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Background Report Reference

AP-42 Section Number: 12.20

Background Chapter: 4

Reference Number: 66

Title: Report of Air Pollution Source Testing
At Building No. 5 Scrubbers

Douglas Aircraft Company

January 1990

On page 1 of this report under the methodology section, the
of detection of two analytical techniques are described: 1
for hexavalent chromium is 0.01 microgram per liter and 1
for total chromium is 10 micrograms per liter. Ten micrograms per
liter is equal to 1 microgram per 100 milliliters, and this was the
detection level on the diphenylcarbazide method that we used for

RSF. 4-66

hexavalent chromium early in our testing program. The hex chrome
analysis at 0.01 micrograms per liter equals 0.001 micrograms per
100 milliliters, or 1000 times more sensitive. A call to Peter
Ghrose revealed that the methods used are ICPCR for hex chrome and
AAGF for total chromium. The detection limit for the total
chromium should be 1 microgram per liter rather than 10 micrograms
per liter.

The same problem exists with this report as with the others with
respect to hex chrome versus total chromium. The ratio varies from
0.2% to 92.5%.

This is probably insignificant, but page 10 of the report shows
the % change of the samples with respect to time. The hexavalent
chrome samples gained when a second analysis was performed (+12.6%
and 83.4%) Some of the total chrome samples stayed the same while
the other lost 1.6%

During the testing, there were two flow conditions: low and high.
Low flow conditions existed most of the time. The high flow was
about 10 times the low flow, but lasted only for a short time.
Runs for high flow lasted about 20 to 30 minutes while low flow
runs were about 8 hours long.

This report gives a good example of what will probably happen when
anodizers are tested and the hex chrome numbers are used for
compliance. Here we have ICPCR analysis for hex chrome and AAGF
for total chrome. To calculate efficiencies for the control
devices, the total chromium numbers should be used.

interferences; at concentrations above 200 $\mu\text{g/L}$, calcium's effect is constant and eliminates the effect of phosphate. Calcium nitrate is therefore added to ensure a known constant effect. Other matrix modifiers recommended by the instrument manufacturer may also be suitable. Nitrogen should not be used as the purge gas due to cyanide band interference. Background correction may be required because of possible significant levels of nonspecific absorption and scattering at the 357.9 nm analytical wavelength. Zeeman or Smith-Hieftje background correction is recommended to correct for interferences due to high levels of dissolved solids in the alkaline impinger solutions.

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2.5 ICP Interferences.

2.5.1 Spectral Interferences. Spectral interferences are caused by: (1) overlap of a spectral line from another element; (2) unresolved overlap of molecular band spectra; (3) background contribution from continuous or recombination phenomena; and (4) stray light from the line emission of high-concentration elements. Spectral overlap may be compensated for by computer correcting the raw data after monitoring and measuring the interfering element. At the 267.72 nm Cr analytical wavelength, iron, manganese and uranium are potential interfering elements. Background and stray light interferences can usually be compensated for by a background correction adjacent to the analytical line. Unresolved overlap requires the selection of an alternative chromium wavelength. Consult the manufacturer's operation manual for interference correction procedures.

2.5.2 Physical Interferences. Samples containing high levels of dissolved solids may cause significant inaccuracies due to salt buildup at the nebulizer and torch tips. This problem can be controlled by diluting the sample or providing for extended rinse times between sample analyses. It is also recommended that standards be prepared in the same matrix as the samples (i.e., 0.1 N NaOH).

2.5.3 Chemical Interferences. These include molecular compound formation, ionization effects and solute vaporization effects, and are usually not significant in ICP, especially if the standards and samples are matrix matched.

3. Apparatus - Sampling

Enclosure 5
Reference E

This report uses two analytical techniques that are not clearly identified. They were from SCAQMD Method 205.1 but what each is specifically is difficult to determine ^{from the report since the analytical technique is not useful}. Lab results in the report Appendix give total chromium by ICPMS and hex chromium by EPA 7196/IC. Furthermore, the hex chrome analysis is ~~1000~~ 1000 times more sensitive than the total chrome method. When the ^{laboratory} hex chromium results are related with the ^{laboratory} total chrome results, the percent hex chrome varies from 92.5% for a high to a low of 0.2%.

