_m \Delta P} \right)^{.25}$$

XEQ ND

ΔP	<u>.60</u>	Ideal Nozzle @ 1.1	ΔH = <u>0.200</u>
T _s	<u>75</u>	Ideal Nozzle @ 1.8	ΔH = <u>0.227</u>
T _m	<u>75</u>		

$$\Delta H = K(N_d)^4 \left(\frac{T_m}{T_s} \right) (\Delta P)$$

XEQ KND

#1458

(1) Actual Nozzle I.D.	<u>.2319</u>	(2) Actual Nozzle I.D.	<u> </u>
K(N _d) ⁴ (R09)	= <u>3.283</u>	K(N _d) ⁴ (R09)	= <u> </u>

XEQ DH

Nozzle 1

Nozzle 2

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
T _m in	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
T _m out	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
T _s	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ΔP	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ΔH	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

CLΣ

Date 10/20/84 Dry Gas Meter No. 10084.55
 Barometric Pressure, in. Hg 29.44 Standard Test Meter No. 69279
 Meter Box No. 644 Operator JF 68°F - 72°F

Standard Test Meter			Meter Box			Time (min)	γ	K_o
Pres. ΔH_s ("Wg)	Temp. T_s (°F)	Volume V_s (Ft³)	Pres. ΔH ("Wg)	Temp. T_{di} T_{do} (°F)	Volume V_d (Ft³)			
	64	853.002		96 94	582.984			
-1.2	62	835.584	0.5	87 86	564.437	45.0	0.9848	0.7141
	63	17.418		90.75	18.547			
	64	877.168		101 98	608.873			
-2.0	63	856.256	1.0	97 95	586.471	39.0	0.9871	0.7011
	63.5	20.912		97.75	22.402			
	66	902.759		104 100	636.329			
29.43 -2.7	64	880.892	1.5	101 99	612.865	34.0	0.9854	0.6848
	65	21.867		101.0	23.464			
	67	924.898		106 101	660.006			
29.43 -3.3	65	908.572	2.0	105 102	642.546	22.0	0.9885	0.6827
	66	16.326		103.5	17.460			
	66	953.132		107 101	690.053			
29.43 -4.7	66	931.237	3.0	106 103	666.746	24.0	0.9885	0.6823
	66	21.895		104.25	23.307			
			4.0					

Average 0.9869 0.6930
 Std.Dev. 0.0017 0.041
 (0.2%) (2%)

$$\gamma = \frac{V_s \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H_s}{13.6} \right) \left(\frac{T_{di} + T_{do}}{2} + 460 \right)}{V_d \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) (T_s + 460)}$$

$$K_o = \frac{\left(\frac{V_s}{t} \right) \left(\frac{T_{do}}{T_s} \right) \left(\frac{P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H_s}{13.6}}{P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}} \right)}{\left(\frac{T_{do} \Delta H}{\left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) (M_m)} \right)^{0.5}}$$

where

ΔH_s = Standard meter pressure drop
 T_s = Standard meter temperature
 V_s = Standard test meter dry gas volume
 ΔH = Meter box orifice meter pressure drop
 T_{di} = Meter box inlet temperature
 T_{do} = Meter box outlet temperature
 V_d = Meter box dry gas volume

γ = Meter box correction factor
 K_o = Orifice meter calibration constant
 t = Calibration time in minutes
 M_m = Molecular weight of air (28.96 lb/lb-mole)
 P_{bar} = Barometric pressure

DRY GAS METER/ORIFICE METER CALIBRATION DATA

Date 1/29/85 Dry Gas Meter No. 1032723
 Barometric Pressure, in. Hg 29.355 Standard Test Meter No. 69279
 Meter Box No. 635 Operator NAPP (FK)

Standard Test Meter			Meter Box			Time (min)	γ	K_o
Pres. ΔH_s ("Wg)	Temp. T_s (°F)	Volume V_s (Ft ³)	Pres. ΔH ("Wg)	Temp. T_{di} T_{do} (°F)	Volume V_d (Ft ³)			
	73	2	0.2	77 74	2.016	7.72	1.001	0.7335
				76				
	73	3	0.8	79 75	3.020	5.90	1.003	0.7199
				77				
	73	5	1.8	84 76	5.015	6.63	1.009	0.7129
				80				
	73	5	3.4	85 76	5.005	4.92	1.011	0.6983
				81				
	73	5	5.0	88 77	4.974	4.08	1.015	0.6943
				83				
	73	5	8.0	77 76	4.903	3.30	1.020	
				77				

