

Note: This is a reference cited in AP 42, *Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume I Stationary Point and Area Sources*. AP42 is located on the EPA web site at www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/

The file name refers to the reference number, the AP42 chapter and section. The file name "ref02_c01s02.pdf" would mean the reference is from AP42 chapter 1 section 2. The reference may be from a previous version of the section and no longer cited. The primary source should always be checked.

AP-42 Section	12.2
Reference	
Report Sect.	4
Reference	50

ENTROPY

ENVIRONMENTALISTS INC.

POST OFFICE BOX 12291
RESEARCH TRIANGLE PARK
NORTH CAROLINA 27709-2291
919-781-3550

Reviewed
KS

STATIONARY SOURCE SAMPLING REPORT

EEI REF. NO. 2632

MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY

MOUNDSVILLE, WEST VIRGINIA

PARTICULATE EMISSIONS COMPLIANCE TESTING

#1 AND 2 INCINERATOR OUTLET STACKS

SEPTEMBER 24-27, 1984

RECEIVED

1984 NOV 21 PM 12:02

AIR POLLUTION
CONTROL COMMISSION

ATTACHMENT III

COMPLIANCE TESTING REPORT

Submitted by:

ENTROPY ENVIRONMENTALISTS, INC.

REPORT CERTIFICATION

The sampling and analysis performed for this report was carried out under my direction and supervision.

Date October 19, 1984

Signature Neill M. Harden

Neill M. Harden

I have reviewed all testing details and results in this test report and hereby certify that the test report is authentic and accurate.

Date October 19, 1984

Signature D. James Grove

D. James Grove, P.E.

ENTROPY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
1. INTRODUCTION	1-1
1.1 Source	
1.2 Testing Program	
1.4 Test Participants	
2. SUMMARY OF RESULTS	2-1
3. PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION	3-1
3.1 Process Description	
3.2 Source Air Flow Description	
4. SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES	4-1
4.1 General	
4.2 Sampling Points	
4.3 Flue Gas Velocity and Molecular Weight	
4.4 Particulate Emissions	
4.5 Sampling Equipment	
5. APPENDICES	5-1
5.1 Testing Results and Example Calculations	
5.1.1 #2 Incinerator Outlet Stack	
5.1.1.1 Normal Load, Example Calculations	
5.1.1.2 Maximum Load	
5.1.2 #1 Incinerator Outlet Stack	
5.1.2.1 Normal Load	
5.1.2.2 Maximum Load	
5.2 Field and Analytical Data	
5.2.1 #2 Incinerator Outlet Stack	
5.2.1.1 Normal Load	
5.2.1.2 Maximum Load	
5.2.2 #1 Incinerator Outlet Stack	
5.2.2.1 Normal Load	
5.2.2.2 Maximum Load	
5.3 Sampling and Analytical Procedures	
5.4 Calibration Data	

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Source. Mountaineer Carbon Company (MOCAR) in Moundsville, West Virginia, uses incinerators to combust emissions from the coke production processes; this report covers stationary source sampling performed at the outlier stacks exhausting the #1 and 2 incinerators.

1.2 Testing Program. Stationary source sampling was performed for MOCAR on September 24 through 27, 1984. Table 1-1 is a sampling log which gives the sampling locations, test dates, operating conditions, sampling objectives and methods used, and the run numbers.

TABLE 1-1
SAMPLING LOG

Sampling Location	Test Date	Operating Condition	Sampling Objective	Method	Run Number
#2 Incinerator	9/24	Normal Rate	Particulate	EPA 5	1 to 3
	9/25	Maximum Rate	Particulate	EPA 5	4 to 6
#1 Incinerator	9/26	Normal Rate	Particulate	EPA 5	7 to 9
	9/27	Maximum Rate	Particulate	EPA 5	10 to 12

1.3 Test Participants. Table 1-2 lists the personnel present during the testing program.

TABLE 1-2
TEST PARTICIPANTS

Jonathan Greenburg	Standard Oil Company of Ohio	Test Coordinator
Neill M. Harden	Entropy	Project Director
Steve Terll	Entropy	Engineering Technician
G. Dale Farley	West Virginia Air Pollution Control Commission	Test Observer

2. SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Table 2-1 summarizes the particulate emission rates and concentrations from the testing performed on the outlet stacks of incinerators #1 and 2. Run-by-run summaries of the results are presented in Tables 2-2 through 2-5; refer to the list of tables below for a cross-reference. Detailed results are provided in Appendix 5.1, while the field and analytical data can be found in Appendix 5.2

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Title</u>	<u>Table</u>
Particulate Emission Rates & Concentrations Summary	2-1
#2 Incinerator Particulate Tests Summary	
Normal Rate	2-2
Maximum Rate	2-3
#1 Incinerator Particulate Tests Summary	
Normal Rate	2-4
Maximum Rate	2-5

TABLE 2-1
PARTICULATE EMISSION RATES & CONCENTRATIONS SUMMARY

#2 Incinerator Outlet Stack

Normal Rate:	Run Number			Average
	1	2	3	
Emission Rate, lb/hr	8.18	11.4	6.25	8.61
Concentration, gr/DSCF	0.0145	0.0203	0.0110	0.0153
Maximum Rate:				
	4	5	6	Average
Emission Rate, lb/hr	23.8	26.7	19.1	23.2
Concentration, gr/DSCF	0.0318	0.0357	0.0243	0.0306

#1 Incinerator Outlet Stack

Normal Rate:	Run Number			Average
	7	8	9	
Emission Rate, lb/hr	29.9	19.5	19.6	23.0
Concentration, gr/DSCF	0.0516	0.0340	0.0329	0.0395
Maximum Rate:				
	10	11	12	Average
Emission Rate, lb/hr	13.3	10.5	26.1	16.6
Concentration, gr/DSCF	0.0153	0.0126	0.0323	0.0201

TABLE 2-2
#2 INCINERATOR PARTICULATE TESTS SUMMARY
Normal Rate

	1	2	3
Test Date	09/24/84	09/24/84	09/24/84
<u>Test Train Parameters:</u>			
Volume of Dry Gas Sampled, SCF*	44,882	45,540	45,277
Percent Isokinetic	104.2	106.3	105.3
<u>Flue Gas Parameters:</u>			
Temperature, Deg. F	1,826	1,841	1,838
Flue Gas Flow Rates SCFM*, Dry	65,592	65,723	65,978
ACFM, Wet	340,150	347,487	347,130
Percent Excess Air	74.2	62.4	60.1
<u>Method 5 Particulate:</u>			
Concentration, Grains/DSCF*	0.0145	0.0203	0.0110
Emission Rate, Lbs per Hour	8.18	11.4	6.25

* 68 Deg. F. - 29.92 in. Hg.

TABLE 2-3
#2 INCINERATOR PARTICULATE TESTS SUMMARY
Maximum Rate

	4	5	6
Run Date	09/25/84	09/25/84	09/25/84
<u>Test Train Parameters:</u>			
Volume of Dry Gas Sampled, SCF*	34.723	35.176	36.787
Percent Isokinetic	108.6	110.1	109.7
<u>Flue Gas Parameters:</u>			
Temperature, Deg. F	1,892	1,913	1,915
Flue Gas Flow Rates SCFM*, Dry	87,476	87,411	91,753
SCFM, Wet	464,522	469,073	490,558
Percent Excess Air	62.9	60.2	59.0
<u>Method 5 Particulate:</u>			
Concentration, Grains/DSCF*	0.0318	0.0357	0.0243
Emission Rate, Lbs per Hour	23.8	26.7	19.1

* 68 Deg. F. - 29.92 in. Hg.

TABLE 2-4
 #1 INCINERATOR PARTICULATE TESTS SUMMARY
 Normal Rate

	7	8	9
Run Date	09/26/84	09/26/84	09/26/84
<u>Test Train Parameters:</u>			
Volume of Dry Gas Sampled, SCF*	45.237	45.597	46.901
Percent Isokinetic	102.0	104.5	102.4
<u>Flue Gas Parameters:</u>			
Temperature, Deg. F	1,808	1,814	1,826
Flue Gas Flow Rates SCFM*, Dry	67,504	66,956	69,710
ACFM, Wet	343,850	344,413	363,210
Percent Excess Air	73.6	65.4	65.4
<u>Method 5 Particulate:</u>			
Concentration, Grains/DSCF*	0.0516	0.0340	0.0329
Emission Rate, Lbs per Hour	29.9	19.5	19.6

* 68 Deg. F. - 29.92 in. Hg.

TABLE 2-5
#1 INCINERATOR PARTICULATE TESTS SUMMARY
Maximum Rate

	10	11	12
Run Date	09/27/84	09/27/84	09/27/84
<u>Test Train Parameters:</u>			
Volume of Dry Gas Sampled, SCF*	40.881	39.204	37.741
Percent Isokinetic	109.6	110.2	109.3
<u>Flue Gas Parameters:</u>			
Temperature, Deg. F	1,843	1,879	1,832
Flue Gas Flow Rates SCFM*, Dry	102,042	97,283	94,480
ACFM, Wet	524,543	508,353	484,176
Percent Excess Air	70.0	78.8	71.5
<u>Method 5 Particulate:</u>			
Concentration, Grains/DSCF*	0.0153	0.0126	0.0323
Emission Rate, Lbs per Hour	13.3	10.5	26.1

* 68 Deg. F. - 29.92 in. Hg.

3. PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

3.1 Process Description. The Mountaineer Carbon Company in Moundsville, West Virginia operates two rotary calciners for the production of calcined coke. The emissions control system serving each calciner includes an incinerator for the destruction of volatile materials. The testing covered in this report was performed on the #1 and 2 incinerators.

Green coke is fed into the elevated end of each inclined rotary calciner and flows counter-currently to the hot gases introduced through a natural gas-fired burner. As the coke is heated to the calciner temperature of approximately 2,700 degrees Fahrenheit, volatile hydrocarbons and water are removed and introduced into the gas stream along with entrained coke particles. When necessary, the incinerator is fired with natural gas to maintain the desired temperature.

3.2 Source Air Flow Description. As shown schematically in Figure 3-1, the off gases pass through a spill hopper and a primary hopper where raw coke and heavy particles are removed and recycled back to the calciner. The gases then pass to an incinerator where the volatile matter is reduced to carbon dioxide and water. From the incinerator, the gases are vented directly to the atmosphere through the stack.

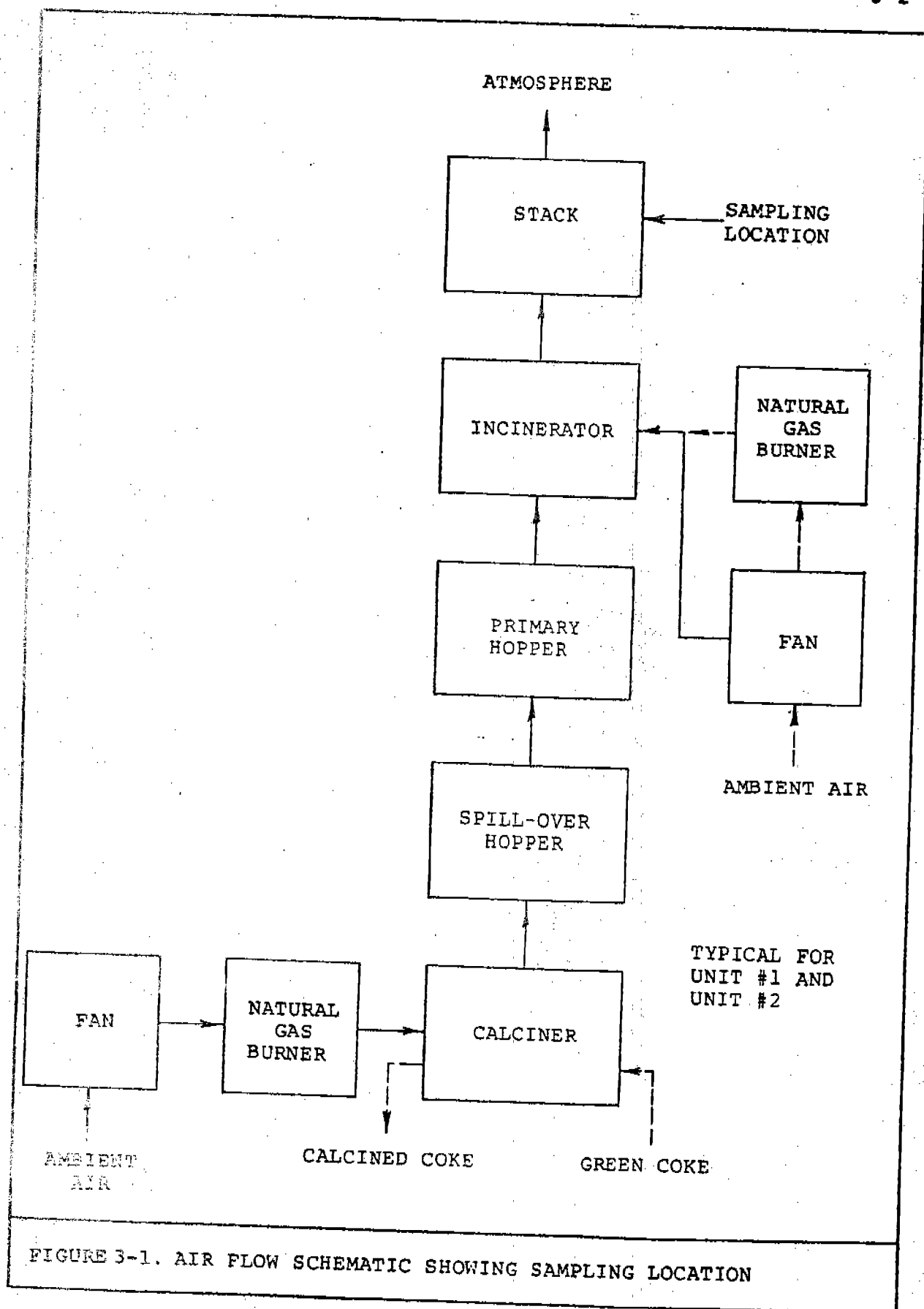


FIGURE 3-1. AIR FLOW SCHEMATIC SHOWING SAMPLING LOCATION

4. SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

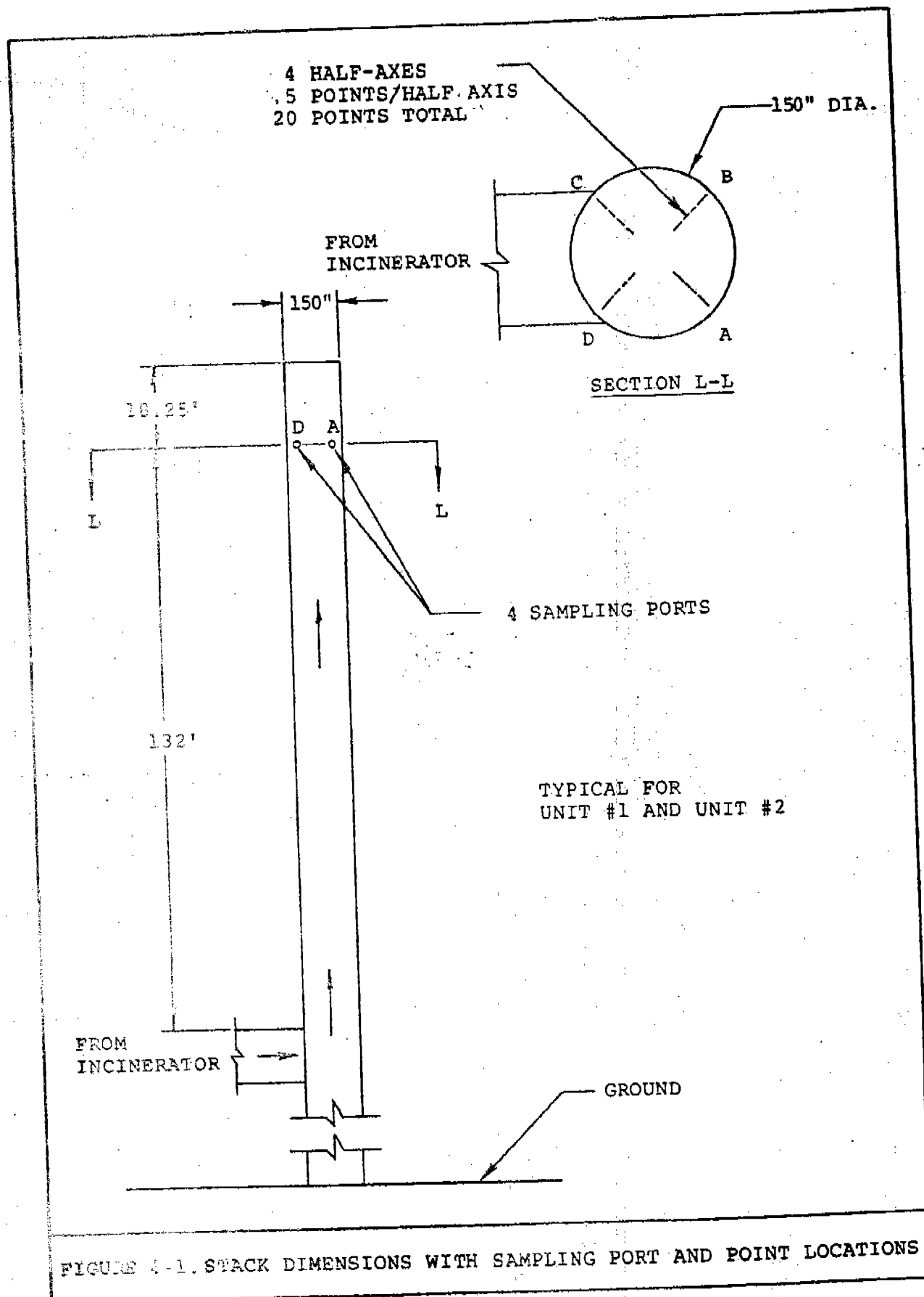
4.1 General. All sampling and analytical procedures used were those generally recommended by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the West Virginia Air Pollution Control Commission. Details of the sampling equipment and procedures used are described in Appendix 5.3, which is extracted from 40 CFR (Code of the Federal Regulations) Part 60.

4.2 Sampling Points. The number and location of the sampling points were determined following the procedures outlined in EPA Method 1 as promulgated September 30, 1983. The #1 and 2 incinerator outlet stack cross sections were divided into 20 equal areas, i.e., five sampling points on each of four half-axes (labeled A through D) as shown in Figure 4-1.

4.3 Flue Gas Velocity and Molecular Weight. Flue gas velocity and volumetric air flow rates were determined according to EPA Method 2. The composition and molecular weight of the flue gases were determined using EPA Method 3.

4.4 Particulate Emissions. EPA Method 5 sampling and analytical procedures were used to determine the particulate emissions. The centroid of each of the 20 equal areas was sampled for three minutes, resulting in a net run time of 60 minutes.

4.5 Sampling Equipment. All sampling equipment was manufactured by Harsco Corporation or by Entropy. Pertinent calibration data is provided in Appendix 5.4



5. APPENDICES

ENTROPY

TESTING RESULTS AND EXAMPLE CALCULATIONS

ENTROPY

#2 INCINERATOR OUTLET STACK

ENTROPY

NORMAL LOAD

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA & RESULTS TABULATION

PLANT: Mountaineer Carbon Company, Moundsville, West Virginia

RUN	SAMPLING LOCATION	TEST TEAM LEADER		
1	Unit #2 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden		
2	Unit #2 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden		
3	Unit #2 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden		
		1	2	3
	RUN DATE	09/24/84	09/24/84	09/24/84
	RUN START TIME	751	943	1140
	RUN FINISH TIME	905	1055	1252
	NET SAMPLING POINTS	20	20	20
Theta	NET RUN TIME, MINUTES	60.00	60.00	60.00
Dis	NOZZLE DIAMETER, INCHES	0.496	0.494	0.494
Cp	PILOT TUBE COEFFICIENT	0.840	0.840	0.840
Y	DRY GAS METER CAL. FACTOR	1.005	1.005	1.005
Pbar	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG.	29.30	29.30	29.30
Delta H	AVG. PRESS. DIFFERENTIAL OF ORIFICE METER, IN. H2O	1.956	2.010	2.015
Vm	VOLUME OF METERED GAS SAMPLE DRY ACTUAL CUBIC FEET	48.065	48.763	48.567
tm	DRY GAS METER TEMP., DEG. F	99	99	100
Vm(std)	VOLUME OF METERED GAS SAMPLE @ DRY STD. COND., DSCF*	44.882	45.540	45.277
Vlc	VOLUME OF WATER CATCH IN IMPINGERS & SIL. GEL., ML	163.5	180.5	175.5
Vw(std)	VOLUME OF WATER VAPOR, SCF*	7.696	8.496	8.261
YH2O	MOISTURE, PERCENT BY VOLUME	14.6	15.7	15.4
Mfd	DRY MOLE FRACTION	0.854	0.843	0.846

(continued next page)

		1	2	3
%CO ₂	PERCENT CO ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	6.0	6.6	6.8
%O ₂	PERCENT O ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	9.5	8.6	8.4
%CO+N ₂	PERCENT CO + N ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	84.5	84.8	84.8
M _d	DRY MOLECULAR WT, LB/LB-MOLE	29.34	29.40	29.42
M _s	WET MOLECULAR WT, LB/LB-MOLE	27.68	27.61	27.66
P _s	GAS STATIC PRESS., IN H ₂ O	-0.35	-0.35	-0.30
P _a	ABSOLUTE GAS PRESS., IN HG	29.27	29.27	29.28
t _s	FLUE GAS TEMPERATURE, DEG. F	1,826	1,841	1,838
Delta P	AVG VELOCITY HEAD, IN. H ₂ O	0.1467	0.1517	0.1519
v _s	FLUE GAS VELOCITY, FT/SEC	46.2	47.2	47.1
A	STACK/DUCT AREA, SQUARE IN.	17,671	17,671	17,671
Q _{sd}	GAS FLOW RATE, DRY SCFM*	65,592	65,723	65,978
Q _{sw}	GAS FLOW RATE, WET ACFM	340,150	347,487	347,130
%I	PERCENT ISOKINETIC	104.2	106.3	105.3
%EA	PERCENT EXCESS AIR	74.2	62.4	60.1
METHOD 5 PARTICULATE:				
m _s	CATCH, MILLIGRAMS	42.3	59.9	32.4
Gr/DSCF	CONCEN., GRAINS PER DSCF*	0.0145	0.0203	0.0110
Lb/Hr	EMISSION RATE, LBS/HOUR	8.18	11.4	6.25

* 68 Deg. F = 29.92 in. Hg.