Page 10 of the report shows the % change of the samples with respect to time. The hexavalent chrome sample gained when a second analysis was performed (+12.6% and 83.4%). One of the total chrome samples stayed the same while the other lost 1.6%.

During testing, there was a low flow condition (the majority of the time) and a high flow condition. High flow was about 10 times the low flow. The high flow runs were from 20 to 30 minutes long. The low flow runs were about 8 hours long.

In this test, the hex chrome number should be used to determine efficiency.

ENCLOSURE 5

REFERENCE E

**REPORT OF AIR POLLUTION SOURCE TESTING AT
BUILDING NO. 5 SCRUBBERS (HA7-5, HA7-6)
DOUGLAS AIRCRAFT COMPANY
LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA**

Submitted to:

**DOUGLAS AIRCRAFT COMPANY
10833 Valley View
Cypress, California 90630**

Submitted on:

January 12, 1990

Submitted by:

**ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.
75 N. Fair Oaks Avenue
Pasadena, California 91103
P.O. Box 7107**

R Rosario

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**Dennis Becvar
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ENGINEERING-SCIENCE

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E

**REPORT OF AIR POLLUTION SOURCE TESTING AT
BUILDING NO. 5 SCRUBBERS (HA7-5, HA7-6)
DOUGLAS AIRCRAFT COMPANY
LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA**

INTRODUCTION

On November 21-22, 1989 Engineering-Science (ES), Pasadena conducted air pollution source testing on a pair of Harrington, vertical packed type, scrubbers at Douglas Aircraft Company (DAC) facilities at Long Beach, California. Tank 5DA-07 (Anodize) was tested at the exhaust outlets of the two scrubbers designated HA7-5 and HA7-6. Two tests runs, each with two loads per run, were conducted at two different operating conditions. Personnel from DAC monitored the operating conditions, amperage usage, and parts processed.

The ES testing team was comprised of Messrs. Mike Edwards (Team Leader), Dennis Bautista, Dwight Wieman, Anthony King, Senen Karikitan, and Rolando Rosario. The DAC coordinating team was comprised of Messrs. John Houghton, Robert Tomko, Charles Austin, and Stefan Schurter. ~~Mr. Merrill Hickman was the observer for the SCAQMD.~~

METHODOLOGY

The testing procedures have been developed to meet the SCAQMD requirements for chromium plating processes. Chromium emissions as hexavalent chromium and as total chromium were determined in accordance with SCAQMD Method 205.1. Limits of detection were 0.01 microgram per liter for hexavalent chromium and 10 microgram per liter for total chromium. ?

Velocity and Moisture Determination

are they reversed?

The sampling ports were located in accordance with EPA Method 1. The two ports were oriented 90° to each other, and a sampling and velocity traverse of 12 points were conducted through each port. The gas stream flow rate in fpm and exhaust temperatures at each traverse point was determined using a TSI Model 8350 air velocity meter. Carbon dioxide (CO₂) and oxygen (O₂) used in determining the molecular weight of the exhaust gases were determined by Fyrite analysis of integrated Tedlar bag samples. Moisture contents were determined gravimetrically by the weight gain of the impinger train sets in accordance with EPA Method 4.

Cyclonic flow checks were conducted in accordance with EPA Reference Method 1 guidelines. Cyclonic flow_s were verified by rotating the air velocity meter pitot tip so that the planes of the face openings of the tube were perpendicular to the stack cross-sectional plane. This is known as the "0 degree reference" position. A zero reading should be obtained from the hot wire anemometer. If the anemometer did not read zero, the tube was rotated up to a 90° yaw angle or until a zero reading was obtained. The angle of rotation from the initial position was recorded to the nearest degree. The source was considered free of cyclonic flow since the average angle of rotation was less than 10° for the 24-point traverse.

The variation in the stack gas flows required nozzles of two different sizes in order to maintain isokinetics. Since changing nozzles invalidates a test, two sample trains were operated in each stack. The first train had a one (1") inch diameter nozzle and the second had a quarter (1/4") inch nozzle. When the tank lids were opened the sample train equipped with the smaller nozzle was operated to accommodate the high flow conditions, when the hoods were closed the sample train with the larger nozzle was turned on and the train with the smaller nozzle was turned off.

