

Note: This is a reference cited in *AP 42, Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume I Stationary Point and Area Sources*. AP42 is located on the EPA web site at www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/

The file name refers to the reference number, the AP42 chapter and section. The file name "ref02_c01s02.pdf" would mean the reference is from AP42 chapter 1 section 2. The reference may be from a previous version of the section and no longer cited. The primary source should always be checked.

AP-42 Section 12.2

Reference

Report Sect. 4

Reference 161

GUARDIAN SYSTEMS INC.

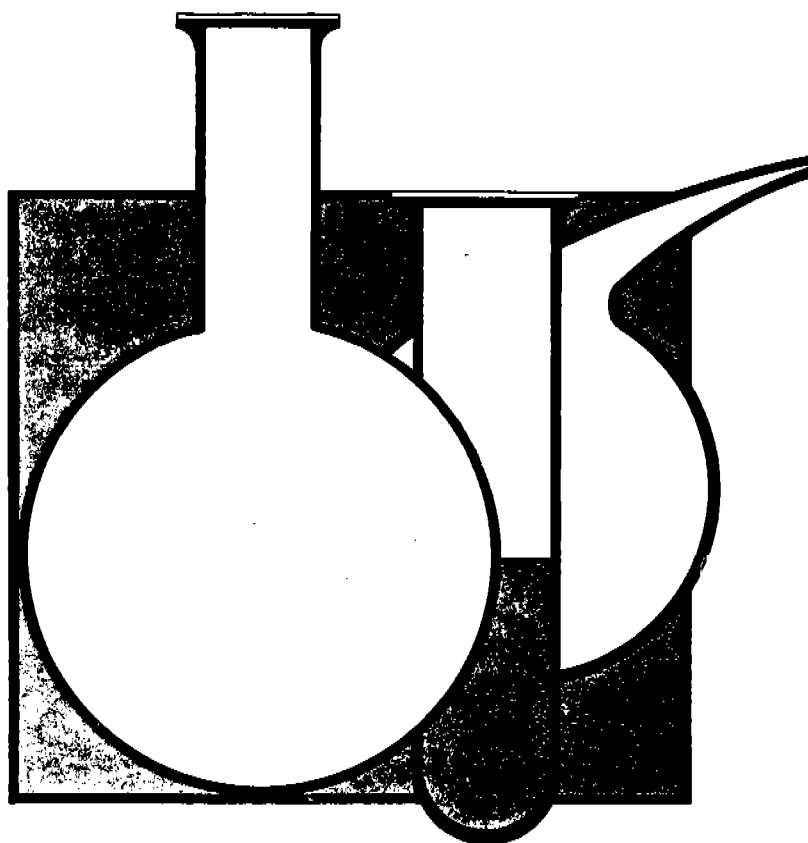
P.O. Box 300

Leeds, Alabama 35094

205/699-6647

ABC COKE

BATT. #1, POSITIVE PLSH C IRL. SYS.



Test Report

MASS EMISSION TESTS
CONDUCTED ON
COKE BATTERY #1 POSITIVE PUSHING CONTROL SYSTEM
IN
TARRANT, ALABAMA
FOR
ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORPORATION
ON
SEPTEMBER 9-11, 1985

MARCEL 25, 1998

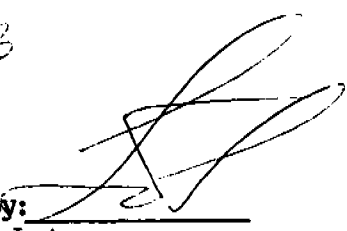
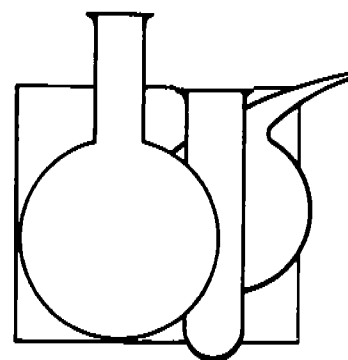
Approved by: 
Tom Lotz
Director
Field Services Division

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter		Page
I	Introduction and Test Description	1
II	Summary of Test Results	2
	Tables	
	1 VE Summaries	3
	2 Summarized Particulate Results	4
	Computer Input Parameters	5
	Complete Test Results	6
III	Sampling and Analytical Procedure	8
	Figures	
	1 Stack Breeching Diagram And Sample Point Location	11
	2 Battery #1 Schematic	12
	3 Particulate Sampling Train	13
IV	Field Data	
	Nomenclature	14
	Equations	17
	Data Sheets	19
	Particulate Analysis	22
	VE Sheets for Coke Battery	29
	VE Sheets for Stack	32
V	Plant Operational Data	34
VI	Calibrations	40

Introduction



126 00000

I. INTRODUCTION AND TEST DESCRIPTION

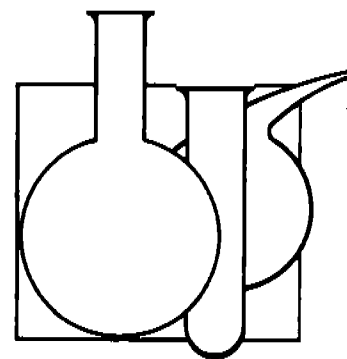
On September 9-11, 1985, Guardian Systems, Inc. performed a series of particulate emissions tests on the Coke Battery #1 Positive Pushing Control System of Alabama By-Products Corporation located in Tarrant, Alabama. These tests were conducted in accordance to the rules and regulating expressed in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Section 60, Reference Methods 1-5 as amended.

The Push Control System consists of a movable hood assembly which travels with the car and a baghouse for particulate removal. The damper on the baghouse fan is closed when not in use and is open by radio control when the coke is pushed. The sampling time for particulate emissions started when the pusher machine ram began moving forward and stopped when the emissions captured were collected by the baghouse. Only one push was sampled per traverse point and the sampling time varied for each push. Visible Emissions were monitored at the pushing emission control device outlet (stack) and at the pushing operation around the battery by Jefferson County Health Department Personnel.

The following personnel were present during the actual field sampling and represented the companies indicated:

Mr. Moyer Edwards	Alabama By-Products Corporation
Mr. Buddy Wolfe	Alabama By-Products Corporation
Ms. Veda Hampton	Jefferson County Health Dept.
Mr. George Duckworth	Jefferson County Health Dept.
Mr. Frank Cargo	Jefferson County Health Dept.
Mr. Bob Geddis	Represented EPA
Mr. Greg Karstens	Guardian Systems, Inc.
Mr. Mike Harvey	Guardian Systems, Inc.
Mr. Lane McAlpin	Guardian Systems, Inc.

Test Results



II. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

The following table gives the results of the tests conducted on the Coke Battery #1 Positive Pushing Control System on September 9-11, 1985. The allowable emission rate 0.03 pounds per ton of coal charged (27 tons/push). The figures are presented in two formats; one by calculation of coal and particulate in pounds per test and the second in pounds per hour.

<u>RUN #</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Avg.</u>
Sample time per test, Minutes	20.10	20.04	19.57	19.92
Coal charged per test, Tons	648	648	621	639
Particulate Mass Rate lbs/test	10.73	3.83	11.51	8.68
Emissions lbs/ton of coal charged	0.017	0.006	0.019	0.014
*Particulate Mass Rate lbs/hr	31.93	11.47	35.29	26.14
*Coal charged Tons/hour	1928.5	1940.1	1903.9	1924.7
Emissions lbs/ton of coal charged	0.017	0.006	0.019	0.014

* The particulate mass rate and the coal charged are both presented in hourly rates even though the individual test times were less than an hour. This was accomplished by using a ratio of the time sampled to 60 minutes or one hour.

**Visual Emissions Summaries
Around Push Control**

<u>RUN #</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Avg.</u>
Sample time per test, Seconds	1380	1440	1380	1400
Time greater than 20% opacity, seconds	7	57	28	31
% greater than, 20 % opacity	0.5	4.0	2.0	2.2
Highest opacity, %	25	40	35	33.3

Data was taken from the VE Sheets found in the **Field Data Section**.

Stack Opacity

<u>RUN #</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>Avg.</u>
Opacity, %	NR	0	0	0

NR= Not Read

Table 1

GUARDIAN ** SYSTEMS ** INCORPORATED

P.O. BOX 300
LEEDS, AL 35094
205-699-6647

Summarized Air Test Results for ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORP
Job Number 55093

SUN NUMBER	1	2	3	4
DATE OF TEST	09/09/85	09/10/85	09/11/85	09/11/85
TIME OF TEST	0800-1645	0800-1630	0745-1800	AVERAGE
LOCATION OF TEST	SYS 1	SYS 1	SYS 1	SYS 1
STACK GAS TEMPERATURE DEGREES F	119	124	125	123
MOISTURE CONTENT, % V/V	5.47	6.15	6.92	6.17
OXYGEN CONTENT, % V/V	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT, % V/V	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
STACK GAS VELOCITY FEET PER SECOND	56.32	55.62	57.44	56.29
VOLUMETRIC FLOW ACTUAL CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE	139,504	137,757	142,266	139,431
VOLUMETRIC FLOW DRY STANDARD CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE	120,834	117,445	120,087	119,052
CONCENTRATION GRAINS PER DRY STANDARD CUBIC FOOT	0.031	0.011	0.034	0.026
CONCENTRATION GRAINS PER ACTUAL CUBIC FOOT	0.027	0.010	0.029	0.022
PARTICULATE MASS RATE (#/HR.)	31.93	11.47	35.29	26.14
% ISOKINETIC	105.38	102.00	101.35	103.22

GUARDIAN ** SYSTEMS ** INCORPORATED

P.O. BOX 300
LEEDS, AL. 35094
205-699-6647

Computer Input Parameters for ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORP
Job Number 55098

	1	2	3	4
RUN NUMBER	1	2	3	4
DATE	09/09/85	09/10/85	09/11/85	09/11/85
LOCATION	SYS 1	SYS 1	SYS 1	SYS 1
TIME	0800-1645	0800-1630	0745-1800	AVERAGE
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (IN. HG)	30.10	30.10	30.10	30.10
STATIC PRESSURE (IN. H2O)	- 0.510	- 0.520	- 0.520	- 0.517
RUN TIME (MINUTES)	20.16	20.04	19.57	59.77
METER VOLUME (CORRECTED)	11.355	10.659	10.535	32.550
STACK TEMPERATURE (°F)	119.00	124.00	125.00	123.00
METER TEMPERATURE (°F)	90.00	92.00	90.00	91.00
METER PRESSURE (IN. H2O)	0.82	0.78	0.83	0.81
SOR VELOCITY PRESSURE	0.741	0.924	0.952	0.936
MASS OF PARTICULATE (MG.)	22.0	7.6	22.7	52.3
ML. OF WATER COLLECTED	13.5	14.3	16.1	43.9
% OXYGEN	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5
% CARBON DIOXIDE	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
% CARBON MONOXIDE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
STACK AREA (SQ. FT.)	41.28	41.28	41.28	41.28
PITOT CORRECTION FACTOR	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
NOZZLE DIAMETER (IN.)	0.180	0.180	0.180	0.180

Computed Air Test Results for ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORP
Job Number 55093

RUN NUMBER	1	2	3	4
DATE OF TEST	09/09/85	09/10/85	09/11/85	09/11/85
LOCATION OF TEST	SYS 1	SYS 1	SYS 1	SYS 1
1. STACK PRESSURE INCHES HG MILLIMETERS HG	30.06 763.59	30.06 763.57	30.06 763.57	30.06 763.57
2. METER PRESSURE INCHES HG MILLIMETERS HG	30.16 766.07	30.16 766.00	30.16 766.09	30.16 766.05
3. METER VOLUME DRY STANDARD CUBIC FEET DRY STANDARD CUBIC METERS	10.988 0.311	10.276 0.291	10.196 0.289	31.441 0.890
4. WATER VOLUME STANDARD CUBIC FEET STANDARD CUBIC METERS	0.635 0.018	0.673 0.019	0.758 0.021	2.066 0.059
5. MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	5.47	6.15	6.92	6.17
6. MOLECULAR WEIGHT DRY	28.98	28.98	28.98	28.98
7. MOLECULAR WEIGHT WET	28.38	28.31	28.22	28.30
8. STACK VELOCITY FEET PER SECOND METERS PER SECOND	56.32 17.17	55.62 16.95	57.44 17.51	56.29 17.16
9. VOLUMETRIC FLOW ACTUAL CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE ACTUAL CUBIC METERS PER SECOND	139,504 65.84	137,757 65.01	142,266 67.14	139,431 65.80
10. VOLUMETRIC FLOW DRY STANDARD CUBIC FEET PER MINUTE DRY STANDARD CUBIC METER PER SECOND	120,834 57.03	117,445 55.43	120,087 56.68	119,052 56.19