EXAMPLE PARTICULATE TEST CALCULATIONS NO. 1

Unit #2 Incinerator Stack

VOLUME OF DRY GAS SAMPLED AT STANDARD CONDITIONS

$$V_m(\text{std}) = 17.64 * Y * V_m * \frac{(P_{\text{bar}} + \Delta H/13.6)}{(460 + t_m)}$$

$$V_m(\text{std}) = 17.64 * 1.005 * 48.065 * \frac{(29.30 + 1.956/13.6)}{(460 + 99)} = 44.882 \text{ DSCF}$$

VOLUME OF WATER VAPOR AT STANDARD CONDITIONS

$$V_w(\text{std}) = 0.04707 * V_{\text{ic}}$$

$$V_w(\text{std}) = 0.04707 * 163.5 = 7.696 \text{ SCF}$$

PERCENT MOISTURE, BY VOLUME, AS MEASURED IN FLUE GAS

$$\%H_2O = 100 * V_w(\text{std}) / (V_w(\text{std}) + V_m(\text{std}))$$

$$\%H_2O = \frac{7.696}{7.696 + 44.882} * 100 = 14.6 \%$$

DRY MOLE FRACTION OF FLUE GAS

$$M_{\text{fd}} = 1 - \%H_2O/100$$

$$M_{\text{fd}} = 1 - 14.6/100 = 0.854$$

DRY MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF FLUE GAS

$$M_d = \%CO_2 * 0.44 + \%O_2 * 0.32 + \%CO+N_2 * 0.28$$

$$M_d = 8.0 * 0.44 + 9.5 * 0.32 + 84.5 * 0.28 = 29.34 \text{ LB/LB-MOLE}$$

WET MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF FLUE GAS

$$M_s = (M_d * M_{\text{fd}}) + (0.18 * \%H_2O)$$

$$M_s = 29.34 * 0.854 + (0.18 * 14.6) = 27.68 \text{ LB/LB-MOLE}$$

ENTROPY

ABSOLUTE FLUE GAS PRESSURE

$$P_s = P_{bar} + P_s / 13.6$$

$$P_s = 27.80 + (-0.3 / 13.6) = 29.27 \text{ IN. HG.}$$

AVERAGE FLUE GAS VELOCITY [Note: (Delta P)ave is square of ave sq. root]

$$V_s = 85.49 * C_p * \text{SQRT} \left[\frac{(\Delta P)_{ave} * (460 + t_s)}{P_s * M_s} \right]$$

$$V_s = 85.49 * 0.840 * \text{SQRT} \left[\frac{0.1467 * (460 + 1826)}{29.27 * 27.68} \right] = 46.2 \text{ FT/SEC}$$

DRY VOLUMETRIC FLUE GAS FLOW RATE @ STANDARD CONDITIONS

$$Q_{sd} = \frac{60}{144} * Mfd * V_s * A * \frac{T_{std}}{t_s + 460} * \frac{P_s}{P_{std}}$$

$$Q_{sd} = \frac{60}{144} * 0.854 * 46.2 * 17.671.0 * \frac{528}{1826 + 460} * \frac{29.27}{29.92}$$

$$Q_{sd} = 35.692 \text{ SCFM}$$

WET VOLUMETRIC STACK GAS FLOW RATE @ FLUE GAS CONDITIONS

$$Q_{aw} = 60 / 144 * V_s * A$$

$$Q_{aw} = 60 / 144 * 46.2 * 17.671.0 = 340.150 \text{ ACFM}$$

PERCENT ISOKINETIC OF SAMPLING RATE

$$\%I = \frac{P_{std}}{P_{std}} * \frac{100}{60} * \frac{(t_s + 460) * V_m(std)}{P_s * V_s * Mfd * \text{Theta} * \text{Area-nozzle, sq.ft.}}$$

$$\%I = \frac{29.92}{528} * \frac{100}{60} * \frac{(1826 + 460) * 44.882}{29.27 * 46.2 * 0.854 * 60.00 * 0.0013418}$$

$$\%I = 104.2 \%$$

GRAINS PER DRY STANDARD CUBIC FOOT

$$\text{gr/DSCF} = \frac{7000}{453,592} * \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{Vm(std)}}$$

$$\text{gr/DSCF} = \frac{7000}{453,592} * \frac{42.3}{44.882} = 0.0145 \text{ gr/DSCF}$$

POUNDS PER HOUR

$$\text{Lb/Hr} = 60 / 7000 * \text{gr/DSCF} * Q_{sd}$$

$$\text{Lb/Hr} = 60/7000 * 0.0145 * 65,592 = 8.18 \text{ LB/HR}$$

PERCENT EXCESS AIR

$$\%EA = \frac{\%O_2 - (0.5 * \%CO)}{(0.264 * \%N_2) - (\%O_2 - (0.5 * \%CO))} * 100$$

$$\%EA = \frac{9.5 - (0.5 * 0.0)}{0.264 * 84.5 - (9.5 - (0.5 * 0.0))} * 100 = 74.2 \%$$

APPENDIX 5.1.1.2

MAXIMUM LOAD

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA & RESULTS TABULATION

PLANT: Mountaineer Carbon Company, Moundsville, West Virginia

RUN	SAMPLING LOCATION	TEST TEAM LEADER		
		4	5	6
4	Unit #2 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden	Neill M. Harden	Neill M. Harden
5	Unit #2 Incinerator Stack			
6	Unit #2 Incinerator Stack			
RUN DATE		4	5	6
RUN START TIME		09/25/84	09/25/84	09/25/84
RUN FINISH TIME		1030	1239	1415
NET SAMPLING POINTS		1202	1351	1524
NET RUN TIME, MINUTES		20	20	20
Theta	NOZZLE DIAMETER, INCHES	60.00	60.00	60.00
Dia	PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT	0.370	0.370	0.370
Cp	DRY GAS METER CAL. FACTOR	0.840	0.840	0.840
Y	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG.	1.005	1.005	1.005
Pbar	AVG. PRESS. DIFFERENTIAL OF ORIFICE METER, IN. H2O	29.30	29.30	29.30
Delta H	VOLUME OF METERED GAS SAMPLE DRY ACTUAL CUBIC FEET	1.134	1.157	1.273
Vm	DRY GAS METER TEMP., DEG. F	36.995	37.543	39.392
tm	VOLUME OF METERED GAS SAMPLE @ DRY STD. COND., DSCF*	95	96	98
Vm(std)	VOLUME OF WATER CATCH IN IMPINGERS & SIL. GEL., ML	34.723	35.176	36.787
Vlc	VOLUME OF WATER VAPOR, SCF*	122.5	125.5	127.0
Vw(std)	MOISTURE, PERCENT BY VOLUME	5.766	5.907	5.978
%H2O	DRY MOLE FRACTION	14.2	14.4	14.0
Mfd		0.858	0.856	0.860

(continued next page)

		4	5	6
%CO2	PERCENT CO2 BY VOLUME, DRY	7.0	6.9	7.0
%O2	PERCENT O2 BY VOLUME, DRY	8.6	8.4	8.3
%CO+N2	PERCENT CO + N2 BY VOLUME, DRY	84.4	84.7	84.7
Md	DRY MOLECULAR WT, LB/LB-MOLE	29.46	29.44	29.45
Ms	WET MOLECULAR WT, LB/LB-MOLE	27.83	27.80	27.85
Ps	GAS STATIC PRESS., IN H2O	-0.30	-0.30	-0.35
Ps	ABSOLUTE GAS PRESS., IN HG	29.28	29.28	29.27
ts	FLUE GAS TEMPERATURE, DEG. F	1,892	1,913	1,915
Delta P	AVG VELOCITY HEAD, IN. H2O	0.2674	0.2699	0.2955
vs	FLUE GAS VELOCITY, FT/SEC	63.1	63.7	66.6
A	STACK/DUCT AREA, SQUARE IN.	17,671	17,671	17,671
Qsd	GAS FLOW RATE, DRY SCFM*	87,476	87,411	91,753
Qaw	GAS FLOW RATE, WET ACFM	464,522	469,073	490,558
%I	PERCENT ISO-KINETIC	108.6	110.1	109.7
%EA	PERCENT EXCESS AIR	62.9	60.2	59.0
	METHOD 5 PARTICULATE:			
ms	CATCH, MILLIGRAMS	71.5	81.3	57.9
Gr/DSCF	CONCEN., GRAINS PER DSCF*	0.0318	0.0357	0.0243
Lb/Hr	EMISSION RATE, LBS/HOUR	23.6	26.7	19.1

* 68 Deg. F - 29.92 in. Hg.

#1 INCINERATOR OUTLET STACK

ENTROPY

NORMAL LOAD

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA & RESULTS TABULATION

PLANT: Moundsville Carbon Company, Moundsville, West Virginia

RUN	SAMPLING LOCATION	TEST TEAM LEADER		
7	Unit #1 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden		
8	Unit #1 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden		
9	Unit #1 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden		
		7	8	9
	DATE	09/26/84	09/26/84	09/26/84
	RUN START TIME	1014	1141	1315
	RUN FINISH TIME	1120	1248	1423
	NET SAMPLING POINTS	20	20	20
Theta	NET RUN TIME, MINUTES	60.00	60.00	60.00
Dia	NOZZLE DIAMETER, INCHES	0.496	0.494	0.496
Ca	PILOT TUBE COEFFICIENT	0.840	0.840	0.840
Y	DRY GAS METER CAL. FACTOR	1.005	1.005	1.005
Pbar	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG.	29.30	29.30	29.30
Delta H	AVG. PRESS. DIFFERENTIAL OF ORIFICE METER, IN. H2O	2.069	2.109	2.333
Vm	VOLUME OF METERED GAS SAMPLE DRY ACTUAL CUBIC FEET	49.124	49.597	51.795
tm	DRY GAS METER TEMP., DEG. F	107	108	117
Vm(std)	VOLUME OF METERED GAS SAMPLE @ DRY STD. COND., DSCF*	45.237	45.597	46.901
Vlc	VOLUME OF WATER CATCH IN IMPINGERS & SIL. GEL., ML	154.0	163.0	176.5
Vw(std)	VOLUME OF WATER VAPOR, SCF*	7.249	7.672	8.308
WtH2O	MOISTURE, PERCENT BY VOLUME	13.8	14.4	15.0
Msd	ASH HOLD FRACTION	0.862	0.856	0.850

(continued next page)

		7	8	9
%CO ₂	PERCENT CO ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	6.6	6.9	6.9
%O ₂	PERCENT O ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	9.4	8.8	8.8
%CO+N ₂	PERCENT CO + N ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	84.0	84.3	84.3
M _d	DRY MOLECULAR WT, LB/LB-MOLE	29.43	29.46	29.46
M _s	WET MOLECULAR WT, LB/LB-MOLE	27.85	27.81	27.73
P _s	GAS STATIC PRESS., IN H ₂ O	-0.20	-0.30	-0.30
P _a	ABSOLUTE GAS PRESS., IN HG	29.29	29.28	29.28
t _s	FLUE GAS TEMPERATURE, DEG. F	1,808	1,814	1,826
Delta P	AVG VELOCITY HEAD, IN. H ₂ O	0.1521	0.1519	0.1676
V _s	FLUE GAS VELOCITY, FT/SEC	46.7	46.8	49.3
A	STACK/DUCT AREA, SQUARE IN.	17,671	17,671	17,671
Q _{sd}	GAS FLOW RATE, DRY SCFM*	67,504	66,956	69,710
Q _{sd}	GAS FLOW RATE, WET ACFM	343,850	344,413	363,210
%I	PERCENT ISOINETIC	102.0	104.5	102.4
%EA	PERCENT EXCESS AIR	73.6	65.4	65.4
METHOD 5 PARTICULATE:				
m _s	CATCH, MILLIGRAMS	151.3	100.5	99.9
Gr/DSCF	CONCEN., GRAINS PER DSCF*	0.0516	0.0340	0.0329
Lb/Hr	EMISSION RATE, LBS/HOUR	29.9	19.5	19.6

* 68 Deg. F - 29.92 in. Hg.

ENTROPY

MAXIMUM LOAD

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA & RESULTS TABULATION

PLANT: Mountaineer Carbon Company, Moundsville, West Virginia

RUN	SAMPLING LOCATION	TEST TEAM LEADER
10	Unit #1 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden
11	Unit #1 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden
12	Unit #1 Incinerator Stack	Neill M. Harden

		10	11	12
	RUN DATE	09/27/84	09/27/84	09/27/84
	RUN START TIME	1023	1158	1410
	RUN FINISH TIME	1134	1306	1518
	NET SAMPLING POINTS	20	20	20
Theta	NET RUN TIME, MINUTES	60.00	60.00	60.00
Dia	ORIFICE DIAMETER, INCHES	0.370	0.370	0.370
Cp	PITOT TUBE COEFFICIENT	0.840	0.840	0.840
Y	DRY GAS METER CAL. FACTOR	1.005	1.005	1.005
Pbar	BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG.	29.70	29.70	29.70
Delta H	AVG. PRESS. DIFFERENTIAL OF ORIFICE METER, IN. H2O	1.528	1.384	1.280
Vm	VOLUME OF METERED GAS SAMPLE DRY ACTUAL CUBIC FEET	42.775	41.109	39.656
tmi	DRY GAS METER TEMP., DEG. F	93	94	95
Vm(std)	VOLUME OF METERED GAS SAMPLE @ DRY STD. COND., DSCF*	40.381	39.204	37.741
Vlc	VOLUME OF WATER CATCH IN IMPINGERS & SIL. GEL., ML	146.0	141.0	136.5
Vw(std)	VOLUME OF WATER VAPOR, SCF*	6.872	6.637	6.425
W%20	MOISTURE, PERCENT BY VOLUME	14.4	14.5	14.5
W%6	DRY MOLE FRACTION	0.856	0.855	0.855

(continued next page)

		10	11	12
%CO ₂	PERCENT CO ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	6.2	6.0	6.2
%O ₂	PERCENT O ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	9.2	9.8	9.3
%CO+N ₂	PERCENT CO + N ₂ BY VOLUME, DRY	84.6	84.2	84.5
M _d	DRY MOLECULAR WT, LB/LB-MOLE	29.36	29.35	29.36
M _s	WET MOLECULAR WT, LB/LB-MOLE	27.73	27.71	27.71
P _s	GAS STATIC PRESS., IN H ₂ O	-0.45	-0.40	-0.40
P _s	ABSOLUTE GAS PRESS., IN HG	29.67	29.67	29.67
t _s	FLUE GAS TEMPERATURE, DEG. F	1,843	1,879	1,832
Delta P	AVG VELOCITY HEAD, IN. H ₂ O	0.3515	0.3249	0.3008
v _s	FLUE GAS VELOCITY, FT/SEC	71.2	69.0	65.8
A	STACK/DUCT AREA, SQUARE IN.	17,671	17,671	17,671
Q _{sd}	GAS FLOW RATE, DRY SCFM*	102,042	97,283	94,480
Q _{aw}	GAS FLOW RATE, WET ACFM	524,543	508,353	484,176
%I	PERCENT ISOKINETIC	109.6	110.2	109.3
%EA	PERCENT EXCESS AIR	70.0	78.8	71.5
METHOD 3 PARTICULATE:				
m ₃	CATCH, MILLIGRAMS	40.4	32.0	78.9
Gr/DSCF	CONCEN., GRAINS PER DSCF*	0.0153	0.0126	0.0323
Lb/Hr	EMISSION RATE, LBS/HOUR	13.3	10.5	26.1

* 68 Deg. F - 29.92 in. Hg.

FIELD AND ANALYTICAL DATA

ENTROPY

22 INCINERATOR OUTLET STACK

ENTROPY

APPENDIX 5.2.1.1

NORMAL LOAD

ENTROPY

Preliminary Field Data

PLANT NAME 23-2K

LOCATION ASHLANDVILLE, W. VA.

SAMPLING LOCATION SITE 1 & 2 INCINERATOR STACK

DUCT DEPTH
FROM INSIDE FIRE WALL TO OUTSIDE OF PORT 168"

NEEDLE LENGTH 18

DEPTH OF DUCT 150

WIDTH (RECTANGULAR DUCT) _____

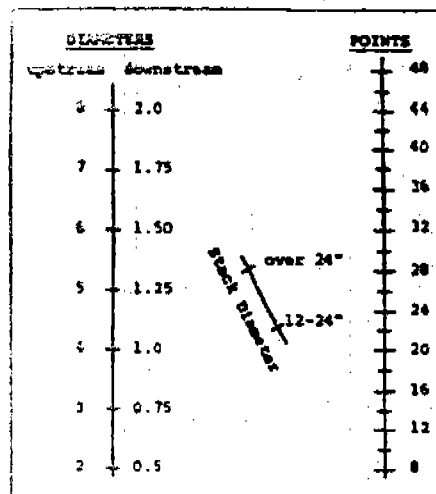
EQUIVALENT CIRCLE FORM

$$D_e = \frac{4 \times \text{DUCT AREA}}{\text{PERIMETER}} = \frac{4 \times \left(\frac{\pi \times D^2}{4} \right)}{\pi \times D} = \frac{D}{2}$$

DISTANCE FROM PORTS UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM
 TO NEAREST FLOW
 DISTURBANCE: FEET 132 18.25

SEVEN DIAMETERS 11 1.46

STACK AREA = $\pi \left(\frac{150}{2} \right)^2 = 17,671 \text{ ft}^2$



Point	% OF DIAMETER	DISTANCE FROM INSIDE WALL	DISTANCE FROM OUTSIDE OF PORT
1	2.6	4"	22"
2	8.2	12"	30"
3	14.6	22	40
4	22.6	34	52
5	34.2	51"	69"
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			

LOCATION OF TRAVERSE POINTS IN CIRCULAR STACKS

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	25.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	75.0	30.0	30.0	10.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	91.3	40.4	30.3	22.6	17.7	10.0	12.5	10.9	9.7	8.7	7.9													
5		59.4	47.7	34.2	25.0	20.1	16.9	14.6	12.9	11.6	10.5													
6			59.4	40.0	30.0	25.0	22.0	18.8	16.5	14.6	13.2													
7				62.5	44.4	32.6	28.3	23.6	20.4	18.0	16.1													
8					60.6	43.4	31.4	27.5	23.6	20.0	17.9													
9						61.8	42.3	30.1	26.2	22.2	20.0													
10							60.2	39.9	27.7	23.7	21.5													
11								60.0	39.1	27.0	24.8													
12									60.1	38.1	26.4	24.3												
13										60.3	37.5	25.8	24.0											
14											60.5	36.8	25.0	23.6										
15												60.6	36.2	24.6	23.2									
16													60.7	35.8	24.2	22.8								
17														60.7	35.4	24.0	22.6							
18															60.6	35.0	23.8	22.4						
19																60.5	34.6	23.6	22.2					
20																	60.4	34.2	23.4	22.0				
21																		60.3	33.8	23.2	21.8			
22																			60.2	33.4	23.0	21.6		
23																				60.1	33.1	22.8	21.4	
24																					60.0	32.8	22.6	21.2

LOCATION OF TRAVERSE POINTS IN RECTANGULAR STACKS

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
1	75.0	58.0	30.0	25.0	21.4	18.8	16.7	15.0	13.4	12.5		
2		59.4	30.0	25.0	21.4	18.8	16.7	15.0	13.4	12.5		
3			59.4	30.0	21.4	18.8	16.7	15.0	13.4	12.5		
4				59.4	30.0	21.4	18.8	16.7	15.0	13.4	12.5	
5					59.4	30.0	21.4	18.8	16.7	15.0	13.4	
6						59.4	30.0	21.4	18.8	16.7	15.0	
7							59.4	30.0	21.4	18.8	16.7	
8								59.4	30.0	21.4	18.8	
9									59.4	30.0	21.4	
10										59.4	30.0	
11											59.4	
12												59.4

ORSAT FIELD DATA

Plant Name DEAR

Sampling Location UNIT 2 INCINERATOR STACK Fuel Type COKE

Run and/or Sample No. 1 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-24-84 Operator ML

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
0950	1415	5.9	15.4	—	9.5		
TO		6.0	15.4		9.4		
0905		6.0	15.5		9.5		
Avg.		6.0	Avg.		9.5		84.5

Run and/or Sample No. 2 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-24 Operator ML

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
0943	1435	6.6	15.1	—	8.5	—	
TO		6.6	15.2		8.6		
1055		6.5	15.1		8.6		
Avg.		6.6	Avg.		8.6		84.8

Run and/or Sample No. 3 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-24 Operator ML

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1140	1450	6.8	15.2	—	8.4	—	
TO		6.8	15.2		8.4		
1252		6.7	15.0		8.3		
Avg.		6.8	Avg.		8.4		84.8

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME <u>AMCA</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>1</u>	
ADDRESS <u>W. VA.</u>		TIME START <u>0750</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>INDUSTRIAL STACK</u>		TIME FINISH <u>0905</u>	
DATE <u>9-25-66</u>	TEAM LEADER <u>AM</u>	TECHNICIANS <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>30.2</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-3.35</u>	
SAMPLING VOLUME, LITERS PER MIN. <u>15</u>			
SAMPLING VOLUME, LITERS PER MIN. <u>0.012</u>		<u>0.017</u>	

EQUIPMENT USED		IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	
☒ PITOTS, PRE-TEST		REAGENT BOX <u>219</u>	NOZZLE <u>214</u> DIAMETER <u>1/4</u>
☒ PITOTS, POST-TEST		METER BOX <u>N2</u>	T/C READOUT <u>RED BOX 2002</u>
☒ ORSAT SAMPLING SYSTEM		UMBILICAL	T/C PROBE <u>6-1</u>
☒ TEDLAR BAG		SAMPLE BOX	ORSAT PUMP <u>04</u>
☒ THERMOCOUPLE <u>2 1050 °F</u>		PROBE <u>WC 6</u>	TEDLAR BAG <u>01</u>

FILTER <u>1</u> TAG <u>1042</u>		NOMOGRAPH SET-UP	
<u>E2229</u>		NOMOGRAPH # <u>AM</u>	
<u>1.72</u>		C FACTOR <u>.87</u>	
METER TEMP <u>110</u>		STACK TEMP <u>1050</u>	
% MOISTURE <u>92</u>		REF. AP <u>.14</u>	