For Tank No. 7 a 480 minute run was conducted on low flow conditions, high flow conditions were sampled as they occurred. Process operations were coincident with the sampling runs to ensure that batches were not processed during port changes. A minimum sample volume of 200 dry standard cubic feet was targeted for each scrubber exhaust.

Hexavalent Chromium and Total Chromium

SCAQMD Method 205.1 was used to collect wet impingement samples from the scrubber outlets. All sample train components were constructed of glass or teflon and cleaned before each test using 1:1 nitric acid followed by a rinse with 0.02 sodium bicarbonate to a neutral pH.

Sample recovery was accomplished using minimal amounts of 0.02 N sodium bicarbonate to minimize sample dilution. The probe rinse was recovered and composited with the catch and rinse of the impingers. The filter was recovered and included with the composite. The composite sample for each train was submitted to West Coast Analytical Laboratories (WCAS), Santa Fe Springs California for hexavalent and total chromium analyses. A blank sample was submitted and only ES laboratory numbers ^{were} used to identify the samples.

Process Data Requirements

During the test program, records were maintained for documentation of the test conditions. The recording ammeter and ammeter strip chart were operating throughout the program. Personnel from DAC monitored and recorded the ampere usage, the numbers and description of the parts in each rack.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

Field Quality Assurance

Prior to and at the conclusion of field sampling, the meter box dry gas meter and orifice were calibrated against a wet test meter. The results of orifice calibration was expressed as the delta H@ at various pressure drops (in inches of water), as specified in EPA publication APTD-0576. The dry gas meter accuracy was expressed as gamma (Y) and was determined as the ratio between the meter box dry gas meter and the wet test meter.

Impinger and meter temperatures were monitored using a type-K thermocouple connected to an Omega Model 601 digital readout. A calibrated air velocity meter (TSI Model 8350) was used for flowrate and stack temperature measurements.

At the conclusion of each test run the sampling train was leak checked at a vacuum equal to or greater than the highest vacuum observed during the test runs. The sampling train was considered leak free since the leak rate was less than 0.02 CFM or 4% of the average sample rate.

At the beginning of field testing programs, a probe wash and flexible line wash were obtained and identified as field blanks. The probe wash technique, all sampling and recovery reagents, sample containers and sample handling used for the test runs were identical to those used to obtain the field blanks.

Laboratory Quality Assurance

WCAS has its own laboratory quality assurance program applied to the samples for analysis. ES applied its own laboratory quality assurance program to ensure that the trains and reagents used for the test program conform or exceed testing guidelines.

Calibration Procedures

The calibration procedures were specific to each analytical procedure. Standards were prepared from the highest grade reagents available, using procedures specified in the methods.

Internal Quality Control Checks

Internal quality control checks were made by using blanks (prepared by ES), by the use of internal standards common to each laboratory, and by the use of replicate determinations.

SAMPLE CUSTODY

A specific Chain-of-Custody procedure was used for this project. The elements of this plan include:

- Train component identification
- Sample identification
- Sample labels

- Documentation
- Chain of custody forms

The sequence of activities concerned with sample custody together with identification and tracking procedures are described below:

1. Sample train prepared by the laboratory including filter holders, impingers, and other sampling equipment identified by tags and codes.
2. Sample train issued to test team and the master log filled out. Sample I.D. number stickers issued according to test identification code.
3. Train returned to recovery area when a valid sample was obtained. Sample train accompanied by all field data sheets.
4. Recovery team recovered samples using appropriate containers, affixed sample I.D. labels to sample containers, to master log, to field data sheet, and to train recovery sheet.
5. All samples returned to ES Pasadena laboratory with Chain-of-Custody form.
6. Samples transferred or shipped to appropriate laboratory with Chain-of-Custody form.
7. Samples examined at each transfer point for integrity (broken containers, loss in liquid, seal, identity).