Average 1.0098 0.7118
 Std.Dev. 0.0072 0.0160
 (0.7%) (2.2%)

$$\gamma = \frac{V_s \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H_s}{13.6} \right) \left(\frac{T_{di} + T_{do}}{2} + 460 \right)}{V_d \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) (T_s + 460)}$$

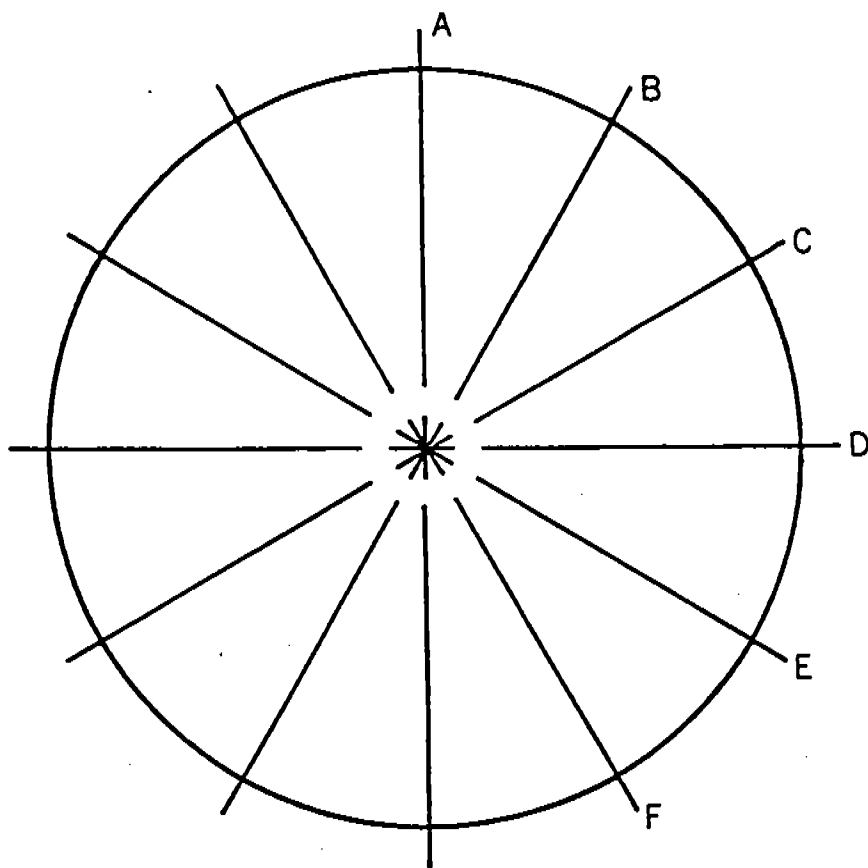
$$K_o = \frac{\left(\frac{V_s}{t} \right) \left(\frac{T_{do}}{T_s} \right) \left(\frac{P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H_s}{13.6}}{P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}} \right)}{\left(\frac{T_{do} \Delta H}{\left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) (M_m)} \right)^{0.5}}$$

where

ΔH_s = Standard meter pressure drop
 T_s = Standard meter temperature
 V_s = Standard test meter dry gas volume
 ΔH = Meter box orifice meter pressure drop
 T_{di} = Meter box inlet temperature
 T_{do} = Meter box outlet temperature
 V_d = Meter box dry gas volume

γ = Meter box correction factor
 K_o = Orifice meter calibration constant
 t = Calibration time in minutes
 M_m = Molecular weight of air (28.96 lb/lb-mole)
 P_{bar} = Barometric pressure

NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA



DIAMETER (in.)

