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AP-42 Section 12.2
Reference _____
Report Sect. 4
Reference 48

Rouge Steel Company
No.1 Push Control System
"A" and "Ax" Coke Oven Batteries
Particulate Emission Survey

August 20-22, 1985

Conducted by

Stationary Source Environmental Control Office
Survey and Compliance Assurance

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Rouge Steel Company
No.1 Push Control System
"A" and "Ax" Coke Oven Batteries
Particulate Emission Survey
August 20-22, 1985

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I. INTRODUCTION

Three tests for filterable particulate and condensable emissions were performed on the No.1 Push Control Scrubber stack during the week of August 19, 1985. The survey was conducted as part of the biennial test requirements of the Ford-Wayne County Consent Judgment.

The survey took place over a three-day period. Emission sampling was limited to the short periods of time when oven pushes occurred on "A" and "Ax" batteries. Stack opacity readings were taken in conjunction with each push of the three tests.

The survey was witnessed by Messrs. S. Drielick and V. Vescernyes of the Wayne Country Air Pollution Control Division and Messrs. R. Dawson, D. O'Connor and J. Scott from Rouge Steel Company. Emission sampling was performed by the Ford Stationary Source Environmental Control Office.

II. PROCESS DESCRIPTION

The No.1 Push Control Scrubber System captures and cleans push emissions from the "A" and "Ax" Coke Oven Batteries at Rouge Steel Company.

Ovens in the batteries are charged with approximately 17 tons of pulverized coal every 17 hours. After the destructive distillation of coal to coke is completed, the oven doors are opened and coke is removed by pushing a mechanical ram arm through the oven. Coke is forced into a one-spot quench car which is covered by an exhaust hood to capture emissions from the push. After the push operation is completed, the one-spot car pivots to cover its load. The car is transported by rail to a quench tower where a water spray is applied to cool the coke and keep it from burning further. The car serves "A", "Ax" and "B" batteries.

Prior to each push, a door machine on the coke side of the oven removes the oven door and aligns itself with a second door on the fume main. When this entryway is opened, the door machine--with exhaust hood--is connected to the emission control system. The machine operator engages the system fan when the one-spot car is in place and the exhaust system is ready for the push. Push emissions are carried up the hood, to the main, and over to a high-energy Kinpactor Wet scrubber. The cleaned exhaust gas is then vented to atmosphere through a 90-inch diameter stack.

During this survey the pressure drop across the venturi scrubber throat was approximately 50 inches water and the fan amperage was 235 amps.

III. SUMMARY

The results from this survey are summarized below in Table 1.

Table 1
Summary of Results
No.1 Push Control Scrubber Stack
Rouge Steel Company
August 20-22, 1985

	Units	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Avg.
Particulate Emissions					
Rel. to Coke Pushed	lb/ton	0.029	0.034	0.021	0.028
Concentration	lb/1000lb _w	0.037	0.045	0.028	0.037
Flowrate	lb/hr	15.0	17.7	10.8	14.5
Condensable Emissions					
Concentration	lb/1000lb _w	0.023	0.033	0.025	0.027
Flowrate	lb/hr	9.11	13.1	9.54	10.6
Stack Gas Flowrate					
Actual Conditions	ACFM	108,000	105,000	103,000	105,000
Standard Conditions	SCFM _w	92,800	90,600	88,600	90,700
Stack Temperature	°F	144	146	145	145

Particulate concentrations and flowrates represent conditions which exist during the brief periods when ovens are pushed. They should not be interpreted as continuous emission rates from the stack.

IV. RESULTS

Individual test results from this survey are presented in Tables II and III which follow. These tables include measured and calculated results from the stack survey. Field opacity data sheets are included in Appendix D, and oven charge weights and coking times are included in Appendix F.

Table II

ROUGE STEEL CO. NO.1 PUSH CONTROL SCRUBBER

STACK GAS VELOCITY AND FLOW RESULTS

PHYSICAL DATA	UNITS	TEST NUMBER			AVERAGE
		1	2	3	
DATE OF TEST		8/20/85	8/21/85	8/22/85	
TIME OF TEST	START FINISH	0920 1345	0848 1352	0848 1315	
NUMBER OF TRAVERSE POINTS		16	16	16	
PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT		0.78	0.78	0.78	
MEASURED DATA					
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	INCHES HG	29.55	29.59	29.60	
STACK DIAMETER	INCHES	90.0	90.0	90.0	
STACK STATIC PRESSURE	INCHES H ₂ O	-0.30	-0.30	-0.30	
STACK GAS TEMPERATURE	DEG F	144.	146.	146.	145.
CALCULATED DATA					
STACK GAS PRESSURE	INCHES HG	29.53	29.57	29.58	
MOISTURE	VOLUME %	8.2	9.4	8.7	8.8
DRY MOLECULAR WEIGHT	LB/LB-MOLE	29.08	29.08	29.08	29.08
WET MOLECULAR WEIGHT	LB/LB-MOLE	28.18	27.97	28.05	28.04
AVERAGE SQ. ROOT OF VELOCITY PRESSURE	IN. H ₂ O ^{0.5}	0.714	0.695	0.681	0.697
STACK CROSS SECTIONAL AREA	SQ. FT.	44.18	44.18	44.18	
STACK GAS VELOCITY - STACK COND.	FT/MIN	2440.	2380.	2330.	2380.
STACK GAS VELOCITY - STD. COND.	FT/MIN	2100.	2050.	2010.	2050.
STACK GAS FLOW - STACK COND.	ACFM	109000.	105000.	103000.	105000.
STACK GAS FLOW - DRY STD. COND.	DSCFM	85200.	82100.	80900.	82700.
STACK GAS FLOW - WET STD. COND.	WSCFM	92800.	90600.	88600.	90700.

STANDARD CONDITIONS: 68 DEG F AND 29.92 IN. HG

Table III
BOUCE STEEL CO. NO.1 PUSH CONTROL SCRUBBER
FILTERABLE PARTICULATE AND CONDENSABLE SAMPLING RESULTS

PHYSICAL DATA	UNITS	TEST NUMBER			AVERAGE
		1	2	3	
DATE OF TEST		8/20/85	8/21/85	8/22/85	
TIME OF TEST	START FINISH	0920 1345	0848 1357	0848 1315	
NOZZLE DIAMETER	INCHES	0.2490	0.2490	0.2490	
MEASURED DATA					
METERED SAMPLE VOLUME	CU. FT.	14.687	14.874	14.423	
AVERAGE METER TEMPERATURE	DEG F	66.4	63.8	66.7	
METER CORRECTION FACTOR		1.0135	1.0135	1.0135	
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE DROP	INCHES H ₂ O	1.62	1.53	1.47	
VOLUME OF H ₂ O CONDENSATE	ML	25.0	29.0	26.0	
WEIGHT OF H ₂ O ABSORBED	GRAMS	3.1	3.4	3.3	
TOTAL SAMPLE TIME	MINUTES	20.8	20.8	20.8	
PROBE WASH WEIGHT	GRAMS	0.0129	0.0145	0.0081	
WEIGHT, FILTER CATCH	GRAMS	0.0069	0.0076	0.0066	
WEIGHT, CONDENSABLES	GRAMS	0.0120	0.0170	0.0130	
CALCULATED DATA					
METERED SAMPLE VOLUME - STD. COND.	CU. FT.	14.806	14.780	14.551	
TOTAL SAMPLE CORR. VOL. - STD. COND.	CU. FT.	16.132	16.309	15.934	
TOTAL PARTICULATE WEIGHT	GRAMS	0.0198	0.0241	0.0147	
PARTICULATE CONC. - STACK COND.	GR/ACF	0.0163	0.0196	0.0123	0.0161
PARTICULATE WEIGHT CONC. - DRY STD. COND.	0/1000#DRY	0.0392	0.0477	0.0296	0.0388
PARTICULATE WEIGHT CONC. - WET STD. COND.	0/1000#WET	0.0371	0.0449	0.0279	0.0366
PARTICULATE FLOW RATE	LB/HR	15.0	17.7	10.8	14.5
CONDENSABLE WEIGHT	GRAMS	0.0120	0.0170	0.0130	
CONDENSABLE CONC. - STACK COND.	GR/ACF	0.00990	0.0145	0.0108	0.0117
CONDENSABLE WEIGHT CONC. - DRY STD. COND.	0/1000#DRY	0.0237	0.0353	0.0242	0.0284
CONDENSABLE WEIGHT CONC. - WET STD. COND.	0/1000#WET	0.0225	0.0331	0.0247	0.0268
CONDENSABLE FLOW RATE	LB/HR	9.11	13.1	9.54	10.6
NOZZLE AREA	SQ. FT.	0.00338	0.00338	0.00338	
ISOKINETIC RATIO	%	109.	113.	113.	112.
EMISSION RATE	LB/TON	0.0290	0.0341	0.0205	0.0279

STANDARD CONDITIONS: 68 DEG F AND 29.92 IN. HG

V. DISCUSSION

Because testing is possible only during periods when ovens on "A" and "Ax" batteries are pushed, it is necessary to shorten test times from recommended EPA-5 procedures. Although the overall time required to complete a test is approximately five hours, the net sampling time is limited to 21 minutes. As a result, total sample volumes are about half of the recommended 30 ft³ EPA guideline. This does not adversely affect test results, however, since a measureable quantity of particulate is captured during each test.