Upon completing the required analysis, the analyst returned the Chain-of-Custody form along with results to ES. All samples were accounted for by the ES Laboratory Supervisor and Project Manager. Each laboratory identified the samples in its own laboratory notebooks by the ES I.D. number as well as any internal identification. Notebooks are retained by each laboratory according to usual laboratory practices.

RESULTS

Tables 1 to 6 represent the results of the testing program. Additional supporting data are contained in the Appendix.

Table 1
Summary of Chromium Emissions

Douglas Aircraft Company
Long Beach, California

Tank 5DA-07

November 21-22, 1989

Parameter	HA7-5	HA7-6	TANK 5DA-07
Condition 1			
Ampere-hours	NA ¹	NA	10,666 ²
Hexavalent Chromium			
mg/day	738	9,062	9,800
mg/amp-hr	NA	NA	0.306
Total Chromium			
mg/day	620	10,093	14,713
Condition 2			
Ampere-hours	NA	NA	6,445 ²
Hexavalent Chromium			
mg/day	5.9	86.5	92.4
mg/amp-hr	NA	NA	0.005
Total Chromium			
mg/day	23.7	5,232	5,469

¹ NA, not applicable

² 2 loads per test = 6 loads daily

HA7-5

XRCH "KPSFLO"

RUN NUMBER

HA 7-5

VOL MTR STD ?

13.9210000 RUN

STACK DSCFN ?

2.0000000 CLX RUN

39.306.00000

FRONT 1/2 MG ?

.0010100 RUN

SACK 1/2 MG ?

.0070000 RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.0000011

F MG/MM = 0.0025621

F LB/HR = 0.0007772

F KG/HR = 0.0001711

B GR/DSCF = 0.0000078

B MG/MM = 0.0177572

B LB/HR = 0.0026144

B KG/HR = 0.0011859

Table 2

Summary of Chromium Emissions

Douglas Aircraft Company
Long Beach, California

Condition 1 HA 7-5

November 21, 1989

Parameter	Low Flow	High Flow
Sampling Time (min)	468	20
Metered Volume (ft ³) (DSCF)	411.655	13.921
Flow Rate		
Velocity (fps)	2.77	25.07
DSCFM	4,382	39,306
Sample Volume (l)	0.795	0.700
Hexavalent Chromium		
Conc. (ug/l)	48.93	1.43
Mass (ug)	38.9	1.0
mg/day	571.84	166.63
Total Chromium		
Conc (ug/l)	53	<10
Mass (ug)	42.14	ND ¹
mg/day	619.47	NA ²

1 ND, not detectable

92.3% Cr⁺⁶

14.3%

2 NA, not applicable

F GR/DSCF = 1.4245E-6
 F MG/MMH = 0.0923
 F LB/HR = 0.2901
 F KG/HR = 2.4270E-5
 B GR/DSCF = 1.5796E-6
 B MG/MMH = 0.2036
 B LB/HR = 0.0901
 B KG/HR = 2.6911E-5

RUN NUMBER
 HA 7-5
 VOL HTR STD ?
 411.6550 RUN
 STACK DSCFM ?
 4,382.0000 RUN
 FRONT 1/2 MG ?
 .0380 RUN
 BACK 1/2 MG ?
 .042135 RUN

Lo
 FROM "MASSFLOW"

SUMMARY OF EMISSIONS

PLANT Douglas Air Craft

LOCATION Long Beach, California

SAMPLED SOURCE Bldg #5 Scrubber HA7-5 & HA7-6

Total (4)

FRONT HALF MILLIGRAMS	Hex (3)	FRONT + BACK TOTAL
043,135	038,96	
040,14	001,001	
007,00	373,95	
421,6	431	
038,3		

PROBE	CYCLONE	FILTER	TOTAL
			038,96
			001,001
			373,95
			431

RUN	DATE	V _m Std.	DSCFM
Cond 1			
HA 7-5	21 Nov 89	411.655	4382
HA 7-6	21 Nov 89	13.921	39366
Cond 1			
HA 7-5	21 Nov 89	359.395	6261
HA 7-6	21 Nov 89	13.115	62575