A 0.3055

B 0.3055

C 0.3058

D 0.3053

E _____

F _____

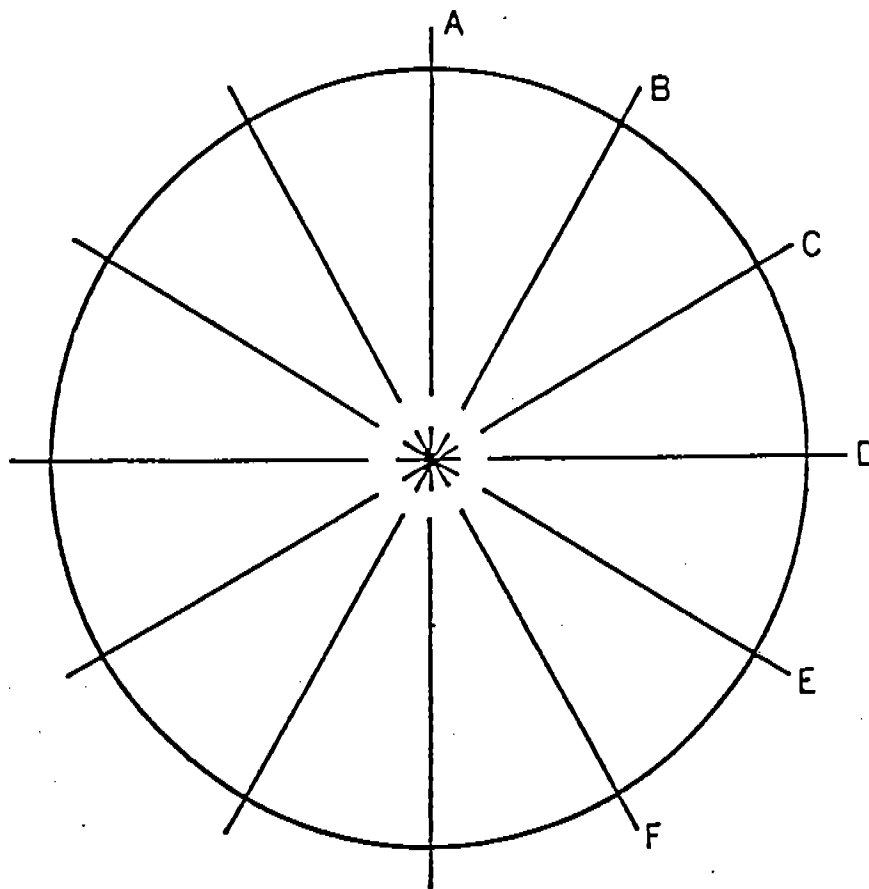
AVG. 0.3055

DATE 01-02-85

NOZZLE NO. 1448

OPERATOR RKC

NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA



DIAMETER (in.)