The survey was performed without interruption. The one-spot quench car was in-service throughout the test periods. The emission control system also functioned without incident, as did the sampling equipment at the stack.

All sampling train leak-checks were within the allowable 0.02 cfm limit. ~~Instantaneous~~ sampling rates varied from 109-113 percent, slightly exceeding the 110 percent limit.

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APPENDIX A

LOCATION OF SAMPLING PORTS AND POINTS

APPENDIX A

LOCATION OF SAMPLING PORTS AND POINTS

Figures 1 and 2 which follow show the locations of the sampling ports and points used for testing this source. The sampling location is approximately 8.0 duct diameters downstream from the nearest stack constriction, or 3.1 diameters from the silencer baffle. The top of the stack is approximately one duct diameter from the ports.

The revised EPA method 1* chart requires 24 sampling points for this source. However, due to the intermittent operation of this system and because the flow profile is fairly uniform, a compromise was reached with Wayne County APCD to allow for 16 sample points per test.

*Federal Register, Vol 48, No. 191, September 30, 1983.

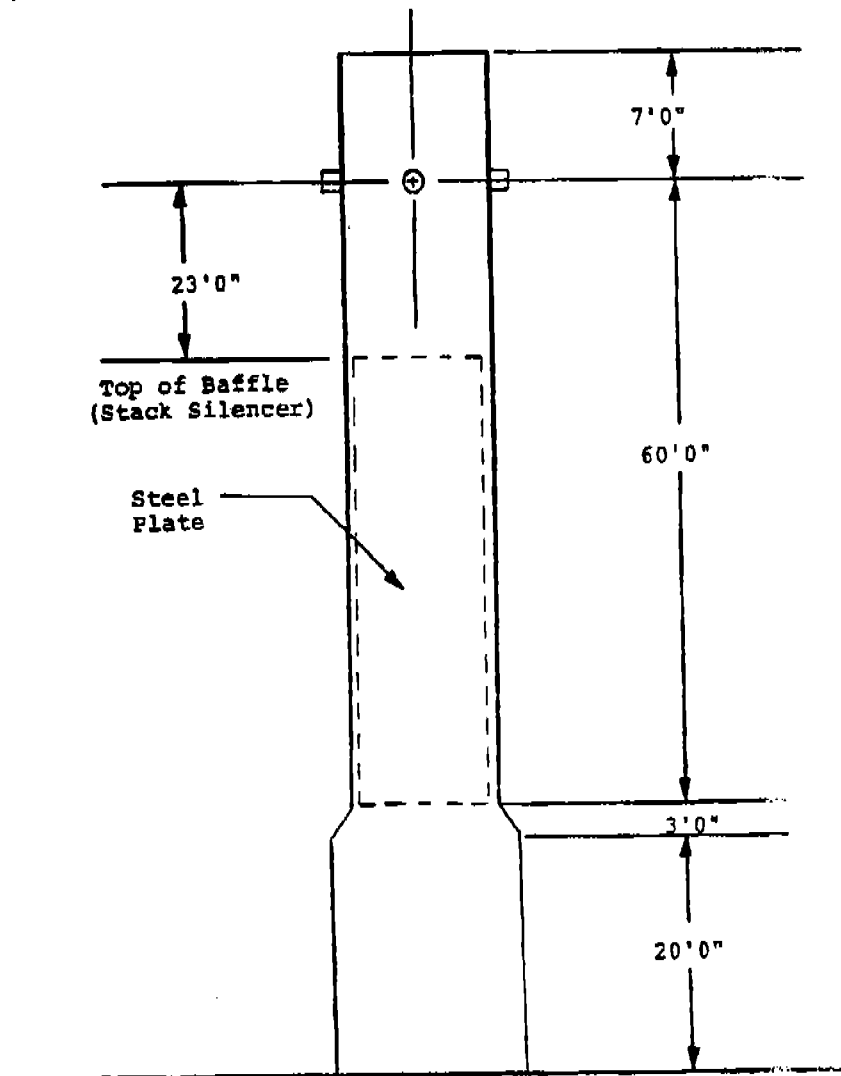
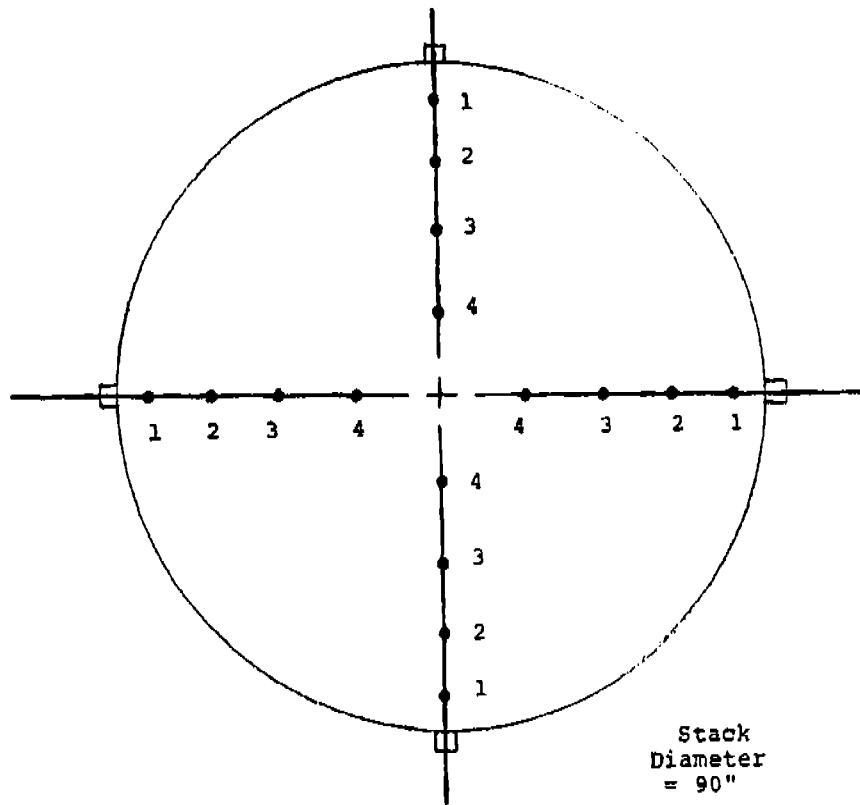


FIGURE 1
LOCATION OF SAMPLING PORTS
NO.1 SYSTEM CORE OVEN PUSH CONTROL SCRUBBER STACK
ROUGE STEEL COMPANY

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FIGURE 2
LOCATION OF SAMPLING POINTS
COKE OVEN PUSH CONTROL NO.1 STACK
ROUGE STEEL COMPANY



<u>Point No.</u>	<u>Distance From Wall (In.)</u>
1	2-7/8
2	9-7/16
3	17-7/16
4	29-1/16

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APPENDIX B
SAMPLING PROCEDURES

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APPENDIX B

SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Each particulate test consisted of 16 pushes. Sampling was initiated at the stack when the pusher ram was inserted in the oven and stack emissions became visible. Sampling was discontinued at each point approximately 78 seconds later when the one-spot quench car left the oven. The length of sample was dependent upon the movement of the quench car.

The stack testing procedures followed are consistent with EPA Test Methods 1, 2 and 5. Stack gas velocity is determined using an S-type pitot tube and probe assembly whose coefficient is previously determined by calibration against a standard pitot tube at the SSECO Wind Tunnel.