SAMPLE POINT	CLOCK TIME, MIN.	LEV. OR READING, CU. FT.	PITOT READING (DP), IN. H ₂ O	ORIFICE SETTING (ΔH), IN. H ₂ O		GAS METER TEMP. °F	PUMP VACUUM IN. HG GAUGE	FILTER BOX TEMP. °F	IMP. EXIT TEMP. °F	STACK TEMP. °F	LK. CHECK READINGS
				IDEAL	ACTUAL						
A	0	31.00	17	2.50	2.50	98	2	250	65	1858	
	1	31.00	18	2.35	2.35	99	2	250	65	1867	
	2	31.00	16	2.10	2.10	99	2	260	65	1852	
	3	31.00	15	1.70	1.70	98	2	260	65	1832	
	4	31.00	17	1.18	1.18	98	2	260	65	1845	
D	17	31.00	17	2.35	2.35	99	2	265	65	1857	
	18	31.00	13	2.33	2.33	98	2	265	65	1859	
	19	31.00	12	1.70	1.70	99	2	265	65	1848	
	20	31.00	12	1.58	1.58	99	2	265	65	1835	
	21	31.00	109	1.17	1.17	99	2	265	65	1750	HT 11
C	270	31.00	19	2.50	2.50	99	2	260	65	1857	HT 11
	280	31.00	18	2.35	2.35	100	2	260	65	1850	HT 11
	290	31.00	15	1.98	1.98	100	2	265	60	1844	HT 11
	300	31.00	14	1.58	1.58	100	2	265	60	1835	HT 11
	310	31.00	13	1.17	1.17	100	1	265	60	1735	HT 11
R	310	31.00	20	2.67	2.67	98	1	260	60	1858	
	320	31.00	19	2.50	2.50	98	2	260	60	1859	
	330	31.00	19	2.33	2.23	99	2	260	60	1845	
	340	31.00	14	1.84	1.84	98	2	260	60	1800	
	350	31.00	10	1.45	1.45	98	2	260	60	1737	

1.956 99

1.956 99

1826

ΔH T_m

T_s

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY FORM <u>10-2-75</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>2</u>	
ADDRESS <u>2000 S. 10TH ST. W. VA.</u>		TIME START <u>0943</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>UNIT 2 INCINERATOR STACK</u>		TIME FINISH <u>1055</u>	
DATE <u>9-24-75</u>	TRAIN LEADER <u>AMF</u>	TECHNICIANS <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>30.3</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-0.35</u>	
SAMPLING TRAIN LEAK TEST VACUUM, IN. HG <u>15</u> <u>60</u> <u>55</u>			
SAMPLING TRAIN LEAK RATE, CU. FT./MIN. <u>0.010</u> <u>0.007</u> <u>0.007</u>			
<u>EQUIPMENT CHECKS</u>		<u>IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS</u>	
☒ PITOTS, PRE-TEST	ADJACENT BOX <u>219</u>	NOZZLE <u>313</u>	DIAMETER <u>.494</u>
☒ PITOTS, POST-TEST	METER BOX <u>N2</u>	T/C READOUT <u>RED BOX 2002</u>	
☒ OXYGEN SUPPLYING SYSTEM	UNSATURATED	T/C PROBE <u>H1</u>	TEMP <u>6</u>
☒ TEDLAR BAG	SAMPLE BOX	GREAT PUMP <u>04</u>	
☒ THERMOCOUPLES & WIRING	PROBE <u>WIC 6</u>	TEDLAR BAG <u>13</u>	
<u>FILTER #</u> <u>E 2235</u>	<u>TRAIN</u> <u>3455</u>	<u>NOMOGRAPH SET-UP</u>	<u>NOMOGRAPH #</u> <u>AMF</u>
	<u>ANg</u> <u>1.72</u>	<u>C FACTOR</u> <u>.87</u>	
	<u>METER TEMP</u> <u>100</u>	<u>STACK TEMP</u> <u>1850</u>	
	<u>% MOISTURE</u> <u>14</u>	<u>REF. ΔP</u> <u>.14</u>	

[illegible]

2025 0127

2.010 9A

1841

10

1722

Δ4-

T.

T

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME <u>MOOGAR</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>3</u>	
ADDRESS <u>ROUNDSVILLE, W. VA.</u>		TIME START <u>1140</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>UNIT 2 INCINERATOR STACK</u>		TIME FINISH <u>1252</u>	
DATE <u>5-28-70</u>	TEAM LEADER <u>ML</u>	TECHNICIANS <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>30.3</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-30</u>	
SAMPLING WIND DIR. TEST VACUUM, IN. HG <u>15</u> <u>50</u> <u>50</u>			
SAMPLING WIND VELOCITY, CU. FT./MIN. <u>0.010</u> <u>0.006</u> <u>0.004</u>			
EQUIPMENT DATA		IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	
☒ PITOTS, PRE-TEST	REAGENT BOX <u>219</u>	NOZZLE <u>3/13</u>	DIAMETER <u>.494</u>
☒ PITOTS, POST-TEST	WEYER BOX <u>N2</u>	T/C READOUT <u>RED BOX 700</u>	
☒ ORSAT SAMPLING SYSTEM	UMBILICAL _____	T/C PROBE <u>6-1</u>	
☒ TEDLAR BAG	SAMPLE BOX _____	ORSAT PUMP <u>04</u>	
☒ THERMOCOUPLE <u>61850F</u>	PROBE <u>WC 6</u>	TEDLAR BAG <u>05</u>	
FILTER # <u>E2231</u>	NOMOGRAPH SET-UP	NOMOGRAPH # <u>ML</u>	
TIME <u>7:40</u>	ΔG <u>1.72</u>	C FACTOR <u>.87</u>	
	REF. TEMP <u>100</u>	STACK TEMP <u>1850</u>	
	% HUMIDITY <u>14</u>	REF. ΔP <u>.14</u>	

[illegible]

Q. 55. 0319

2.015 100

1838

ENTROPY

T

ARTICULATE SAMPLING LABORATORY SULTS

Plant No. 20243EEI Ref. # 2632Sampling Location Unit #2 Incinerator StackDate Received 10/1/84 Date Analyzed 10/4/84 Reagent Box(es) 0219

Run Number	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Run Date	<u>9/24</u>	<u>9/24</u>	<u>9/24</u>

SUMMARY OF PARTICULATE ANALYSES

Sum of Particulate, mg.	<u>490.7</u>	<u>506.2</u>	<u>481.5</u>
Total Filter Tare mg.	<u>448.1</u>	<u>445.9</u>	<u>448.8</u>
Blank Residue, mg. (125 ml)	<u>0.3</u>	(175 ml) <u>0.4</u>	(125 ml) <u>0.3</u>
TOTAL PARTICULATE CATCH, mg.	<u>42.3</u>	<u>59.9</u>	<u>32.4</u>

ANALYSIS OF MOISTURE CATCH

<u>Aspirator (H₂O):</u>			
Final Weight, g.	<u>345.0</u>	<u>360.0</u>	<u>353.0</u>
Tare Weight, g.	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>
Moisture Catch, g.	<u>145.0</u>	<u>160.0</u>	<u>153.0</u>
<u>Reagent 2 ()::</u>			
Final Weight, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Tare Weight, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Moisture Catch, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
CONDENSED WATER, g.	<u>145.0</u>	<u>160.0</u>	<u>153.0</u>
<u>Reagent 1:</u>			
Final Weight, g.	<u>218.5</u>	<u>220.5</u>	<u>222.5</u>
Tare Weight, g.	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>
ABSORBED WATER, g.	<u>18.5</u>	<u>20.5</u>	<u>22.5</u>
TOTAL WATER COLLECTED, g.	<u>163.5</u>	<u>180.5</u>	<u>175.5</u>

Plant No. <u>20243</u>	--- Legend ---	Notes and Comments
Final Wt. mg. <u>73912.3</u>	✓ = Final Weight	
Tare Wt. mg. <u>73911.9</u>	L = Loose Particulate	
Residue, mg. <u>0.4</u>	F = Filter D = Dish	
Volume, ml. <u>200</u>	R = Rinse P = Pan	
Concen., mg/ml. <u>.002</u>		

LABORATORY SAMPLE WEIGHT CALCULATIONS

Plant Name MOORE

EEI Ref. # 2632

Run Number	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>
Run Date	<u>9/24</u>	<u>9/24</u>	<u>9/24</u>
Sample ID/Container #	<u>FIR-219</u>	<u>FIR-223</u>	<u>FIR-224</u>
Tare Wt., g.	<u>148.8188</u> <u>✓ 148.8181</u> <u>148.8184</u> <u>148.3274</u>	<u>136.2892</u> <u>✓ 136.2890</u> <u>136.2899</u> <u>135.7828</u>	<u>152.8999</u> <u>✓ 152.8999</u> <u>152.4184</u>
SAMPLE WT., g.	4907	5062	4815
Sample ID/Container #	_____	_____	_____
Tare Wt., g.	_____	_____	_____
SAMPLE WT., g.			
Sample ID/Container #	_____	_____	_____
Tare Wt., g.	_____	_____	_____
SAMPLE WT., g.			
Sample ID/Container #	_____	_____	_____
Tare Wt., g.	_____	_____	_____
SAMPLE WT., g.			

CUSTODY SHEET FOR REAGENT BOX # 0219

Date of Makeup 9/20/84 Initials MEJ Locked? ☒
 Individual Tare of Reagent: 200 mls. of H₂O
 Individual Tare of Reagent: _____ mls. of _____
 Individual Silica Gel Tare Weight 200 gms.

PLANT NAME ROCKAWAY
 SAMPLING LOCATION UNIT #2 INKAWARATOR STACK

Run Number	Date	Initials	Locked?	Date Cleanup	% S. Gel Spent	Initials	Locked?
1	9-24-84	ST	YES	9-24-84	70%	ST	YES
2	9-24-84	ST	-	9-24-84	80%	ST	YES
3	9-24-84	ST	-	9-24-84	80%	ST	YES

Received in Lab 9/28/84 Date Initials MEJ Locked? ☒

Sampling Method: A-5

Zero & Span Balance
 Initials MEJ

Filter # Tare Weight (mgms) Used on Test

Remarks:

E2229	.4481	1
E2235	.4459	2
E2231	.4488	3

MAXIMUM LOAD

ENTROPY

ORSAT FIELD DATA

Plant Name POCAR
 Sampling Location UNIT 2 INCINERATOR STACK Fuel Type COKE

Run and/or Sample No. 4 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-25 Operator MT

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1220	1315	7.0	15.5	—	8.5	—	
TO		6.9	15.5		8.6		
1240		7.0	15.6		8.6		
Avg.		7.0	Avg.		8.6		84.4

Run and/or Sample No. 5 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-25 Operator MT

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1239	1335	6.9	15.2	—	8.3	—	
TO		6.8	15.2		8.4		
1351		6.9	15.3		8.4		
Avg.		6.9	Avg.		8.4		84.7

Run and/or Sample No. 6 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-25 Operator MT

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1441	1555	7.0	15.2	—	8.2	—	
TO		6.9	15.2		8.3		
1520		7.0	15.3		8.3		
Avg.		7.0	Avg.		8.3		84.7

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME <u>POCAR</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>4</u>	
ADDRESS <u>WINDMILL RD. VA.</u>		TIME START <u>1030</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>UNIT 2 INCINERATOR STACK</u>		TIME FINISH <u>1202</u>	
DATE <u>12-15-77</u>	TEST LEADER <u>AMT</u>	TECHNICIANS <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>29.9</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-1.30</u>	
SAMPLING VOLUME, LIT. TEST VOLUME, IN. HG <u>15</u>		<u>2.0</u>	
SAMPLING VOLUME, LIT. TEST VOLUME, IN. HG <u>0.010</u>		<u>2.017</u>	
SAMPLING VOLUME, LIT. TEST VOLUME, IN. HG <u>0.005</u>			

EQUIPMENT USED		IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	
☒ PITOTS, PRE-YEST	REAGENT BOX <u>203</u>	NOZZLE <u>810</u>	DIAMETER <u>.310</u>
☒ PITOTS, POST-YEST	METER BOX <u>N2</u>	T/C READOUT <u>RED BOX 2002</u>	
☒ ORSAT SAMPLING SYSTEM	LABELICAL	T/C PROBE <u>6-1</u>	
☒ TEDLAR BAG	SAMPLE BOX	ORSAT PUMP <u>04</u>	
☒ THERMOCOUPLE	PROBE <u>WLC6</u>	TEDLAR BAG <u>13</u>	

FILTERED		NOMOGRAPH SET-UP	
<u>E 362</u>		DRG <u>1.72</u>	C FACTOR <u>.87</u>
		METER TEMP <u>95</u>	STACK TEMP <u>1900</u>
		% MOISTURE <u>14</u>	REF. DP <u>.44</u>

SAMPLE POINT	CLOCK TIME MIN.	SAMPLING RATE, CU. FT.	PITOT READING (AP), IN. H ₂ O	ORIFICE SETTING (ΔH), IN. H ₂ O		GAS METER TEMP. °F	PUMP VACUUM IN. HG GAUGE	FILTER BOX TEMP. °F	IMP. EXIT TEMP. °F	STACK TEMP. °F	LK. CHECK READINGS
				IDEAL	ACTUAL						
A 5	0	511.262	.37	1.53	1.53	93	1	260	65	1945	
4	3	515.265	.37	1.53	1.53	94	1	260	65	1937	
3	6	519.268	.36	1.51	1.51	95	1	260	65	1900	
2	9	523.271	.33	1.40	1.40	96	1	260	65	1885	
1	12	527.274	.32	1.12	1.12	96	1	260	65	1876	
D 5	15	531.277	.23	1.40	1.40	95	1	260	65	1925	
4	18	535.280	.25	1.48	1.48	97	1	250	65	1920	STOPPED 1103
3	21	539.283	.20	1.25	1.25	97	1	250	65	1890	STARTED 1130
2	24	543.286	.27	1.12	1.12	97	1	250	65	1885	
1	27	547.289	.25	1.04	1.04	98	1	250	65	1875	LTID
C 5	30	551.292	.30	1.25	1.25	98	1	250	65	1890	981.384
4	33	555.295	.29	1.22	1.22	96	1	250	65	1884	981.323
3	36	559.298	.22	.93	.93	95	1	250	65	1860	1861
2	39	563.301	.19	.69	.69	94	1	250	65	1833	
1	42	567.304	.13	.53	.53	94	1	250	65	1815	
B 5	45	571.307	.22	.84	.84	94	1	250	65	1940	
4	48	575.310	.26	1.10	1.10	94	1	250	65	1918	
3	51	579.313	.25	1.04	1.04	95	1	250	65	1905	
2	54	583.316	.23	.94	.94	95	1	250	65	1887	
1	57	587.319	.16	.65	.65	95	1	250	65	1875	

1.134 95

1.134 95

1892

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME <u>ARCAR</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>5</u>	
ADDRESS <u>W. 11A</u>		TIME START <u>1239</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>GENERATOR STACK</u>		TIME FINISH <u>1351</u>	
DATE <u>12/1/78</u> YEAR <u>1978</u> TECHNICIAN <u>ST</u>			
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG. <u>29.3</u> STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-30</u>			
SAMPLING VOLUME, LITERS PER MIN. <u>15</u> <u>2.0</u> <u>5.0</u>			
SAMPLING RATE, LITERS PER MIN. <u>2.008</u> <u>2.008</u> <u>2.010</u>			

EQUIPMENT CHECK		IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	
☒ PITOTS, PRE-TEST	REAGENT BOX <u>203</u> NOZZLE <u>811</u> DIAMETER <u>.370</u>		
☒ PITOTS, POST-TEST	KEYER BOX <u>A12</u> T/C READOUT <u>RED 200 2002</u>		
☒ GREAT SAMPLING SYSTEM	UNCEILICAL T/C PROBE		
☒ TEDLAR BAG	SAMPLE BOX GREAT PUMP <u>04</u>		
☒ THERMOCOUPLE <u>2.000</u>	PROBE <u>WC 6</u> TEDLAR BAG <u>05</u>		

FILTER <u>1</u> <u>100</u>		NOMOGRAPH SET-UP		NOMOGRAPH # <u>1111</u>	
<u>E-1112</u>		ΔH <u>1.72</u>	C FACTOR <u>.87</u>		
		METER TEMP <u>95</u>	STACK TEMP <u>1900</u>		
		WETBULB <u>17</u>	REF. ΔP <u>.44</u>		

SAMPLE POINT	CLOCK TIME, MIN.	SAMPLING RATE, LITERS PER MIN.	PITOT READING, (ΔP), IN. H ₂ O	ORIFICE SETTING (ΔH), IN. H ₂ O		GAS METER TEMP. °F	PUMP VACUUM IN. HG GAUGE	FILTER BOX TEMP. °F	IMP. EXIT TEMP. °F	STACK TEMP. °F	LK. CHECK READINGS
				IDEAL	ACTUAL						
B 5	0	2.008	.31	1.32	1.32	93	1	250	65	1930	
4	3	2.008	.29	1.22	1.22	94	1	250	65	1932	
3	6	2.008	.26	1.10	1.10	95	1	250	65	1933	
2	9	2.008	.21	.88	.88	95	1	250	65	1922	
1	12	2.008	.20	.84	.84	95	1	250	65	1878	
C 5	15	2.008	.22	1.40	1.40	95	1	250	65	1925	
4	18	2.008	.27	1.14	1.14	96	1	250	65	1927	
3	21	2.008	.23	.96	.96	96	1	250	65	1928	
2	24	2.008	.19	.80	.80	97	1	250	65	1924	
1	27	2.008	.20	.84	.84	97	1	250	65	1883	
D 5	30/0	2.008	.23	1.40	1.40	96	1	250	65	1922	16.493
4	33	2.008	.25	1.50	1.50	97	2	250	65	1930	16.435
3	36	2.008	.22	1.36	1.36	97	2	250	65	1918	16.435
2	39	2.008	.25	1.05	1.05	97	1	250	65	1903	16.435
1	42	2.008	.21	.88	.88	97	1	250	65	1878	16.435
E 5	45	2.008	.22	1.55	1.55	96	2	250	65	1918	
4	48	2.008	.22	1.55	1.55	96	2	250	65	1925	
3	51	2.008	.21	1.32	1.32	95	2	250	65	1926	
2	54	2.008	.27	1.14	1.14	95	2	250	65	1906	
1	57	2.008	.21	.88	.88	94	2	250	65	1848	

1157

1913

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME <u>MOORE</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>6</u>	
ADDRESS <u>WINDMILL W. VA.</u>		TIME START <u>1415</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>ST. 3 TRANSDUCTOR STAGE</u>		TIME FINISH <u>1524</u>	
DATE <u>12-1-68</u>	TECH. LEADER <u>MM</u>	TECHNICIANS <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>30.3</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-0.35</u>	
SAMPLING TUBING LIQ. TEST VOLUME, IN. HG <u>15</u> <u>2.0</u> <u>3.0</u>			
SAMPLING TUBING DIRT RATE, CU. FT./MIN. <u>0.001</u> <u>0.005</u> <u>0.006</u>			
EQUIPMENT CHECKS		IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	
☒ PITOTS, PRE-TEST	REAGENT BOX <u>203</u> NOZZLE <u>910</u> DIAMETER <u>.370</u>		
☒ PITOTS, POST-TEST	METER BOX <u>N2</u> T/C READOUT <u>RED BOX 2002</u>		
☒ ORSAT SAMPLES NO. SYSTEM	UNITS/SEC <u> </u> T/C PROBE <u>6-1</u>		
☒ TEGULAR ENG	SAMPLE BOX <u> </u> ORSAT PUMP <u>04</u>		
☒ THERMOCOUPLE <u>1122</u> °F	PROBE <u>WC 6</u> TEGULAR BAG <u>01</u>		
FILTER <u> </u> TIME <u> </u>	NOMOGRAPH SET-UP		NOMOGRAPH <u>MM</u>
<u>E-3824</u> <u>24-0</u>	ΔH _g <u>1.72</u>	C FACTOR <u>.87</u>	
	METER TEMP <u>95</u>	STACK TEMP <u>1900</u>	
	W. INSULATED <u>14</u>	REF. DP <u>.74</u>	

[illegible]

0.355 1.273 98





ENTROPY

1915

T

ARTICULATE SAMPLING LABORATORY . JLTS

EEI Ref. # 2632

Plant Name MOGAR

Sampling Location UNIT #2 INCINERATOR STACK

Date Received 10/1/84 Date Analyzed 10/4/84 Reagent Box(es) 0203

	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>
Run Number			
Run Date	<u>9/25</u>	<u>9/25</u>	<u>9/25</u>

SUMMARY OF PARTICULATE ANALYSES

wt. of particulate, mg.	<u>600.8</u>	<u>607.0</u>	<u>512.1</u>
total filter tare mg.	<u>528.9</u>	<u>525.6</u>	<u>454.0</u>
blank residue, mg. (175 ml)	<u>0.4</u>	(50 ml) <u>0.1</u>	(100 ml) <u>0.2</u>
TOTAL PARTICULATE CATCH, mg.	<u>71.5</u>	<u>81.3</u>	<u>57.9</u>

ANALYSIS OF MOISTURE CATCH

silica gel (N ₂ O ₂)			
Final Weight, g.	<u>305.0</u>	<u>309.0</u>	<u>306.0</u>
Tared Weight, g.	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>
Water Catch, g.	<u>105.0</u>	<u>109.0</u>	<u>106.0</u>
Reagent Y ():			
Final Weight, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Tared Weight, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Water Catch, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
CONDENSED WATER, g.	<u>105.0</u>	<u>109.0</u>	<u>106.0</u>
silica gel:			
Final Weight, g.	<u>217.5</u>	<u>216.5</u>	<u>221.0</u>
Tared Weight, g.	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>
ANHYDROUS WATER, g.	<u>17.5</u>	<u>16.5</u>	<u>21.0</u>
TOTAL WATER COLLECTED, g.	<u>122.5</u>	<u>125.5</u>	<u>127.0</u>

Blank Residue # 1

Final wt. mg. 73912.3

Tare wt. mg. 73911.9

Residue, mg. 0.4

Volume, ml. 200

Concn., mg./ml. 0.002

--- Legend ---

✓ = Final Weight

L = Loose Particulate

F = Filter D = Dish

R = Rinse P = Pan

Notes and Comments

LABORATORY SAMPLE WEIGHT CALCULATIONS

Plant Name MOGAR

EEI Ref. # 2632

Run Number	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>
Run Date	<u>9/25</u>	<u>9/25</u>	<u>9/25</u>
Sample ID/Container	<u>FIR-233</u>	<u>FIR-235</u>	<u>FIR-236</u>
	✓ 48.0886 ✓ 48.0884 ✓ 48.0897 147.4876	134.2571 ✓ 134.2567 133.6497	149.8229 ✓ 149.8228 149.8239 149.3107
Tare Wt., g.			
SAMPLE WT., g.	.6008	.6070	.5121
Sample ID/Container			
Tare Wt., g.			
SAMPLE WT., g.			
Sample ID/Container			
Tare Wt., g.			
SAMPLE WT., g.			
Sample ID/Container			
Tare Wt., g.			
SAMPLE WT., g.			