A 0.2370

B 0.2373

C 0.2339

D 0.2342

E _____

F _____

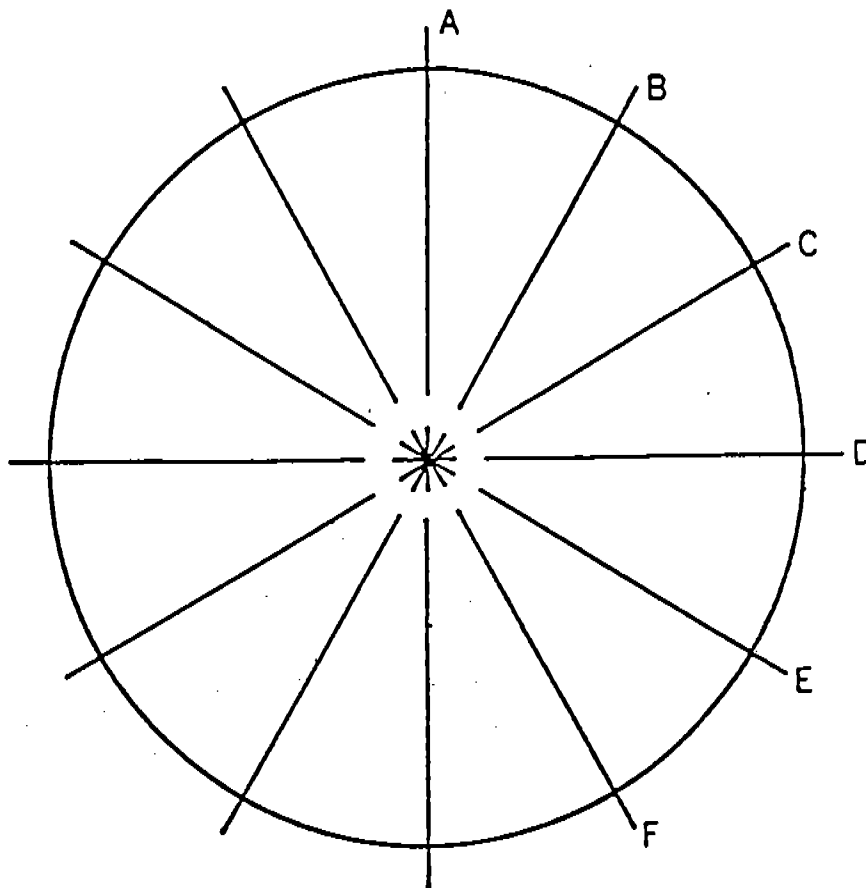
AVG. 0.2356

DATE 01/08/85

NOZZLE NO. 1437

OPERATOR RKC

NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA



DIAMETER (in.)

A .3563

B .3579

C .3602

D .3600

E _____

F _____

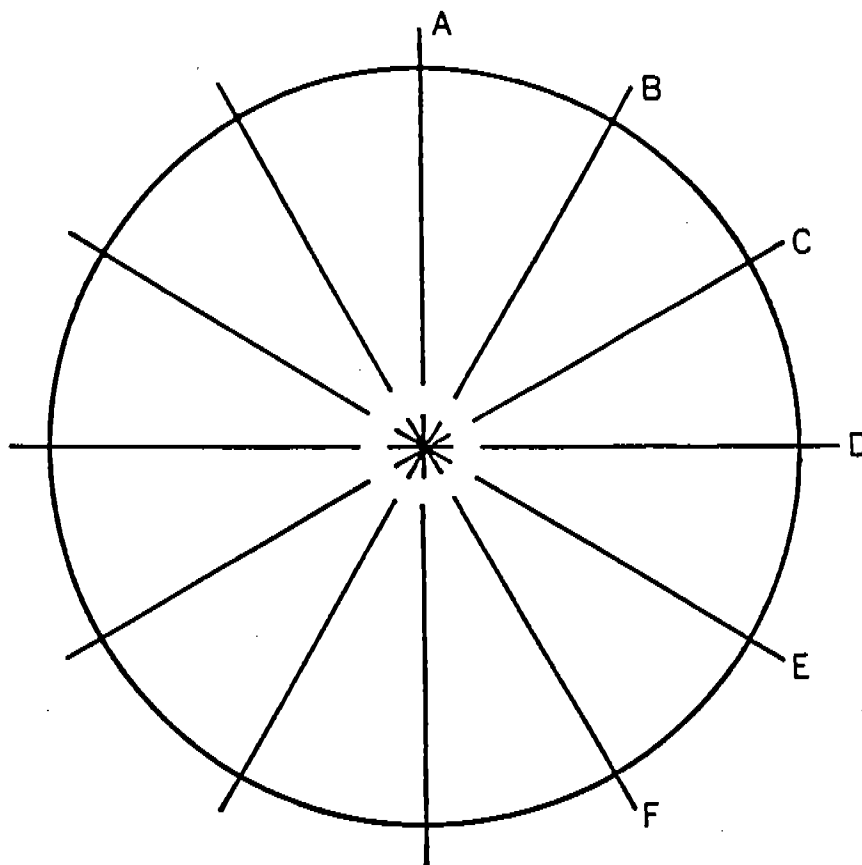
AVG. .3586

DATE 12-28-84

NOZZLE NO. 1271

OPERATOR JCO

NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA



DIAMETER (in.)