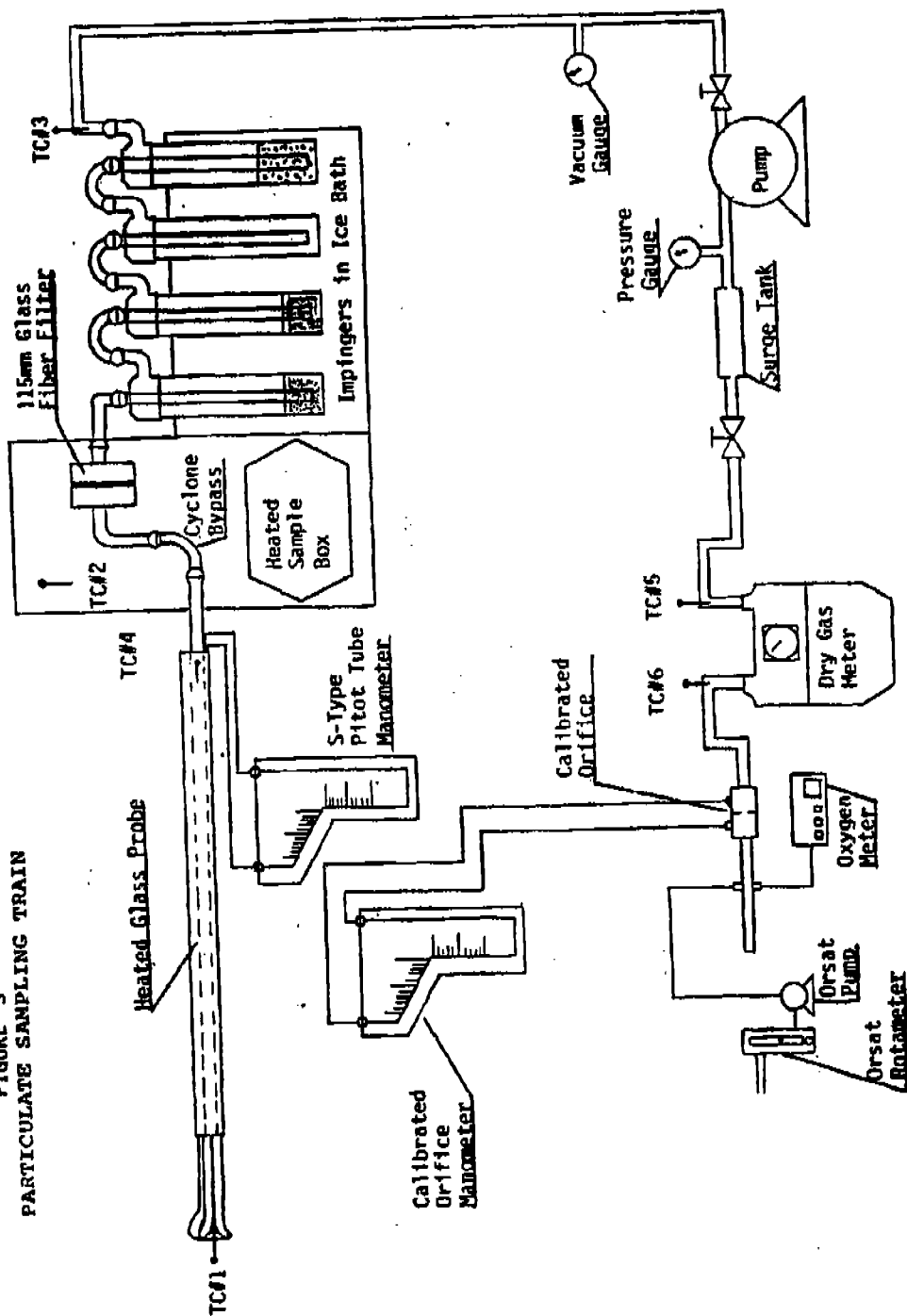
Particulate samples are collected in the EPA sampling train depicted in Figure 3. This train consists of a stainless steel nozzle and glass probe connected to a Type AE fiberglass filter assembly. The probe temperature is maintained at approximately 250°F and the filter box temperature is kept near 250°F.

After the filter, the sample gases pass through four impingers, in series, placed in an ice bath. All impingers are of the Greenburg-Smith design, but only the second impinger has the tapered tip and impingement plate. The others have the tip replaced by an extended 1/2 inch ID glass tube. The first two impingers contain 150 ml of distilled water, the third is empty, and the fourth contains approximately 200 grams of preweighed silica gel.

The final portion of the train includes a control valve, leakless vacuum pump, surge tank, dry gas test meter and calibrated orifice.

Thermocouples located at six positions in the sampling train are connected to a Doric Trendicator digital-readout pyrometer. Temperatures are monitored at each sampling point throughout the test.

FIGURE 3
PARTICULATE SAMPLING TRAIN



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APPENDIX C
ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

APPENDIX C

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Particulate

At the conclusion of each test the sampling probe is removed from the stack and allowed to cool. A final leak check is performed by sealing off the nozzle tip, starting the pump and monitoring the flowrate on the dry gas meter. After this is completed the nozzle is removed from the probe, the probe is removed from the sample box, and both are washed and brushed clean using acetone and a bristle brush. The premeasured acetone rinse is stored in a narrow-mouth glass bottle which is capped and labeled appropriately.

The cyclone bypass is removed from the filter and rinsed and brushed with acetone into the nozzle and probe rinse. The front half of the glass filter holder is washed in a similar fashion and added to the cyclone rinse. The probe wash and cyclone bypass rinses are evaporated to dryness at 130°F in tared porcelain crucibles and the weight gain is recorded as probe catch.

After each test the glass fiber filters are sealed in their filter holders which, upon returning to the laboratory, are disassembled and rinsed with acetone. The rinse from the back portion of the holder is added to the impinger catch while the front-half rinse is added to the probe wash. The 115 mm glass fiber filters are placed in the aluminum foil wrappers that they were originally weighed in. They are dried for two hours in an oven maintained at 220°F and transferred to a desiccator overnight. The filters are weighed the following day on an analytical balance having a sensitivity of ± 0.1 mg.

The laboratory data are shown in Appendix G. A blank correction has been made for the acetone and distilled water used for rinses and initial impinger contents.

APPENDIX C (Cont'd)

The impinger liquor and associated rinses are evaporated to dryness in tared porcelain crucibles. The dishes are placed under a laboratory hood on a "steam" bath maintained at 90°F. Several days later, after the contents have completely evaporated, the dishes are placed in the desiccator for 24 hours and weighed on an analytical balance.

Gas Composition

Oxygen readings are taken at each sample point using a Sybron-Taylor Model OA 570 instantaneous reading analyzer. Measurements are recorded on the data sheets used at the stack.

Moisture

Moisture percentage in exhaust gas is determined for each test by measuring the volume of condensate in the first three impingers of the Method 5 train and the weight gain of the silica gel in the fourth impinger.

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APPENDIX D
OPACITY DATA SHEETS

NO. 1 PUSHER STACK TEST NO. 1

8-20-55

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NO. 1 PUSHER STACK TEST NO. 1										8-20-25	
Time	No.	0	15	30	45	60	75	90	Ave		
9:20	3	0	25	20	20	20	5	90	15	1	
9:28	13	0	0	10	10	10	10	40	6.7	2	
9:48	23	0	20	30	40	20	5	115	18.9	3+4	
10:17	43	0	0	5	5	0	0	10	1.7	5	
10:27	57	0	0	15	10	10	5	40	6.7	6	
10:47	5	0	0	5	5	10	5	25		7	
10:57	15	0	0	0	0	0	5	5		8	
11:00	25	0	10	20	45	25	25	20	145	20.7	9
11:30	35	0	0	20	10	0	0	30		10	
11:47	45	0	10	15	20	25	10	80		11	
12:03	59	0	20	15	20	10	5	75		12	
12:57	7	0	15	15	45	30	20	25	150	21.4	13
1:09	17	did not see any chimneys									14
1:24	27	0	15	5	5	25	30	15	95	15.9	15
1:42	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			16