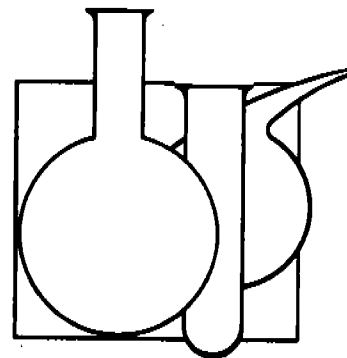
GUARDIAN ** SYSTEMS ** INCORPORATED

P.O. BOX 309
LEEDS, AL 35094
205-679-6547

Computed Air Test Results for ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORP
Job Number 55099

RUN NUMBER	1	2	3	4
DATE OF TEST	09/09/85	09/10/85	09/11/85	09/11/85
LOCATION OF TEST	SYS 1	SYS 1	SYS 1	SYS 1
11. CONCENTRATION GRAINS PER DRY STANDARD CURIC FOOT GRAMS PER DRY STANDARD CURIC METER	0.0308 0.0705	0.0114 0.0261	0.0343 0.0784	0.0256 0.0585
15. PARTICULATE MASS RATE (#/HR.)	31.93	11.47	35.29	26.14
16. VOLUME AT NOZZLE ACTUAL CURIC FEET ACTUAL CURIC METERS	12.687 0.357	12.055 0.341	12.080 0.342	36.825 1.043
17. CONCENTRATION GRAINS PER ACTUAL CURIC FOOT GRAMS PER ACTUAL CURIC METER	0.0267 0.0611	0.0097 0.0222	0.0289 0.0662	0.0219 0.0500
18. % ISOKINETIC	105.38	102.00	101.35	103.22

Sampling & Analytical Procedures



III. METHOD 5 SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

General

All sampling and analytical procedures for determination of the particulate emissions from this source were conducted in strict adherence with the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 60, Appendix A, Methods 1-5 as amended. The equipment used in this test was manufactured by Research Appliance Corporation and was properly calibrated before these tests (See **Calibrations**). The particulate mass was determined gravimetrically after removal of uncombined water.

METHOD 1

This method was used to determine the number of sampling points and the required matrix. The dimensions of the stack (see **Figure 1**) indicated that 24 points would be required to sample this source. We sampled 24 points (12 per diameter) for the time of a cycle (push) at each point. The final point on the third run was omitted at the recommendation of Ms. Veda Hampton due to darkness and threatening weather. Verification of absence of cyclonic flow was not determined because there was no tangential entry and cyclonic flow did not seem to exit from the stack exhaust.

METHOD 2

Velocity measurements were taken using a properly calibrated S type pitot tube and a 0-10 inch inclined manometer.

METHOD 3

Gas analysis for CO₂, O₂, and N₂ by difference was performed by using the grab sample technique twice during each test and analyzed with a Fyrite Gas Analyzer (0-20% scale with 0.5% divisions).

METHOD 4

Moisture content of the stack gases was determined in conjunction with Method 5 for each test by measuring the amount of water collected in the condenser and the increase in weight of the silica gel. These weights were combined to give the total amount of water collected.

METHOD 5

Sampling Techniques

Previous data was used to determine stack temperature, pressure, range of velocity heads, moisture content and stack gas dry molecular weight prior to sampling. A Monroe 1830 programable calculator or a Radio Shack PC-4 computer and a TI55 were used to calculate the sampling rate for isokinetic sampling. The particulate determinations were made by utilizing the sample train in **Figure 2**. The meter box was leak checked from the pump to the orifice and initial and final leak checks of the sampling system and pitot lines were performed as outlined in Method 5 and were recorded on the data sheets (**See Field Data**). The nozzle (stainless steel 316 with an angle of taper of 30° and of button hook design) was calibrated before and after each test using a micrometer and was also recorded on the data sheets.

The sampling probe was placed at each sampling point and the gases were drawn through a stainless steel nozzle attached to a heated glass lined probe. The probe was maintained at the proper setting to obtain an exit temperature of $248 \pm 25^{\circ}\text{F}$ (**See Calibrations**). The gases then pass through a glass fiber filter (Gelman, Class A) of 0.3 micron retention to remove particulate matter. The filter was maintained at a temperature of $248 \pm 25^{\circ}\text{F}$. These temperatures were recorded at each point on the data sheets.

The gases then pass through a condenser placed in an ice bath to maintain a maximum exit temperature of 68°F . This temperature was also recorded on the data sheets. The gases then pass through a pre-weighed drying column filled with indicating silica gel to remove any remaining moisture. The clean and cool gases then entered the meter box where the gas flow and temperature were measured and recorded.

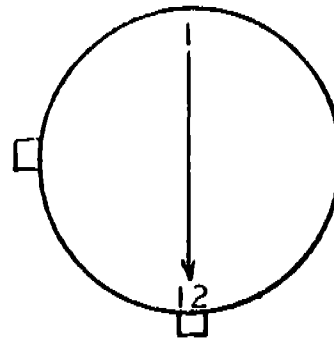
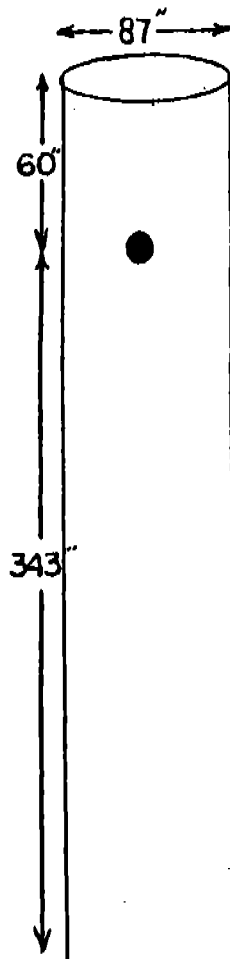
Upon completion of the sampling and the final leak checks the gel column and the probe nozzle-filter holder assembly was transferred to the cleanup area making sure no particulate was lost. The cleanup data was recorded on **Particulate Sample Recovery and Integrity Sheet** located in the Field Data Section. Particulate catches were placed in sealed petri dishes. Each acetone rinse from the nozzle, probe, and filter holder was combined and placed in a sealed container. For the group of tests an acetone blank of approximately 200 milliliters was placed in a sealed container. These containers were clearly marked and transported to our laboratory for analysis.

Analysis

The Filter (Gelman, Class A, without organic binder, minimum 99.9% retention for particles of 0.3 microns as determined by DOP tests) were prepared for the field test by first heating for 2 hours 220°F then desiccating at $68 \pm 10^{\circ}\text{F}$ at ambient pressure for 24 hours and weighing at intervals of at least six (6) hours to a constant weight to the nearest 0.1 milligrams (less than 0.5 milligrams change from previous reading). Upon return to the laboratory, the filters were subjected to the same procedures as outlined above. The weights were recorded in a bound laboratory book and transferred to the sheets in this report (**Method 5 Train Analytical Particulate Data**). During each weighing the filter was not exposed to laboratory atmosphere for more than two (2) minutes and a relative humidity of less than fifty percent (50%).

The acetone blank (reagent grade, 0.001 % residue, in glass bottles) (**Blank Analytical Data**) for the group of tests and the acetone rinses for each test were evaporated to dryness in tared glass beakers. They were then desiccated for twenty-four (24) hour and weighed to a constant weight as describe above.