200,3486

CONCENTRATIONS

Hex

RUN	FRONT HALF			
	Gr/DSCF	Mg/M ³	Lb/Hr	Kg/Hr
Lo	0.00326	0.00337	5.48x10 ⁻⁵	5.35x10 ⁻⁵
Hi		0.00256	3.77x10 ⁻⁴	
Lo		0.03871	9.08x10 ⁻⁴	
Hi		0.00939	2.20x10 ⁻⁴	

Total

BACK HALF			
Gr/DSCF	Mg/M ³	Lb/Hr	Kg/Hr
	0.003443	5.65x10 ⁻⁵	
ND →	0.01776	2.61x10 ⁻³	
	0.04143	9.72x10 ⁻⁴	
ND →	0.02235	5.24x10 ⁻³	

Total

TOTAL			
Gr/DSCF	Mg/M ³	Lb/Hr	Kg/Hr

6 7 8 9

Remarks: Note following sample are ND (not detected) or < minimum detection limit (<10)

HA 7-5 High Flow (Total Cr)

HA 7-6 High Flow (Total Cr)

10 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

SUMMARY OF EMISSIONS

PLANT Douglas Aircraft

LOCATION Long Beach, California

SAMPLED SOURCE

RUN	DATE	V _m Std.	DSCFM	FRONT HALF MILLIGRAMS				BACK HALF MILLIGRAMS				5 FRONT + BACK TOTAL
				PROBE	CYCLONE	FILTER	Hex (3)	PROBE	CYCLONE	FILTER	Hex (4)	
2-HA 7-5	22 Nov 89	408.230	4206				005.5				017.05	
2-HA 7-5	22 Nov 89	26.485	41855				000.0372				006.20	
2-HA 7-6	22 Nov 89	314.632	5897				002.0093				027.8	
2-HA 7-6	22 Nov 89	19.194	56954				000.1288				007.28	

Total
CONCENTRATIONS

RUN	Gr/DSCF	Mg/M ³	Lb/Hr	Kg/Hr	BACK HALF				TOTAL			
					Gr/DSCF	Mg/M ³	Lb/Hr	Kg/Hr	Gr/DSCF	Mg/M ³	Lb/Hr	Kg/Hr
		.000476	7.5 X 10 ⁻⁴			.001475	2.32 X 10 ⁻⁵					
		.000050	7.8 X 10 ⁻⁶			.008267	1.296 X 10 ⁻³					
		.000226	5.0 X 10 ⁻⁶			.01434	3.17 X 10 ⁻⁴					
		.000237	5.06 X 10 ⁻⁵			.01339	2.86 X 10 ⁻³					

6 7 8 9 10 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

Remarks: Note following samples are ND (non-detect) or < min. detection limit (<10)

* HA 7-5 Low Flow Hex Chrome

* HA 7-5 High Flow Total Cr

SAMPLING SUMMARY SHEET

PLANT _____

LOCATION _____

SAMPLED SOURCE _____

Run	Date	N _p	Y _m	ΔH	P Bar.	V _m	T _m	V _m Std.	%	(9)	(10)	P _{st}	P _s	17	(18)	(19)	(20)	21	22	23
										8	7							V _w	%M	M _d
																		V _w gas		

Run	(24)	(25)	26	(27)	(28)	29	30	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	35	(36)	(37)	38	39	40
	CO ₂	O ₂	N ₂	CO	—	MW _d	MW	$C_p \sqrt{A P (T_s + 460)}$	T_t	D_n	V_s	D_s	D_s	Area	ACFM	DSCFM	%I

$$V_m \text{ Std.} = V_m \frac{17.64 \times V_m (P \text{ Bar.} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6})}{(T_m + 460)}$$

$$V_{w \text{ gas}} = 0.0471 V_m$$

$$M_d = \frac{100 - XH}{100}$$

$$M_d = XCO_2 \times .44 + (XO_2 \times .32) + (XCO \times M_2) \times .28 + (XO_{\text{other}} \times M_1 \text{ wt.}) \frac{100}{100}$$

$$M = M_d \times M_2 + M_1 (1 - M_d)$$

$$V_o = 83.49 \times C \sqrt{\frac{P}{T_o} (T_o + 460)} \left[\frac{1}{P_o \times M} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$XI = \frac{0.09450 \times (T_o + 460) \times V \text{ Std.}}{V_o \times T_o \times P_o \times M_d \times A_n}$$