Temp 62 partly cloudy

N. West

To Scott - Reader

TEST *

COKE OVENS
: PA CJ METHOD

Pushing Opacity Observations

POUNCE Pushing Opacity Observations										NO. 1 PUSHER STACK TEST NO. 2		8/21/65
DATE	OVEN NO.	TIME	0 sec.	15 sec.	30 sec.	45 sec.	60 sec.	75 sec.	AVG.	NO. 1 SCRABBER		
21-AUG 65	A - 39	8:47	5	5	15	5	0	5	5.3	"		
	A - 49	9:31	0	45	20	10	40	25	23.3	"		
	A - 2	9:49	0	10	20	40	20	25	19.1	"		
	A - 12	10:11	5	35	5	5	45	15	20.0	"		
	A - 22	10:23	5	50	40	45	35	20	31.7	"		
	AX - 57	10:32	0	0	10	5	5	5	9.2	"		
	A - 32	10:50	0	0	5	0	5	10	2.5	"		
	A - 42	10:56	5	45	40	15	5	0	20.0	"		
	A - 4	11:06	0	10	5	25	0	5	6.7	"		
	A - 14	11:24	0	0	0	0	40	35	1.7	"		
	A - 24	11:33	0	35	35	55	0	15	33.3	"		
	AX - 64	11:50	0	5	10	5	0	10	5.9	"		
	A - 34	1:02	5	5	35	20	10	5	14.1	"		
	A - 44	1:13	5	15	20	10	10	40	10.2	"		
	A - 6	1:24	0	10	10	20	50	5	21.7	"		
	A - 16	1:57	0	10	10	5	0	5	5.0	"		

Observer: D.A. O'Connor. Batt A/Az

Force Stream Pushing Opacity Observations

COKE OVENS
EPA CJ METHOD

DATE	OVEN NO.	TIME	0 sec.	15 sec.	30 sec.	45 sec.	60 sec.	75 sec.	AVG.	NO. 1 SCRABBER
22-AUG 85	A-36	8:47	0	0	0	5	10	5	3.3%	"
	A-46	8:59	0	15	10	5	0	0	5.0	"
	A-8	9:28	0	20	30	20	15	5	15.0	"
	A-18	9:39	0	0	5	5	0	0	1.7	"
	A-28	9:52	5	30	15	35	20	5	18.3	"
	A-38	10:08	5	5	15	0	0	0	4.2	"
	A-57	10:27	0	0	15	10	10	10	7.5	"
	A-48	10:37	0	35	15	15	20	15	16.7	"
	A-1	10:47	5	40	15	45	20	35	26.7	"
	A-11	11:26	0	20	20	40	35	5	20.0	"
	A-21	11:35	15	30	20	15	10	5	15.8	"
	A-31	11:44	0	5	15	10	0	5	5.8	"
	A-59	11:55	0	0	0	5	30	25	10.0	"
	A-41	12:41	0	5	40	40	30	25	23.3	"
	A-3	1:00	0	15	20	15	10	5	10.8	"
	A-13	1:15	5	15	5	5	10	5	7.5	"

NO. 1 PUSHER STACK TEST NO. 3

8/22/85

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APPENDIX E
STACK TEST FIELD DATA SHEETS

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL OFFICE

SOURCE NO. 1 PASH CONTROL SCRUBBER
PLANT ROUGE STEEL
DATE 8/20/85
INITIALS DSW
TEST NO. 1

TEST No. 1

NOTES

Nozzle 1247
Size 1249
1250

144 °F
STACK TEMP

ORIFICE COEFFICIENT CHECK

	SAMPLE TIME (Min.)	P _{bar} (In Hg)	Orifice Δh (In H ₂ O)	Meter Reading (ft ³)	Meter Inlet Temp. (°F)	Meter Outlet Temp. (°F)
FINISH	695.0	29.48	1.0	044523	70	71
START	685.0	29.48	1.0	038.826	70	71
AVG/NET	10.0	29.48	1.0	5.697	70.5	70

$$\Delta H = \frac{(0.03175) (\Delta h) (P_{bar})}{(T_{m-out} + 460)}$$

$$\Delta H = \frac{(0.03175)(10)(29.48)}{(70 + 460)}$$

$$\Delta H = 1.75/1.77$$

$$\left[\frac{(T_{m-avg} + 460) \theta}{(V_m) (P_{bar} + \Delta h/13.6)} \right]^2$$

$$\left[\frac{(70.3 + 460)/10}{(5.697)(29.48 + 1/13.6)} \right]^2$$

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL OFFICE

PITOT TUBE CALIBRATION DATA

SOURCE No. 1 Pusher
PLANT Rouge Steel Co.
DATE 8/20/68
INITIALS DSW-TAD
TEST NO. _____

STACK DIMENSIONS 90" Ø
NIPPLE LENGTH 33 1/4"
STATIC PRESSURE -.30
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE 29.48
TIME _____

Port/ Point	Percent Diameter	Decimal Equiv.	Fraction Equiv.	Total Incl. Nipple	Standard Pitot Tube		"S" Pitot Tube No. 1		"S" Pitot Tube No. 2		Stack Temperature	
					AP	√AP	AP	√AP	AP	√AP	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
SE-1	3.2	2.88	27/8	65/8			.27					
2	10.5	9.45	97/16	13 3/16			.28					
3	19.4	17.46	17 7/16	21 3/16			.33					
4	32.3	29.07	29 1/16	32 13/16			.38					
SW-1							.58	.55				
2							T-1 (.66)	.66				
3							T-2	.67				
4								.65				
NW-1							.50					
2							T-1 (.66)	.66				
3							T-2	.68				
4								.64				
NE-1							.22					
2							.25					
3							.30					
4							.35					
Total												
Average												

Pitot
Tube No. 1 $C_p = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta P_{std}}}{\sqrt{\Delta P_{S-1}}} = \frac{\quad}{\quad}$

Pitot
Tube No. 2 $C_p = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta P_{std}}}{\sqrt{\Delta P_{S-2}}} = \frac{\quad}{\quad}$

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL
CONTROL OFFICE

Source: NO. 1 PULV CONTROL SCRUBBER

Plant: ROUGE STEEL

Date: 8/20/85

Initials: DSW

Test No.: 1

Sampling Train Information

Filter Type	115 A/E	Sample Box No.	2	Nozzle Diameter	.247
Filter No.	95	Probe No.	1	Nozzle Material	SS
Cyclone & Flask No.	—	Probe Material	PIREX	Meter Box No.	2
Silica Gel No.	7	Probe Length	5'	Meter Box ΔH	1.77

Leak Test Data

	Prelim. Reading	Time Date	Initial Reading	Time	Final Reading	Time
Meter and Orifice	OK 8.7	H ₂ O 8/20	OK 9.4	816	OK	
Pump and Surge Tank	OK 20	PSIG 8/20	OK 22	817	OK	
Meter Box, Cord, Sample Box, Probe	OK 15	H ₂ O 8/20	OK 15.4	818	OK 15.4	1347
Pitot Tube Total Pressure Line	OK 7.1	H ₂ O 8/20	OK 5.5	819	OK	
Pitot Tube Static Pressure Line	OK 7.2	H ₂ O 8/20	OK 6.5	817	OK	

Impinger Data

Impinger Number	1	2	3	4
Impinger Contents	H ₂ O	H ₂ O	—	Silica Gel
Final Volume (ml)	175	149	1	241.6
Initial Volume (ml)	150	150	0.25	238.5
Volume Collected (ml)	25	—	1	3.1
	Total			28.1