STACK BREECHING AND SAMPLING POINTS



POINT	*DISTANCE FROM WALL
1	5.9
2	9.8
3	14.3
4	19.4
5	25.8
6	34.9
7	60.1
8	69.3
9	75.6
10	80.7
11	85.2
12	89.1

*INCLUDES 4" NIPPLE

FROM FAN

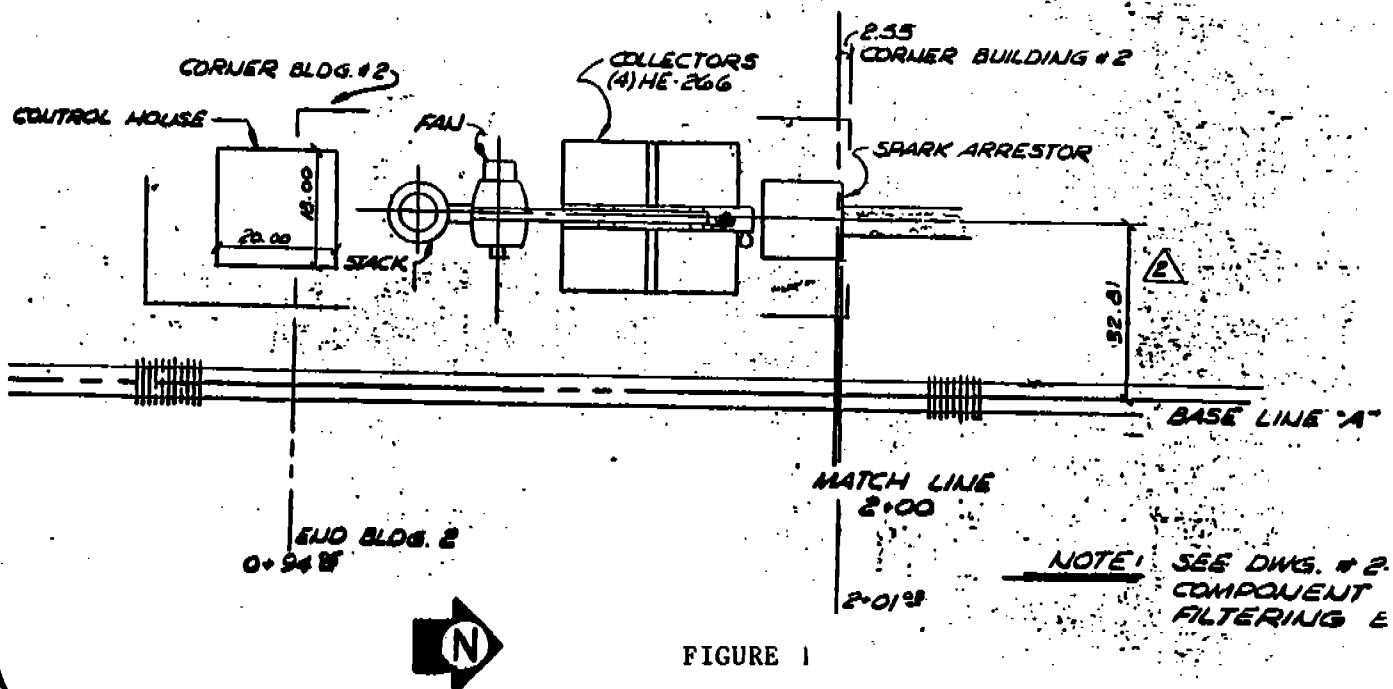


FIGURE 1

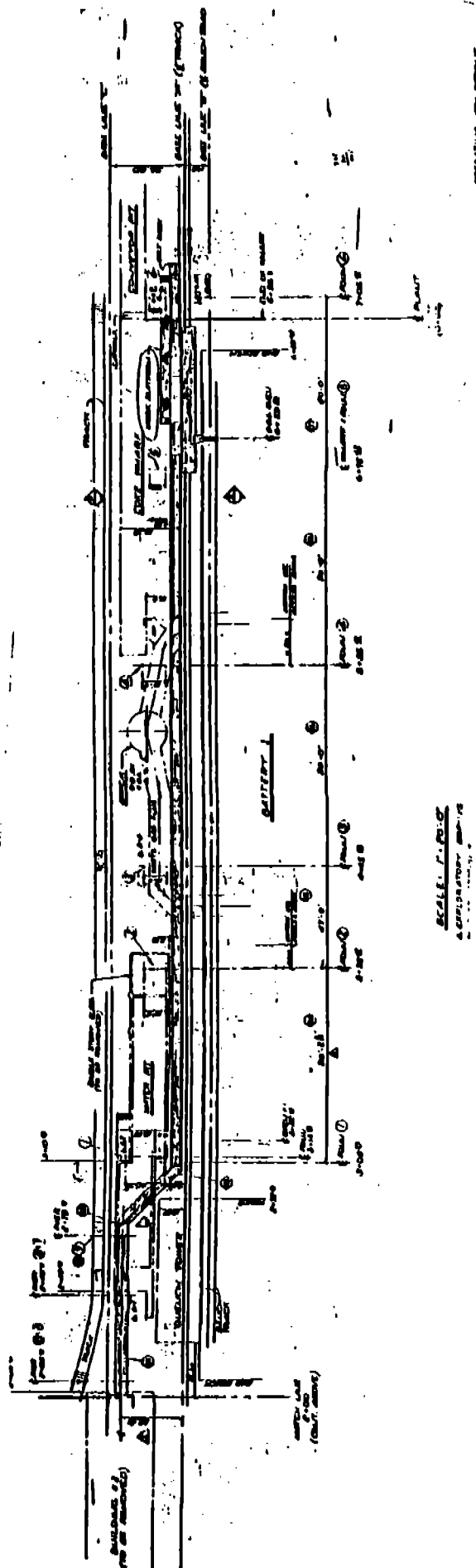
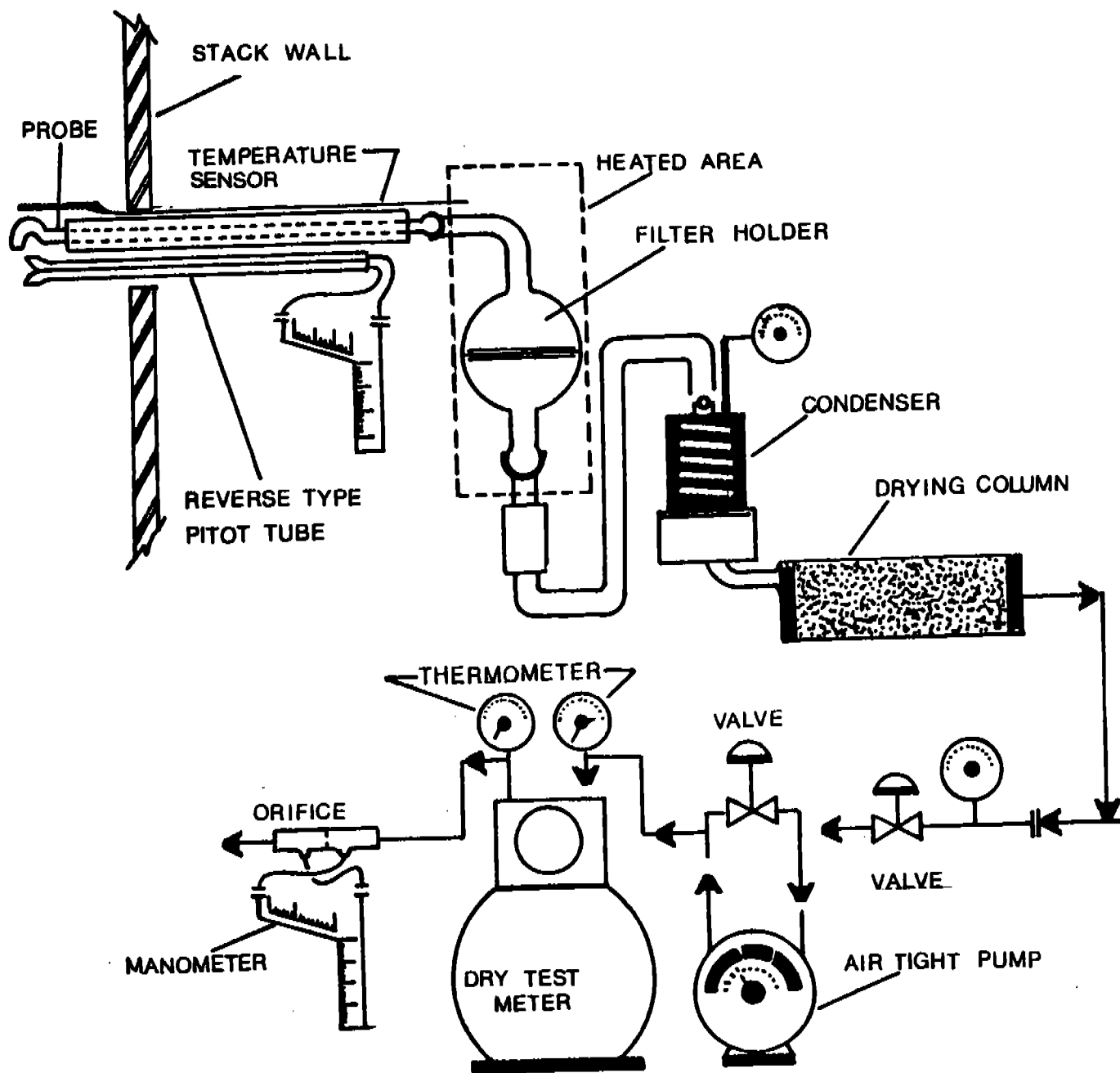


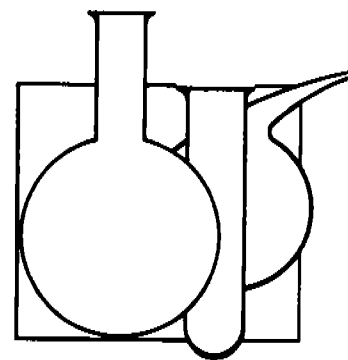
FIGURE 2

BATTERY No. 1 SCHEMATIC



PARTICULATE SAMPLING TRAIN.. METHOD 5

Field Data



NOMENCLATURE

ACF - Actual Cubic Feet

ACFM - Actual Cubic Feet per minute

ACM - Actual Cubic Meters

ACMS - Actual Cubic Meters per second

An - Cross sectional area of nozzle, (ft²)

As - Area of Stack, (ft²)

Bws - Water vapor in the gas stream, proportion by volume
(dimensionless)

Ca - Acetone blank residue concentration, mg/g

c_a - Particulate Concentration, ACF

CFM - Cubic feet per minute

Cp - Pitot tube coefficient, (dimensionless)

c_s - Particulate Concentration, grains/DSCF

Cso₂ - Concentration of sulfur dioxide (dry basis) corrected
to standard conditions, lb/DSCF

C₁₂ - Particulate concentration (c_s adjusted to 12% excess air),
grains/DSCF

C₅₀ - Particulate concentration (c_s adjusted to 50% excess air),
grains/DSCF

DSCF - Dry Standard Cubic Feet

DSCFM - Dry Standard Cubic Feet per minute

DSCM - Dry Standard Cubic Meters

DSCMS - Dry Standard Cubic Meters per second

EA - Excess Air, %

I - Isokinetic Sampling, %

Km - Orifice Correction Factor, (dimensionless)

Kp - Pitot tube constant, 85.49 $\left[\frac{(\text{lb/lb-mole})(\text{in. Hg})}{(^{\circ}\text{R})(\text{in. H}_2\text{O})} \right]^{1/2}$

NOMENCLATURE - continued

- La - Maximum acceptable leakage rate for either a pretest leak check or for a leak check following a component change; equal to 0.02 CFM or 4 percent of the average sampling rate, whichever is less.
- Li - Individual leakage rate observed during the leak check conducted prior to the "ith" component change ($i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$), CFM.
- Lp - Leakage rate observed during the post test leak check, $\text{ft}^3/\text{min. (cfm)}$.
- Ma - Mass of residue of acetone after evaporation, mg.
- Md - Molecular weight of stack gas; dry basis, lb/lb-mole.
- Mn - Total amount of particulate matter collected, mg.
- Ms - Molecular weight of stack gas; wet basis, lb/lb-mole.
- Mw - Molecular weight of water, 18.0 g/g-mole (18.01 lb/lb-mole)
- ΔP - Velocity head of stack gas, in. H_2O
- Pa - Density of acetone, mg/ml
- Pbar - Barometric pressure at the sampling site, in. Hg
- Pg - Stack static pressure, in. H_2O
- Pm - Meter pressure, in. Hg
- PMR - Particulate Mass Rate, lbs per hour
- Ps - Absolute stack pressure, in. Hg
- Pstd - Standard absolute pressure, 29.92 in. Hg
- Pw - Density of water, 0.9982 g/ml (0.002201 lb/ml)
- Qa - Volumetric flow rate, ACFM
- Qs - Volumetric flow rate, DSCFM
- R - Ideal gas constant, 0.06236 mm Hg - $\text{m}^3/\text{°K-g-mole}$ (21.85 in. Hg- $\text{ft}^3/\text{°R-lb-mole}$)
- SCF - Standard Cubic Foot
- ta - Ambient Temperature, $^{\circ}\text{F}$
- tm - Average Temperature of meter, $^{\circ}\text{F}$
- ts - Average Temperature of stack, $^{\circ}\text{F}$

NOMENCLATURE - continued

tstd - Standard Temperature, 68°F

NOTE: Capital "T" denotes degrees Rankin

Va - Volume of acetone blank, ml

Vaw - Volume of acetone used in wash, ml

Vlc - Total volume of liquid collected in condenser and silica gel, ml

Vm - Volume of gas sample, as measured by the dry gas meter, ACF

Vmc - Volume of gas sample, corrected for leak, ACF

Vm(std) - Volume of gas sample measured by the dry gas meter, corrected to standard conditions, DSCF

Vn - Volume collected at stack conditions through nozzle, ACF

Vs - Average stack gas velocity, ft/sec.

Vw(std) - Volume of water in the gas sample, corrected to standard conditions, SCF

Wa - Weight of residue in acetone wash, mg

Y - Dry gas meter calibration factor, (dimensionless)

ΔH - Average pressure differential across the calibrated orifice, in. H₂O

ΔH_a - Value of ΔH measured for a specific orifice when operated under the following conditions: 0.75 cfm of dry air (M.W. = 29) at 68°F, 29.92 in. Hg.

$\sqrt{\Delta P}$ - Average of the square roots of the velocity pressure, in. H₂O

θ - Total sampling time, min.

θ_1 - Sampling time interval from the beginning of a run until the first component change, min.

θ_i - Sampling time interval between two successive component changes, beginning with the interval between the first and second changes, min.

θ_p - Sampling time interval from the final (n^{th}) component change until the end of the sampling run, min.

%CO₂, %O₂, %N₂, %CO - Number percent (%) by volume (dry basis) of each compound in the stack gas.

EQUATIONS

$$1. \quad P_s = P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{P_g}{13.6}$$

$$2. \quad P_m = P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\overline{\Delta H}}{13.6}$$

$$3. \quad V_{m(\text{std})} = V_m Y \left(\frac{T_{\text{std}}}{T_m} \right)$$

$$\left[\frac{P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\overline{\Delta H}}{13.6}}{P_{\text{std}}} \right]$$

$$4. \quad V_w(\text{std}) = 0.04707 V_{1c}$$

$$5. \quad B_{ws} = \frac{V_w(\text{std})}{V_{m(\text{std})} + V_w(\text{std})}$$

$$6. \quad M_d = 0.44 (\%CO_2) + 0.32 (\%O_2) + 0.28 (\%N_2 + \%CO)$$

$$7. \quad M_s = M_d (1 - B_{ws}) + 18(B_{ws})$$

$$8. \quad v_s = K_p C_p (\sqrt{\Delta p}) \text{ avg.}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{T_s}{M_s P_s}}$$

$$9. \quad Q_a = (v_s) (A_s) (60)$$

$$10. \quad Q_s = Q_a (1 - B_{ws}) \left(\frac{528}{T_s} \right) \left(\frac{P_s}{29.92} \right)$$

$$11. \quad c_s = [0.0154 (Mn/V_{m\text{std}})]$$

$$12. \quad EA = \left[\frac{\%O_2 - 0.5 \%CO}{0.264 \%N_2 (\%O_2 - 0.5 \%CO)} \right] 100$$

$$13. \quad c_{50} = \frac{c_s}{1 - \left[\frac{(1.5)(\%O_2) - 0.133(\%N_2) - 0.75 (\%CO)}{21} \right]}$$

$$14. \quad c_{12} = c_s \frac{12}{\%CO_2}$$

EQUATIONS - continued

$$15. \quad \text{PMR} = (c_s)(Q_s) \left(-\frac{60}{7000} \right)$$

$$16. \quad V_n = \frac{T_s}{P_s} \left[(0.002669)(V_{1c}) + \frac{V_m}{T_m} \left(P_{\text{bar}} + \frac{\overline{\Delta H}}{13.6} \right) \right]$$

$$17. \quad C_a = (0.0154)(M_n) / V_n$$

$$18. \quad I = \frac{100 V_n}{60 \theta v_s A_n}$$

$$19. \quad V_{mc} = V_m - (L_p - L_a) \theta$$

$$20. \quad W_a = C_a V_{aw} p_a$$

FIELD DATA SHEET

GUARDIAN SYSTEMS INC.

PLANT

ABC

RUN #

#1

LOCATION

SYSTEM #1

DATE

9-9-85

P.O. Box 300
Leeds, Alabama 35094
205/699-6647

BARO. PRES.