CUSTODY SHEET FOR REAGENT BOX # 0263

Date of Makeup 9/20/84 Initials MS Locked? ☒
 Individual Tare of Reagent: 200 mls. of H₂O
 Individual Tare of Reagent: _____ mls. of _____
 Individual Silica Gel Tare Weight 200 gms.

PLANT NAME MEXAR
 SAMPLING LOCATION UNIT 2 INCINERATOR STACK

Run Number	Date Used	Initials	Locked?	Date Cleanup	% S. Gel Spent	Initials	Locked?
4	9-25	MS	✓	9-25	60%	ST	✓
5	9-25	MS	✓	9-25	70%	ST	✓
6	9-25	MS	✓	9-25	70%	ST	✓

Received in Lab 9/20/84 Date MS Initials MS Locked? ☒

Sampling Method: A-5

Zero & Span Balance
 Initials MS

Filter # Tare Weight (mgms) Used on Test

Remarks:

E 1163	.5289	4
E 1162	.5256	5
E 2232	.4540	6

#1 INCINERATOR OUTLET STACK

ENTROPY

NORMAL LOAD

ENTROPY

ORSAT FIELD DATA

Plant Name MOGAR

Sampling Location UNIT 1 INCINERATOR STACK

Fuel Type COKE
(NAT. GAS)

Run and/or Sample No. 7 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-26 Operator MT

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1014	1530	6.5	16.0	—	9.5	—	
TO		6.6	15.8		9.3		
		6.6	15.8		9.3		
Avg.		6.6		Avg.	9.4		84.0

Run and/or Sample No. 8 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-26 Operator MT

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1111	1550	6.9	15.7	—	8.8	—	
TO		6.9	15.8		8.9		
1348		6.9	15.7		8.8		
Avg.		6.9		Avg.	8.8		84.3

Run and/or Sample No. 9 Leak Test? ☒ Date 9-26 Operator MT

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1311	1610	6.9	15.7	—	8.8	—	
TO		6.8	15.7		8.9		
1423		6.9	15.7		8.8		
Avg.		6.9		Avg.	8.8		84.3

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME ACORN RUN NUMBER 7
 ADDRESS ADDENDUM, W.M. TIME START 1014
 SAMPLE LOCATION ST TECHNICIAN ST
 DATE 5-28-64 YEAR LEADER ME STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H₂O -2.20
 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG 30.0
 SAMPLING FLOW (LIT. TEST VACUUM, IN. HG) 15
 SAMPLING FLOW (LIT. TEST, CU. FT./MIN.) 0.012

EQUIPMENT SERIAL
☒ PITOTS, PRE-TEST
☒ PITOTS, POST-TEST
☒ ORSAT ANALYZING SYSTEM
☒ TEDLAR BAG
☒ THERMOCOUPLE 9 1402-7

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
 REAGENT BOX 222 DIAMETER .496
 MEYER BOX A12 Y/C READOUT RED BOX 2002
 UNILICAL 15 Y/C PROBE 6-1
 SAMPLE BOX 15 ORSAT PUMP 04
 PROBE WC 6-6 TEDLAR BAG 05

MONOGRAPH SERIAL
 MONOGRAPH # 144
 FLOW 1.4 C FACTOR .85
 MEYER TAP 100 STACK TEMP 1820
 C. MISTURE 14 REF. AP 14

SAMPLE POINT	CLOCK TIME, MIN.	ENV GAS MEYER READING, CU. FT.	PITOT READING (IN. H ₂ O)	ORIFICE SETTING (IN. H ₂ O)		GAS MEYER TEMP. °F	PUMP VACUUM IN. HG GAUGE	FILTER BOX TEMP. °F	IMP. EXIT TEMP. °F	STACK TEMP. °F	LK. CHECK READINGS
				IDEAL	ACTUAL						
B5	0	37.213	19	2.57	2.57	107	2	250	65	1823	
4	3	40.69	19	2.57	2.57	107	2	250	65	1825	
3	6	42.14	18	2.40	2.40	106	2	250	65	1822	
2	9	43.64	18	2.40	2.40	106	2	250	65	1819	
1	12	45.14	18	2.40	2.40	106	2	250	65	1790	
C5	15	46.64	18	2.40	2.40	106	2	250	65	1823	
4	18	48.14	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1813	
3	21	49.64	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1804	
2	24	51.14	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1804	
1	27	52.64	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1789	
D5	30	54.14	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1777	LTD
4	33	55.64	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1818	101.982
3	36	57.14	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1817	101.957
2	39	58.64	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1811	101.945
1	42	60.14	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1808	
A5	45	61.64	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	250	65	1756	
4	48	63.14	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	240	60	1828	
3	51	64.64	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	240	60	1830	
2	54	66.14	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	240	60	1821	
1	57	67.64	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	240	60	1802	
	60	69.14	18	2.40	2.40	107	2	240	60	1780	

0.012 0.0521 2.069 107 1808
 T_s
 ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPLETION TIME <u>11:41</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>8</u>	
ADDRESS <u>1000 W. 10th St. W. 10th St.</u>		TIME START <u>11:41</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>1000 W. 10th St. W. 10th St.</u>		TIME FINISH <u>12:48</u>	
DATE <u>9-26-80</u>	TEAM LEADER <u>AMK</u>	TECHNICIANS <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>29.3</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-0.30</u>	
SAMPLING FLOW: LITERS PER MINUTE <u>15</u>		SAMPLING FLOW: LITERS PER MINUTE <u>15</u>	
SAMPLING FLOW: LITERS PER MINUTE <u>15</u>		SAMPLING FLOW: LITERS PER MINUTE <u>15</u>	

EQUIPMENT CHECK		IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	
☒ FILTER, PRE-TEST	☒ FILTER, POST-TEST	REAGENT BOX <u>222</u>	DIAMETER <u>494</u>
☒ ORBITAL SAMPLING SYSTEM	☒ TEFLAR BAG	REYER BOX <u>22</u>	RED BOX <u>2002</u>
☒ THERMOCOUPLE		ORBITAL	1/C READOUT <u>#1 TEMP 6</u>
		SAMPLE BOX <u>09</u>	ORBITAL PUMP <u>04</u>
		PROBE <u>WC 6-1</u>	TEFLAR BAG <u>13</u>

MONOGRAPH SET-UP		MONOGRAPH # <u>AMK</u>	
ANG <u>1.22</u>	C FACTOR <u>.87</u>		
METER TEMP <u>110</u>	STACK TEMP <u>1800</u>		
% MOISTURE <u>14</u>	REF. AP <u>117</u>		

SAMPLE POINT	DATE	TIME	SAMPLING FLOW (L/MIN)	PIVOT (IN. H ₂ O)	ORIFICE SETTING (ΔS)		GAS METER TEMP. (°F)	PUMP VACUUM IN. HG GAUGE	FILTER BOX TEMP. (°F)	IMP. EXIT TEMP. (°F)	STACK TEMP. (°F)	LK. CHECK READINGS
					IDEAL	ACTUAL						
A 5			12.012	12	2.67	2.67	107	2	250	65	1820	
4			12.022	13	2.50	2.50	109	2	250	65	1821	
3			12.036	17	2.32	2.32	109	2	250	65	1819	
2			12.045	14	1.94	1.94	108	2	270	65	1811	
1			12.052	11	1.50	1.50	108	1	270	65	1779	
D 5			12.055	15	2.57	2.57	109	2	250	65	1818	
4			12.062	17	2.32	2.32	110	2	250	65	1817	
3			12.072	15	2.08	2.08	110	2	265	65	1809	
2			12.077	13	1.60	1.60	109	2	260	65	1808	
1			12.084	10	1.40	1.40	108	2	270	65	1794	LT0
C 5			12.088	18	2.50	2.50	109	2	250	65	1826	18.583
4			12.095	16	2.20	2.20	106	2	250	65	1824	18.542
3			12.100	15	2.08	2.08	106	2	250	65	1819	18.41
2			12.105	13	1.60	1.60	106	2	250	65	1820	
1			12.111	10	1.38	1.38	107	2	265	65	1802	
B 5			12.114	19	2.67	2.67	107	2	260	67	1828	
4			12.122	13	2.07	2.07	107	2	260	67	1826	
3			12.127	17	2.32	2.32	107	2	250	67	1825	
2			12.130	15	2.08	2.08	107	2	250	67	1819	
1			12.137	12	1.67	1.67	107	2	250	67	1802	

2.1519 2.109 108

1814
T_s

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME MACAR RUN NUMBER 9
 ADDRESS 1000 W. 10th St. W. VA. TIME START 1315
 SAMPLING LOCATION INCINERATOR STACK TIME FINISH 1423
 DATE 8-26-68 TEAM LEADER AW TECHNICIANS ST
 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG 29.8 STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H₂O -130
 SAMPLING PUMP DEL. FLOW VOLUME, IN. HG 15 50 200
 SAMPLING PUMP DEL. RATE, CU. FT./MIN. 0.012 0.027 0.054

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
 REAGENT BOX 222 NO. 312 DIAMETER .496
 REAGENT BOX 22 NO. 2002 DIAMETER 2002
 UNIFORMITY 6-1
 SAMPLE BOX 15 GREAT PUMP 04
 PROBE NC 6-6 TEGULAR BAG 01

FILTER E1104 VOLUME 15290
 NOMOGRAPH SET-UP
 Δmg 1.72 C FACTOR .87
 METER TEMP 110 STACK TEMP 1500
 % HUMIDITY 14 REF. ΔP .17

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	WIND DIR.	WIND SP. (MPH)	WIND DIR. (deg)	ORIFICE SETTINGS (in. H ₂ O)		METER TEMP. °F	PUMP VOLUME IN. H ₂ O GAUGE	FILTER BOX TEMP. °F	IMP. EXIT TEMP. °F	STACK TEMP. °F	LK. CHECK READINGS
					IDEAL	ACTUAL						
B 5	1315	100	10	100	2.90	2.90	109	2	250	65	1842	
4	1320	100	10	100	2.90	2.90	111	2	255	65	1846	
3	1325	100	10	100	2.45	2.45	113	2	240	65	1830	
2	1330	100	10	100	2.07	2.07	113	2	240	65	1812	
1	1335	100	10	100	1.55	1.55	113	2	240	65	1810	
C 5	1340	100	10	100	2.00	2.00	114	2	260	65	1845	
4	1345	100	10	100	2.66	2.66	115	2	250	65	1847	
3	1350	100	10	100	2.18	2.18	116	2	250	65	1852	
2	1355	100	10	100	1.90	1.90	116	2	250	65	1844	
1	1400	100	10	100	1.52	1.52	116	2	250	65	1829	LT(1)
D 5	1405	100	10	100	2.90	2.90	117	2	240	65	1842	202.930
4	1410	100	10	100	2.66	2.66	119	2	230	65	1844	202.856
3	1415	100	10	100	2.45	2.45	120	2	250	65	1840	.094
2	1420	100	10	100	1.90	1.90	120	2	255	65	1831	
1	1425	100	10	100	1.65	1.65	120	2	250	65	1793	
A 5	1430	100	10	100	2.90	2.90	120	2	250	65	1828	
4	1435	100	10	100	2.00	2.00	121	2	255	65	1822	
3	1440	100	10	100	2.45	2.45	121	2	250	65	1819	
2	1445	100	10	100	1.65	1.65	120	2	250	65	1810	
1	1450	100	10	100	1.65	1.65	120	2	250	65	1776	

5.235 0.1076 2.333 117

1826

ENTROPY

ARTICULATE SAMPLING LABORATORY RESULTS

Plant Name MOGAR EEI Ref. # 2632
 Sampling Location UNIT #1 INCUBATOR STAGE
 Date Recd. 12/1/84 Date Analyzed 10/4/84 Reagent Box(es) 0222

Run Number 7 8 9
 Run Date 9/26 9/26 9/26

SUMMARY OF PARTICULATE ANALYSES

Sum of particulate, mg.	<u>674.3</u>	<u>543.8</u>	<u>627.1</u>
Total Filter Tare mg.	<u>522.6</u>	<u>442.7</u>	<u>527.0</u>
Blank (negative), mg. (200 ml)	<u>0.4</u>	(100 ml) <u>0.6</u>	(100 ml) <u>0.2</u>
TOTAL PARTICULATE CATCH, mg.	<u>151.3</u>	<u>100.5</u>	<u>99.9</u>

ANALYSIS OF MOISTURE CATCH

Reagent (H ₂ O):			
Final Weight, g.	<u>328.0</u>	<u>348.0</u>	<u>355.0</u>
Tared Weight, g.	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>
Water Catch, g.	<u>128.0</u>	<u>148.0</u>	<u>155.0</u>
DESICCANT (ANALYST)			
Final Weight, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Tared Weight, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Water Catch, g.	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
CONDENSED WATER, g.	<u>128.0</u>	<u>148.0</u>	<u>155.0</u>
SILICA GEL			
Final Weight, g.	<u>226.0</u>	<u>215.0</u>	<u>221.5</u>
Tared Weight, g.	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>	<u>200.0</u>
ABSORBED WATER, g.	<u>26.0</u>	<u>15.0</u>	<u>21.5</u>
TOTAL WATER COLLECTED, g.	<u>154.0</u>	<u>163.0</u>	<u>176.5</u>

Blank Beaker # 11

Final wt. g. 18912.3
 Tare wt. g. 18802.9
 Net wt. g. 109.4
 Volume, ml. 200

Concen., mg/ml. .002

--- Legend ---

✓ = Final Weight
 L = Loose Particulate
 F = Filter D = Dish
 R = Rinse P = Pan

Notes and Comments

LABORATORY SAMPLE WEIGHT CALCULATIONS

EEL Ref. # 2632

Client Name MOCAE

Run Number	7	8	9
Run Date	9/26	9/26	9/26
Sample ID/Container #	<u>FR-238</u>	<u>FR-241</u>	<u>FR-251</u>
Wt. No. 1	134.8945	147.7872	134.6601
	134.8942	147.7865	✓ 134.6600
	134.8944	147.7827	134.6605
	134.2159		134.0329
SAMPLE WT., g.	<u>.6743</u>	<u>.5438</u>	<u>.6271</u>
Sample ID/Container #	_____	_____	_____
Wt. No. 1	_____	_____	_____
SAMPLE WT., g.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Sample ID/Container #	_____	_____	_____
Wt. No. 1	_____	_____	_____
SAMPLE WT., g.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Sample ID/Container #	_____	_____	_____
Wt. No. 1	_____	_____	_____
SAMPLE WT., g.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

CUSTODY SHEET FOR REAGENT BOX # 0222

Date of Pickup 5/20/84 Initials MS Locked? ☒
 Individual Tare of Reagent: 200 mls. of H₂O
 Individual Tare of Reagent: _____ mls. of _____
 Individual Filter Gel Tare Weight 200 gms.

PLANT NAME _____

SAMPLING LOCATION UNIT # 1 INCLINATOR CRACK

Run Number	Date Used	Initials	Locked?	Date Cleanup	% S. Gel Spent	Initials	Locked?
1	5-22-84	ST	yes	9-22-84	55%	ST	yes
2	5-22-84	ST	yes	9-22-84	60%	ST	yes
3	5-22-84	ST	yes	9-22-84	60%	ST	yes

Receiver in Lab 5/22/84 Date Initials MS Locked? ☒

Sampling Method: 4-5

Zero & Span Balance Initials MS

Filter Tare Weight (mgms) Used on Test

Remarks:

E 1165	.5226	7
E 2230	.4427	8
E 1164	.5270	9

MAXIMUM LOAD

ENTROPY

ORSAT FIELD DATA

Plant Name MOBAR

Sampling Location UNIT 1 INCINERATOR STACK

Fuel Type COKE

(NAT. GAS)

Run and/or Sample No. 10

Leak Test? ☒

Date 9-27

Operator MM

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1033	1630	6.2	15.4	—	9.2	—	
TO		6.3	15.4		9.1		
1044		6.2	15.4		9.2		
Avg.		6.2		Avg.	9.2		84.6

Run and/or Sample No. 11

Leak Test? ☒

Date 9-27

Operator MM

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1158	1245	6.0	15.7	—	9.7	—	
TO		5.9	15.7		9.8		
1306		6.0	15.8		9.8		
Avg.		6.0		Avg.	9.8		84.2

Run and/or Sample No. 12

Leak Test? ☒

Date 9-27

Operator MM

Time of Sample Collection	Time of Analysis	CO ₂ Reading A	O ₂ Reading B	CO Reading C	%O ₂ B-A	%CO C-B	%N ₂ 100-C
1410	1700	6.2	15.5	—	9.3	—	
TO		6.2	15.4		9.2		
1518		6.2	15.5		9.3		
Avg.		6.2		Avg.	9.3		84.5

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPASS ROSES		RUN NUMBER <u>10</u>	
ADDRESS <u>1000 118</u>		TIME START <u>1022</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>STAGE</u>		TIME FINISH <u>1134</u>	
DATE <u>10/10/68</u>	TEAM LEADER <u>AK</u>	TECHNICIAN <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>30.1</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-1.45</u>	
SAMPLING MAIN LINE TEST VACUUM, IN. HG <u>15</u>			
SAMPLING MAIN LINE RATE, CU. FT./MIN. <u>0.14</u>			

IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS	
PROPERTY BOX <u>201</u>	NOZZLE <u>3/16</u> DIAMETER <u>.370</u>
METER BOX <u>12</u>	V/C MOUNT <u>AD BOX 2002</u>
CORRECTION	V/C SCALE <u>6-1</u>
SAMPLE BOX <u>08</u>	ORIENT. PUMP <u>09</u>
PROBE <u>WC 5-1</u>	TEDLAR BAG <u>43</u>

FILTRATION		NOMOGRAPH SETUP	
<u>E-2233</u>	<u>AS04</u>	<u>1.72</u>	<u>185</u>
		METER TEMP <u>95</u>	STACK TEMP <u>1800</u>
		% MOISTURE <u>14</u>	REF. OF <u>1.48</u>

SAMPLE POINT	TIME	DATE	SAMPLING RATE (CFM)	SAMPLING VOLUME (L)	ORIFICE SETTING (IN.)		METER TEMP.	VACUUM IN. HG	FILTER BOX TEMP.	IMP. EXIT TEMP. OF	STACK TEMP. OF	LK. CHECK READINGS
					IDEAL	ACTUAL						
A 5	12	10/10	239.14	139	1.67	1.67	81	2	250	65	1872	
4	2	10/10	242.70	138	1.62	1.62	81	2	250	65	1875	
3	2	10/10	238.92	134	1.48	1.48	88	2	250	65	1868	
2	2	10/10	241.00	130	1.36	1.36	84	2	250	65	1880	
1	2	10/10	241.19	122	1.44	1.44	83	2	250	65	1882	
D 5	10/10	10/10	241.200	140	1.73	1.73	87	3	250	65	1886	
4	2	10/10	241.51	140	1.73	1.73	86	2	250	65	1885	
3	2	10/10	241.58	137	1.60	1.60	86	2	250	65	1860	
2	2	10/10	241.43	135	1.50	1.50	88	2	250	65	1850	
1	2	10/10	241.41	132	1.29	1.29	90	2	250	65	1883	LTD
C 5	10/10	10/10	241.225	144	1.90	1.90	91	3	250	65	1880	
4	2	10/10	241.45	145	1.86	1.86	85	3	250	65	1872	523 240.475 0.46
3	2	10/10	241.34	135	1.51	1.51	86	3	250	65	1836	
2	2	10/10	241.51	134	1.48	1.48	87	3	250	65	1824	
1	12	10/10	241.61	129	1.17	1.17	90	2	250	65	1798	
B 5	10/10	10/10	241.501	132	1.82	1.82	84	2	250	65	1870	
4	2	10/10	241.62	130	1.90	1.90	85	3	250	65	1862	
3	2	10/10	241.72	128	1.67	1.67	86	2	250	65	1858	
2	2	10/10	241.83	128	1.25	1.25	88	2	250	65	1828	
1	2	10/10	241.52	128	1.07	1.07	100	2	260	65	1769	

241.5 241.5 1.328 43

10/10

1843

1843

1843

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME <u>MOCAR</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>11</u>	
ADDRESS <u>MOUNDSVILLE, W. VA.</u>		TIME START <u>1158</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>UNIT 1 INCINERATOR STACK</u>		TIME FINISH <u>1306</u>	
DATE <u>9-27-84</u>	TEAM LEADER <u>MT</u>	TECHNICIANS <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>29.7</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-1.40</u>	
SAMPLING TRAIN LEAK TEST VACUUM, IN. HG <u>15</u> <u>50</u> <u>40</u>			
SAMPLING TRAIN LEAK RATE, CU. FT./MIN. <u>0.014</u> <u>0.003</u> <u>0.014</u>			

EQUIPMENT CHECKS	IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
☒ PITOTS, PRE-TEST	REAGENT BOX <u>201</u> NOZZLE <u>SL1</u> DIAMETER <u>.378</u>
☒ PITOTS, POST-TEST	METER BOX <u>N2</u> T/C READOUT <u>RED BOX 2002</u>
☒ ORSAT SAMPLING SYSTEM	UMBILICAL _____ T/C PROBE <u>H1 TEMP 6</u>
☒ TEDLAR BAG	SAMPLE BOX <u>15</u> ORSAT PUMP <u>04</u>
_____ THERMOCOUPLE @ _____ °F	PROBE <u>WC 6-6</u> TEDLAR BAG <u>05</u>

FILTER #	TARE	NOMOGRAPH SET-UP
<u>E 2234</u>	<u>.4499</u>	ΔH _e <u>1.72</u> C FACTOR <u>.85</u>
_____	_____	METER TEMP <u>95</u> STACK TEMP <u>1850</u>
_____	_____	% MOISTURE <u>14</u> REF. ΔP <u>.44</u>

[illegible]

44.109

0.3249

1.384 94

1879

 $\mathbf{v}_M$
$$(\sqrt{\Delta P})^2$$
 ΔH

T

T

ENTROPY

PARTICULATE FIELD DATA

COMPANY NAME <u>MOCAR</u>		RUN NUMBER <u>12</u>	
ADDRESS <u>MOBILE, AL.</u>		TIME START <u>1500</u>	
SAMPLING LOCATION <u>UNIT 1 GENERATOR STACK</u>		TIME FINISH <u>1518</u>	
DATE <u>9-27-84</u>	TEAM LEADER <u>MLT</u>	TECHNICIANS <u>ST</u>	
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, IN. HG <u>29.7</u>		STATIC PRESSURE, IN. H ₂ O <u>-40</u>	
SAMPLING TRAIN LEAK TEST VACUUM, IN. HG <u>15</u> <u>50</u> <u>4(F)</u>			
SAMPLING TRAIN LEAK RATE, CU. FT./MIN. <u>0.007</u> <u>0.002</u> <u>0.002</u>			

EQUIPMENT CHECKS	IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS
☒ PITOTS, PRE-TEST	REAGENT BOX <u>201</u> NOZZLE <u>810</u> DIAMETER <u>3/10</u>
☒ PITOTS, POST-TEST	METER BOX <u>N2</u> T/C READOUT <u>RED BOX 2002</u>
☒ ORSAT SAMPLING SYSTEM	UMBILICAL _____ T/C PROBE # <u>6-1</u>
☒ TEDLAR BAG	SAMPLE BOX _____ ORSAT PUMP <u>84</u>
☒ THERMOCOUPLE @ _____ OF _____	PROBE <u>WC 6-1</u> TEDLAR BAG <u>01</u>

FILTER #	TARE	NOMOGRAPH SET-UP	NOMOGRAPH #
<u>E 1161</u>	<u>.5209</u>	$\Delta H @$ <u>1.72</u>	C FACTOR <u>.85</u>
_____	_____	METER TEMP <u>95</u>	STACK TEMP <u>1850</u>
_____	_____	% MOISTURE <u>14</u>	REF. ΔP <u>44</u>

[illegible]

0.3008

1.280 95

1832

$$(\sqrt{\Delta F})^2$$

ΔΗ

Tu

T₂

ENTROPY

ARTICULATE SAMPLING LABORATORY SULTS

Plant Name MOGAREEI Ref. # 2632Sampling Location UNIT #1 INCINERATOR STACKDate Received 10/1/84 Date Analyzed 10/4/84 Reagent Box(es) 0201

Run Number

101112

Run Date

9/269/269/26SUMMARY OF PARTICULATE ANALYSESSum of Particulate, mg. 491.5 482.2 600.1Total Filter Tare mg. 450.8 449.9 520.9Blank Residue, mg. (150 ml) 0.3 (150 ml) 0.3 (125 ml) 0.3TOTAL PARTICULATE CATCH, mg. 40.4 32.0 78.9ANALYSIS OF MOISTURE CATCHReagent 1 (H₂O):Final Weight, g. 327.0 323.0 315.0Tared Weight, g. 200.0 200.0 200.0Water Catch, g. 127.0 123.0 115.0Reagent 2 ()::Final Weight, g. - - -Tared Weight, g. - - -Water Catch, g. - - -CONDENSED WATER, g. 127.0 123.0 115.0Silica Gel:Final Weight, g. 219.0 218.0 221.5Tared Weight, g. 200.0 200.0 200.0ABSORBED WATER, g. 19.0 18.0 21.5TOTAL WATER COLLECTED, g. 146.0 141.0 136.5Blank Beaker # 11Final wt. mg. 73912.3Tare wt. mg. 73911.9Residue, mg. 0.4Volume, ml. 200Concen., mg/ml. .002

--- Legend ---

✓ = Final Weight

L = Loose Particulate

F = Filter D = Dish

R = Rinse P = Pan

Notes and Comments

LABORATORY SAMPLE WEIGHT CALCULATIONS

Plant Name MOGAR

EEI Ref. # 2632

Run Number

10

11

12

Run Date

9/26

9/26

9/26

Sample ID/Container #

FIR-253

FIR-254

FIR-255

Tare Wt., g.