clean + colorless

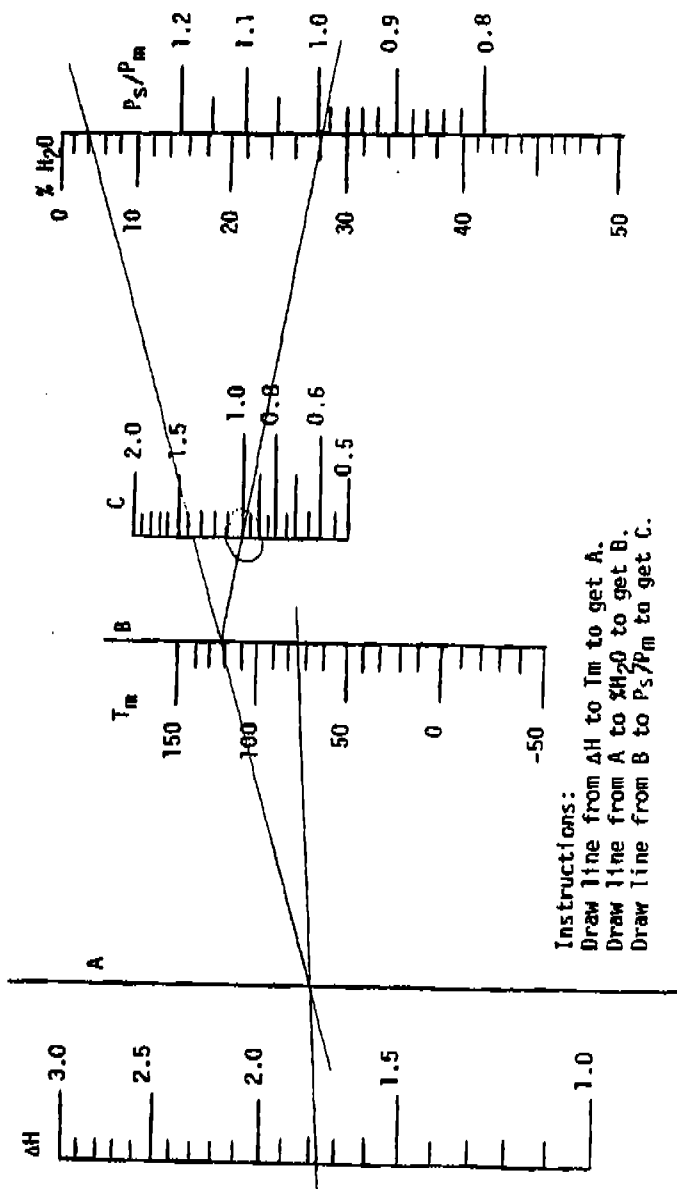
$$25 + 3.1 = 28.1$$

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL OFFICE

$T_m = 75^\circ F$

NOMOGRAPH C FACTOR DETERMINATION

4 % H₂O



Instructions:

- Draw line from Δh to Tm to get A.
- Draw line from A to %H₂O to get B.
- Draw line from B to Ps/Pm to get C.

SOURCE	McL Fish Coastal Scrubber	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	75°F
PLANT	Kouss Steel	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (P _{bar})	29.55
DATE	8/2/55	STATIC PRESSURE (P _{sp})	-1.30
INITIALS	DSW	P _s = P _{bar} + P _{sp} =	
TEST NO.	1	(Assumed Δh)	1.5
METER BOX NO.	2	P _m = P _{bar} + Δh/13.6 =	29.55 + 11 = 29.66
Δh ORIFICE	1.27	P _s /P _m =	.996
		C FACTOR	1.0
		PITOT TUBE Cp	.78
		CORRECTED C FACTOR (C _c) =	(C)(Cp/.85) = 1.0 (78/.85) = .92
		C _c =	.84

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SOURCE: 1634 General Steel TEST NO. 1 CORR. C FACTOR .84 P Bar = 29.55 MCF 10/25/55
 PLANT 1634 STEEL MIN/PNT 1.3 NON. SET POINT 2.0
 DATE 8/20/55 INITIALS Daw

Traverse Point Number	Clock Time	Meter Box Clock Time	Percent O ₂ at Sample Point	Velocity Head, ΔP In. H ₂ O	VAP In. H ₂ O ³	Nomograph ΔH Orifice In. H ₂ O	Meter Reading Ft ³	Pump Vacuum In Hg	Selector Switch Number					
									1	2	3	4	5	6
	Actual	Min	%	In. H ₂ O	In. H ₂ O ³	In. H ₂ O	Ft ³	In Hg	Stack Temperature °F	Sample Box Temperature °F	Gas Temp. Leaving Last Impinger °F	Probe Temperature °F	Gas Temperature Inlet °F	Outlet at Meter °F
SE-1	10:20	700.0	19.9	.41		1.28	646.718	41.0	141	248	57	*	67	65
2		701.3	20.0	.41		1.28	647.561	41.0	143	249	60		68	67
3		702.6	20.0	.41		1.28	648.399	41.0	140	249	59		65	68
4		703.9	19.6	.46		1.43	649.243	41.0	144	250	59		66	66
SW-1		705.2	20.0	.54		1.69	650.113	51.0	144	242	54		67	64
2		706.5	20.1	.70		2.18	651.039	71.0	147	245	58		67	67
3		707.8	19.7	.70		2.18	652.070	70	143	242	61		64	65
4		709.1	19.8	.85		2.0	653.138	61.0	143	252	61		64	65
NW-1		710.4	20.5	.60		1.95	654.173	55	144	250	57		64	65
2		711.7	19.3	.70		2.15	655.179	55	144	251	55		64	65
3		713.0	19.7	.75		2.38	656.234	71.0	145	257	52		65	65
4		714.3	20.0	.70		2.15	657.344	71.0	144	258	60		68	66
NE-1		715.6	19.0	.24		.73	658.444	21.0	147	254	61		67	68
2		716.9	18.9	.29		.89	659.092	21.0	145	247	59		67	68
3		718.0	19.7	.35		1.09	659.638	31.0	146	255	59		67	67
4		719.5	20.0	.45		1.46	660.569	41.0	142	252	58		66	66
	1845	720.8					661.405							
Total														
Average	* PROBE	TEMP	C.T. - K.E.T.	AMPERES	AT	2.4								

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SOURCE No. 1 Ash Control Scrubber
PLANT Kovach Steel
DATE 8/21/85
INITIALS D.W.
TEST NO. T-2

NOTES

TEST NO. 2

STACK TEMP 144 °F
NOZZLE SIZE .249
.249
.250 } .249

ORIFICE COEFFICIENT CHECK

	SAMPLE TIME (Min.)	P _{bar} (In Hg)	Orifice Δh (In H ₂ O)	Meter Reading (ft ³)	Meter Inlet Temp. (°F)	Meter Outlet Temp. (°F)
FINISH						
START						
AVG/NET						

$$\Delta H = \frac{(0.03175) (\Delta h) (P_{bar})}{(T_{m-out} + 460)}$$

$$\Delta H = (0.03175)$$

$$\Delta H = 1.75/1.77$$

$$\left[\frac{(T_{m-avg} + 460) \theta}{(V_m) (P_{bar} + \Delta h/13.6)} \right]^2$$

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL
CONTROL OFFICE

Source: No. 1. Push Control Scrubber

Plant: ROYAL STEEL

Date: 8/21/85

Initials: DSW

Test No.: 2

Sampling Train Information

Filter Type	115 mm A/E	Sample Box No.	1	Nozzle Diameter	.219
Filter No.	96	Probe No.	1	Nozzle Material	SS
Cyclone & Flask No.	—	Probe Material	ALUMINUM	Meter Box No.	2
Silica Gel No.	8	Probe Length	5'	Meter Box ΔH	1.77

Leak Test Data

	Prelim. Reading	Time Date	Initial Reading	Time	Final Reading	Time
Meter and Orifice	AK 25 1/2	7/21 7/20	→			
Pump and Surge Tank	AK 22 1/2	7/21 7/21	→			
Meter Box, Cord, Sample Box, Probe	AK 15 1/2	8/21 8/21	AK 15 1/2	8/21 8/21	AK 15 1/2	1358 8/21
Pitot Tube Total Pressure Line			AK 7.6" H ₂ O	8/21 8/21		
Pitot Tube Static Pressure Line			AK 8.3" H ₂ O	8/21 8/21		

Impinger Data

Impinger Number	1	2	3	4
Impinger Contents	H ₂ O	H ₂ O	—	Silica Gel
Final Volume (ml)	17.8	15.1	0	226.4
Initial Volume (ml)	15.0	15.0	0	223.4
Volume Collected (ml)	2.8	0.1	0	3.4
Total				32.4