$$VP = \text{Vapor Pressure of H}_2\text{O at Stack Temperature}$$

$$V_o = \text{Total H}_2\text{O Collected in Impingers and Silica Gel}$$

$$V_{w \text{ gas}} = \text{Volume of water vapor collected at STP, SCF}$$

$$XH = \text{Per Cent Moisture by volume}$$

$$M_d = \text{Mole Fraction of Dry Gas}$$

$$XCO_2 = \text{Volume \% Dry}$$

$$XO_2 = \text{Volume \% Dry}$$

$$XM_2 = \text{Volume \% Dry}$$

$$XCO = \text{Volume \% Dry}$$

$$M_d = \text{Molecular Weight of Stack Gas Dry Basis}$$

$$M = \text{Molecular Weight of Stack Gas, Wet Basis}$$

$$C = \text{Pitot Tube Coefficient}$$

$$\sqrt{A P (T_o + 460)}$$
 Is determined by averaging the square root of the product of the velocity head (P) and the absolute stack temperature from each sampling point.

$$T_o = \text{Met time of test in minutes}$$

$$D_o = \text{Sampling Nozzle Diameter, inches}$$

$$A_n = \text{Area of Nozzle opening, ft}^2$$

$$V_o = \text{Stack Gas Velocity at Stack Conditions, Feet per second.}$$

$$D_o = \text{Diameter of Stack, inches}$$

$$\text{Area} = \text{Area of duct in ft}^2$$

$$\text{ACFM} = \text{Actual Cubic Feet per minute}$$

$$\text{DSCFM} = \text{Dry Standard Cubic Feet per minute}$$

$$XI = \text{Per Cent Isokinetic}$$

$$^a \text{Dry Standard Cubic Feet @ 60}^\circ\text{F, 29.92 in. Hg.}$$

$$^b \text{Standard Conditions @ 60}^\circ\text{F, 29.92 in. Hg.}$$

Table 3

Summary of Chromium Emissions

Douglas Aircraft Company
Long Beach, California

Condition 1 HA-7-6

November 21, 1989

Parameter	Low Flow	High Flow
Sampling time (min)	480	23
Metered Volume (ft ³) (DSCF)	359.395	13.115
Flow Rate		
Velocity (fps)	2.24	22.36
DSCFM	6,261	62,575
Sample Volume (l)	0.680	0.830
Hexavalent Chromium		
Conc. (ug/l)	549.93	0.42
Mass (ug)	373.95	0.35
mg/day	8,956.02	109.96
Total Chromium		
Conc. (ug/l)	620	<10
Mass (ug)	421.6	ND ¹
mg/day	10,092.72	NA ²

¹ ND, not detectable² NA, not applicable88.7% Cr⁶⁺

4.2%

HA 7-6
Lo Flow
XROM "MASSFLOW"

RUN NUMBER
HA 7-6
VOL MTR STD ?
359.395000 RUN
STACK DSCFM ?
6,261.000000 RUN
FRONT 1/2 MG ?
.39395000 RUN
BRCK 1/2 MG ?
.42160000 RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.000016
F MG/MMH = 0.0327094
F LB/HR = 0.0000078
F KG/HR = 0.0004118
B GR/DSCF = 0.000018
B MG/MMH = 0.0414262
B LB/HR = 0.0000715
B KG/HR = 0.0004407

HA 7-6
XROM "MASSFLOW"
RUN NUMBER
HA 7-6
VOL MTR STD ?
13.1150000 RUN
STACK DSCFM ?
62,575.000000 RUN
FRONT 1/2 MG ?
.0003486 RUN
BRCK 1/2 MG ?
.00020000 RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.0000004
F MG/MMH = 0.0000387
F LB/HR = 0.0002200
F KG/HR = 0.0000938
B GR/DSCF = 0.0000000
B MG/MMH = 0.0003489
B LB/HR = 0.0002383
B KG/HR = 0.0002761