30.10

TIME

0700-1645

	TIME		METER VOL FT 3	STACK TEMP OF	METER TEMP. OF			IMP TEMP OF	BOX TEMP OF	METER PRESSURE "H2O	VELOCITY PRESSURE "H2O	VACUUM PRESSURE "Hg	STATIC PRESSURE "H2O	
	MIN	DUR			IN	OUT	AVG						- .51	
A			412.369	✓			✓			✓	✓		PROBE TIP SIZE	
													BEFORE	AFTER
1	48	29	412.8	100	72	72	72	33	235	1.06	1.15	2.0	.180	.180
2	53	47	413.3	108	76	76	76	35	246	1.01	1.10	2.0	.180	.180
3	50	55	413.8	110	78	78	78	36	251	.88	.96	1.8	.180	.180
4	47	90	414.2	116	80	80	80	33	242	.81	.88	1.8		
5	48	92	414.6	116	81	81	81	30	237	.81	.89	1.8		
6	54	16	415.1	118	82	83	83	35	261	.77	.85	1.7		
7	49	41	415.5	117	84	84	84	41	256	.74	.82	1.6		
8	47	81	416.0	114	85	85	85	39	228	.86	.94	2.1		
9	47	96	416.4	115	89	89	89	42	247	.82	.89	2.0		
10	50	51	416.9	125	92	91	92	53	236	.80	.88	2.2		
11	46	01	417.3	118	92	92	92	32	240	.97	1.05	2.1		
12	62	03	417.9	120	94	94	94	32	227	1.09	1.18	2.3		
13														
1	42	14	418.4	127	94	95	95	32	240	.79	.86	2.1		
2	41	58	418.9	121	96	96	96	32	243	.94	1.01	2.1		
3	52	69	419.6	123	97	97	97	32	249	.93	1.00	2.2		
4	45	46	420.0	123	96	96	96	32	254	.72	.78	2.2		
5	53	11	420.5	123	96	96	96	32	248	.68	.74	2.0		
6	52	06	420.9	123	96	96	96	32	251	.61	.66	2.0		
7	55	47	421.4	119	96	96	96	32	260	.60	.64	2.0		
8	45	83	421.7	119	94	95	95	32	257	.73	.78	1.8		
9	51	18	422.2	124	95	95	95	32	252	.68	.74	1.7		
10	51	10	422.6	126	96	96	96	33	247	.63	.68	1.6		
11	48	08	423.2	126	95	96	96	33	242	.75	.82	1.4		
12	43	15	423.5	126	96	96	96	32	238	.70	.74	1.3		
13														
14	20	16	11.155	119			90			.82	.94		K = .970	

WATER

#1
ml. 12
gram 1.5
Total 13.5

OPERATOR

KARSTENS/CHAWLEY

Sample Box No. 21
Meter Box No. 400
Meter ΔH@ 1.71
Pitot, CP .84
Temp. Device JET
Probe No. 8-1
Probe Liner GLASS
Probe Htr. Set 102
Ambient Temp. 74°
% O₂ 18.5 | 18.5
% CO₂ 1.5 | 1.5

NOTES

Orifice ✓ @ 25"
Pitot ✓
Meter ✓ @ 18" H₂O
R 5.2
S 6.4
Final Leak
@ 2.5" H₂O
.009

FIELD DATA SHEET

GUARDIAN SYSTEMS INC.

PLANT

ABC

RUN #

2

LOCATION

System 1

DATE

9/10/85

BARO. PRES.

30.10

TIME

0800-1630

P. O. Box 300

Leeds, Alabama 35094

205/699-6647

	TIME		METER VOL FT 3	STACK TEMP OF	METER TEMP. OF			IMP TEMP OF	BOX TEMP OF	METER PRESSURE H ₂ O	VELOCITY PRESSURE H ₂ O	VACUUM PRESSURE Hg	STATIC PRESSURE H ₂ O	
	MIN	DUR			IN	OUT	AVG						- .52	
B			423.545	①	②	③		④	⑤				PROBE TIP SIZE	
													BEFORE	AFTER
1	46	01	423.9	119	72	72	72	32	229	.70	.79	1.2	.80	.80
2	48	51	424.3	119	73	74	74	32	236	.76	.85	1.3	.80	.80
3	52	14	424.8	120	76	76	76	32	241	.74	.82	1.3	.80	.80
4	52	66	425.2	120	79	79	79	32	244	.82	.91	1.3		
5	47	78	425.7	122	83	84	84	32	249	.82	.90	1.4	#1	WATER
6	55	37	426.1	122	84	84	84	32	249	.73	.81	1.4	ml.	12.
7	49	56	426.5	125	86	86	86	32	253	.70	.77	1.4	gram	2.3
8	50	50	427.0	125	86	86	86	32	258	.71	.78	1.5	Total	14.3
9	48	56	427.4	127	92	92	92	32	256	.75	.82	1.5	OPERATOR	
10	54	11	427.8	124	93	93	93	32	249	.73	.80	1.5	Harvey/ McAlpin	
11	56	74	428.3	124	95	95	95	32	252	.78	.85	1.5	Sample Box No. 81	
12	44	80	428.7	125	97	97	97	32	254	.78	.84	1.5	Meter Box No. 400	
													Meter ΔH@ 1.71	
													Pitot, CP 84	
													Temp. Device 52 II	
A													Probe No. 8-1	
1	43	92	429.1	125	97	97	97	32	258	.78	.84	1.6	Probe Liner 61455	
2	50	04	429.5	123	94	94	94	33	251	.73	.79	1.6	Probe Htr. Set 60°	
3	46	19	429.9	123	96	96	96	33	246	.81	.88	1.6	Ambient Temp. 74°	
4	47	86	430.3	124	96	96	96	32	240	.77	.83	1.6	% O ₂ 18.5 18.5	
5	53	76	430.8	124	97	97	97	32	236	.85	.92	1.4	% CO ₂ 1.5 1.5	
6	45	86	431.2	127	99	99	99	32	241	.79	.86	1.4	NOTES	
7	57	44	431.7	127	99	99	99	33	247	.74	.80	1.3	Orifice ✓	
8	53	58	432.2	128	100	100	100	32	232	.76	.82	1.3	Pitot ✓	
9	1:00	19	432.7	128	100	100	100	33	244	.82	.89	1.4	Meter ✓	
10	41	24	433.1	118	100	100	100	33	238	.93	.99	1.5	Final Leak @	
11	43	14	433.5	122	100	100	100	32	255	.91	.98	1.5	2.0" Hg	
12	46	03	434.017	122	100	100	100	33	232	.91	.98	1.5	.000	
14	20	04	10.472	124			92			.78	.724			

FIELD DATA SHEET

PLANT

ABC

RUN #

#3

LOCATION

System 1

DATE

9/11/85

BARO. PRES.

30.10

TIME

0745-1800

GUARDIAN SYSTEMS INC.

P. O. Box 300

Leeds, Alabama 35094

205/698-6647

	TIME		METER VOL FT 3	STACK TEMP OF	METER TEMP. OF			IMP TEMP OF	BOX TEMP OF	METER PRESSURE "H ₂ O	VELOCITY PRESSURE "H ₂ O	VACUUM PRESSURE "Hg	STATIC PRESSURE "H ₂ O	
	MIN	DUR			IN	OUT	AVG						- .52	
A			434.071	①	②	③		④	⑤				PROBE TIP SIZE	
													BEFORE	AFTER
1	54	54	434.3	121	74	74	74	33	229	.66	.74	1.2	.180	.180
2	50	29	434.7	121	74	74	74	32	236	.71	.80	1.2	.180	.180
3	50	15	435.1	121	76	76	76	32	243	.70	.78	1.2	.180	.180
4	50	98	435.6	122	78	78	78	32	248	.75	.84	1.2		
5	59	45	436.1	122	83	83	83	32	251	.74	.82	1.2		
6	54	37	436.5	122	84	84	84	32	255	.73	.80	1.3		
7	55	80	437.0	125	85	85	85	32	249	.73	.81	1.3		
8	50	49	437.5	125	87	87	87	32	244	.84	.93	1.3		
9	53	28	438.0	125	95	95	95	32	240	.90	.98	1.3		
10	50	01	438.5	125	95	95	95	34	236	.77	.84	1.3		
11	50	46	438.9	122	95	95	95	32	240	.79	.85	1.3		
12	51	32	439.3	122	97	97	97	32	243	.83	.87	1.2		
B														
1	48	74	439.8	124	97	97	97	33	251	.84	.91	1.2		
2	46	17	440.2	126	97	97	97	32	257	.88	.95	1.2		
3	48	21	440.7	126	97	97	97	32	252	.88	.95	1.2		
4	49	78	441.2	128	96	96	96	32	247	.93	1.01	1.2		
5	47	34	441.6	128	94	94	94	32	242	.96	1.05	1.2		
6	45	16	442.2	128	97	97	97	32	245	.94	1.02	1.2		
7	45	76	442.6	130	97	97	97	33	242	.92	1.00	1.2		
8	50	28	443.1	130	96	96	96	35	240	.90	.98	1.2		
9	51	84	443.6	130	93	93	93	38	239	.88	.97	1.2		
10	44	71	444.0	129	92	92	92	39	239	.89	.98	1.2		
11	46	36	444.4	126	90	90	90	41	237	.90	.99	1.2		
12														
13	19	57	444.351	125			90			.829	.952			

WATER

ml. 14

gram 2.1

Total 16.1

OPERATOR

Harvey McAlpin.

Sample Box No. 1

Meter Box No. 420

Meter ΔH@ 1.71

Pitot, CP 34

Temp. Device 2-11

Probe No. 8-1

Probe Liner Gkss

Probe Htr. Set 60%

Ambient Temp. 74%

% O₂ 18.5% CO₂ 1.5

NOTES

Orifice ✓

Pitot ✓

Meter ✓

Final Leak @

2.0" Hg

.011

BLANK ANALYTICAL DATA

Plant ABC
 Sample location System 1
 Relative humidity 20%
 Type of blank Acetone
 Liquid level at mark and container sealed ☒
 Density of blank (ρ_a) 0.7857 g/ml
 Blank volume (V_a) 200 ml
 Date and time of wt. 0800 9/13/85 Gross wt. 317.3 mg
 Date and time of wt. 1400 9/13/85 Gross wt. 317.3 mg
 Average gross wt. 317.3 mg
 Tare wt. 317.2 mg
 Weight of blank (m_a) 0.1 mg

$$C_a = \frac{m_a}{V_a \rho_a} = \frac{(0.1)}{(200)(0.7857)} = 0.000636 \text{ mg/g}$$

Note: In no case shall a blank residue greater than (0.01 mg/g) or 0.001% of the weight of blank used be subtracted from the sample weight.

Remarks: _____

Signature of analyst B. M. K. Harvey
 Signature of reviewer Lot

METHOD 5

PARTICULATE SAMPLE RECOVERY AND INTEGRITY SHEET

Plant: ABC Sample date: 7/9/85
 Sample location: System #1 Run no.: 1
 Sample recovery person: Harvey Recovery date: 7/9/85
 Filter(s) no.: C6

MOISTURE

Impingers	Silica gel
Final volume (wt) <u>12</u> ml (gm)	Final wt. <u>956.8</u> g
Initial volume (wt) <u>0</u> ml (gm)	Initial wt. <u>955.3</u> g
Net volume (wt) <u>12</u> ml (gm)	Net wt. <u>1.5</u> g
Total moisture <u>13.5</u> g	
Color of silica gel _____	
Description of impinger water _____	

RECOVERED SAMPLE

Filter container no. Run #1 sealed ☒
 Description of particulate on filter Light Gray

Acetone rinse container no. <u>Run #1</u>	Liquid level marked ☒
Acetone blank container no. <u>BLK</u>	Liquid level marked ☒
Samples stored and locked _____	
Remarks: _____	

Date of laboratory custody _____
 Laboratory personnel taking custody _____
 Remarks: _____

METHOD 5 TRAIN ANALYTICAL PARTICULATE DATA

Plant ABC Run No. 1
 Sample location System #1
 Relative humidity 20%
 Density of acetone (pa) 0.7857 g/ml

Sample type	Sample identifiable	Liquid level marked and/or container sealed
Acetone rinse filter(s)	✓	✓

Acetone rinse container no. #1

Acetone rinse volume (Vaw) 180 ml

Acetone blank residue concentration (Ca) .000636 mg/g

Wa = Ca Vaw pa = $(.000636)(180)(.7857) = .1$ mg

Date and time of wt 0800 9/13/85 Gross wt 105675.2 mg

Date and time of wt 1400 9/13/85 Gross wt 125675.2 mg

Average gross wt 105675.2 mg

Tare wt 105674.0 mg

Less acetone blank wt (Wa) .1 mg

Weight of particulate in acetone rinse 21.1 mg

Filter(s) container no. C6

Date and time of wt 0800 9/13/85 Gross wt 167.9 mg

Date and time of wt 1400 9/13/85 Gross wt 167.9 mg

Average gross wt 167.9 mg

Tare wt 167.0 mg

Weight of particulate on filter(s) 0.9 mg

Weight of particulate in acetone rinse 21.1 mg

Total weight of particulate 22.0 mg

Note: In no case shall a blank residue greater than (.01 mg/g) or .001% of the weight of acetone used be subtracted from the sample weight.