142.4493
✓ 142.4487
141.9572

144.0813
✓ 144.0813
143.5991

135.3472
✓ 135.3471
134.7470

SAMPLE WT., g.

4915

4822

6001

Sample ID/Container #

Tare Wt., g.

SAMPLE WT., g.

Sample ID/Container #

Tare Wt., g.

SAMPLE WT., g.

Sample ID/Container #

Tare Wt., g.

SAMPLE WT., g.

CUSTODY SHEET FOR REAGENT BOX # 0201

Date of Makeup 9/20/84 Initials MEJ Locked? ☒
 Individual Tare of Reagent: 200 mls. of H₂O
 Individual Tare of Reagent: _____ mls. of _____
 Individual Silica Gel Tare Weight 200 gms.

PLANT NAME MICAL
 SAMPLING LOCATION UNIT 1 CONDENSER CTR

Run Number	Date Used	Initials	Locked?	Date Cleanup	% S. Gel Spent	Initials	Locked?
12	9/20	MEJ	✓	9/20	50	MEJ	✓
11	9/20	MEJ	✓	9/20	50	MEJ	✓
10	9/20	MEJ	✓	9/20	50	MEJ	✓

Received in Lab 9/28/84 Date MEJ Initials MEJ Locked? ☒

Sampling Method: M-5

Zero & Span Balance Initials MEJ

Filter # Tare Weight (mgms) Used on Test

Remarks:

E 2233 .4508 10
E 2234 .4499 11
E 1161 .5209 12

SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

METHOD 1—SAMPLE AND VELOCITY TRAVERSES FOR STATIONARY SOURCES

1. Principle and Applicability

1.1 Principle. To aid in the representative measurement of pollutant emissions and/or total volumetric flow rate from a stationary source, a measurement site where the effluent stream is flowing in a known direction is selected, and the cross-section of the stack is divided into a number of equal areas. A traverse point is then located within each of these equal areas.

1.2 Applicability. This method is applicable to flowing gas streams in ducts, stacks, and pipes. The method cannot be used when: (1) flow is cyclonic or swirling (see Section 2.1); (2) a stack is smaller than about 0.30 meter (12 in.) in diameter, or 0.071 m³ (2.5 in.³) in cross-sectional area, or (3) the measurement site is less than two stack or duct diameters downstream from a flow disturbance.

The requirements of this method must be considered before construction of a new facility from which emissions will be measured; failure to do so may require subsequent alterations to the stack or deviation from the standard procedure. Cases involving variants are subject to approval by the Administrator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

2. Procedure

2.1 Selection of Measurement Site. Sampling or velocity measurement is performed at a site located at least eight stack or duct diameters downstream and two diameters upstream from any flow disturbance such as a bend, expansion, or contraction in the stack, or from a visible flame. If necessary, an alternative location may be selected, at a position at least two stack or duct diameters downstream and a half diameter upstream from any flow disturbance. For a rectangular cross section, an equivalent diameter (D_e) shall be calculated from the following equation, to determine the upstream and downstream distances:

$$D_e = \frac{2LW}{L+W}$$

where L=length and W=width.

2.2 Determining the Number of Traverse Points.

2.2.1 Particulate Traverses. When the eight- and two-diameter criterion can be met, the minimum number of traverse points shall be: (1) twelve, for circular or rectangular stacks with diameters (or equivalent diameters) greater than 0.61 meter (24 in.); (2) eight, for circular stacks with diameters between 0.30 and 0.61 meter (12-24 in.); (3) nine, for rectangular stacks with equivalent diameters between 0.30 and 0.61 meter (12-24 in.).

When the eight- and two-diameter criterion cannot be met, the minimum number of traverse points is determined from Figure 1-1. Before referring to the figure, however, determine the distance from the chosen measurement site to the nearest upstream and downstream disturbances, and divide each distance by the stack diameter or equivalent diameter, to determine the distance in terms of the number of duct diameters. Then, determine from Figure 1-1 the minimum number of traverse points that corresponds: (1) to the number of duct diameters upstream; and (2) to the number of duct diameters downstream. Select the higher of the two minimum numbers of traverse points, or a greater value, so that for circular stacks the number is a multiple of 4, and for rectangular stacks, the number is one of those shown in Table 1-1.

TABLE 1-1. Cross-sectional layout for minimum-for stacks

Number of traverse points	Stack diameter, in.
8	30-35
12	36-43
16	44-51
20	52-59
24	60-67
28	68-75
32	76-83
36	84-91
40	92-99
44	100-107
48	108-115
52	116-123
56	124-131
60	132-139
64	140-147
68	148-155
72	156-163
76	164-171
80	172-179
84	180-187
88	188-195
92	196-203
96	204-211
100	212-219
104	220-227
108	228-235
112	236-243
116	244-251
120	252-259
124	260-267
128	268-275
132	276-283
136	284-291
140	292-299
144	300-307
148	308-315
152	316-323
156	324-331
160	332-339
164	340-347
168	348-355
172	356-363
176	364-371
180	372-379
184	380-387
188	388-395
192	396-403
196	404-411
200	412-419
204	420-427
208	428-435
212	436-443
216	444-451
220	452-459
224	460-467
228	468-475
232	476-483
236	484-491
240	492-499
244	500-507
248	508-515
252	516-523
256	524-531
260	532-539
264	540-547
268	548-555
272	556-563
276	564-571
280	572-579
284	580-587
288	588-595
292	596-603
296	604-611
300	612-619
304	620-627
308	628-635
312	636-643
316	644-651
320	652-659
324	660-667
328	668-675
332	676-683
336	684-691
340	692-699
344	700-707
348	708-715
352	716-723
356	724-731
360	732-739
364	740-747
368	748-755
372	756-763
376	764-771
380	772-779
384	780-787
388	788-795
392	796-803
396	804-811
400	812-819
404	820-827
408	828-835
412	836-843
416	844-851
420	852-859
424	860-867
428	868-875
432	876-883
436	884-891
440	892-899
444	900-907
448	908-915
452	916-923
456	924-931
460	932-939
464	940-947
468	948-955
472	956-963
476	964-971
480	972-979
484	980-987
488	988-995
492	996-1003
496	1004-1011
500	1012-1019
504	1020-1027
508	1028-1035
512	1036-1043
516	1044-1051
520	1052-1059
524	1060-1067
528	1068-1075
532	1076-1083
536	1084-1091
540	1092-1099
544	1100-1107
548	1108-1115
552	1116-1123
556	1124-1131
560	1132-1139
564	1140-1147
568	1148-1155
572	1156-1163
576	1164-1171
580	1172-1179
584	1180-1187
588	1188-1195
592	1196-1203
596	1204-1211
600	1212-1219
604	1220-1227
608	1228-1235
612	1236-1243
616	1244-1251
620	1252-1259
624	1260-1267
628	1268-1275
632	1276-1283
636	1284-1291
640	1292-1299
644	1300-1307
648	1308-1315
652	1316-1323
656	1324-1331
660	1332-1339
664	1340-1347
668	1348-1355
672	1356-1363
676	1364-1371
680	1372-1379
684	1380-1387
688	1388-1395
692	1396-1403
696	1404-1411
700	1412-1419
704	1420-1427
708	1428-1435
712	1436-1443
716	1444-1451
720	1452-1459
724	1460-1467
728	1468-1475
732	1476-1483
736	1484-1491
740	1492-1499
744	1500-1507
748	1508-1515
752	1516-1523
756	1524-1531
760	1532-1539
764	1540-1547
768	1548-1555
772	1556-1563
776	1564-1571
780	1572-1579
784	1580-1587
788	1588-1595
792	1596-1603
796	1604-1611
800	1612-1619
804	1620-1627
808	1628-1635
812	1636-1643
816	1644-1651
820	1652-1659
824	1660-1667
828	1668-1675
832	1676-1683
836	1684-1691
840	1692-1699
844	1700-1707
848	1708-1715
852	1716-1723
856	1724-1731
860	1732-1739
864	1740-1747
868	1748-1755
872	1756-1763
876	1764-1771
880	1772-1779
884	1780-1787
888	1788-1795
892	1796-1803
896	1804-1811
900	1812-1819
904	1820-1827
908	1828-1835
912	1836-1843
916	1844-1851
920	1852-1859
924	1860-1867
928	1868-1875
932	1876-1883
936	1884-1891
940	1892-1899
944	1900-1907
948	1908-1915
952	1916-1923
956	1924-1931
960	1932-1939
964	1940-1947
968	1948-1955
972	1956-1963
976	1964-1971
980	1972-1979
984	1980-1987
988	1988-1995
992	1996-2003
996	2004-2011
1000	2012-2019

2.2.2 Velocity (Non-Particulate) Traverses. When velocity or volumetric flow rate is to be determined (but not particulate matter), the same procedure as that for particulate traverses (Section 2.2.1) is followed, except that Figure 1-2 may be used instead of Figure 1-1.

2.3 Cross-Sectional Layout and Location of Traverse Points.

2.3.1 Circular Stacks. Locate the traverse points on two perpendicular diameters according to Table 1-2 and the example shown in Figure 1-3. Any equation (for example, see Citations 2 and 3 in the Bibliography) that gives the same values as those in Table 1-2 may be used in lieu of Table 1-2.

For particulate traverses, one of the diameters must be in a plane containing the greatest expected concentration variation, e.g., after bends, one diameter shall be in the plane of the bend. This requirement becomes less critical as the distance from the disturbance increases; therefore, either diameter location may be used, subject to approval of the Administrator.

In addition, for stacks having diameters greater than 0.61 m (24 in.) no traverse points shall be located within 2.5 centimeters (1.0 in.) of the stack walls and for stack diameters equal to or less than 0.61 m (24 in.), no traverse points shall be located within 1.3 cm (0.5 in.) of the stack walls. To meet these criteria, observe the procedures given below.

2.3.1.1 Stacks With Diameters Greater Than 0.61 m (24 in.). When any of the traverse points as located in Section 2.3.1 fall within 2.5 cm (1.0 in.) of the stack walls, relocate them away from the stack walls to: (1) a distance of 2.5 cm (1.0 in.); or (2) a distance equal to the nozzle inside diameter, whichever is larger. These relocated traverse points (on each end of a diameter) shall be the "adjusted" traverse points.

When two successive traverse points are combined to form a single adjusted traverse point, treat the adjusted point as two separate traverse points, both in the sampling (or velocity measurement) procedure, and in recording the data.

2.3.1.2 Stacks With Diameters Equal to or Less Than 0.61 m (24 in.). Follow the procedure in Section 2.3.1.1, noting only that any "adjusted" points should be relocated away from the stack walls to: (1) a distance of 1.3 cm (0.5 in.); or (2) a distance equal to the nozzle inside diameter, whichever is larger.

2.3.2 Rectangular Stacks. Determine the number of traverse points as explained in Sections 2.1 and 2.2 of this method. From Table 1-1, determine the grid size. Divide the stack cross-section into as many equal rectangular elemental areas as traverse points, and then locate a traverse point at the centroid of each equal area according to the example in Figure 1-4.

If the tester desires to use more than the minimum number of traverse points, expand the "minimum number of traverse points" matrix (see Table 1-1) by adding the extra traverse points along one or the other or both legs of the matrix; the final matrix need not be balanced. For example, if a 4x2 "minimum number of points" matrix is expanded to 34 points, the final matrix could be 9x4 or 17x2, and would not necessarily have to be 6x6. After constructing the final matrix, divide the stack cross-section into as many equal rectangular elemental areas as traverse points, and locate a traverse point at the centroid of each equal area.

The situation of traverse points being too close to the stack walls is not expected to arise with rectangular stacks. If this problem should ever arise, the Administrator must be contacted for resolution of the matter.

2.3.3 Verification of Absence of Cyclonic Flow. In most stationary sources, the direction of stack gas flow is essentially parallel to the stack walls. However, cyclonic flow may exist (1) after such devices as cyclones and inertial separators following venturi scrubbers, or (2) in stacks having tangential inlets or other duct configurations which tend to induce swirling. In these instances, the presence or absence of cyclonic flow at the sampling location must be determined. The following techniques are acceptable for this determination.

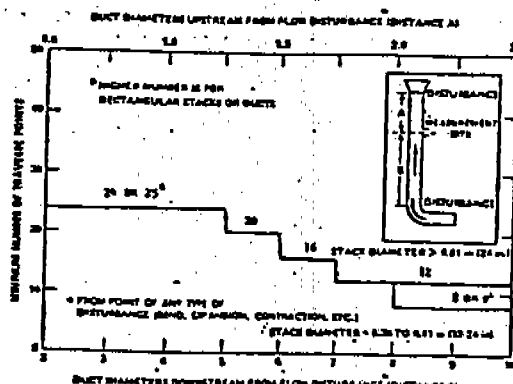


Figure 1-1. Minimum number of traverse points for particulate traverses.

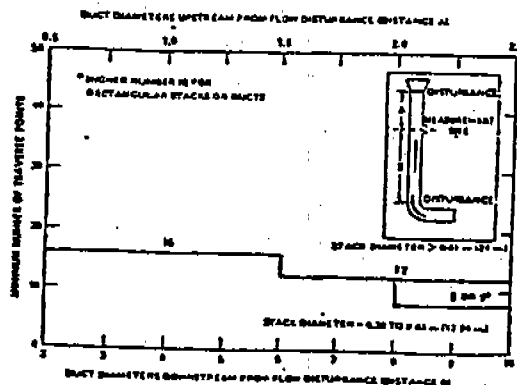


Figure 1-2. Minimum number of traverse points for velocity (non-particulate) traverses.

TRAVERSE POINT	DISTANCE, % of diameter
1	4.4
2	14.7
3	29.5
4	44.3
5	59.0
6	73.7

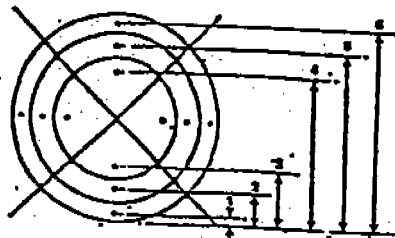


Figure 1-3. Example showing circular stack cross section divided into 12 equal areas, with location of traverse points indicated.

Table 1-2. LOCATION OF TRAVERSE POINTS IN CIRCULAR STACKS
(Percent of stack diameter from inside wall to traverse point)

Traverse point number on 1 - diameter	Number of traverse points on a diameter											
	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
1	14.6	6.7	4.4	3.2	2.6	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.1
2	85.4	25.0	14.6	10.3	8.2	6.7	5.7	4.9	4.4	3.9	3.5	3.2
3		75.0	29.5	19.4	14.6	11.8	9.9	8.5	7.5	6.7	6.0	5.5
4			55.0	32.3	22.6	17.7	14.6	12.5	10.9	9.7	8.7	7.9
5				67.7	34.2	25.0	20.1	16.9	14.6	12.9	11.6	10.5
6					65.8	35.8	26.9	22.0	18.8	16.3	14.6	13.2
7						64.4	36.5	25.3	21.6	20.4	18.0	16.1
8							63.4	37.5	23.5	23.0	21.8	19.4
9								62.5	38.2	30.6	26.2	23.0
10									61.8	38.8	31.3	27.2
11										61.2	39.3	32.3
12											60.7	39.8
13												60.2
14												
15												
16												
17												
18												
19												
20												
21												
22												
23												
24												

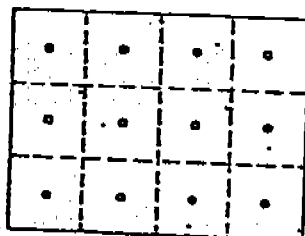


Figure 1-4. Example showing rectangular stack cross section divided into 12 equal areas, with a traverse point at centroid of each area.

Level and zero the manometer. Connect a Type S pitot tube to the manometer. Position the Type S pitot tube at each traverse point, in succession, so that the planes of the two openings of the pitot tube are perpendicular to the stack cross-sectional plane; what the Type S pitot tube is in this position, it is at "0" reference. Note the differential pressure (Δp) reading at each traverse point. If a null (zero) pitot reading is obtained at 0° reference at a given traverse point, an acceptable flow condition exists at that point. If the pitot reading is not zero at 0° reference, rotate the pitot tube (up to 45° yaw angle), until a null reading is obtained. Carefully determine and record the value of the rotation angle (α) to the nearest degree. After the null technique has been applied at each traverse point, calculate the average of the absolute values of α; assign a value of 0° to those points for which no rotation was required, and include these in the overall average. If the average value of α is greater than 30°, the overall flow condition in the stack is unacceptable and alternative methodology, subject to the approval of the Administrator, must be used to perform accurate sample and velocity traverses.

2. Bibliography

1. Determining Dust Concentration in a Gas Stream. ASME. Performance Test Code No. 27. New York, NY.
2. Dvorak, Edward, et al. Air Pollution Source Testing Manual. Air Pollution Control District, Los Angeles, CA. November 1963.
3. Methods for Determination of Velocity, Volume, Dust and Mist Content of Gases. Western Precipitation Division of Joy Manufacturing Co. Los Angeles, CA. Bulletin WP-44. 1968.
4. Standard Method for Sampling Stacks for Particulate Matter. In: 1971 Book of ASTM Standards, Part 22. ASTM Designation D-3722-71. Philadelphia, Pa. 1971.
5. Hanson, H.A., et al. Particulate Sampling Strategies for Large Power Plants Including Nonuniform Flow. USEPA ORD, ESR-L. Research Triangle Park, N.C. EPA-600/2-76-170. June 1978.
6. Entropy Environmentalists, Inc. Determination of the Optimum Number of Sampling Points: An Analysis of Method 1 Criteria. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, N.C. EPA Contract No. 68-01-3172, Task 7.
7. Hanson, H.A.; R.J. Davini, J.K. Morgan, and A.A. Iversen. Particulate Sampling Strategies for Large Power Plants Including Nonuniform Flow. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, N.C. Publication No. EPA-600/2-76-170. June 1978. 350 p.
8. Brooks, E.F., and R.L. Williams. Flow and Gas Sampling Manual. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, N.C. Publication No. EPA-600/2-76-203. July 1978. 93 p.
9. Entropy Environmentalists, Inc. Traverse Point Study. EPA Contract No. 68-02-3172. June 1977. 29 p.
10. Brown, J. and K. Yu. Test Report: Particulate Sampling Strategy in Circular Ducts. Emission Measurement Branch, Emission Standards and Engineering Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, N.C. 27711. July 31, 1980. 12 p.
11. Hawksley, P.G.W., S. Badzioch, and J.H. Blackett. Measurement of Solids in Flue Gases. Leatherhead, England. The British Coal Utilisation Research Association. 1961. p. 129-133.
12. Knapp, K.T. The Number of Sampling Points Needed for Representative Source Sampling. In: Proceedings of the Fourth National Conference on Energy and the Environment. Theodore, L., et al. (ed.). Dayton, Dayton Section of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers. October 3-7, 1978. p. 563-568.