CLEAR & Colorless

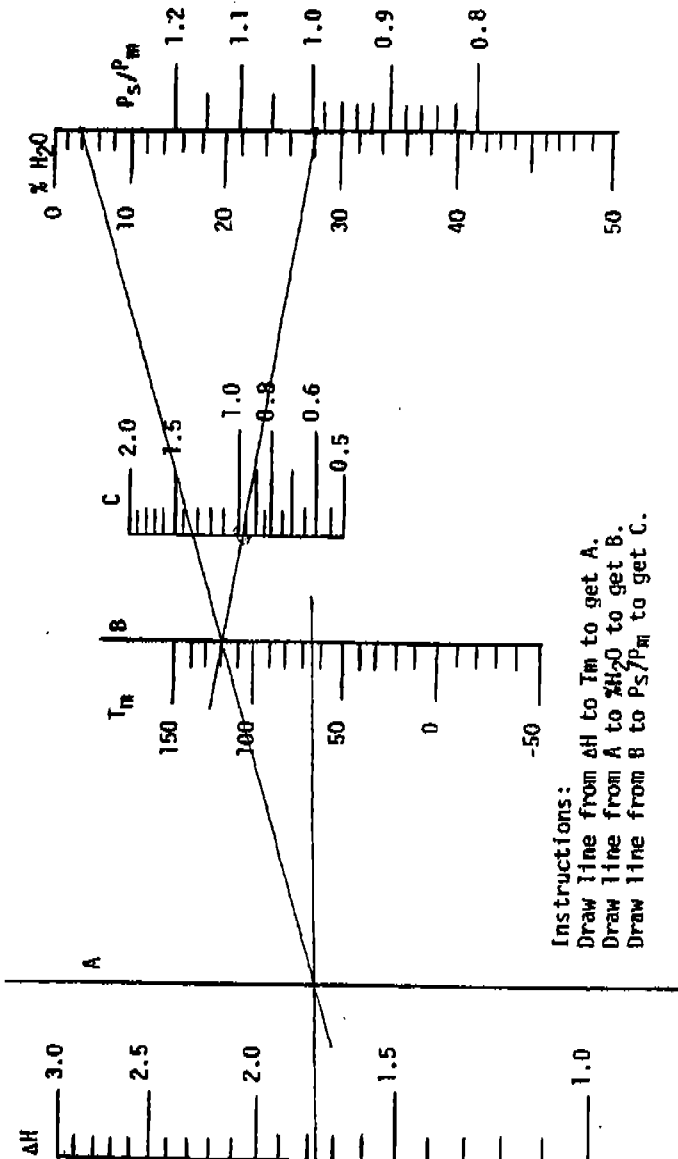
$$29 + 3.4 = 32.4$$

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$T_m = 65^\circ F$

47% H₂O

NOMOGRAPH C FACTOR DETERMINATION



Instructions:
Draw line from ΔH to T_m to get A.
Draw line from A to %H₂O to get B.
Draw line from B to P_s/P_m to get C.

SOURCE No. 1 Park Canyon South Ambient Temperature

PLANT <u>Levee STEEL</u>	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (P_{bar}) <u>29.57</u>
DATE <u>8/21/85</u>	STATIC PRESSURE (P_{sp}) <u>-0.30</u>
INITIALS <u>DSV</u>	$P_s = P_{bar} + P_{sp} =$
TEST NO. <u>2</u>	(Assumed Δh) <u>$\Delta h/13.6 =$</u>
METER BOX NO. <u>2</u>	$P_m = P_{bar} + \Delta h/13.6 =$
ΔH ORIFICE <u>1.77</u>	$P_s/P_m =$ <u>0.926</u>

C FACTOR <u>0.97</u>	PITOT TUBE C_p <u>1.0</u>
CORRECTED C FACTOR, (C_c) = <u>$(C)(C_p/0.85) = 0.97$</u>	
$C_c =$ <u>0.92</u>	

**FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL COM**

SOURCE: <u>401 P.A. Center</u>	TEST NO. <u>2</u>	CORR. C FACTOR <u>.62</u>	$P_{Bar} =$ <u>29.59</u>	MCF <u>40125</u>
PLANT <u>Keweenaw</u>	MIN/PNT <u>1.3</u>	HOW. SET POINT <u>.61</u>		
DATE <u>8/10/57</u>	INITIALS <u>DSW</u>			
				Collection Subst. Number

[illegible]

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL OFFICE

SOURCE No. 1 Ash Control Scrubber
PLANT ROVER STEEL
DATE 6/22/85
INITIALS DOW
TEST NO. T-3

NOTES

TEST No. 3

.249
.250 } .249 Nozzle
.249 } size

144°F Stack Temp

ORIFICE COEFFICIENT CHECK						
	SAMPLE TIME (Min.)	P _{bar} (In Hg)	Orifice Δh (In H ₂ O)	Meter Reading (ft ³)	Meter Inlet Temp. (°F)	Meter Outlet Temp. (°F)
FINISH						
START						
AVG/NET						

$$\Delta H = \frac{(0.03175) (\Delta h) (P_{bar})}{(T_{m-out} + 460)}$$

$$\Delta H = (0.03175)$$

$$\Delta H = 1.75/1.77$$

$$\left[\frac{(T_{m-avg} + 460) \theta}{(V_m) (P_{bar} + \Delta h/13.6)} \right]^2$$

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL
CONTROL OFFICE

Source: No. 1 Push Control Scrubber

Plant: ROUSE STEEL

Date: 8/22/95

Initials: DSW

Test No.: 3

Sampling Train Information

Filter Type	115mm A/E	Sample Box No.	1	Nozzle Diameter	.249
Filter No.	97	Probe No.	1	Nozzle Material	SS
Cyclone & Flask No.	—	Probe Material	PYLEX	Meter Box No.	2
Silica Gel No.	9	Probe Length	5'	Meter Box ΔH	1.77

Leak Test Data

	Prelim. Reading	Time Date	Initial Reading	Time	Final Reading	Time
Meter and Orifice			OK 7.6"			
Pump and Surge Tank			OK 23 PSIG			
Meter Box, Cord, Sample Box, Probe	OK 2.005 CFM @ 15" H ₂ O	7-21-95 1943	OK 2.005 CFM @ 17" H ₂ O	9:05	OK 2.005 CFM @ 14" H ₂ O	1315
Pitot Tube Total Pressure Line			OK 8" H ₂ O	8:04		
Pitot Tube Static Pressure Line			OK 7.3" H ₂ O	8:03		

Impinger Data

Impinger Number	1	2	3	4
Impinger Contents	H ₂ O	H ₂ O	—	Silica Gel
Final Volume (ml)	175	151	0	233.4
Initial Volume (ml)	150	150	0	230.1
Volume Collected (ml)	25	1	0	3.3
	Total			29.3

clear & colorless

$$26 + 3.3 = 29.3$$

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APPENDIX F
PRODUCTION DATA

TEST 1

ROUGE STEEL COMPANY
NO. 1 PUSH CONTROL SCRUBBER
AUGUST 20, 1985

OVEN No.	TIME OF PUSH	TIME CHARGED	NET CHARGE DURATION	Lb. Coal Charged	Scrubber AP (in Hg)
			HRS MIN		
3	0920 ^{8/20}	1441 ^{8/19}	18:39	33,600	3.7 ~ 50" Hg 235 AMPS
13	0928	1450	18:38	N/S	
23	0948	N/R	—	N/S	
33	1007	N/R	—	N/S	
43	1016	1643	17:59	32,960	
57	1027	1037 ^{8/19}	23:50	32,340	
5	1047	1709 ^{8/19}	17:38	N/S	
15	1055	1748	17:07	30,600	
25	1113	1758	17:15	32,860	
35	1131	1815	17:16	33,960	
45	1146	1824	17:22	34,780	
59	1202	1248	23:14	30,600	
7	1253	1846	18:07	34,060	
17	1306	1904	18:02	33,400	
27	1323	1916	18:07	35,060	
37	1342	2058	16:44	33,840	3.7 230 AMPS
				33,170 Avg. of 12	
				Total lb charged based on 12	
				is 530,720	

ROUGE STEEL COMPANY
NO. 1 PUSH CONTROL SCRUBBER
AUGUST 21, 1985

OVEN No.	TIME OF PUSH	TIME CHARGED	NET CHARGE DURATION HRS MIN	Lb. Coal Charged	Scrubber AP (In. Hg)
39	0848	1459	1749	32,640	
49	0930	1537	1753	33,100	
2	0948	1545	1803	31,780	
12	1010	N/R	—	N/R	
22	1022	1718	1704	33,780	
57	1032	—	—	—	
32	1049	1731	1708	33,880	
42	1058	1740	1718	33,100	3.7
4	1108	1747	1721	33,920	
14	1124	1800	1724	30,320	
24	1134	1827	1707	33,840	3.7
44	1145	—	—	—	
34	1303	1857	1806	33,800	
44	1313	1926	1747	33,680	235 AMPS
6	1323	2051	1732	34,460	
16	1356	2145	1711	33,620	
				33,220 Avg.	
				Total lb charged based on 19 is 531,520	