Remarks: _____

Signature of analyst B. McK Harvey

Signature of reviewer [Signature]

785.7 mg
 x 180 ml
 141,426 mg

METHOD 5

PARTICULATE SAMPLE RECOVERY AND INTEGRITY SHEET

Plant: ABC Sample date: 9/10/85
Sample location: System 1 Run no.: 2
Sample recovery person: Harvey Recovery date: 9/10/85
Filter(s) no.: C.11

MOISTURE

Impingers	Silica gel
Final volume (wt) <u>12</u> ml(gm)	Final wt. <u>948.9</u> g
Initial volume (wt) <u>0</u> ml(gm)	Initial wt. <u>946.6</u> g
Net volume (wt) <u>12</u> ml(gm)	Net wt. <u>2.3</u> g
Total moisture <u>14.3</u> g	
Color of silica gel <u>1/8 Pink</u>	
Description of impinger water <u>Clear</u>	

RECOVERED SAMPLE

Filter container no. Run #2 sealed ☒
Description of particulate on filter Light Gray

Acetone rinse container no. <u>Run #2</u>	Liquid level marked ☒
Acetone blank container no. <u>BLK</u>	Liquid level marked ☒
Samples stored and locked _____	
Remarks: _____	

Date of laboratory custody _____
Laboratory personnel taking custody _____
Remarks: _____

METHOD 5 TRAIN ANALYTICAL PARTICULATE DATA

Plant ABC Run No. 2
 Sample location System #1
 Relative humidity 20%
 Density of acetone (pa) 0.7857 g/ml

Sample type	Sample identifiable	Liquid level marked and/or container sealed
Acetone rinse	<u>✓</u>	<u>✓</u>
filter(s)	<u>✓</u>	<u>✓</u>

Acetone rinse container no. 2
 Acetone rinse volume (Vaw) 200 ml
 Acetone blank residue concentration (Ca) 0.00636 mg/g
 $W_a = Ca \cdot Vaw \cdot pa = (0.00636) (200) (0.7857) = \underline{0.1}$ mg
 Date and time of wt 0800 9/13/85 Gross wt 102911.7 mg
 Date and time of wt 1400 9/13/85 Gross wt 102911.9 mg
 Average gross wt 102911.7 mg
 Tare wt 102902.7 mg
 Less acetone blank wt (Wa) 0.1 mg
 Weight of particulate in acetone rinse 9.1 mg

Filter(s) container no. C.11
 Date and time of wt 0800 9/13/85 Gross wt 165.6 mg
 Date and time of wt 1400 9/13/85 Gross wt 165.6 mg
 Average gross wt 165.6 mg
 Tare wt 162.1 mg
 Weight of particulate on filter(s) 1.5 mg
 Weight of particulate in acetone rinse 9.1 mg
 Total weight of particulate 7.6 mg

Note: In no case shall a blank residue greater than (.01 mg/g) or .001% of the weight of acetone used be subtracted from the sample weight.

Remarks: _____

Signature of analyst B. M. Nardsey
 Signature of reviewer [Signature]

METHOD 5

PARTICULATE SAMPLE RECOVERY AND INTEGRITY SHEET

Plant: ABC Sample date: 9/11/85
 Sample location: System #1 Run no.: 3
 Sample recovery person: Harvey Recovery date: 9/11/85
 Filter(s) no.: C1

MOISTURE

Impingers Silica gel
 Final volume (wt) 14 ml(gm) Final wt. 951.2 g
 Initial volume (wt) 0 ml(gm) Initial wt. 949.1 g
 Net volume (wt) 14 ml(gm) Net wt. 2.1 g
 Total moisture 16.1 g
 Color of silica gel 1/8 Pink
 Description of impinger water Clear

RECOVERED SAMPLE

Filter container no. Run #3 sealed ☒
 Description of particulate on filter Light Gray

Acetone rinse container no. Run #3 Liquid level marked ☒
 Acetone blank container no. BLK Liquid level marked ☒

Samples stored and locked ☐

Remarks: _____

Date of laboratory custody _____

Laboratory personnel taking custody _____

Remarks: _____

METHOD 5 TRAIN ANALYTICAL PARTICULATE DATA

Plant ABC Run No. 3
 Sample location System #1
 Relative humidity 20%
 Density of acetone (pa) 0.7857 g/ml

Sample type	Sample identifiable	Liquid level marked and/or container sealed
Acetone rinse	☒	☒
filter(s)	☒	☒

Acetone rinse container no. 6
 Acetone rinse volume (Vaw) 150 ml
 Acetone blank residue concentration (Ca) .000636 mg/g
 $Wa = Ca \cdot Vaw \cdot pa = (.000636)(150)(.7857) = .1$ mg
 Date and time of wt 0800 9/13/85 Gross wt 98504.8 mg
 Date and time of wt 1400 9/13/85 Gross wt 98504.8 mg
 Average gross wt 98504.8 mg
 Tare wt 98491.5 mg
 Less acetone blank wt (Wa) .1 mg
 Weight of particulate in acetone rinse 13.2 mg

Filter(s) container no. C6
 Date and time of wt 0800 9/13/85 Gross wt 183.9 mg
 Date and time of wt 1400 9/13/85 Gross wt 183.9 mg
 Average gross wt 183.9 mg
 Tare wt 173.9 mg
 Weight of particulate on filter(s) 9.5 mg
 Weight of particulate in acetone rinse 13.2 mg
 Total weight of particulate 22.7 mg

Note: In no case shall a blank residue greater than (.01 mg/g) or .001% of the weight of acetone used be subtracted from the sample weight.

Remarks: _____

Signature of analyst B. M. K. Harvey
 Signature of reviewer Lot

Source Name

Alabama By Products - Battery #1

Date

9/9/85

Observer: George Ruckman

Test Run No.

Run #1

Oven Number	Time	Capture Efficiency	Opacity Of Leakage	Seconds Greater Than (20%)
21	8:09	100%	0	0
31	8:30	85%	15	0
41	8:58	90%	10	0
51	9:12	90%	10	0
61	9:29	85%	15	0
71	10:01	75%	25	4
81	10:30	95%	5	0
3	10:56	100%	0	0
13	11:38	90%	10	0
23	11:51	80%	20	0
33	12:33	95%	5	0
43	12:56	85%	15	0
53	1:09	95%	5	0
63	1:24	90%	10	0
73	1:40	95%	5	0
83	1:57	75%	25	2
5	2:18	90%	10	0
15	2:34	75%	25	1
25	2:49	90%	10	0
35	3:12	MISSING		0
45	3:34	90%	10	0
55	3:51	85%	15	0
65	4:11	85%	15	0
75	4:33	90%	10	0

Source	MarFac	Where From	AugFac	Where From	ABC Fac	Where From
	JCDH	JCDH	JCDH	JCDH		ABC
Charging						
TSP	Wilputte	EPA, 450/4-79-028	0.016#/T .0022 #/ton coal	AP42 draft mod. eqn.	.000024 #/ton coal	87BID
	.0216 #/ton coal					
	Beckers	EPA, 450/4-79-028				
	.018 #/ton coal					
VOC	2.5 #/ton coal	AIRS	2.5 #/T .0012 #/ton coal	AP42 draft mod. eqn.	2.5 #/ton .00014 #/ton coal	AIRS, but reduced Reduced AIRS number for batt 1
SO2	.02 #/ton coal	AIRS	0.02 #/T .0012 #/ton coal	AP42 draft mod. eqn.	0.02 #/ton .0000056 #/ton coal	Slightly diff. for Beckers. Reduced AIRS number for batt 1
NOX	.03 #/ton coal	AIRS	0.03 #/T .0012 #/ton coal	AP42 draft mod. eqn.	0.03 #/ton 0.000001 #/ton coal	AIRS, but reduced Reduced AIRS number for batt 1
						Slightly diff. for Beckers.
Doors						
TSP	36 #/ton coal	EPA, 450/4-79-028	0.54 #/T .009 #/ton coal	AP42 draft mod. eqn.	.0004 #/ton coal	87BID Wilputte only
VOC	1.5 #/ton coal	AIRS	1.5 #/T .01 #/ton coal	AP42 draft mod. eqn.	1.5 #/ton .001 #/ton	AIRS, but reduced Reduced AIRS number for batt 1
SO2	.1 #/ton coal	AIRS	1/4 .007 #/ton coal	AP42 draft mod. eqn.	.1 #/ton .00006 #/ton	AIRS, but reduced Reduced AIRS number for batt 1
NOX	.01 #/ton coal	AIRS	0.01 #/T .001 #/ton coal	AIRS, but reduced Reduced AIRS number for batt 1	.000006 #/ton	AIRS, but reduced Reduced AIRS number for batt 1

Source	MarFac	Where From	(AP42)	AugFac	Where From	ABC Fac	Where From
	JCDH	JCDH		JCDH	JCDH		ABC
Topside							
Lids/offtakes							
TSP	.09 #/ton coal	AIRS	N/A	.001 #/ton coal	AP42 draft	.0002#/ton	87BID
					mod. lid/offtake eqn.		Wlputte only
VOC			N/A				
	1.5 #/ton coal	AIRS		.001 #/ton coal	AP42 draft	1.5 #/ton	AIRS, but reduced
SO2			N/A		mod. lid/offtake eqn.	.008#/ton	Reduced AIRS number for batt 1
	.1 #/ton coal	AIRS		.00006#/ton coal	AP42 draft	0.1 #/ton	AIRS, but reduced
NOX			N/A		mod. lid/offtake eqn.	.0005#/ton	Reduced AIRS number for batt 1
	.01 #/ton coal	AIRS		.01 #/ton	AIRS, but reduced		
				.0001 #/ton	Reduced AIRS number for batt 1		
Soaking							
TSP	.08 #/ton charged	Allegheny County	N/A	.067 #/ton charged	AP42 draft	0.09 #/ton	AIRS boiler factor x some Ditt.
VOC	.03 #/ton charged	Allegheny County	N/A	.027 #/ton charged	AP42 draft	.0001#/ton	derivation. No references.
SO2	.513 #/ton charged	Allegheny County	N/A	.44 #/ ton charged	AP42 draft	.048 #/ton	I don't know. No references
NOX	.005#/ton charged	Allegheny County	N/A	.004 #/ton charged	AP42 draft	.04 #/ton	I don't know. No references

Source	MarFac	Where From	AugFac	Where From	ABC Fac	Where From
Pushing	JCDH	JCDH	JCDH	JCDH		ABC
TSP						
Baghouse	.014 #/ton coal	Guardian	.014 #/ton coal	Guardian	.02 #/ton	Guardian
Traveling Hot Car	.38 #/ton coal	Percentage of AIRS #	.128 #/ton coal	Allegheny County	.0006 #/ton	KeyStone done at Allegheny County
Hood fugitives	.233 #/ton coal	AIRS mod from VE'S	.243 #/ton coal	AIRS mod from VE'S	not calculated	
Ovens not captured	1.15 #/ton coal	AIRS	1.2 #/ton coal	AP42 draft	not calculated	
VOC	.2 #/ton coal	AIRS	.2 #/ton coal	AP42 draft	.00833 #/ton	Easterly
SO2	3.3 #/ton coal	AIRS	.066 #/ton coal	AP42 draft	.0663 #/ton coal	Easterly
NOX	.03 #/ton coal	AIRS	.016 #/ton coal	AP42 draft	.0163 #/ton coal	Easterly
Quench						
TSP	.54 #/ton coal	AP42	.475 #/ton coal	AP42 draft	.54 #/ton coal	AP42
VOC	.02 #/ton coal	AIRS	.02 #/ton coal	AIRS	.02 #/ton coal	AIRS
SO2	.4 #/ton coal	AIRS	.4 #/ton coal	AIRS	.4 #/ton coal	AIRS
NOX	.6 #/ton coal	AIRS	.6 #/ton coal	AIRS	.6 #/ton coal	AIRS

Source		MarFac		Where From								Where From					
		JCDH		JCDH								JCDH					ABC
Underfire																	
TSP		stack test		Guardian								Guardian			stack test		Guardian
VOC		2.0#/ton coal		AIRS								AP42 draft			1.2#/mmcf		AIRS process gas
															.007#/ton coal		Conversion mmcf/ton coal
SO2		388.3#/mmcf		H2S in gas								H2S in gas			388.3#/mmcf		H2S in gas
NOX		.04#/ton coal		AIRS								AIRS			80#/mmcf		AIRS, process gas
												AP 42 DRAFT			.47#/ton coal		
Storage Tanks																	
VOC		calc in byproducts													1.46 tons /yr		Tanks 2
Byproducts		39.67 tons/yr		EPA 450/3-83-016, draft EPA 600/2-90-024 Iron & Steel								AP42 draft			29.6 tons/yr		SOCMI
Liquid Loading		not calc.													1.81ton/yr		AP42
Flare																	
TSP		6.2#/mmcf		AIRS, process gas								AIRS, process gas			6.2#/mmcf		AIRS, process gas
VOC		1.2#/mmcf		AIRS, process gas								AIRS, process gas			29.8#/mmcf		AP42, proylene, methane, acetyl
SO2		388.3#/mmcf		H2S in gas								H2S in gas			388.3#/mmcf		H2S in gas
NOX		80#/mmcf		AIRS, process gas								AIRS, process gas			35.4#/mmcf		AP42, proylene, methane, acetyl