CALIBRATION DATA

ENTROPY

CALIBRATIONS

GENERAL

All measuring equipment Entropy uses is initially calibrated before use. Equipment which can change calibration is both checked upon return from each field use and is also periodically recalibrated in full. When an instrument is found out of calibration, it is so noted in the report and appropriate adjustments are made to the final results. The equipment is then repaired and recalibrated or retired as needed. Specific equipment is handled as follows:

PITOT TUBE

All pitot tubes used by Entropy, whether separate or attached to a sampling probe, are constructed in-house or by Nutech Corporation. Prior to their initial usage, they are calibrated using EPA geometry standards. In general, if a type "S" pitot tube is assembled correctly, and positioned properly in relation to the probe nozzle, it will have an average C_p of 0.84. As long as it is not damaged, it should not change its calibration. The recalibration schedule for pitot tubes is related to the physical condition and usage of the pitot tube, not a fixed time schedule. Each pitot tube is inspected upon return to the laboratory from each field use.

DRY GAS METER AND ORIFICE METER

All Entropy meter boxes are calibrated upon purchase and at least once every six months against a secondary test meter (one calibrated against a wet test meter) according to their usage history. Basic procedures are outlined in the EPA Publication No. APTD-0576. The only differences are in the choice of flow rates used and the volumes metered at each flow rate. After each field use, quick checks are performed to insure delta H_2 changes of less than 5%. These checks compare the orifice against the dry gas meter. If greater than 5% changes occur, recalibration and repair are instituted.

NOZZLES

Each nozzle is calibrated upon purchase, and thereafter whenever it becomes apparent that the nozzle has become damaged. Each nozzle is inspected upon return to laboratory from each field use. The diameter is measured on five different axes, with the high and low readings differing by no more than 0.004 inches as a tolerance.

TEMPERATURE MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

After each field use, the thermocouples or thermometers are calibrated against an ASTM precision mercury-in-glass thermometer across a wide range of temperatures. If the initial reading is not within $\pm 1.5\%$ of the absolute temperature reading of the standard thermometer, the instrument is adjusted until it is in the acceptable range.

MAGNEHELIC GAUGES

After each field use, each magnehelic gauge is calibrated against an inclined manometer at three different settings (low, medium, high) over the range of the individual gauges. If the readings differ more than $\pm 5\%$ from the manometer readings, the magnehelics are recalibrated.

BAROMETER

After each field use, each barometer is checked against a mercury barometer.

ENTROPY

Dry Gas Meter Identification: 1017057

Calibration by: Bruce Hawke

Date: 8/10/84

Barometric Pressure (P_b): 29.70 in. Hg

*Date: _____

*Barometric Pressure (P_b): _____ in. Hg



Approx. Flow Rate (Q) cfm	Spirometer #2502		Dry Gas Meter		Pressure (Δp) in. H ₂ O	Time (t) min.	Flow Rate (Q) cfm	Meter Meter Coeff. (V_{ds})	AVG. Meter Coeff. ($\bar{V}_{ds}$)
	Gas Volume (V_s) ft ³	Temp. (t_s) °F	Gas Volume (V_{ds}) ft ³	Temp. (t_{ds}) °F					
0.25	2.550	73.4	2.554	76	-0.23	9.657	0.2594	1.0039	
	2.368	73.4	2.371	76	-0.22	9.170	0.2536	1.0041	
	2.468	77	2.486	77	-0.20	10.008	0.2406	0.9933	
0.40	3.962	73.4	3.999	75	-0.43	9.958	0.3908	0.9948	
	4.071	73.4	4.104	75	-0.43	10.033	0.3985	0.9960	
	4.089	73.4	4.118	76	-0.43	10.049	0.3977	0.9989	
	5.993	75.2	6.090	77	-0.90	9.995	0.5869	0.9896	
0.60	6.330	75.2	6.438	77	-0.95	10.001	0.6196	0.9889	
	6.330	75.2	6.435	77	-1.00	10.005	0.6193	0.9894	
	7.933	73.4	8.046	76	-1.5	10.000	0.7792	0.9945	
0.80	8.151	73.4	8.260	76	-1.6	10.001	0.8005	0.9956	
	8.188	73.4	8.302	76	-1.5	10.055	0.7998	0.9948	
	9.153	75.2	9.298	76	-2.0	9.436	0.9495	0.9908	
1.00	9.171	75.2	9.326	76	-2.0	9.460	0.9490	0.9898	
	9.126	75.2	9.304	76	-2.1	9.435	0.9468	0.9875	

$$V_{ds} = \frac{(V_s) (t_{ds} + 460) (P_b)}{(V_{ds}) (t_s + 460) (P_b) + (P / 13.6)}$$

$$Q = \frac{(P_b) (V_s)}{(t_s + 460) (9)}$$

1017057

Calibration by:

3	10	94
---	----	----

29.70

10

In. Hg

**ENTROPY
ENVIRONMENTALISTS, INC.**

[illegible]

$$Y_{D3} = \frac{(V_3)(t_{d3} + 160)(P_b)}{(V_{D3})(t_3 + 160)(P_b + (p/13.6))}$$

$$Q = (17.64) \frac{(P_b)(V_s)}{(t_s + 450)(9)}$$

Calibration by: DR

Barometric Pressure (P_b): 28.70 In. Hg

Date:

Barometric Pressure (P_b):

ENTROPY ENVIRONMENTALISTS, INC.

[illegible]

$$\Delta H_E = \frac{0.0317 \cdot \Delta H}{P_b \cdot (t_d + \eta_{60})} = \frac{(t_{ds} + \eta_{60}) \cdot \theta^2}{Y_{ds} \cdot V_{ds}} \cdot \frac{Y_{ds} \cdot V_{ds} \cdot (t_d + \eta_{60}) \cdot P_b}{V_d \cdot (t_d + \eta_{60}) \cdot (P_b + \eta_{60})}$$

CALIBRATION BY: DR

METER BOX NUMBER: N-2

DATE: 10-1-84

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (P_B): 29.44 IN. HG

*DATE: _____

*BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (P_B): _____ IN. HG

STANDARD METER NUMBER: 1017057

COEFFICIENT (Y_{DS}): 0.9942

NOMINAL FLOW RATE ($\tilde{Q}$) CFM	STANDARD DRY GAS METER			METER BOX METERING SYSTEM		
	GAS VOLUME (V_{DS}) FT ³	TEMP. (T_{DS}) °F	TIME (θ) MIN.	ORIFICE SETTING (ΔH) IN. H ₂ O	GAS VOLUME (V_D) FT ³	TEMP. (T_D) °F
0.4	4.105	70°	10.0	0.50	4.200	83°
	4.093	76°	10.0	0.50	4.181	84°
0.8	8.215	70°	10.0	2.10	8.331	86°
	8.199	70°	10.0	2.10	8.341	88°
1.2	12.265	69°	10.0	4.80	12.376	90°
	12.230	69°	10.0	4.80	12.377	92°

NOMINAL FLOW RATE ($\tilde{Q}$) CFM	METER BOX METERING SYSTEM			
	FLOW RATE (Q_D) CFM	ORIFICE FACTOR (OF)	COEFF. (Y_D)	ΔH @ IN. H ₂ O
0.4	0.3999	3.037	0.9943	1.672
	0.3987	3.040	0.9977	1.679
0.8	0.8003	6.241	1.0047	1.744
	0.7987	6.252	1.0052	1.744
1.2	1.1971	9.470	1.0123	1.769
	1.1937	9.487	1.0130	1.772
AVERAGE			1.005	1.73

$$\Delta H_g = \frac{0.0317 \cdot \Delta H}{P_B \cdot (T_g + 460)} \cdot \left[\frac{(T_{DS} + 460) \cdot P}{Y_{DS} \cdot V_{DS}} \right]^2$$

$$Y_D = \frac{Y_{DS} \cdot V_{DS} \cdot (T_g + 460) \cdot P_B}{V_g \cdot (T_{DS} + 460) \cdot (P_B + \Delta H/13.6)}$$

ENTROPY

NOZZLE NUMBER: 810

[illegible]

NOTE: All diameters measured in inches.

NOZZLE NUMBER: 811

[illegible]

NOTE: All diameters measured in inches.

813

[illegible]

NOTE: All diameters measured in inches.

814

NOTE: All diameters measured in inches.

TEMPERATURE SENSING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA

METRIC PRESSURE: 29.44 DATE: 10-1-84 CALIBRATED BY: BDR

MERCURY-IN-GLASS REFERENCE NUMBER: 1962175 AMBIENT TEMP.: 68

[illegible]

$$\text{CORRECTED TEMPERATURE} = T_c = T_o + .00009 (T_o - 20) (T_o - T_m)$$

$$\text{TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE} = \Delta T = \frac{[(T_{C, OF} + 460) - (T_{t, BF} + 460)] \times 100}{T_{C, OF} + 460} < 1.5\%$$

ENTROPY

TEMPERATURE SENSING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE: 30.06 DATE: 1-13-84 CALIBRATED BY: NJC

MERCURY-IN-GLASS REFERENCE NUMBER: 1962175-ASTM3F AMBIENT TEMP.: 64

[illegible]

$$\text{CORRECTED TEMPERATURE} = T_c = T_o + .00009 (T_o - 20) (T_o - T_m)$$

$$\text{TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE} = \Delta T = \frac{[(T_C, ^\circ F + 460) - (T_L, ^\circ F + 460)]}{T_C, ^\circ F + 460} \times 100 \leq 1.5\%$$

ENTROPY

TEMPERATURE SENSING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA

METRIC PRESSURE: 29.72

DATE: 1-16-84

CALIBRATED BY: YJC

MERCURY-IN-GLASS REFERENCE NUMBER: 1962175-ASTHJF AMBIENT TEMP.: 63

CALIBRATION SYSTEM USED	POTENTIOMETER I.D. NUMBER	THERMOCOUPLE/ THERMOMETER I.D. NUMBER	REFERENCE THERMOMETER TEMPERATURE		MEAN TEMPERATURE OF Hg COLUMN T_m (°F)	THERMOCOUPLE/ THERMOMETER TEMPERATURE T_c (°F)	ΔT^B $\leq 1.5\%$
			T_o (°F)	T_c (°F)			
ice water	01	4-3	33	33	51	32	0.2
	04	"	33	33	51	32	0.2
	05	"	33	33	51	32	0.4
	07	"	33	33	51	32	0.2
	09	"	33	33	51	32	0.2
	10	"	33	33	51	31	0.4
	Blue box	"	33	33	51	31	0.4
	Red box-1	"	33	33	51	31	0.4
	Red box-2	"	33	33	51	32	0.2
ambient air	01	"	63	63	63	61	0.4
	04	"	63	63	63	61	0.4
	05	"	63	63	63	61	0.4
	07	"	63	63	63	61	0.4
	09	"	63	63	63	61	0.4
	10	"	63	63	63	61	0.4
	Blue box	"	63	63	63	62	0.2
	Red box-1	"	63	63	63	61	0.4
	Red box-2	"	63	63	63	62	0.2
hot water	01	"	212	213	127	213	0.0
	04	"	212	213	127	213	0.0
	05	"	212	213	127	212	0.1
	07	"	212	213	127	213	0.0
	09	"	212	213	127	213	0.0
	10	"	212	213	127	212	0.1
	Blue box	"	212	213	127	212	0.1
	Red box-1	"	212	213	127	213	0.0
	Red box-2	"	212	213	127	213	0.0

$$\text{CORRECTED TEMPERATURE} = T_c = T_o + .00009 (T_o - 20) (T_o - T_m)$$

$$\text{TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE} = \Delta T = \frac{[(T_c, ^\circ\text{F} + 460) - (T_e, ^\circ\text{F} + 460)]}{T_c, ^\circ\text{F} + 460} \times 100 \leq 1.5\%$$

ENTROPY

TEMPERATURE SENSING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATA

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE: 29.72 DATE: 1-16-84 CALIBRATED BY: HJC

MERCURY-IN-GLASS REFERENCE NUMBER: 1962175-ASTM3F AMBIENT TEMP.: 63

[illegible]

$$\text{CORRECTED TEMPERATURE} = T_c = T_o + -.00009 (T_o - 20) (T_o - T_m)$$

$$\text{TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE} = \Delta T = \frac{[(T_{C, OF} + 460) - (T_{C, BF} + 460)]}{T_{C, OF} + 460} \times 100 \leq 1.5\%$$

ENTROPY



MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY

Dale Farley
Your comments

P.O. BOX 577, MOUNDSVILLE, WV 26041
PHONE 304 845-1380

November 20, 1984

RECEIVED
1984 NOV 21 PM 3:02
WEST VIRGINIA AIR POLLUTION CONTROL COMMISSION

Mr. Carl Beard, II, Director
West Virginia Air Pollution Control Commission
1558 Washington Street, East
Charleston, West Virginia 25311

Re: Incinerator Compliance Testing
for Regular Coke

Dear Mr. Beard:

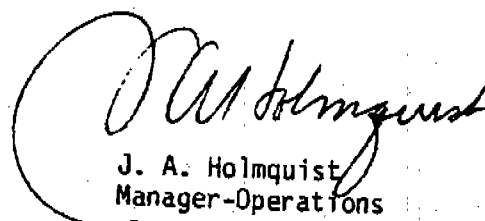
Pursuant to West Virginia TP-4 Compliance Test Procedures for Regulation VII, Mountaineer Carbon Company is hereby submitting the attached compliance testing report (Attachment III). The report summarizes information for regular coke testing conducted on both kiln-incinerator trains during the period of September 24-27, 1984. Similar testing for graphite coke will be performed at a later date and you will be so notified of these plans under separate cover.

Attachment I summarizes the results of stack testing with incinerator operating conditions. Attachment II discusses the data acquisition system and calibration procedures. In addition, a narrative of incinerator start-up procedures is provided.

In regard to a request by Dale Farley for submittal of kiln temperature data, we are of the opinion that such information is proprietary and does not provide any further insight to the performance of the incinerators beyond what is included herein. If WVAPCC still feels that these data should be submitted with our report, I would be happy to discuss the matter and our position with you further.

If this or any other questions arise during your review of these materials, please contact me at (304) 845-1380.

Yours truly,


J. A. Holmquist
Manager-Operations

JAH/GWM/lsm/2278

Attachments

ATTACHMENT I
MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY
EMISSION TESTING RESULTS SUMMARY

Table I summarizes the results of the regular coke stack testing along with pertinent operations data. The associated production data sheets are included as Tables 4 through 7. Each process value in Table I is taken from the production data sheets based on the predominant hour of testing for the respective run. For example, run number 1 was performed from 7:51 to 9:05 on September 24. Therefore, the process values given in Table I for run number 1 are those in the hour one (8:00 to 9:00) column in Table 4. Table 2 provides the date and time of each run while Table 3 compares actual versus allowable emission rates.

JAH/GWM/lsm/2279
11-20-84

TABLE I

MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY

EMISSION RATE AND PROCESS DATA SUMMARY

Run No.	Kiln Feed (Tons/Hr)	Emission Rate (Lbs/Hr)	Incinerator Temperatures (°F)							Draft Incin. (In H ₂ O)	Draft Stack (In H ₂ O)	Combustion Air (SCFM)	
			Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Bustle	Stack	Wt'd Avg. (a)			Bustle	Burner
1	35.8	8.18	2356	2095	2140	2098	1980	1790	2105	-0.67	-1.87	15,186	1694
2	36.7	11.4	2322	2094	2146	2101	1987	1795	2104	-0.64	-1.86	16,608	1697
3	36.1	6.25	2330	2095	2145	2100	1987	1794	2104	-0.64	-1.83	16,098	1686
4	49.0	23.8	2362	2174	2239	2178	2059	1875	2179	-0.80	-1.82	19,766	1904
5	49.3	26.7	2329	2169	2238	2180	2064	1879	2174	-0.78	-1.79	19,705	1906
6	47.9	19.1	2315	2178	2251	2190	2074	1885	2181	-0.79	-1.80	21,660	1903
7	34.1	29.9	2359	2216	2179	2063	1880	1792	2111	-0.81	-2.00	16,472	1823
8	35.2	19.5	2344	2213	2178	2062	1880	1793	2108	-0.82	-2.00	16,537	1835
9	34.5	19.6	2357	2226	2191	2073	1892	1799	2120	-0.79	-2.00	16,512	1838
10	52.3	13.3	2390	2232	2209	2094	1896	1869	2139	-0.79	-1.93	30,950	1950
11	50.2	10.5	2375	2218	2196	2084	1870	1858	2125	-0.81	-1.92	30,322	1977
12	48.9	26.1	2386	2216	2190	2076	1892	1853	2126	-0.82	-1.95	26,384	1982

(a) The weighted average temperature was defined in the testing protocol as a means to conveniently describe several operating temperatures of the new control system. Avg. Temp = 0.14 (Zone 1) + 0.18 (Zone 2) + 0.21 (Zone 3) + 0.25 (Zone 4) + 0.16 (Breeching) + 0.06 (Stack)

TABLE 2
MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY
TIMING OF TESTING RUNS

<u>Run No.</u>	<u>Test Date</u>	<u>Clock Start</u>	<u>Hour Stop</u>	<u>Shift Hour Reported</u>	<u>Kiln No.</u>
1	9/24	751	905	1	2
2	9/24	943	1055	3	2
3	9/24	1140	1252	5	2
4	9/25	1030	1202	3 ^(b)	2
5	9/25	1239	1351	6	2
6	9/25	1415	1524	7	2
7	9/26	1014	1120	4	1
8	9/26	1141	1248	5	1
9	9/26	1315	1423	6	1
10	9/27	1023	1134	3	1
11	9/27	1158	1306	5	1
12	9/27	1410	1518	7	1

(b) Due to a conveyor problem, kiln feed was stopped for approximately twenty (20) minutes beginning at 11:05. Sampling was interrupted until the problem was corrected and incinerator combustion air flow stabilized. Process data reported are for hour 10:00 to 11:00.

TABLE 3
MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY
ACTUAL AND ALLOWANCE EMISSION RATE SUMMARIES

<u>Kiln No.</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Three-Run Average Throughput (Tons/Hr)</u>	<u>Three-Run Average Emission Rate (Lb/Hr)</u>	<u>Allowable Emission Rate (Lb/Hr)^(c)</u>
2	9/24	36.2	8.61	40.3
2	9/25	48.7	23.2	49.2
1	9/26	34.6	23.0	39.1
1	9/27	50.5	16.6	50.0

(c) $E = 3.64 P^{0.67}$

Where E = Allowable Emission Rate (Lb/Hr)

P = Process Weight Rate (Tons/Hr)

E is not to exceed 50 Lb/Hr.

JAH/GWM/lsm/2282
11-20-84

PRODUCTION DATA SHEET FOR SEPTEMBER 24

LEAD OPERATOR! JDM
LINE OPERATOR! SEN
OPERATOR HELPER! MWM
SUPERVISOR! JLB

DATE: 7-24-64
SHIFT: 2
TIME: 161715S
PAGE NO: 1

	HOUR ONE	HOUR TWO	HOUR THREE	HOUR FOUR	HOUR FIVE	HOUR SIX	HOUR SEVEN	HOUR EIGHT	SHIFT AVERAGE
RAW MATERIALS									
IN H2O	14.80	14.48	14.59	14.94	14.14	.0	.0	.0	9.38
SILO SC8-1	45.27	39.74	39.24	40.14	38.09	.0	.0	.0	25.31
SILO SC8-1	19.71	22.00	22.06	21.99	21.87	18.76	17.24	19.76	20.70
SILO SC8-2	34.73	40.26	40.74	39.86	40.84	80.93	80.42	80.32	84.00
SILO SC8-2	0	0	0	0	0	18.34	18.87	19.54	7.16
SILO SC8-3	0	0	0	0	0	49.07	47.38	49.88	18.69
SILO SC8-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILO SC8-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILO SC8-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILO SC8-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILO SC8-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILO SC8-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILO SC8-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILO SC8-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	35.81	25.90	36.64	36.93	36.07	36.93	38.13	38.08	26.81
INCINERATOR									
IN H2O	1.670	1.443	1.640	1.836	1.836	1.809	1.802	1.810	1.649
DRAFT STACK	1.873	1.873	1.839	1.836	1.836	1.809	1.802	1.810	1.836
TEMPERATURE SETTLING CHAMBER	1716	1977	1685	1699	1694	1703	1713	1738	1704
TEMPERATURE DUCT	2081	2035	2034	2049	2043	2046	2046	2059	2049
TEMPERATURE ZONE 1	2174	2318	2322	2317	2330	2310	2311	2384	2318
TEMPERATURE ZONE 2	2140	2088	2094	2091	2095	2087	2094	2089	2094
TEMPERATURE ZONE 3	2139	2140	2146	2144	2143	2141	2148	2156	2144
TEMPERATURE ZONE 4	2098	2097	2101	2099	2100	2097	2104	2105	2100
TEMPERATURE BREACHING	1980	1993	1987	1988	1987	1984	1991	1994	1987
TEMPERATURE STACK	1790	1793	1795	1794	1794	1794	1795	1801	1795
OXYGEN	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
CARBON MONOXIDE	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
DAMPEN POSITION	3978	3976	3978	3976	3976	3976	3978	3978	3979
NATURAL GAS (BUSTLE)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COMBUSTION AIR (BUSTLE)	15184	16053	16408	17409	16098	15860	15115	16393	16090
NATURAL GAS (START-UP)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COMBUSTION AIR (START-UP)	1494	1709	1697	1686	1686	1693	1683	1737	1698

John J. Smith

TABLE 5

PRODUCTION DATA SHEET FOR SEPTEMBER 25

MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY
NO. 2 UNIT PRODUCTION ANALYSIS (SHIFT)LEAD OPERATOR: JMW
LINE OPERATOR: DEN
OPERATOR HELPER: NVN
SUPERVISOR: JLB/RFYDATE: 9-25-84
SHIFT: 2
TIME: 1618155
PAGE NO.: 1

		HOUR ONE	HOUR TWO	HOUR THREE	HOUR FOUR	HOUR FIVE	HOUR SIX	HOUR SEVEN	HOUR EIGHT	SHIFT AVERAGE
RAW MATERIALS										
SIL0 008-1	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-2	TPH	23.27	24.46	25.16	20.56	25.04	24.82	24.42	20.94	23.61
SIL0 008-3	TPH	49.94	50.65	51.31	48.51	52.63	50.56	50.73	50.91	50.91
SIL0 008-4	TPH	23.32	23.89	23.85	19.67	23.38	24.46	23.28	20.18	22.79
SIL0 008-5	TPH	50.94	49.35	48.49	56.69	47.97	49.44	48.27	48.38	49.83
SIL0 008-6	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-7	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-8	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-9	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-10	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-11	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-12	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-13	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-14	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-15	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-16	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-17	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-18	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-19	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-20	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-21	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-22	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-23	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-24	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-25	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-26	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-27	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-28	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-29	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-30	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-31	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-32	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-33	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-34	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-35	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-36	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-37	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-38	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-39	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-40	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-41	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-42	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-43	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-44	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-45	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-46	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-47	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-48	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-49	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-50	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-51	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-52	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-53	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-54	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-55	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-56	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-57	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-58	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-59	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-60	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-61	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-62	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-63	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-64	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-65	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-66	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-67	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-68	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-69	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-70	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-71	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-72	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-73	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-74	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-75	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-76	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-77	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-78	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-79	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-80	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-81	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-82	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-83	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-84	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-85	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-86	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-87	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-88	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-89	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-90	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-91	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-92	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-93	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-94	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-95	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-96	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-97	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-98	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-99	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SIL0 008-100	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INCINERATOR										
DRAFT STACK										
TEMPERATURE DUCT										
TEMPERATURE ZONE 1										
TEMPERATURE ZONE 2										
TEMPERATURE ZONE 3										
TEMPERATURE ZONE 4										
TEMPERATURE BREAKING										
TEMPERATURE STACK										
OXYGEN										
CARBON MONOXIDE										
CARBON DIOXIDE										
TEMPERATURE										
NATURAL GAS (BUSTLE)										
COMBUSTION AIR (BUSTLE)										
NATURAL GAS (START-UP)										
COMBUSTION AIR (START-UP)										