[illegible]

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APPENDIX G
LABORATORY DATA SHEETS

237

NO. 1 PUSH CONTROL SCRUBBER
 ROUSE STEEL COMPANY
 PARTICULATE, CONDENSABLE SURVEY

Aug. 20-22, 1985

1985

T. N. n)

31

18

37

39

79

59

5

14

97

56

49

05

TEST NO.	FILTER OR DRY NO.	SAMPLE ID	INITIAL WEIGHT (Gm)			FINAL WEIGHT (Gm)			NET GAIN (Gm)	
			1	2	Avg.	1	2	Avg.		
1	95	FILTER	2.2849	2.2851	2.2850	2.2918	2.2920	2.2919	0.0069	
2	46	FILTER	2.2763	2.2765	2.2764	2.2839	2.2841	2.2840	0.0076	
3	97	R	2.3044	2.3044	2.3044	2.3109	2.3110	2.3110	0.0066	
1	23	POROUS	138.7842	138.7844	138.7843	138.7473	138.7475	138.7474	0.0131	ml
2	17	POROUS	124.1847	124.1849	124.1848	124.2014	124.2016	124.2015	0.0167	345
3	18	POROUS	116.5822	116.5823	116.5823	116.5405	116.5407	116.5406	0.0083	225
1	4	HEADS	131.6999	131.6999	131.6999	131.7128	131.7128	131.7128	0.0129	425
2	20	HEADS	113.7010	113.7012	113.7011	113.7197	113.7199	113.7198	0.0187	430
3	29	HEADS	115.2221	115.2223	115.2222	115.2360	115.2362	115.2361	0.0139	425
34	34	350W	122.1072	122.1074	122.1073	122.1075	122.1075	122.1075	0.0002	250
9	9	100W	125.1658	125.1658	125.1658	125.1661	125.1661	125.1661	0.0003	100

BLANK CORRECTIONS

TEST NO.	PROBE WASH (ACETONE)			CONDENSABLES (D.I. H ₂ O)		
	VOLUME (ml)	CORRECTION (Gm)	Net Gain (Gm)	VOLUME (ml)	CORRECTION (Gm)	Net Gain (Gm)
1	245	.0002	0.0129	300	.0009	0.0120
2	395	.0003	0.0165	300	.0009	0.0178
3	225	.0002	0.0081	300	.0009	0.0130

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APPENDIX H
SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

GAS FLOW ANALYSIS

SOURCE - ROUCE STEEL CO. NO.1 PUSH CONTROL SCRUBBER

TEST - 1

MEASURED DATA

STACK DIAMETER	DS	90.0	IN.
STACK GAS TEMPERATURE	TS	144.	DEC F
STACK STATIC PRESSURE	PSP	-0.30	INCHES H2O
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE	PBAR	29.55	INCHES HG
PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT	CP	0.78	
AVERAGE SQ. ROOT OF VELOCITY PRESSURE	DELPU	0.714	IN.H2O**0.5

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF WET EXHAUST GAS

MMW

$$MMW = (MWD / 100.) * (100. - ZM) + 0.18 * ZM$$

$$MMW = (29.00 / 100.) * (100. - 8.222) + 0.18 * 8.222$$

$$MMW = 28.10 \text{ LB/LB-MOLE}$$

STACK GAS PRESSURE

PS

$$PS = PBAR + (PSP / 13.6)$$

$$PS = 29.55 + (-0.3000 / 13.6)$$

$$PS = 29.53 \text{ IN. HG.}$$

STACK GAS VELOCITY AT STACK CONDITIONS

VS

$$VS = 5128.8 * CP * DELPV * \text{SQRT}((TS + 460.) / (PS * MMW))$$

$$VS = 5128.8 * 0.7800 * 0.7136 * \text{SQRT}((144.2 + 460.) / (29.53 * 28.10))$$

$$VS = 2436. \text{ FT./MIN.}$$

STACK GAS VELOCITY AT STANDARD CONDITIONS

VSTD

$$VSTD = 17.647 * VS * PS / (TS + 460.)$$

$$VSTD = 17.647 * 2436. * 29.53 / (144.2 + 460.)$$

$$VSTD = 2101. \text{ FT./MIN.}$$

STACK AREA - ROUND

AS

$$AS = PI * (DS ** 2) / 4. / 12. ** 2$$

$$AS = 3.142 * (90.00 ** 2) / 4. / 12. ** 2$$

$$AS = 44.18 \text{ SQ. FT.}$$

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

STACK GAS FLOW QS

$$QS = VS * AS$$

$$QS = 2436. * 44.18$$

$$QS = 107608. \text{ ACFM}$$

STACK GAS FLOW AT WET STANDARD CONDITIONS QWSTD

$$QWSTD = VSTD * AS$$

$$QWSTD = 2181. * 44.18$$

$$QWSTD = 92830. \text{ WSCFM}$$

STACK GAS FLOW AT DRY STANDARD CONDITIONS QDSTD

$$QDSTD = QWSTD * (1. -(\%M / 100.))$$

$$QDSTD = 92830. * (1. -(0.222 / 100.))$$

$$QDSTD = 85200. \text{ DSCFM}$$

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

PARTICULATE ANALYSIS

SOURCE - ROUGE STEEL CO. NO. 1 PUSH CONTROL SCRUBBER

TEST - 1

MEASURED DATA

METERED SAMPLE VOLUME	VM	14.687	ACT. CU. FT.
METER CORRECTION FACTOR	DGMCF	1.0135	
AVERAGE METER TEMPERATURE	TM	66.	DEG F
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE DROP	DELH	1.62	INCHES H2O
VOLUME OF H2O CONDENSATE	VI	25.0	ML
WEIGHT OF H2O ADSORBED	VSG	3.1	GRAMS
NOZZLE DIAMETER	DN	0.2490	INCHES
TOTAL SAMPLE TIME	THETA	21.	MINUTES
WEIGHT OF PROBE CATCH	WPROBE	0.0129	GRAMS
WEIGHT OF FILTER CATCH	WF	0.0069	GRAMS
WEIGHT OF CONDENSABLES	WC	0.0120	GRAMS