A 0.3589

B 0.3585

C 0.3570

D 0.3582

E _____

F _____

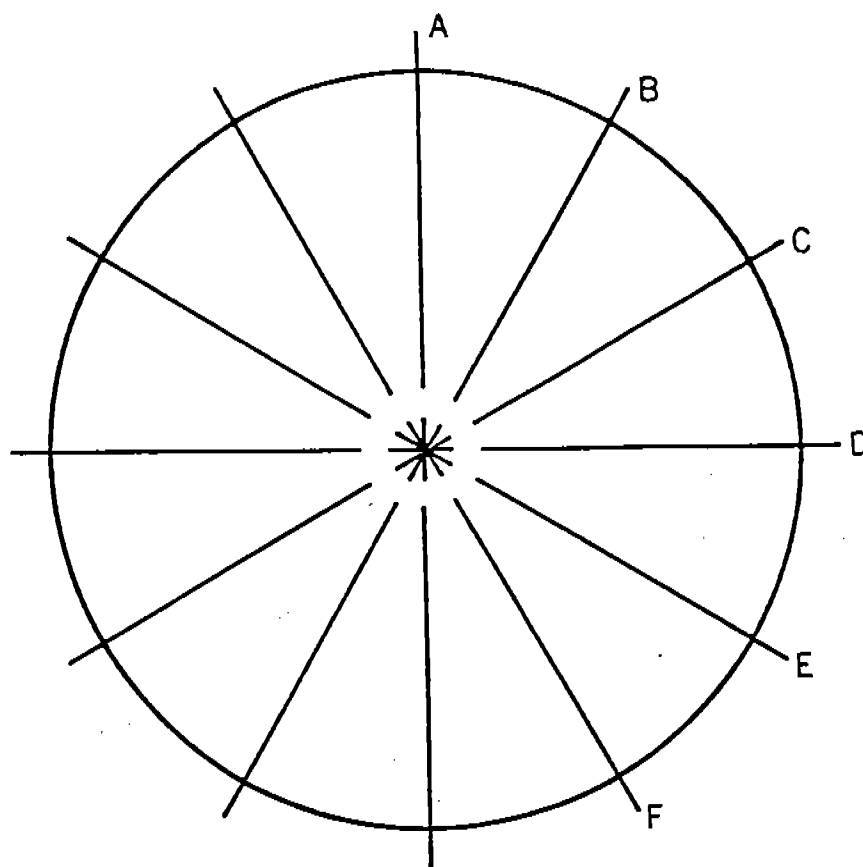
AVG. 0.3582

DATE 01-02-84

NOZZLE NO. 1376

OPERATOR RKC

NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA



DIAMETER (in.)

A 0.2325

B 0.2321

C 0.2310

D 0.2318

E _____

F _____

AVG. 0.2319

DATE 01-02-85

NOZZLE NO. 1458

OPERATOR RKC



Scott Specialty Gases

a division of
Scott Environmental Technology, Inc.

PLUMSTEADVILLE, PA. 18949

PHONE: (215) 766-8861

TWX: 510-665-9344

PAPE & STEINER
5801 NORRIS ROAD
BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

Date: NOVEMBER 15, 1984

46356

Our Project No.: _____

Your P.O. No.: LT 7297

Gentlemen:

Thank you for choosing Scott for your Specialty Gas needs. The analyses for the gases ordered, as reported by our laboratory, are listed below. Results are in volume percent, unless otherwise indicated.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Cyl. No. <u>AAL7584</u>	Analytical Accuracy <u>±1%</u>
Component	Concentration
<u>Carbon Monoxide</u>	<u>401.9PPM</u>
<u>Carbon Dioxide</u>	<u>16.02%</u>
<u>Oxygen</u>	<u>7.52%</u>
<u>Nitrogen</u>	<u>Balance</u>

Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

Analyst _____

Approved By *[Signature]*

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost.

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS EPA PROTOCOL GASES
ACUBLEND® CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES PURE GASES
ACCESSORY PRODUCTS CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES
TROY, MICHIGAN / SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA / HOUSTON, TEXAS

TWX: 510-665-9344

PAPE & STEINER
5801 Norris Road
Bakersfield CA 93308

Date: October 23, 1984

Our Project No.: 46123

Your P.O. No.: SP 7290

Gentlemen:

Thank you for choosing Scott for your Specialty Gas needs. The analyses for the gases ordered, as reported by our laboratory, are listed below. Results are in volume percent, unless otherwise indicated.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Analytical	
Cyl. No. <u>AAL 8335</u>	Accuracy <u>±2%</u>
Component	Concentration
Methane	53.59 PPM
Ethane	54.4 PPM
Propane	53.30 PPM
Butane	50.66 PPM
Pentane	53.86 PPM
Hexane	47.04 PPM
Nitrogen	Balance
Cyl. No. _____	Analytical Accuracy _____
Component	Concentration

[illegible]

Analyst _____

Approved By

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost.

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS EPA PROTOCOL GASES
ACUBLEND® CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES PURE GASES
ACCESSORY PRODUCTS CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES
TROY, MICHIGAN / SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA / HOUSTON, TEXAS



Scott Specialty Gases

Scott Env

a division of
Mental Technology, Inc.