TABLE 6

PRODUCTION DATA SHEET FOR SEPTEMBER 26

MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY										DATE: 9-26-84
NO. 1 UNIT PRODUCTION ANALYSIS (SHIFT)										SHIFT: 2
										TIME: 1817:58
										PAGE NO.: 1
LEAD OPERATOR: JMW										
LINE OPERATOR: JDM										
OPERATOR HELPERT TUM										
SUPERVISOR: JLB/RFY										
		HOUR ONE	HOUR TWO	HOUR THREE	HOUR FOUR	HOUR FIVE	HOUR SIX	HOUR SEVEN	HOUR EIGHT	SHIFT AVERAGE
RAW MATERIALS										
SIL0 SCB-1	TPH	MS2011	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
SIL0 SCB-1	PCT	YS2011	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
SIL0 SCB-2	TPH	MS2021	17.42	14.13	14.34	14.10	14.38	17.24	17.56	14.72
SIL0 SCB-2	PCT	YS2021	48.11	45.13	45.75	45.17	43.44	47.88	48.49	46.53
SIL0 SCB-3	TPH	MS2031	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
SIL0 SCB-3	PCT	YS2031	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
SIL0 SCB-4	TPH	MS2041	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
SIL0 SCB-4	PCT	YS2041	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
SIL0 SCB-5	TPH	MS2051	18.41	18.46	18.21	18.42	18.44	18.47	18.47	18.42
SIL0 SCB-5	PCT	YS2051	52.11	54.88	53.88	54.84	54.84	51.94	53.31	53.34
SIL0 SCB-6	TPH	MS2061	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
SIL0 SCB-6	PCT	YS2061	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
TOTAL	TPH	MS2000	34.98	34.89	34.70	34.10	34.45	33.44	34.31	30.00
INCINERATOR										
IN H20	P1182		-794	-816	-822	-810	-790	-808	-799	-807
IN H20	P1185		-1,498	-1,498	-1,498	-1,498	-1,498	-1,498	-1,498	-1,498
TEMPERATURE DUCT	DEG F	T1187	1719	1737	1738	1761	1798	1784	1753	1781
TEMPERATURE ZONE 1	DEG F	T1188	1740	1742	1783	1791	1829	1784	1730	1781
TEMPERATURE ZONE 2	DEG F	T1174	2413	2348	2335	2339	2344	2357	2370	2343
TEMPERATURE ZONE 3	DEG F	T1170	2240	2210	2210	2216	2224	2223	2225	2220
TEMPERATURE ZONE 4	DEG F	T1139	2200	2174	2173	2179	2178	2191	2188	2184
TEMPERATURE BREACHING	DEG F	T1177	2079	2062	2037	2083	2082	2073	2073	2068
TEMPERATURE STACK	DEG F	T1192	1894	1884	1874	1880	1892	1892	1892	1884
OXYGEN	DEG F	T1193	1799	1797	1790	1792	1793	1799	1797	1794
CARBON MONOXIDE	PCT CO	A1173	10.008	10.008	10.008	10.008	10.008	10.008	10.008	10.008
CARBON MONOXIDE	PCT CO	A1174	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
NATURAL GAS (BUSTLE)	SCFM	F1142	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2	34.2
COMBUSTION AIR (BUSTLE)	SCFM	F1170	14475	14508	14496	14672	14537	14512	14590	14519
NATURAL GAS (START-UP)	SCFM	F1102	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
COMBUSTION AIR (START-UP)	SCFM	F1137	1799	1806	1814	1823	1833	1838	1831	1822

TABLE 7

PRODUCTION DATA SHEET FOR SEPTEMBER 27

MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY									
NO. 1 UNIT PRODUCTION ANALYSIS (SHIFT)									
LEAD OPERATOR: JMW									
LINE OPERATOR: RES									
OPERATOR HELPER: JMW/CPV									
SUPERVISOR: JMW/CPV									
DATE: 9-27-84									
SHIFT: 2									
TIME: 141201 S									
PAGE NO.: 1									
	HOUR ONE	HOUR TWO	HOUR THREE	HOUR FOUR	HOUR FIVE	HOUR SIX	HOUR SEVEN	HOUR EIGHT	SHIFT AVERAGE
RAW MATERIALS									
SILCO RCS-1	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-1	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-2	TPH	24.23	24.66	24.31	24.47	25.96	24.24	21.52	24.79
SILCO RCS-2	PCT	47.11	46.00	50.22	47.31	51.44	50.67	48.58	49.24
SILCO RCS-3	TPH	24.77	25.58	24.04	24.52	24.70	23.41	22.10	24.80
SILCO RCS-3	PCT	50.89	51.52	47.78	52.70	46.36	51.41	50.90	50.44
SILCO RCS-4	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-4	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-5	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-5	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-6	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-6	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-7	TPH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SILCO RCS-7	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	48.04	50.21	52.31	47.46	50.19	52.67	48.72	43.77	47.15
INCUBATOR									
IN H2O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IN H2O	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TEMPERATURE SETTLING CHAMBER									
TEMPERATURE ZONE 1	TPH	1868	1857	1839	1864	1839	1853	1848	1859
TEMPERATURE ZONE 1	PCT	1932	1924	1920	1926	1921	1924	1926	1927
TEMPERATURE ZONE 2	TPH	2398	2392	2390	2375	2375	2386	2396	2396
TEMPERATURE ZONE 2	PCT	2221	2226	2232	2209	2218	2224	2214	2213
TEMPERATURE ZONE 3	TPH	2192	2200	2204	2180	2196	2201	2190	2184
TEMPERATURE ZONE 3	PCT	2073	2081	2094	2078	2084	2083	2076	2069
TEMPERATURE ZONE 4	TPH	1893	1897	1896	1858	1870	1894	1890	1886
TEMPERATURE ZONE 4	PCT	1842	1853	1849	1854	1858	1862	1853	1844
TEMPERATURE BREACHING									
TEMPERATURE BREACHING	PCT	10.008	10.008	9.804	2.99	5.992	10.008	10.008	8.20
DIVIDER									
DIVIDER	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DIVIDER POSITION									
DIVIDER POSITION	PCT	52.4	52.4	52.4	52.4	52.3	52.4	52.3	52.4
NATURAL GAS (BUSTLE)									
NATURAL GAS (BUSTLE)	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONDUCTION AIR (BUSTLE)									
CONDUCTION AIR (BUSTLE)	PCT	25120	27740	30950	24227	30322	29101	26384	28083
NATURAL GAS (START-UP)									
NATURAL GAS (START-UP)	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CONDUCTION AIR (START-UP)									
CONDUCTION AIR (START-UP)	PCT	1901	1923	1950	1952	1977	1979	1982	1989
CONDUCTION AIR (START-UP)	PCT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

ATTACHMENT II
MOUNTAINEER CARBON COMPANY
INCINERATOR PROCESS DESCRIPTION

START-UP

Operation of an incinerator is commenced by lighting each of the three (3) gas burners individually. The burners are operated at minimum fire for four (4) hours before the kiln burner is lit. The incinerator burners firing rate is then increased so that the Zone 3 temperature increases 50°F/Hr. Once the Zone 3 temperature reaches 1000°F, the burners firing rate is increased so that said temperature increases 100°F/Hr.

Eventually, it becomes necessary to begin calcining operations to bring the incinerator up to full temperature. This is done about twenty-four (24) hours after the incinerator gas burners are first lit. The attached figures are based on actual start-up data and show that the temperature in all four (4) incinerator zones reaches 1600°F within about two (2) hours after kiln start-up.

DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION

The process data sheets given in Tables 4 through 7 are shift summaries of various operating parameters. The data acquisition system incorporates a computer to read the instantaneous value of each parameter every eight (8) seconds. The values are then averaged by hour and the information is summarized in the process data sheets. Since the system incorporates only solid state hardware, calibrations need to be done infrequently.

For each incinerator zone, a voltage transmitter connected to the respective thermocouple sends a signal to an associated circuit board. Visual inspections of this system are made during every shutdown. A calibration check is done only if a thermocouple burns out or is otherwise determined to need replacement. This is done by shorting across the circuit board of the new thermocouple. The computer screen readout for that thermocouple, in response, should indicate ambient temperature. A screw adjustment on the transmitter voltage output allows for zeroing of this reading, if necessary. Upscale span checks can be made by outputting specific voltages from the transmitter which correspond to known temperature readings. Corrections are made with a similar adjustment screw.

DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM AND EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION (Continued)

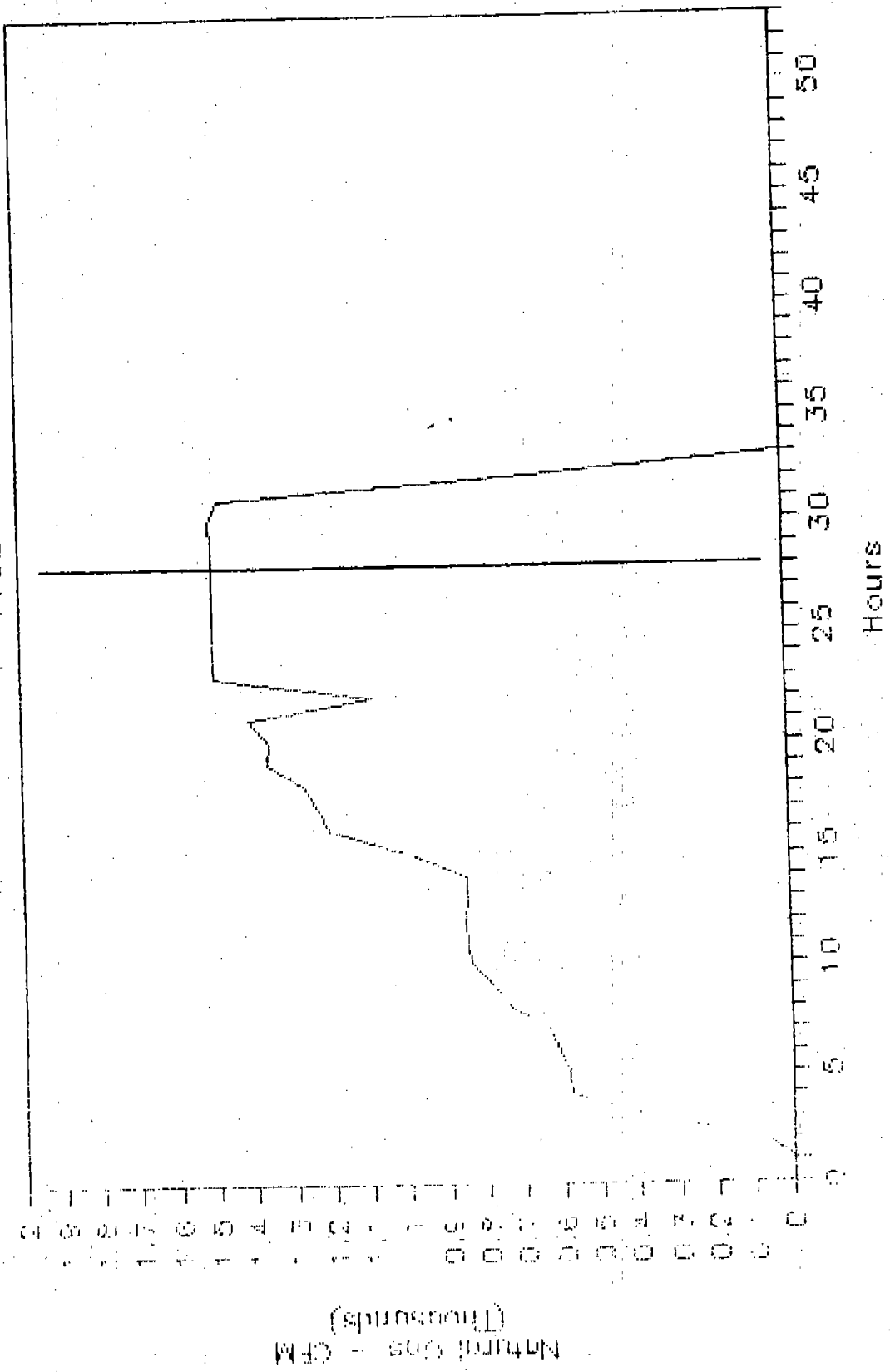
Kiln feed is determined with a moving feed belt running over a scale. By measuring the belt speed and reading the scale, the feed rate can be determined. The scale is calibrated, first by taring the unloaded belt, then checking the upscale by weighing a chain of known weight per unit length. Corrections are made with coarse and fine adjustments. This calibration is done with every shutdown or every six (6) months. The accuracy of the scale is reported by the manufacturer (Merrick) to be 0.25 percent over a range of one-third to full scale.

A single ambient air intake for combustion air serves each incinerator. Air flow is determined with insert-type venturi meters. One set of meters measures velocity-pressure differential for the entire incinerator air flow while another set measures only incinerator burner air flow. Bustle air flow is determined by taking the difference between these two (2) readings. The process data sheets report burner air and bustle air.

A calibration check on these instruments is done with every shutdown or every six (6) months at zero and full scale. As with the systems mentioned before, screw adjustments are used to correct the transmitter output and calibrate the unit.