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

CORRECTED VOLUME OF GAS THROUGH METER - STANDARD CONDITIONS VMSTD

$$VMSTD = 17.647 * VM * (PBAR + DELH / 13.6) / (TM + 460.) * DCMCF$$

$$VMSTD = 17.647 * 14.69 * (29.55 + 1.619 / 13.6) / (66.38 + 460.) * 1.014$$

$$VMSTD = 14.81 \text{ CU. FT.}$$

VOLUME OF WATER VAPOR CONDENSED - STANDARD CONDITIONS VMSTD

$$VMSTD = 0.0472 * (VI + VSC)$$

$$VMSTD = 0.0472 * (25.00 + 3.100)$$

$$VMSTD = 1.326 \text{ CU. FT.}$$

TOTAL SAMPLE VOLUME (CORRECTED) AT STANDARD CONDITIONS VTSTD

$$VTSTD = VMSTD + VMSTD$$

$$VTSTD = 14.81 + 1.326$$

$$VTSTD = 16.13 \text{ CU. FT.}$$

PERCENT MOISTURE IN EXHAUST GAS XM

$$XM = 100. * VMSTD / VTSTD$$

$$XM = 100. * 1.326 / 16.13$$

$$XM = 8.222 \%$$

NOZZLE AREA AN

$$AN = PI * (DN **2) / 4. / 12.**2$$

$$AN = 3.142 * (0.2490 **2) / 4. / 12.**2$$

$$AN = 3.38E-04 \text{ SQ. FT.}$$

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

ISOKINETIC RATIO

I

$$I = 100. * VTSTD / (THETA * AN * VSTD)$$

$$I = 100. * 16.13 / (20.88 * 3.38E-04 * 2101.)$$

$$I = 109.2 \%$$

TOTAL WEIGHT OF PARTICULATE MATTER COLLECTED

WPT

$$WPT = WPROBE + WF$$

$$WPT = 0.01290 + 0.00690$$

$$WPT = 0.01980 \text{ GRAMS}$$

PARTICULATE CONCENTRATION AT STACK CONDITIONS

CSTK

$$CSTK = 15.43 * 17.647 * PS * WPT / (VTSTD * (TS + 460.))$$

$$CSTK = 15.43 * 17.647 * 29.53 * 0.01980 / (16.13 * (144.2 + 460.))$$

$$CSTK = 0.01633 \text{ GR/ACF}$$

PARTICULATE WEIGHT CONCENTRATION AT DRY STANDARD CONDITIONS

WCD

$$WCD = 849.0 * WPT / (VNSTD * MWD)$$

$$WCD = 849.0 * 0.01980 / (14.81 * 29.00)$$

$$WCD = 0.03915 \text{ \#/1000\# DRY}$$

PARTICULATE WEIGHT CONCENTRATION AT WET STANDARD CONDITIONS

WCM

$$WCM = 849.0 * WPT / (VTSTD * MWU)$$

$$WCM = 849.0 * 0.01980 / (16.13 * 28.10)$$

$$WCM = 0.03709 \text{ \#/1000\# WET}$$

PARTICULATE FLOW RATE

WR

$$WR = 0.132 * WPT * QVSTD / VTSTD$$

$$WR = 0.132 * 0.01980 * 92830. / 16.13$$

$$WR = 15.04 \text{ LB/HR}$$

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

CONDENSABLE CONCENTRATION AT STACK CONDITIONS

CSTK-C

$$CSTK-C = 15.43 * 17.647 * PS * WC / (VTSTD * (TS + 460.))$$

$$CSTK-C = 15.43 * 17.647 * 29.53 * 0.01200 / (16.13 * (144.2 + 460.))$$

$$CSTK-C = 0.00990 \text{ GR/ACF}$$

CONDENSABLE WEIGHT CONCENTRATION AT DRY STANDARD CONDITIONS

WCD-C

$$WCD-C = 849.0 * WC / (VHSTD * MWD)$$

$$WCD-C = 849.0 * 0.01200 / (14.91 * 29.00)$$

$$WCD-C = 0.02373 \text{ \#/1000\# DRY}$$

CONDENSABLE WEIGHT CONCENTRATION AT WET STANDARD CONDITIONS

WCW-C

$$WCW-C = 849.0 * WC / (VTSTD * HMW)$$

$$WCW-C = 849.0 * 0.01200 / (16.13 * 28.10)$$

$$WCW-C = 0.02248 \text{ \#/1000\# WET}$$

CONDENSABLE FLOW RATE

WR-C

$$WR-C = 0.132 * WC * QVSTD / VTSTD$$

$$WR-C = 0.132 * 0.01200 * 92830. / 16.13$$

$$WR-C = 9.115 \text{ LB/HR}$$

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

A. Determination of loss - Coal to Coke

Assumptions:

1. All moisture in the coal is driven off
2. Five sixths of the volatile coal content is driven off--calculated on an "as-received" basis.

Results of Analyses from Rouge Steel Coke Oven Laboratory

	<u>Aug.20</u>	<u>Aug.21</u>	<u>Aug.22</u>
% Moisture	7.30	7.34	7.20
% Volatiles (Dry)	32.40	32.20	31.74
% Volatiles (As Rec'd)	30.03	29.84	29.45

(Results shown above correspond with analyses of coal samples obtained on August 19-21--when the ovens tested were charged.)

Assuming that the total losses from coal to coke are from the loss of moisture and 5/6 of the volatiles, the coal/coke conversion factors are determined as follows:

	<u>Test 1</u>	<u>Test 2</u>	<u>Test 3</u>
5/6 x % Volatiles (As Rec'd)	25.03	24.87	24.54
% Moisture	7.30	7.34	7.20
Total Losses (5/6 V + M)	32.33	32.21	31.74
Conversion Factor	.6767	.6779	.6826

B. Determination of Emission Rate in Lb Particulate/Ton of Coke Pushed

<u>Lb Particulate</u> <u>Ton Coke Pushed</u>	<u>Emissions Lb</u> <u>Hr</u>	<u>Hr</u> <u>60 Min.</u>	<u>Min</u> <u>Test</u>	<u>Test</u> <u>Lb Coal</u>	<u>Lb Coal</u> <u>Lb Coke</u>	<u>2000 Lb</u> <u>Ton</u>
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Test 1

$$0.029 = \frac{15.0}{60} \times \frac{20.8}{530,700} \times .6767 \times 2000$$

Test 2

$$0.0341 = \frac{17.7}{60} \times \frac{20.8}{531,500} \times .6779 \times 2000$$

Test 3

$$0.0205 = \frac{10.8}{60} \times \frac{20.8}{535,000} \times .6826 \times 2000$$

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APPENDIX I
CALIBRATION DATA

FORD MOTOR COMPANY
STATIONARY SOURCE ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL OFFICE

PITOT TUBE CALIBRATION DATA

SOURCE WIND TUNNEL
PLANT SSBCO
DATE 5-17-85
INITIALS TD
TEST NO. CAWBRMAN

STACK DIMENSIONS 5' PROBES
NIPPLE LENGTH _____
STATIC PRESSURE _____
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE _____
TIME _____

Port/ Point	Percent Diameter	Decimal Equiv.	Fraction Equiv.	Total Incl. Nipple	Standard Pitot Tube		"S" Pitot Tube No. 1		"S" Pitot Tube No. 2		Stack Temperature	
					ΔP	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	ΔP	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	ΔP	$\sqrt{\Delta P}$	Dry Bulb	Wet Bulb
Pt 8"			High		.54	.735	.92	.959	.87	.933		
			Med		.37	.608	.61	.781	.58	.761		
			Lo		.20	.447	.33	.574	.32	.566		
			Hi				.77		.79			
			Med				.78	.78	.80		.79	
			Lo				.78		.79			
Total												
Average							.78		.79			

Pitot
Tube No. 1

$$C_p = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta P_{std}}}{\sqrt{\Delta P_{S-1}}} =$$

.78

Pitot

Tube No. 2

$$C_p = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta P_{std}}}{\sqrt{\Delta P_{S-2}}} = .79 =$$

SEFLO METER BOX NO. 2 CALIBRATION DATA

DATE: 87/02/05
INITIALS: JMM
BAR. PRESS.: 29.35

STD. METER NO.: 716592
BOX-METER NO.: 285284
NO. OF TRIALS: 9

TRIAL NO.	TIME MIN. SEC.	DEL. P. IN. H ₂ O	START CU. FT.	FINISH CU. FT.	NET CU. FT.	VOL. STP SCF	CORR. VOL. SCF
1	15.0 78.0	-0.258	938.398	936.343	5.953	5.727	5.734
2	15.0 77.5	-0.270	936.343	943.789	7.446	7.170	7.170
3	15.0 77.5	-0.280	943.789	952.308	8.519	8.203	8.203
4	10.0 78.0	-0.330	952.308	958.651	6.343	6.101	6.108
5	10.0 78.0	-0.350	958.651	965.532	6.881	6.609	6.616
6	10.0 78.0	-0.380	965.532	973.078	7.546	7.247	7.254
7	10.0 78.0	-0.420	973.078	981.103	8.025	7.718	7.726
8	8.0 78.0	-0.470	981.103	988.346	7.243	6.945	6.952
9	8.0 78.0	-0.540	988.346	996.316	7.970	7.662	7.671

TRIAL NO.	T-IN MIN. SEC.	T-OUT MIN. SEC.	DEL. P. IN. H ₂ O	START CU. FT.	FINISH CU. FT.	STP VOL. SCF	DELTA CORR.	
							W	DEL. H.
1	79.3	76.3	0.500	457.538	463.463	5.925	1.86	1.86
2	84.0	80.6	0.750	463.463	470.855	7.392	1.81	1.76
3	88.0	84.6	1.000	470.855	479.358	8.503	1.84	1.79
4	91.0	87.0	1.250	479.358	485.715	6.357	1.83	1.78
5	93.0	88.6	1.500	485.715	492.597	6.882	1.88	1.83
6	94.6	89.6	1.750	492.597	500.169	7.572	1.82	1.77
7	95.3	91.4	2.000	500.169	508.233	8.064	1.83	1.78
8	96.8	91.0	2.500	508.233	515.530	7.297	1.78	1.73
9	97.0	91.6	3.000	515.530	523.592	8.062	1.75	1.70

AVERAGE METER CORRECTION FACTOR: 1.0135
AVERAGE CORRECTED CALIBRATION CONSTANT (DELTA H): 1.77