2600 CAJON BLVD. SAN BERNARDINO, CA 92411

PHONE (714) 887-2571

PAPE & STEINER
5801 NORRIS RD
BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

Date Shipped 2-4-85
Our Project No: 47253
Your P.O. No: SP736
Page 1 of 1

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS - EPA PROTOCOL GASES*

(Concentrations are in mole % or ppm)

Cylinder Number AAL5773 Certified Accuracy ±1 % NBS Traceable Analysis Dates: First 5-11-84 Last 2-1-85

COMPONENTS	CERTIFIED CONC	EXPIRATION DATE	ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE	PRIMARY STANDARD NBS/SRM's	REPLICATE CONCENTRATIONS	
					FIRST	SECOND
NITRIC OXIDE	868.6PPM	8-1-85	CHEMI.	SRM1687B	869.9PPM	867.3PPM
NOX	870.35PPM				870.9PPM	869.8PPM
NITROGEN	BALANCE					

Cylinder Number _____ Certified Accuracy _____ % NBS Traceable Analysis Dates: First _____ Last _____

COMPONENTS	CERTIFIED CONC	EXPIRATION DATE	ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE	PRIMARY STANDARD NBS/SRM's	REPLICATE CONCENTRATIONS	
					FIRST	SECOND

*We hereby certify the cylinder gas has been analyzed according to EPA Protocol No: I

Analyst _____ Approved By Wayne McHower

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost.

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS ■ EPA PROTOCOL GASES ■ ACUBLEND® ■ CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES
PURE GASES ■ ACCESSORY PRODUCTS ■ CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES

TROY, MICHIGAN / PLUMSTEADVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA



Scott Specialty Gases a division of
Scott Environmental Technology, Inc.

2600 CAJON BLVD. SAN BERNARDINO, CA 92411
PAPE & STEINER

PHONE (714) 887-2571

5801 NORRIS ROAD
BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308

NOVEMBER 16-84
Date Shipped
Our Project No: 46386
Your P.O. No: SP7301
Page 1 of 1

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS - EPA PROTOCOL GASES*

(Concentrations are in mole % or ppm)

Cylinder Number AALB513

Certified Accuracy $\pm 1\%$ % NBS Traceable

Analysis Dates: First 10-31-84 Last 11-8-84

COMPONENTS	CERTIFIED CONC	EXPIRATION DATE	ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE	PRIMARY STANDARD NBS/SRM's	REPLICATE CONCENTRATIONS	
					FIRST	SECOND
SULFUR DIOXIDE	80.9PPM	5-16-85	U.V.	SRM1694A	80.8PPM	81.0PPM
NITROGEN	BALANCE					

Cylinder Number AAL1600

Certified Accuracy $\pm 1\%$ % NBS Traceable

Analysis Dates: First 10-31-84 Last

COMPONENTS	CERTIFIED CONC	EXPIRATION DATE	ANALYTICAL PRINCIPLE	PRIMARY STANDARD NBS/SRM's	REPLICATE CONCENTRATIONS	
					FIRST	SECOND
SULFUR DIOXIDE	80.9PPM	5-16-85	U.V.	SRM1694A	80.9PPM	80.9PPM
NITROGEN	BALANCE					

*We hereby certify the cylinder gas has been analyzed according to EPA Protocol No: I

Analyst

Approved By

Wayne McGowan

The only liability of this Company for gas which fails to comply with this analysis shall be replacement thereof by the Company without extra cost.

CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIALS ■ EPA PROTOCOL GASES ■ ACUBLEND™ ■ CALIBRATION & SPECIALTY GAS MIXTURES
PURE GASES ■ ACCESSORY PRODUCTS ■ CUSTOM ANALYTICAL SERVICES

TROY, MICHIGAN / PLUMSTEADVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA

For GBF Sample

① Diss. cake - 24 hrs - drierite or silica gel - weigh

2 " - 4 more hrs - weigh. -

Repeat until w/in $\frac{1}{2}$ mg.

Probe washings - Evap. in tared beakers -

R. Do as above - - Beakers should be pre-desiccated.

Wash - Samples from probe - Acetone -

Impinger water

Acetone rinse to impinger

} Combine weights
after evap.