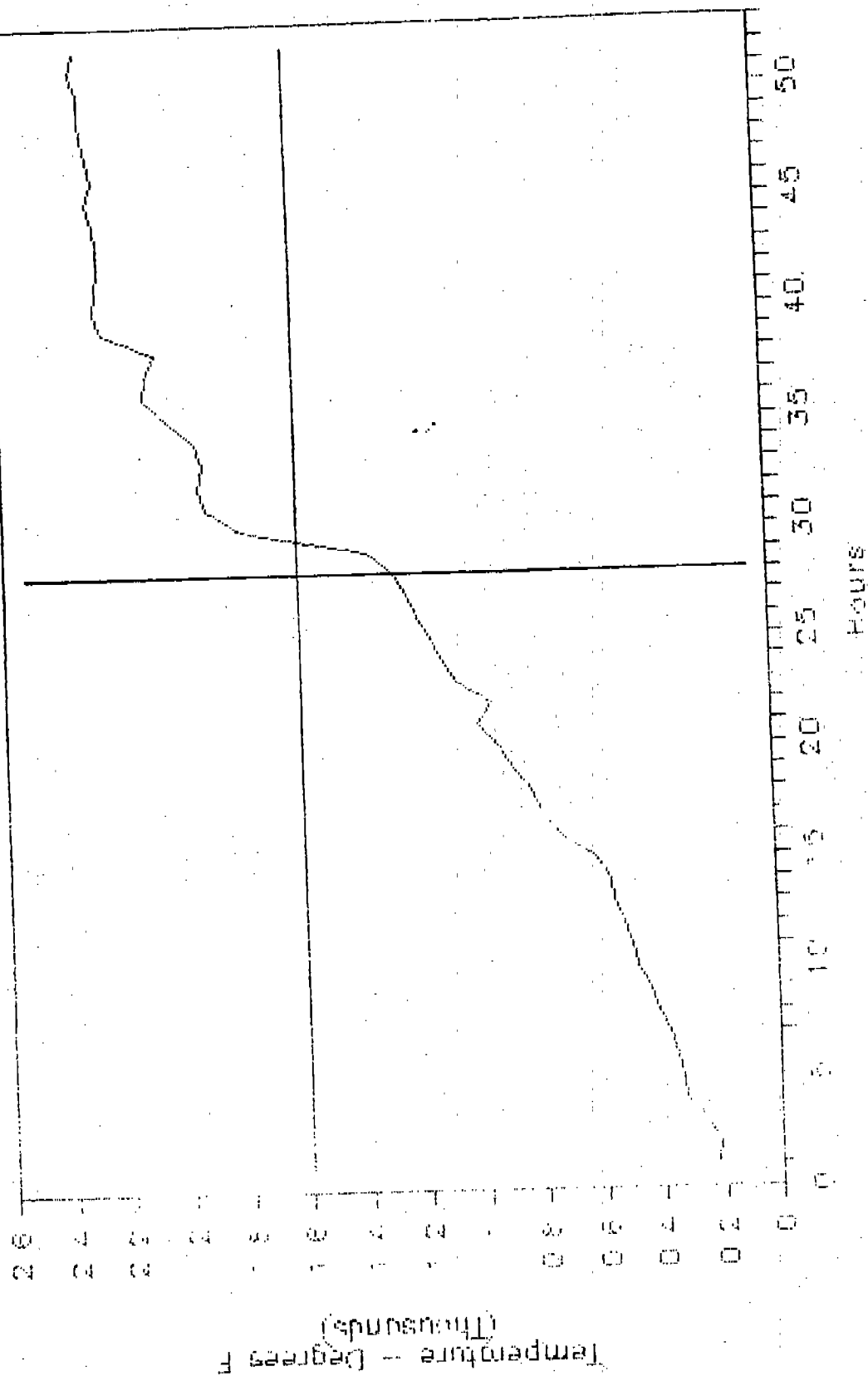
NO 1 INCINERATOR - NATURAL GAS

F-1102

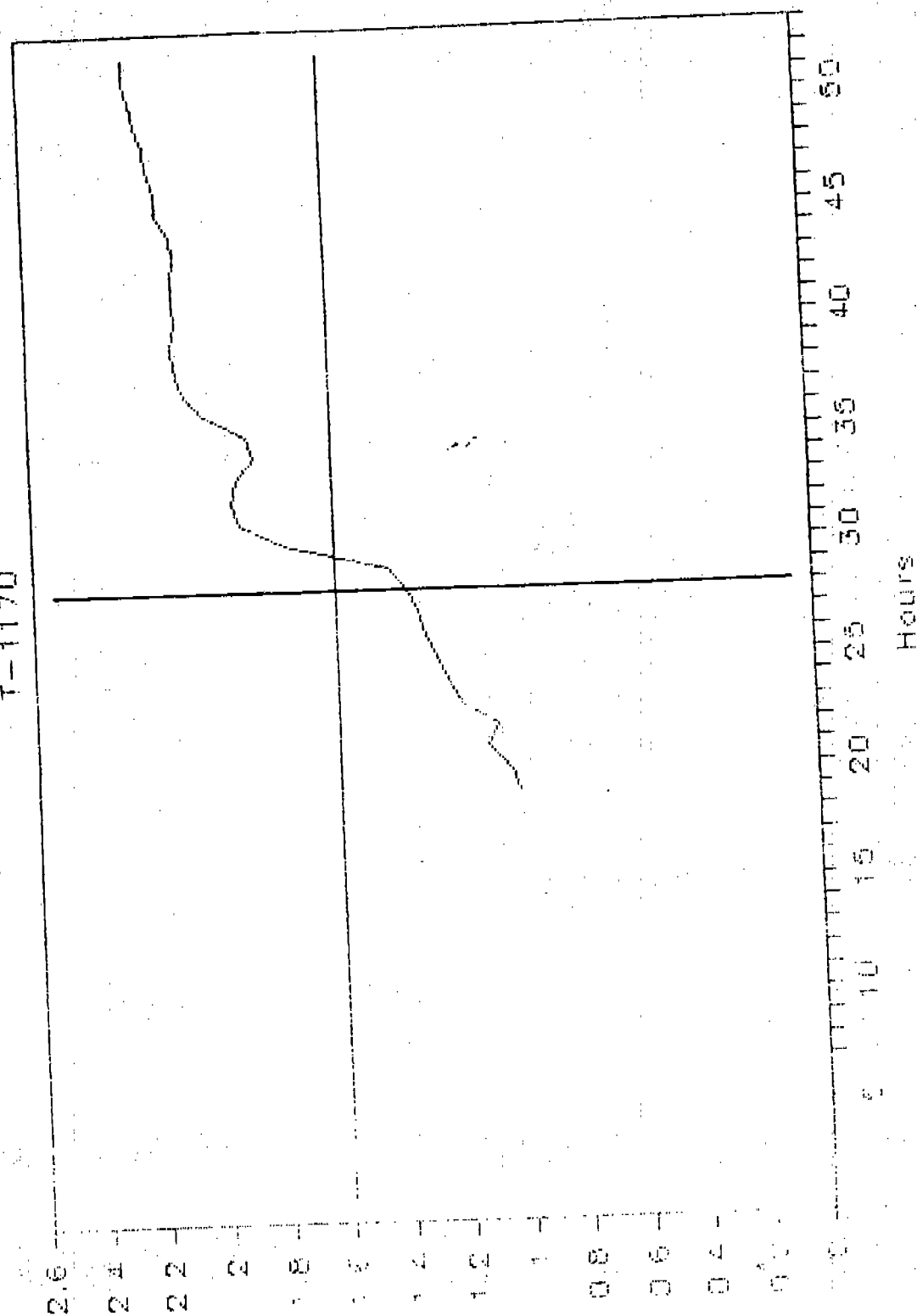


NO 1 INCINERATOR - ZONE 1

T-1174

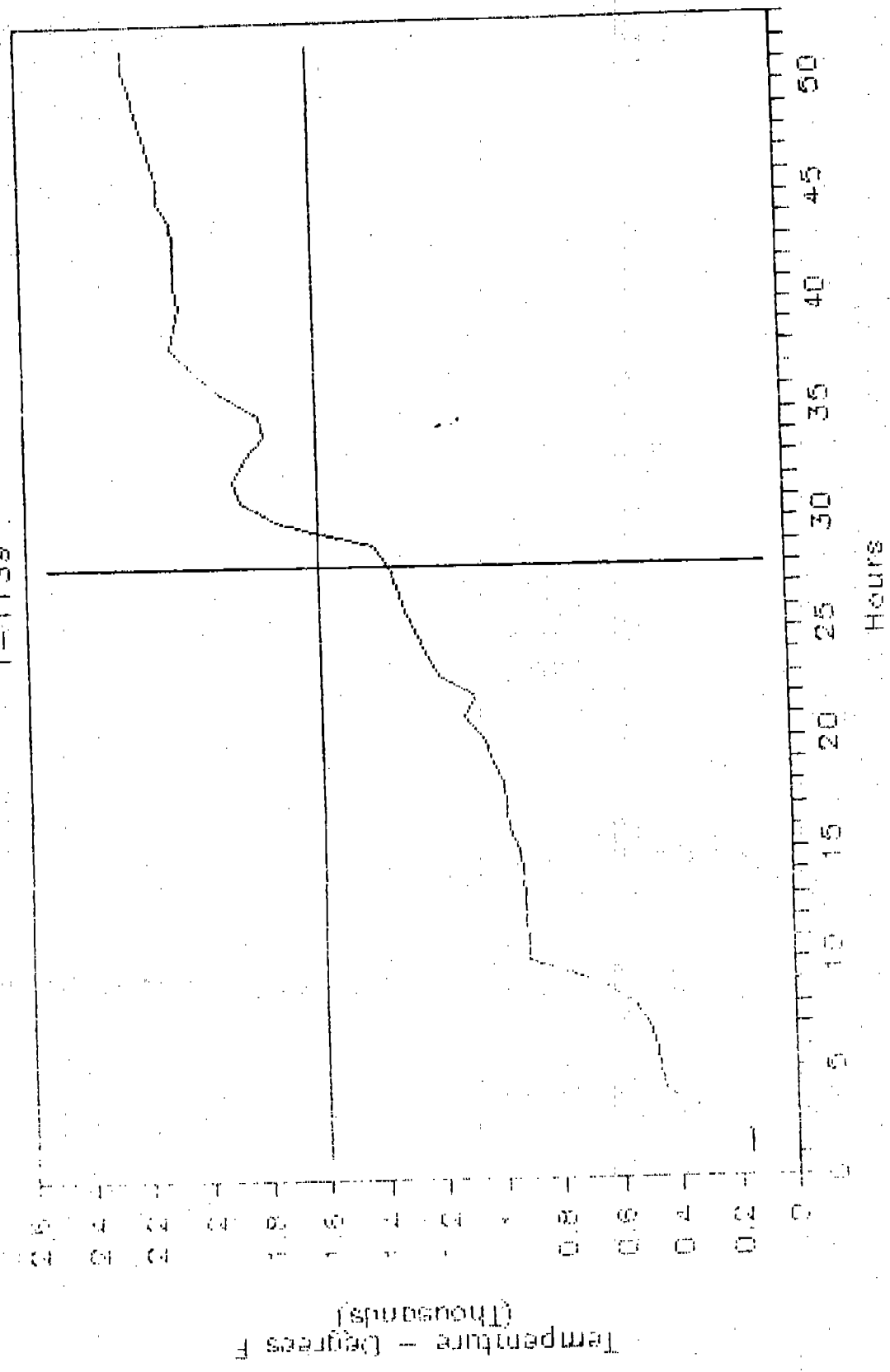


NO 1 INCINERATOR - ZONE 2 T-1170



NO. 1 INCINERATOR - ZONE 3

T-1139



NO 1 INCINERATOR - ZONE 4

T-1177

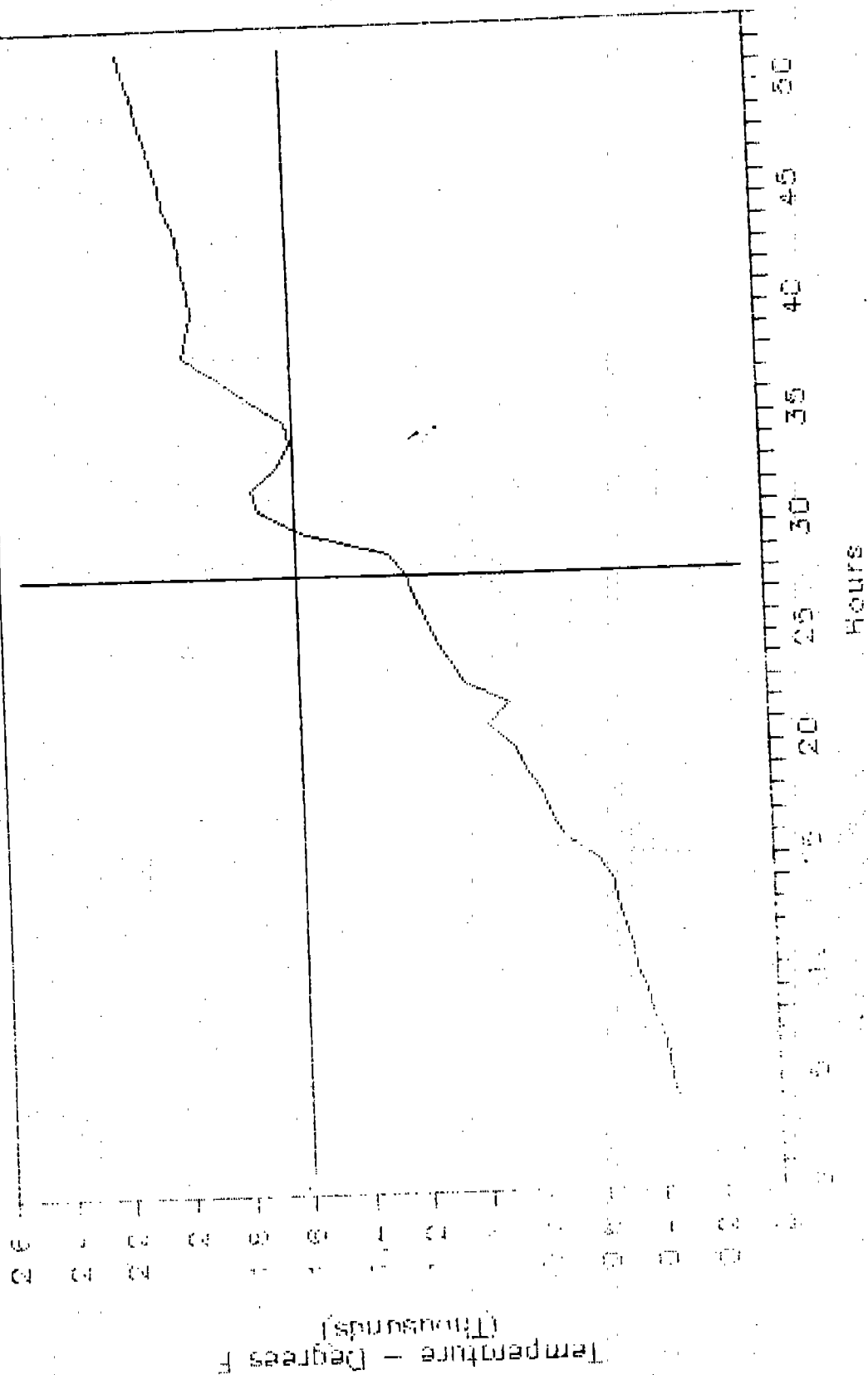
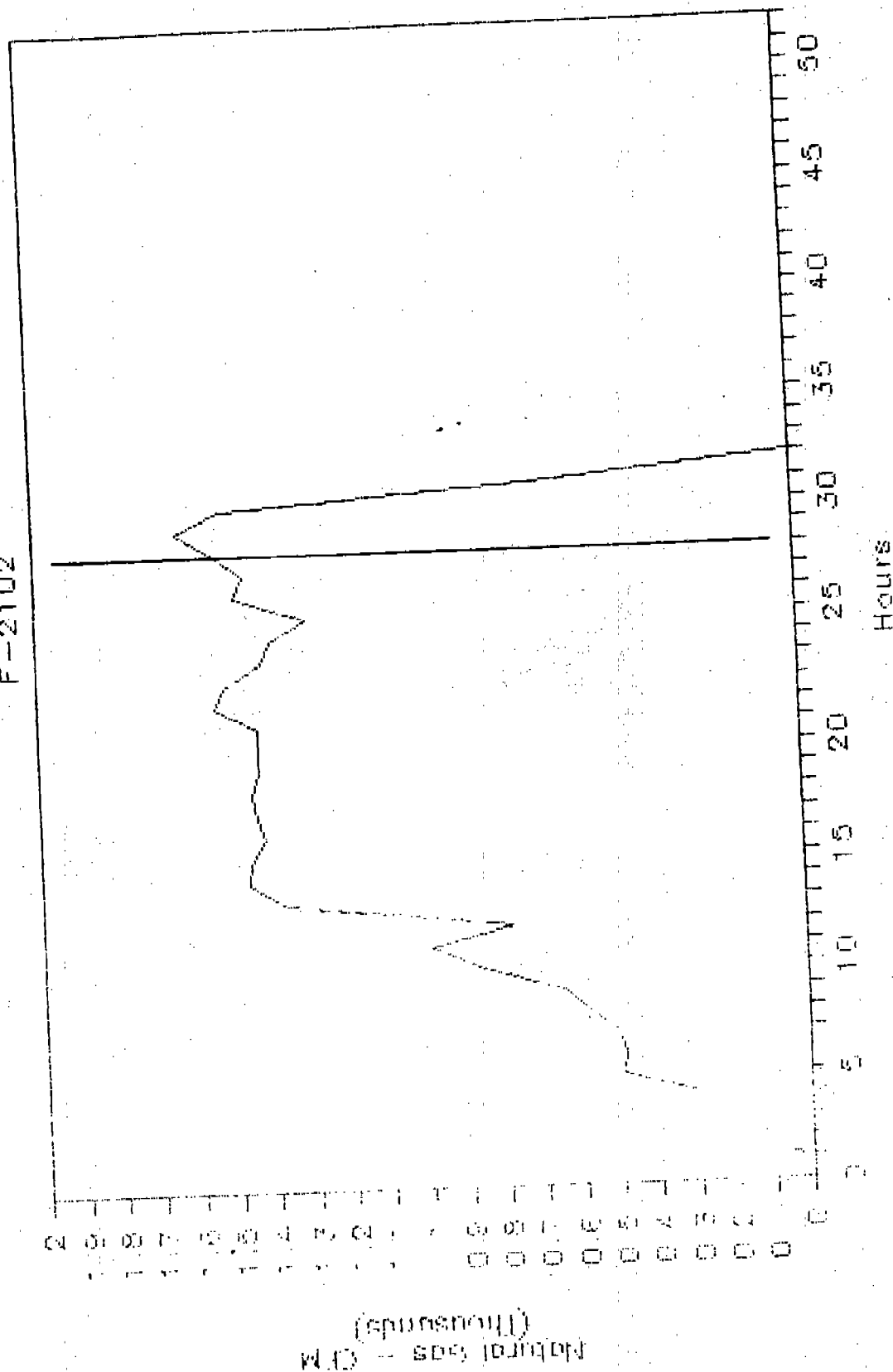
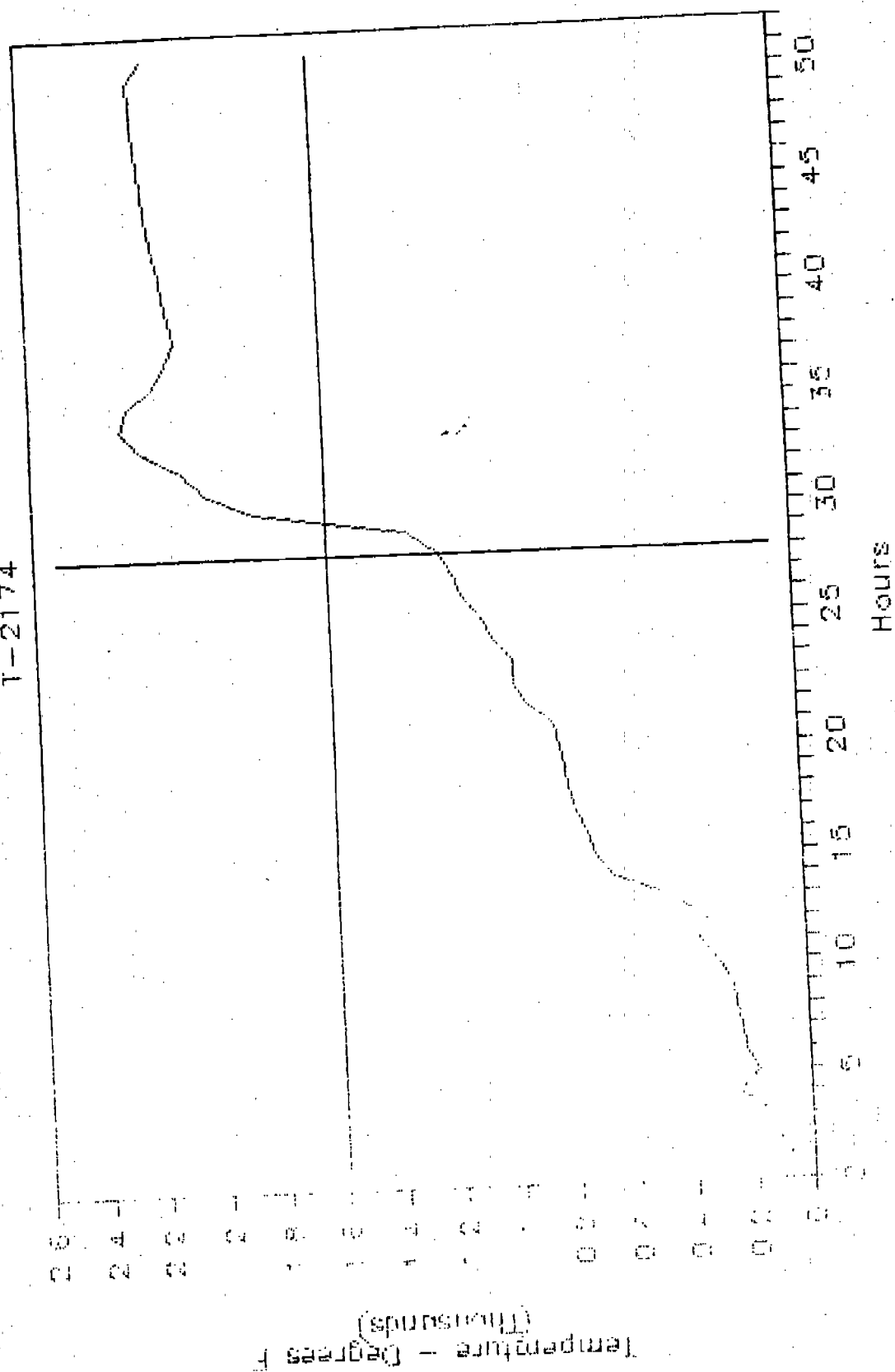


FIG. 2 INCINERATOR - NATURAL GAS

F-2102

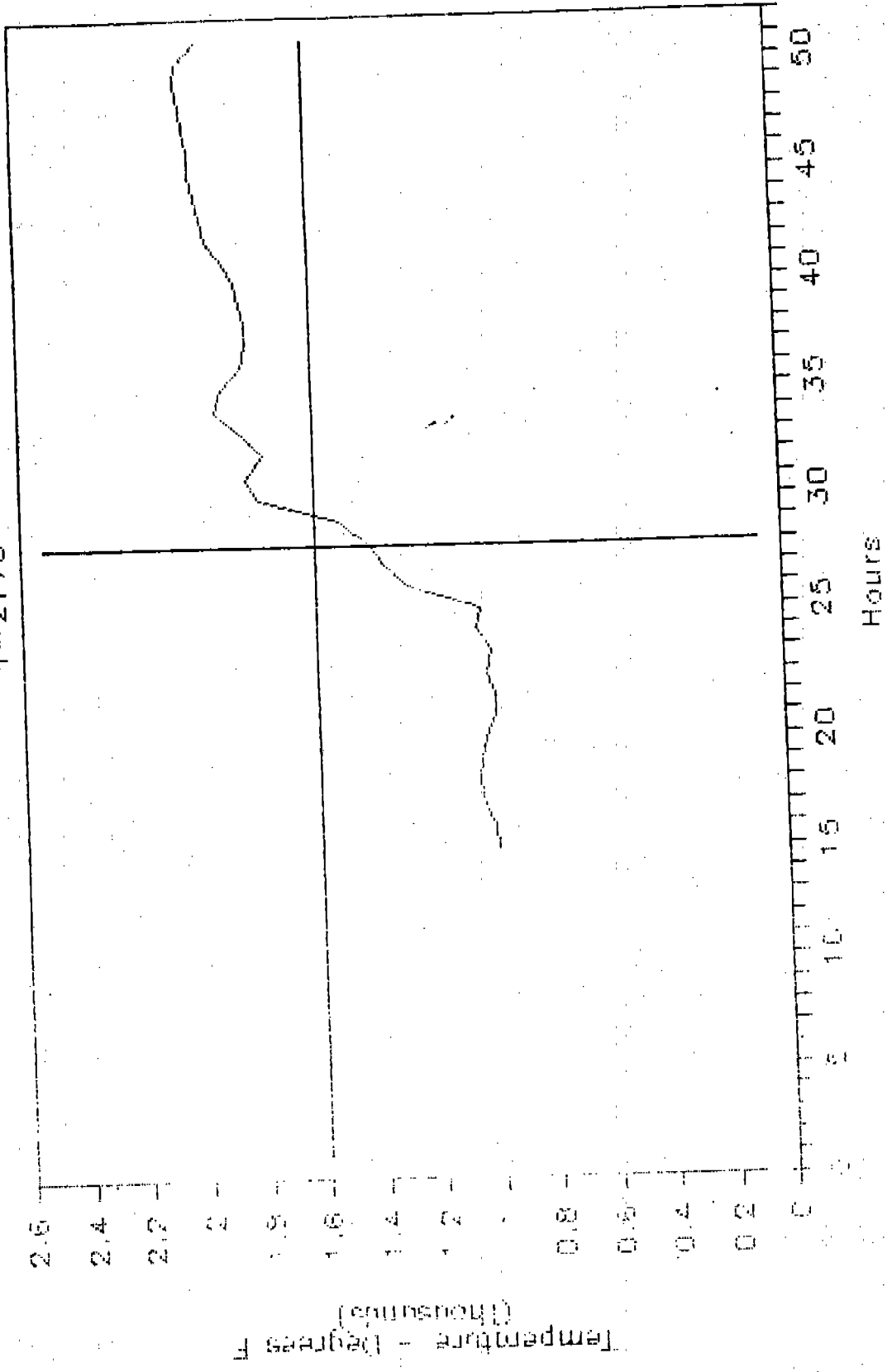


UO 2 INCINERATOR - ZONE 1 T-2174



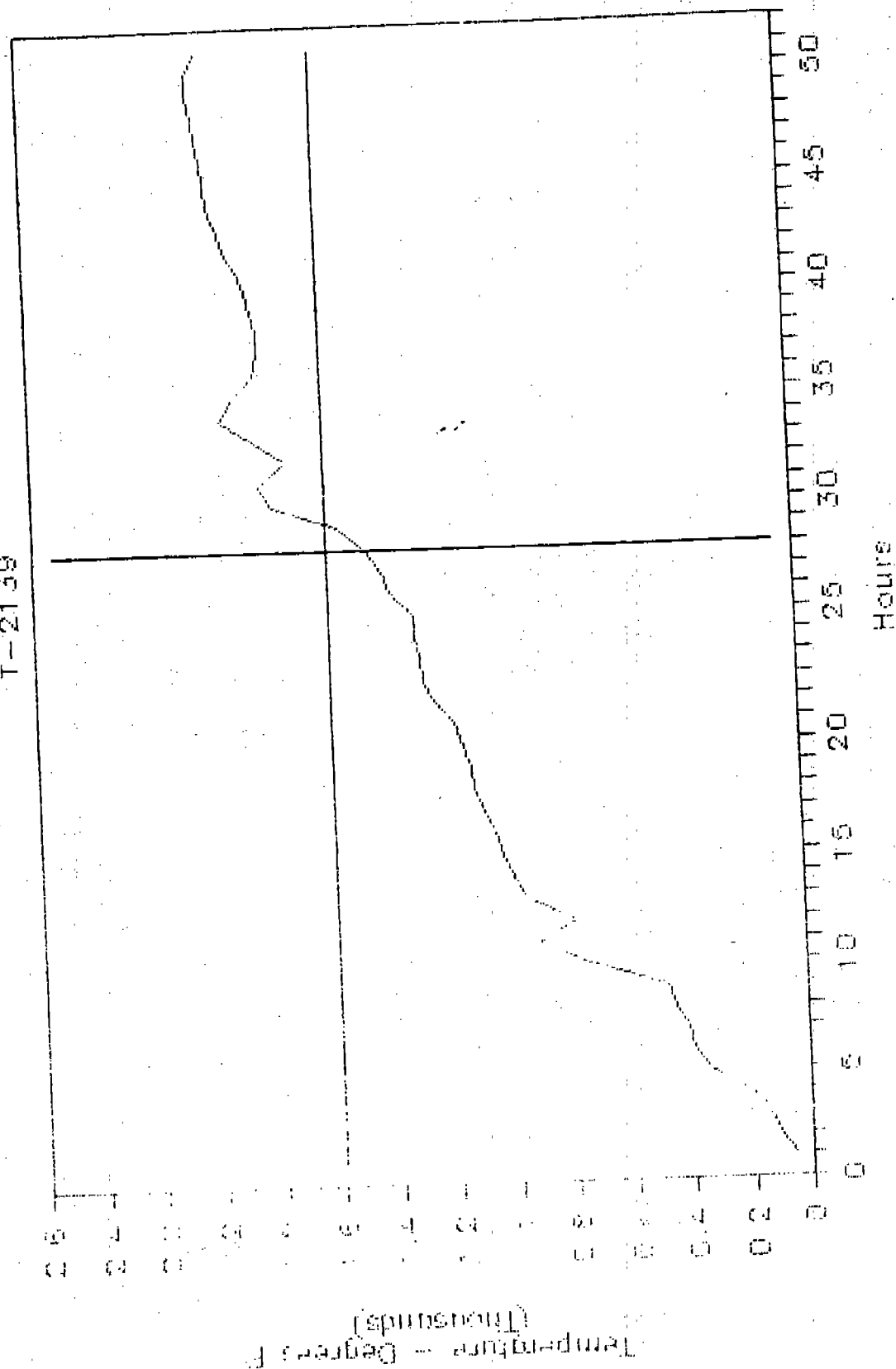
140 2 INCINERATOR - ZONE 2

T-2170



NO 2 INCINERATOR - ZONE 3

T-2139



NO 2 INCINERATOR - ZONE 4 T-2177