Source	MarFac	Where From	(AP42)	AugFac	Where From	ABC Fac	Where From
	JCDH	JCDH		JCDH	JCDH		ABC
Boilers							
TSP	6.9#/hr	Guardian	N/A	8.87#/hr	Guardian but mod. to reflect higher operations.	.06#/mbtu	Guardian converted to btu's, but 1.09 ton less than ours
VOC	1.2#/mmcf	AIRS, process gas	N/A	1.2#/mmcf	AIRS, process gas	1.2#/mmcf	AIRS, process gas
SO2	93.19#/hr	Guardian	N/A	119.448#/hr	Guardian but mod. to reflect higher operations.	119.448#/hr	Guardian converted to btu's.
NOX	12.43#/hr	Guardian	N/A	15.92#/hr	Guardian but mod. to reflect higher operations.	15.92#/hr	Guardian converted to btu's.
Material Handling							
TSP	334.235/yr	PEDCO 1981	N/A	57.23/yr	1991 inventory Allegheny County	21.63/yr	Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission & AP42 batch drop eqns.
Vehicular Traffic							
TSP	9.97	PEDCO 1981 very limited calc.		599.44/yr	ABC emission inventory	481.46/yr	ABC summary sheet 1994 emission inventory
Decarb.	.021#/ton coke	PEDCO 1981	N/A	not calc.		not calc.	
BTF	.142tons/yr	influent prod. request. tanks program	N/A	.142tons/yr	influent prod. request. tanks program	not calc.	
Ammonia	8.866 t/yr	EPA 600/2-90-024 Iron & Steel				0.622t/yr	
Ammonia, Mercury, HCN				186.564/yr	AP42 Draft speciated	mercury, HCN not calc.	
From Ammonia, Mercury, HCN: 60.77 ton are mercury and HCN.							

Source Name

Alabama By Products - Battery #1

Date

7/10/85

Test Run No.

Run #2

Observer: Veda Hampton

Oven Number	Time	Capture Efficiency	Opacity Of Leakage	Seconds Greater Than (20%)
56	7:47	90%	10%	1 sec
66	8:01	75%	25%	10 sec
76	8:14	95%	5%	-
86	8:40	90%	10%	1 sec
8	9:51	85%	15%	2 sec.
18	10:08	95%	5%	1 sec.
28	10:28	100%	0%	1 sec.
38	10:42	95%	5%	1 sec.
48	10:57	90%	10%	-
58	11:15	85%	15%	2 sec.
68	11:29	60%	40%	20 sec.
78	11:42	90%	10%	-
1	12:38	90%	10%	1 sec.
11	12:51	95%	5%	-
21	1:06	85%	15%	15 sec
31	1:27	90%	10%	2 sec.
51	1:56	95%	5%	-
61	2:09	95%	5%	-
71	2:21	100%	0%	-
81	2:33	100%	0%	-
3	2:47	95%	5%	-
13	3:22	100%	0%	-
23	3:42	100%	0%	-
33	4:02	95%	5%	-

Total Observed: 24

Total Pustles Receiving 85% or Greater - 22

Total Pustles Less Than 85% - 2

Source Name Alabama By Products - Bath A1

Date 9/11/0

Observer Veda 11

Test Run No. Run A3

Open Number	Time	Capture Efficiency	Opacity Of Leakage	Seconds Greater Than (20%)
54	7:44	85%	15%	1 sec.
64	8:04	85%	15%	1 sec.
74	8:20	95%	5%	-
84	8:49	95%	5%	-
6	9:03	90%	10%	-
16	9:21	90%	10%	-
26	9:58	90%	10%	-
36	11:00	95%	5%	-
46	11:36	90%	10%	-
56	12:34	95%	5%	-
66 ^{Damper} Not open	12:47	^{Not} Tested 60%	40%	70 sec.
76	1:09	95%	5%	-
86	1:33	90%	10%	-
8	1:48	85%	15%	1 sec.
18 ^{Damper} Not open	2:08	^{Not} Tested 55%	45%	30 sec.
28	2:21	90%	10%	-
38	2:36	95%	5%	-
48	2:49	90%	10%	-
58	3:27	95%	5%	-
68	3:58	100%	0%	-
78	4:09	100%	0%	-
1	4:33	75%	25%	5 sec.
11	4:57	90%	10%	-
21 #	5:19	65%	35%	20 sec.
31	5:40	90%	10%	-
41				

* Emissions from Charging Ports & smelter 20-25% to furnace down



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

Company Name Alabama By-Products V.E.E. No.
Source push control battery #1 Permit No.
Start/Stop Time _____ Sky Condition clear Date
Observation Point Soag source Distance from Source 100'
Stack Height 40' Background sky Plume Color _____
Method of Evaluation Wind Direction E Minutes Exceeding:
Total Minutes Observed 10% Opacity =
Highest 6 Minute Average 20% Opacity =
Violation Observed 60% Opacity =
Notice Number % Opacity =

Min.	Seconds				Min.	Seconds				Min.	Seconds				Min.	Seconds			
	0	15	30	45		0	15	30	45		0	15	30	45		0	15	30	45
0	7:48	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	30	1:29	0	0	0	45	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	16	10:59	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	0	46	3:43	0	0	0
2	8:03	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	32	1:43	0	0	0	47	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	18	11:17	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	48	4:04	0	0	0
4	8:16	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	34	1:58	0	0	0	49	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	20	11:31	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	50				
6	8:42	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	36	2:10	0	0	0	51	ending run #2			
7	0	0	0	0	22	11:44	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	52				
8	9:52	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	38	2:23	0	0	0	53				
9	0	0	0	0	24	12:40	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0	54				
10	10:09	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	40	2:35	0	0	0	55				
11	0	0	0	0	26	12:53	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	56				
12	10:29	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	42	2:49	0	0	0	57				
13	0	0	0	0	28	1:08	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	58				
14	10:43	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	44	3:23	0	0	0	59				

Results and Recommendations:

stack test
run #2

Observer Cargo



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

Company Name ABC

V.E.E. No.

Source Push Central Battery #1

Permit No. 0000018502

Start/Stop Time 7:26-12:55 Sky Condition scattered

Date

Observation Point SW of Source

Distance from Source 80 feet

Stack Height 40 feet

Background brush stack

Plume Color

Method of Evaluation 1

Wind Direction

Minutes Exceeding:

Total Minutes Observed

10% Opacity =

Highest 6 Minute Average

20% Opacity =

Violation Observed

60% Opacity =

Notice Number

% Opacity =

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
in.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
0	7:26			0	15	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	45	11:34	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	16	0	—			31	0	0	—		46	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	17					32					47	0	0	—	
3	0	0	0	0	18	8:22				33	7:23	0	0	0	48				
4	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	49	11:36			0
5	0	0	—		20	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	50	0	0	0	0
6					21	0	0	0	0	36					51	0	0	0	0
7	7:46				22					37	9:59			0	52	0	0	—	
8	0	0	0	0	23	8:57	0	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	53				
9	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0	54	12:49			
10	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	—		55	0	0	0	0
11					26	0	—			41					56	0	0	0	0
12	8:06				27					42	10:59	0	0	0	57	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	0	28	7:05				43	0	0	0	0	58	0	—		
14	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	44	0	0	—		59				

Results and Recommendations:

Run #3

Observer Duch...

K-2

-33-

Time Analysis



JEFFERSON COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM

VISIBLE EMISSIONS OBSERVATION REPORT

Company Name ABC

V.E.E. No.

Source Push Central Bakery #1

Permit No. 00000888002

Start/Stop Time 1:11 -

Sky Condition scattered

Date 091185

Observation Point SW of source

Distance from Source 80 feet

Stack Height 40 feet

Background white stack

Plume Color -

Method of Evaluation 1

Wind Direction

Minutes Exceeding:

Total Minutes Observed

10% Opacity =

Highest 6 Minute Average

20% Opacity =

Violation Observed

60% Opacity =

Notice Number

 % Opacity =

Seconds					Seconds					Seconds					Seconds				
Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45	Min.	0	15	30	45
1	1:11			0	15	0	-			30	0	0	0	0	45	1:35			
2	0	0	0	0	16					31	0	0	0	-	46	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	17	2:10	0	0	0	32					47	0	0	0	-
4	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	33	3:29			0	48				
5	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	49	4:59	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	20					35	0	0	0	0	50	0	0	0	0
7					21	2:32			0	36					51	0	-		
8	1:35	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	37	3:52			0	52				
9	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	53	5:24			0
10	0	0	0	0	24					39	0	0	0	0	54	0	0	0	0
11	0	-			25	2:38	0	0	0	40					55	0	0	0	-
12	1:50				26	0	0	0	0	41	4:11		0	0	56				
13	0	0	0	0	27	0	-			42	0	0	0	0	57	5:41		0	0
14	0	0	0	0	28					43	0	0	0	0	58	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0	29	2:51	0	0	0	44					59	0	0	0	-

Results and Recommendations:

Run A3

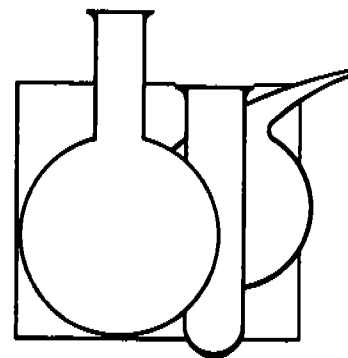
Observer Duchow

K2

-34-

Time Analysis

Plant Operation Data



ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORPORATION

OVENS PUSHED

BATTERY NO. 1424SHIFT 7-3DATE 9-9-85

EN NO.	TIME SCHD	TIME PUSHED	PUSH AMP	ROOF CARBON	POS. OF DOOR AFTER REPLACING	DID DOOR LEAK AFTER CHARGING	CHUCK DOOR & FRAME CLEANED	DID CHUCK DOOR LEAK AFTER CHARGING	DID STEAM HOLD FIRE DURING CHARGING	CLEANERS	
										DOOR	JAMB
1	21	808	250	OK	OK	✓	✓	✓	✓		
2	31	830	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
3	41	857	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
4	51	912	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
5	61	930	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
6	71	1001	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
7	81	1030	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
8	91	1056	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
9	13	1139	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
10	23	1151	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
11	33	1233	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
12	43	1256	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
13	53	110	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
14	63	125	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
15	73	140	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
16	83	157	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
17	95	219	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
18	15	234	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
19	25	250	✓	✓	✓						
20		1119									
21											
22											
23											
24											
25											
26											
27											
28											
29											
30											
31											
32											
33											
34											
35											
36											
37											
38											

ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORPORATION

OVENS PUSHED

BATTERY NO. WilputteSHIFT 3-11DATE 9-9-85

VEN NO.	TIME SCHD	TIME PUSHED	PUSH AMP	ROOF CARBON	POS. OF DOOR AFTER REPLACING	DID DOOR LEAK AFTER CHARGING	CHUCK DOOR & FRAME CLEANED	DID CHUCK DOOR LEAK AFTER CHARGING	DID STEAM HOLD FIRE DURING CHARGING	CLEANERS	
										DOOR	JAMB
1	35	311	250	OK	OK	yes	✓	yes	yes		
2	45	332	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
3	55	350	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
4	65	409	"	Heavy	"	"	✓	"	"		
5	75	432	"	OK	"	"	✓	"	"		
6	85	450	"	Heavy	"	"	✓	"	"		
7	7	507	"	OK	"	"	✓	"	"		
8	7	524	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
9	27	538	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
10	37	550	"	Heavy	"	"	✓	"	"		
11	47	607	"	OK	"	"	✓	"	"		
12	57	711	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
13	7	744	"	Heavy	"	"	✓	"	"		
14	77	809	"	OK	"	"	✓	"	"		
15	9	835	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
16	9	850	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
17	29	901	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
18	39	914	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
19	49	926	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
20	59	939	"	"	"	"	✓	"	"		
21	59	955	"	Heavy	"	"	✓	"	"		
22	79	1002	"	OK	"	"	✓	"	"		
23											
24											
25											
26											
27											
28											
29											
30											
31											
32											
33											
34											
35											
36											
37											
38											
39											
40											
41											
42											
43											
44											
45											
46											
47											
48											
49											
50											
51											
52											
53											
54											
55											
56											
57											
58											
59											
60											
61											
62											
63											
64											
65											
66											
67											
68											
69											
70											
71											
72											
73											
74											
75											
76											
77											
78											
79											
80											
81											
82											
83											
84											
85											
86											
87											
88											
89											
90											
91											
92											
93											
94											
95											
96											
97											
98											
99											
100											

ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORPORATION

OVENS PUSHED

4
-PUSHERBATTERY NO. 1-A 24

SHIFT

7-3

DATE

9-10-85

OVEN NO.	TIME SCHD	TIME PUSHED	PUSH AMP	ROOF CARBON	POS. OF DOOR AFTER REPLACING	DID DOOR LEAK AFTER CHARGING	CHUCK DOOR & FRAME CLEANED	DID CHUCK DOOR LEAK AFTER CHARGING	DID STEAM HOLD FIRE DURING CHARGING	CLEANERS	
										DOOR	JAMB
46		738	250	OK	OK	Yes	Yes	No	Yes		
56		749	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
66		804	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
76		817	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
86		843	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
8		953	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
18		1010	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
18		1030	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
38		1045	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
48		1100	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
58		1118	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
68		1132	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
78		1145	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
1		1242	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
11		1254	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
31		109	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
31		131	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
11		144	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
51		159	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
11		211	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
21		224	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
31		236	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
3		250	✓	✓	✓						
24											
2											
21											
26											
2											
27											
3											
32											
31											
31											
37											

ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORPORATION

OVENS PUSHED

BATTERY NO. 1A62ASHIFT 3-11DATE 09-10-85

EN NO.	TIME SCHD	TIME PUSHED	PUSH AMP	ROOF CARBON	POS. OF DOOR AFTER REPLACING	DID DOOR LEAK AFTER CHARGING	CHUCK DOOR & FRAME CLEANED	DID CHUCK DOOR LEAK AFTER CHARGING	DID STEAM HOLD FIRE DURING CHARGING	CLEANERS	
										DOOR	JAMB
1	13	N/A	323	300	ok	ok	yes	yes	yes	-	-
2	3		343	300							
3	3		403	300							
4	3		603	300							
5	3		614	300							
6	3		627	300	Ring						
7	3		642	300							
8	3		654	300	ok						
9	5		715	300							
10	5		938	300							
11	5		739	300							
12	5		750	300							
13	5		802	300							
14	5		824	300							
15	5		836	300	Ring						
16	5		848	300	ok						
17	5		910	300							
18	7		924	300							
19	7		953	300							
20	7		1005	300							
21	7		1017	300							
22	7		1028	300							
23	7		1048	300							
24											
25											
26	3					yes	yes	yes	yes	-	-
27	62					yes	yes	yes	yes	-	-
28											
29											
30											
31											
32											
33											
34											
35											
36											
37											
38											

AT 15 SKIPPED BECAUSE HAND WOULD NOT + RAVE

20.

OPERATOR

12 A-D A P...

ALABAMA BY-PRODUCTS CORPORATION

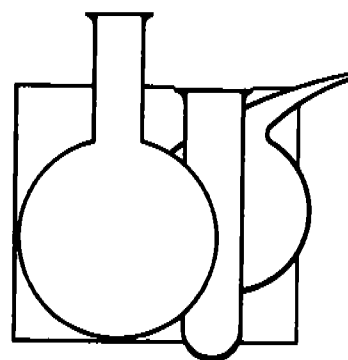
OVENS PUSHED

BATTERY NO. 1A52A SHIFT 3-11

DATE 09-11-85

[illegible]

Calibrations



VL METHOD 5 CALIBRATIONS

Meter Box

The meter box shall be initially calibrated every 6 months at the fixed settings of 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, and 2.5 inches of water. Upon return to the laboratory from this test the meter box was recalibrated using the average meter pressure for the test series. The recalibration point shall be the closest point to the initial calibration (for an average meter pressure of 0.81 a 1.00 "H₂O was used as the recalibration point). These recalibrations produced a single point MCF and a H@ which shall be compared to the original calibration to see if they are within the 5% allowed at the highest vacuum seen. These recalibration sheets are located behind the original calibration sheets.

Pitot Tubes

The S type pitot tubes shall be calibrated against a standard pitot tube ($C_p = 0.99$) every six months in a wind tunnel with a capacity to generate a test section velocity of approximately 3000 feet/ minute. Additionally the pitot tube shall be measured as to its specifications and alignment. Upon return, the intercomponent spacings and the face opening alignment of the pitot tube assembly shall be rechecked and if no changes are noticed; it shall be assumed that the coefficient of the assembly had not changed.

Temperature measurments

All temperature devices (impinger, meter box, hot box and stack) shall be calibrated every 6 months against an ASTM mercury-in-glass reference thermometer or a reference thermocouple and potentiometer calibrated by fixed points, e.g., ice bath and boiling water (corrected to barometric pressure). Upon return the stack temperature device shall be recalibrated within 10% of the average absolute stack temperarure. If the device being tested agrees within 1.5% of the reference device, the temperature data taken in the field shall be considered valid.

VL METHOD 5 CALIBRATIONS CONTINUED

Barometric Pressure

An aneroid barometer capable of measuring atmospheric pressure to within 0.1 inches Hg shall be used. If this device is defective the following alternate method shall be used. The barometric reading may be obtained from a nearby national weather service station, in which case the station value (which is the absolute barometric pressure) shall be requested and an adjustment for elevation differences between the weather station and sampling point shall be applied at a rate of minus 0.1 inches Hg per 100 feet elevation increase or vice versa for elevation decrease.

Specific Test equipment and measurements

The equipment used during these tests was as follows:

Probe: 8-1

Meter Box: #400

Stack Temperature: OMEGA II

Sample Box: #2

Condenser: #1

The average temperature of the stack was 123 °F. The OMEGA II was recalibrated at 125 °F and agreed exactly with an ASTM mercury-in-glass reference thermometer. The intercomponent spacings and the face opening alignment of the Pitot Tube assembly was rechecked and no changes were noticed; therefore, it was assumed that the coefficient of the assembly had not changed.

Type A Glass Fiber Filters

FEATURES

- High tensile strength. ■ Excellent handling characteristics. ■ Good wetting properties. ■ Minimum of 99.9% retention for particles of .3 μ m as determined by DOP tests. ■ Binder free.

This is the original glass fiber filter pioneered by Gelman Instrument Company over 15 years ago. It continues to be widely used for high volume sampling. Since zinc is one of the raw materials incorporated in the glass fibers, Type A Filters have a variable zinc content. Another component of the filter, sulfuric acid, is used as a dispersion medium, making the sheets unsuitable for measurement of sulfates.

Type A Glass Fiber Filters are less likely to develop static charge or tear than other glass fiber media types. They are used extensively in applications where zinc and iron content is not important, or where sulfate content is not being determined.

Size	37 mm	47 mm	102 mm	8" x 10"
Product No.	61715	61694	61696	61701
Filters/Pkg.	500	100	100	100

TYPE A GLASS FIBER FILTER SPECIFICATION REPORT

The following physical/chemical properties represent typical, average values obtained in accordance with accepted test methods. They are subject to normal manufacturing variations and are supplied as a technical service. The analysis has been made in accordance with EPA procedures (micrograms/8" x 10" sheet).

ELEMENTS:

Antimony	.30	Manganese	200
Arsenic	.30	Mercury	100
Beryllium	.1	Molybdenum	10
Bismuth	.10	Nickel	10
Cadmium	.5	Selenium	5000
Chromium	.10	Tin	10
Cobalt	.10	Titanium	170
Copper	.2	Vanadium	10
Iron	2300	Zinc	5000
Lead	.20		to 25,000

OTHER PHYSICALS:

BSO	522	Flow Resistance (Max.)	
*pH	8.5	@ 320 cm/min.	.80 mm
DOP @320/cm/min		Flow Rate (air)	
(ASTM Method 2986)	99.9%	lpm/cm ² @ 70 cm Hg	50
Tensile Strength		Max. Use Temp.	400°C
(Fed. Spec. UUP31B)	750 gr	Static Properties	Low
Weight,		Ability to	
8" x 10" sheet	4.0 $\pm$.3 gr.	Fold	Excellent

WATER EXTRACTABLE IONS:

Sulfate	100	Chloride	1500
Nitrate	50	Fluoride	15
Ammonia	20		

*pH—Gelman Procedure:

- 500 ml distilled water.
- Add 15 drops saturated KCl solution
- Shred one 8" x 10" sheet and soak in prepared water for one hour.
- Run pH at ambient temperature.

Type A/E Glass Fiber Filters

FEATURES

- Low trace metals. ■ Medium Handling characteristics. ■ Available in all sizes. ■ Minimum of 99.9% retention for particles of .3 μ m as determined by DOP tests. ■ Binder free.

Type A/E Glass Fiber Filters are composed of low acid soluble glass fiber. They contain low levels of both zinc and iron. The filters do react with atmospheric sulfur dioxide; and therefore, when high levels of sulfur are expected, corrections for this reaction should be accounted for.

Type A/E Glass Fiber Filters are binder free and ideal for gravimetric analysis of air pollutants. This pure, organic free filter is the basis for procedures widely used in determining municipal and industrial air polluting substances.

Size	25 mm	37 mm	47 mm	102 mm	8" x 10"
Product No.	61630	61652	61631	61633	61638
Filters/Pkg.	500	500	100	100	100

TYPE A/E GLASS FIBER FILTER SPECIFICATION REPORT

The following physical/chemical properties represent typical, average values obtained in accordance with accepted test methods. They are subject to normal manufacturing variations and are supplied as a technical service. The analysis has been made in accordance with EPA procedures (micrograms/8" x 10" sheet).

ELEMENTS:

Antimony	.20	Manganese	2
Arsenic	.20	Mercury	.80
Beryllium	.1	Molybdenum	10
Bismuth	.10	Nickel	10
Cadmium	.2	Selenium	200
Chromium	.10	Tin	10
Cobalt	.10	Titanium	10
Copper	.2	Vanadium	10
Iron	100-1800	Zinc	90
Lead	.10		

OTHER PHYSICALS:

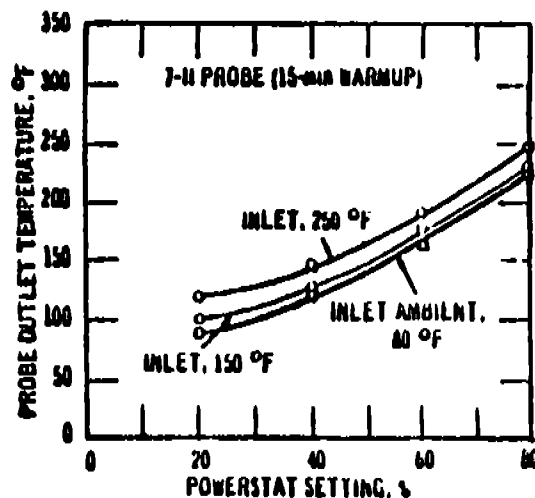
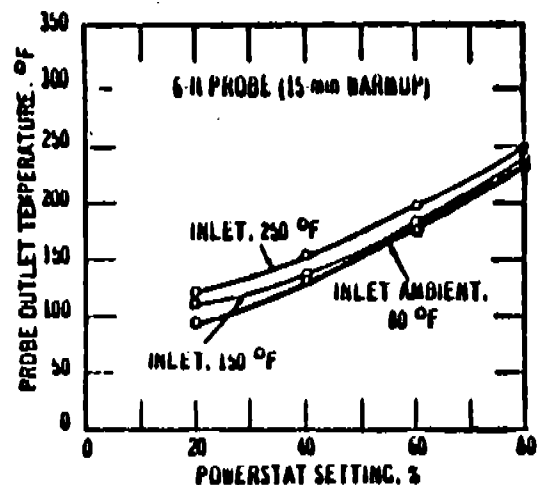
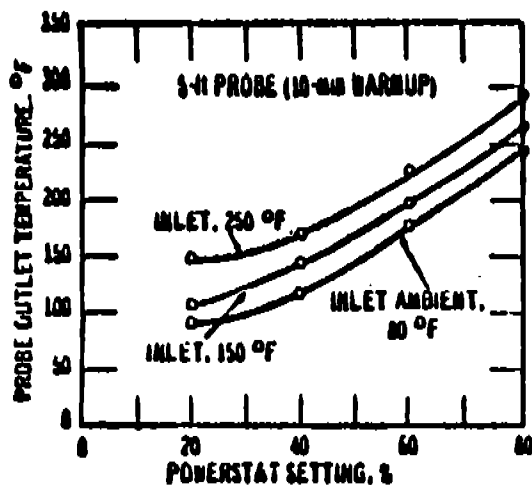
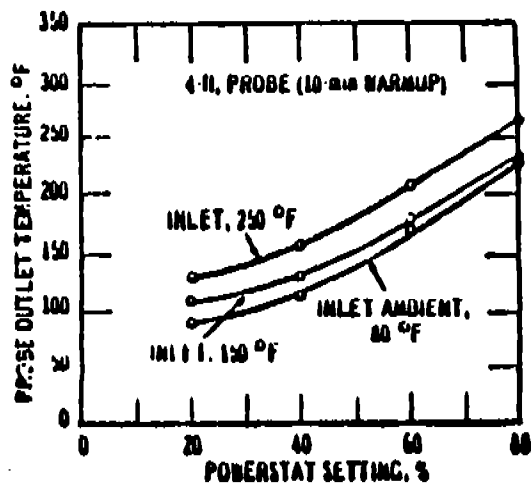
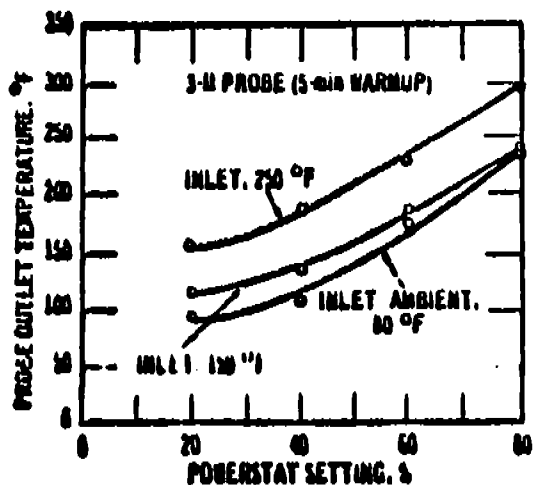
BSO	522	Flow Resistance (Max.)	
*pH	9.0	@ 320 cm/min.	.80 mm
DOP @320/cm/min		Flow Rate (air)	
ASTM Methods 2986)	99.9%	lpm/cm ² @ 70 cm Hg	60
Tensile Strength		Max. Use Temp.	400°C
(Fed. Spec. UUP31B)	600 gr.	Static Properties	Medium
Weight		Ability to	
8" x 10" sheet	4.0 $\pm$.3 gr.	Fold	Good

WATER EXTRACTABLE IONS:

Sulfate	600	Chloride	1500
Nitrate	115	Fluoride	.87
Ammonia	13		

*pH—Gelman Procedure:

- 500 ml distilled water.
- Add 15 drops saturated KCl solution.
- Shred one 8" x 10" sheet and soak in prepared water for one hour.
- Run pH at ambient temperature.



NOTE: Flow rate held constant at 0.75; 50% change in flow rate has little effect on probe temperature.

METER CALIBRATION FORM

Date 3/18/85

Box No. 400

P_{bar} = 30.00 in. Hg

Calibrated by LOZL

Orifice Manometer Set- ting ΔH (in. H ₂ O)	Δ wtm (in. H ₂ O)	Gas Volume Wet Test Meter		Gas Volume Dry Gas Meter		Temperature Wet Test Meter		Avg. Temp. Dry Gas Meter	
		Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Inlet	Outlet
2.0	-1.03	0.006	13.515	736.625	750.248	12.2	12.5	75 94	64 72
2.5	-1.25	12.515	26.765	750.248	763.914	12.5	13.0	90 101	72 78
1.5	-0.78	26.765	37.010	761.884	774.522	13.0	13.2	97 98	78 51
1.0	-0.58	37.010	41.505	774.522	783.237	13.2	13.5	96 97	51 52
0.5	-0.36	41.505	51.557	783.237	788.487	13.5	13.5	95 94	52 52

Pump must be operated for at least 15 minutes at each ΔH setting (.5, 1, 1.5, 2 and 3)

T_{dgm} = average temperature of dry gas meter (inlet and outlet) + 460°F

T_{wtm} = average temperature of wet test meter + 460°F

P_{wtm} = P_{bar} - $\frac{\Delta wtm}{13.6}$ (includes vapor pressure of water at saturation at the temperature of the wet test meter)

P_{dgm} = P_{bar} + $\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$

Δwtm = pressure on wet test meter in inches of H₂O

Y = meter calibration factor

28.316 = conversion factor when using a wet test meter calibrated in liters

Calculations

$$Y = \frac{(\text{wet final} - \text{wet initial})(T_{dgm})(P_{wtm})}{(\text{dry final} - \text{dry initial})(28.316)(T_{wtm})(P_{dgm})}$$

or (1)

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{\Sigma Y}{5}$$

Meter Tolerance = 1.00 ± 0.01

If the meter calibration factor is not within the allowable tolerance, the calibration factory Y may be used to mathematically correct the gas meter dial readings to the proper values instead of physically adjusting the dry gas meter dials to correspond to the wet test meter readings.

POST TEST METER CALIBRATION

PROJECT ABC STACK SYSTEM # 1
 Date 9-20-85 Box No. 400
 P_{bar} = 30.20 in. Hg Calibrated by G. KARSTENS
 Signature

Orifice Manometer Set- ting ΔH (in. H ₂ O)	Δ wtm (in. H ₂ O)	Gas Volume Wet Test Meter		Gas Volume Dry Gas Meter		Temperature Wet Test Meter		Avg. Temp. Dry Gas Meter	
		Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Initial	Final	Inlet	Outlet
1.0 @ "Hg	-.62	0	8.729	622.090	631.018	20	20	97	74.5
1.0 @ "Hg	-.62	0	8.671	631.018	639.920	20	20	100.5	83
1.0 @ "Hg	-.62	0	8.654	639.920	648.931	20	20.2	104	88

Pump must be operated for at least 15 minutes at each ΔH setting

T_{dgm} = average temperature of dry gas meter (inlet and outlet) + 460°F

T_{wtm} = average temperature of wet test meter + 460°F

P_{wtm} = P_{bar} - $\frac{\Delta wtm}{13.6}$ (includes vapor pressure of water at saturation at the temperature of the wet test meter)

P_{dgm} = P_{bar} + $\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$

Δwtm = pressure on wet test meter in inches of H₂O

Y = meter calibration factor

28.316 = conversion factor when using a wet test meter calibrated in liters

Calculations

$$Y = \frac{(\text{wet final} - \text{wet initial})(T_{dgm})(P_{wtm})}{(\text{dry final} - \text{dry initial})(28.316)(T_{wtm})(P_{dgm})}$$

or (1)

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{\sum Y}{3} = \underline{.9861}$$

Pre test Y 1.01

% Difference -2.4

ORIFICE CALIBRATION FORM

Date 3/18/85Meter Box No. 400P_{bar} 20.0Calibrated By LOZL

ΔH	V ₁	V ₂	θ	t ₁	t ₂	V ₂ - V ₁	Q _m	K _m
in. H ₂ O	CF	CF	Sec.	°F	°F	CF		
2.0	736.75	750.38	10.0	84.5	68	13.673	.7554	.7265
2.5	750.38	763.984	9.00	95.5	75	13.636	.8861	.7249
1.5	763.984	774.522	9.00	97.5	79.5	10.538	.7001	.7273
1.0	774.522	783.237	9.00	96.5	81.5	8.715	.5833	.7403
0.5	783.237	788.453	9.00	94.5	82	5.222	.4187	.7506
Average K _m								.7339

1.71

V₁ = Dry gas meter reading at the start of each testV₂ = Dry gas meter reading at the end of each testt₁ = Dry gas meter inlet temperaturet₂ = Dry gas meter outlet temperatureCalculations

$$1. \quad Q_m = \frac{V_2 - V_1}{\theta} \left[\frac{t_2 + 460}{\frac{t_1 + t_2 + 460}{2}} \right] \quad (60)(Y)$$

$$2. \quad K_m = \frac{Q_m}{\sqrt{\frac{P_m M_m}{T_m \Delta H}}} \quad \begin{array}{l} M_m = 29 \\ T_m = t_2 + 460 \\ P_m = P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \end{array}$$

Y = meter calibration factor

3. Calculate the average K_m as follows:

$$\bar{K}_m = \frac{\sum K_m}{5}$$

4. Calculate ΔH_a as follows:

$$\Delta H_a = \frac{Q_a^2 P_a M_a}{T_a} \left[\frac{1}{\bar{K}_m^2} \right] = \frac{0.921}{\bar{K}_m^2}$$

Q_a = 0.75 cfmT_a = 528°RP_a = 29.92 in.HgM_a = 29

5. Orifice Tolerance = 1.84 ± .25

POST TEST ORIFICE CALIBRATION

Date 9-20-85

Meter Box No. 400

P_{bar} 30.20

Calibrated By Greg Karstens
Signature

ΔH	V ₁	V ₂	θ	t ₁	t ₂	V ₂ - V ₁	Q _m	K _m
In. H ₂ O	CF	CF	Sec.	°F	°F	CF		
1.0	627.090	631.018	900	97	74.5	8.928	.5733	.7348
1.0	631.018	639.920	900	100.5	83	8.902	.5786	.7357
1.0	639.920	648.931	900	104	88	9.011	.5827	.7375
\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\	\
							Average K _m	.7360

Average K_m .7360

V_1 = Dry gas meter reading at the start of each test

Average H@ 1.70

V_2 = Dry gas meter reading at the end of each test

Pre test H@ 1.71

t_1 = Dry gas meter inlet temperature

% Difference $-.6\%$

t_2 = Dry gas meter outlet temperature

Calculations

$$1. Q_m = \frac{V_2 - V_1}{\theta} \left[\frac{t_2 + 460}{\frac{t_1 + t_2 + 460}{2}} \right] \quad (60)(Y) \quad \begin{matrix} 1.71 \\ 1.70 \\ 1.69 \end{matrix}$$

$$2. \quad K_m = \frac{Q_m \sqrt{\frac{P_m M_m}{T_m \Delta H}}}{(\text{for each } \Delta H)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_m &= 29 \\ T_m &= t_2 + 460 \\ P_m &= P_{bar} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \end{aligned}$$

Y = meter calibration factor

3. Calculate the average K_m as follows:

$$K_m = \frac{\sum K_m}{3}$$

4. Calculate ΔH_a as follows:

$$\Delta H_a = \frac{Qe^2 P_0 M_0}{T_0} \left[\frac{1}{\bar{k}_m^2} \right] = \frac{0.921}{\bar{k}_m^2}$$

Q@ = 0.75 cfm

TO = 5280R

PQ = 29.92 in.Hg

MQ = 29

TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION

FOR OMEGA II

DATE INITIAL 3-6-05 DATE FINAL

DATE INITIAL 3-6-05

DATE INITIAL 3-6-05

DEVICE HEADING (DEGREES F)

ACTUAL TEMPERATURE (DEGREES F)

TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION

FOR OMEGA II

DATE INITIAL DATE FINAL

3-6-85

DATE INITIAL

DEVICE READING (DEGREES F)

(2500)

0 300 600 900 1200 1500 1800 2100 2400

ACTUAL TEMPERATURE (DEGREES F)

TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION

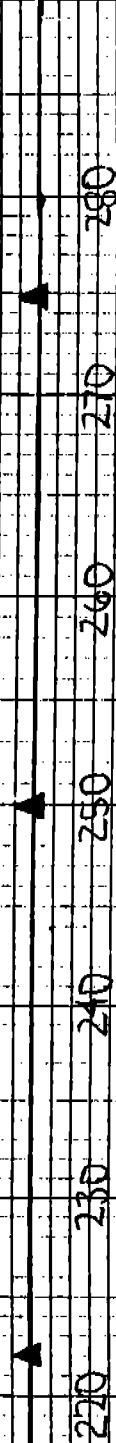
FOR HOT BOX #2

DATE INITIAL

3-6-85

DATE FINAL

DEVICE READING (DEGREES F)



ACTUAL TEMPERATURE (DEGREES F)

TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION

FOR

TEMPERATURE #1

DATE INITIAL

3-6-85

DATE FINAL

DEVICE READING (DEGREES F)

ACTUAL TEMPERATURE (DEGREES F)



PITOT CALIBRATION FORM

Date 3-6-85 Probe # 8-1Calibrated By G KARSTENSNozzle Size N/A

SIDE A

Run #	ΔP_{std} (in. H ₂ O) Standard	$\Delta P(s)$ (in. H ₂ O) Type "s"	$C_p(s)$	Deviation $C_p(s) - \bar{C}_p(A)$
1	.483	.663	.845	-.002
2	.480	.653	.849	+.002
3	.480	.653	.849	+.002
		$\bar{C}_p(A)$	.847	

SIDE B

Run #	ΔP_{std} (in. H ₂ O) Standard	$\Delta P(s)$ (in. H ₂ O) Type "s"	$C_p(s)$	Deviation $C_p(s) - \bar{C}_p(B)$
1	.493	.673	.847	—
2	.480	.656	.847	—
3	.486	.666	.846	-.001
		$\bar{C}_p(B)$	.847	

CALCULATIONS

$$C_p(s) = C_{p(std)} \sqrt{\frac{\Delta P_{std}}{\Delta P(s)}}$$

(or 0.99)

$$\text{Average Deviation} = \frac{\sum |C_p(s) - \bar{C}_p(A \text{ or } B)|}{3}$$

3

← Must be ≤ 0.01

$$|\bar{C}_p(A) - \bar{C}_p(B)| \leftarrow \text{Must be } \leq 0.01$$