01/11/90-JMB

Table 4

Summary of Chromium Emissions

Douglas Aircraft Company
Long Beach, California

Condition 2 HA-7-5

November 22, 1989

Parameter	Low Flow	High Flow
Sampling time (min)	480	33
Metered Volume (ft ³) (PSCF)	408.230	26.485
Flow Rate		
(Velocity (fps))	2.62	26.22
DSCFM	4,206	41,855
Sample Volume (l)	0.550	0.620
Hexavalent Chromium		
Conc. (ug/l)	<0.10	0.00 0.06
Mass (ug)	ND ¹	0.04
mg/day	NA ²	5.86
Total Chromium		
Conc. (ug/l)	31	<10
Mass (ug)	17.05	ND ¹
mg/day	236.69	NA ²

1 ND, not detectable

32.3%

0.6%

2 NA, not applicable

XROM "MASSFLOW"

RUN
7-5
VOL MTR STD ?
408.230000
STACK DSCFM ?
4,206.000000
FRONT 1/2 MG ?
0.005000
BACK 1/2 MG ?
0.0170500 RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.0000002
F MC/MMH = 0.0004753
F LB/HR = 0.0000075
F KG/HR = 0.0000034
B GR/DSCF = 0.0000006
B MC/MMH = 0.0014749
B LB/HR = 41.855
B KG/HR = 5010000.0 = HR/ST
0.0000000 = MMH/ST
0.0000000 = HR/ST
0.0000000 = MMH/ST
0.0000000 = HR/ST
0.0000000 = MMH/ST

2/DSCF = 2.1675442E-3
MC/MMH = 0.0000496
LB/HR = 0.0000072
KG/HR = 0.0000035
2R/DSCF = 0.0000036
MC/MMH = 0.0002662
LB/HR = 0.0012960
KG/HR = 0.0000079

RUN NUMBER
7-5
VOL MTR STD ?
26.4850000 RUN
STACK DSCFM ?
41,855.00000 RUN
FRONT 1/2 MG ?
0.0000372 RUN
BACK 1/2 MG ?
0.0062000 RUN

H:
XROM "MASSFLOW"

Table 5

Summary of Chromium Emissions

Douglas Aircraft Company
Long Beach, California

Condition 2 HA-7-6

November 22, 1989

Parameter	Low Flow	High Flow
Sampling time (min)	484	32
Metered Volume (ft ³)	314.632	19.194
Flow Rate		
Velocity (fps)	2.09	20.89
DSCFM	5,897	56,954
Sample Volume (l)	0.710	0.560
Hexavalent Chromium		
Conc. (ug/l)	2.83	0.23
Mass (ug)	2.01	0.13
mg/day	50.88	35.36
Total Chromium		
Conc. (ug/l)	180	13
Mass (ug)	127.8	7.28
mg/day	3235.32	1996.83

1.6%

1.8%

FROM "HASSFLO"
 RUN NUMBER 7-6
 VOL MTR STD ?
 314.632000
 STACK DSCFM ?
 5.897.000000
 FRONT 1/2 MG ?
 .002003
 BACK 1/2 MG ?
 .1273000
 RUN
 FROM "HASSF"
 RUN NUMBER HA 7-6
 VOL MTR STD ?
 19.1940000
 STACK DSCFM ?
 56.954.00000
 FRONT 1/2 MG ?
 .0001238
 BACK 1/2 MG ?
 .0072000
 RUN
 F GR/DSCF = 0.0000001
 F MG/HMM = 0.0002355
 F LB/HR = 0.0000050
 F KG/HR = 0.0000023
 B GR/DSCF = 0.0000063
 B MG/HMM = 0.0143442
 B LB/HR = 0.0003168
 B KG/HR = 0.0001437
 F GR/DSCF = 0.0000
 F MG/HMM = 0.00023
 F LB/HR = 0.000050
 F KG/HR = 0.000022
 B GR/DSCF = 0.0000
 B MG/HMM = 0.0133
 B LB/HR = 0.00005
 B KG/HR = 0.00129

Table 6
Sample Retention Time Check

Douglas Aircraft Company
Long Beach, California

November 21-22, 1989

Sample #	Initial Analysis 11-28-89	Analysis Re-run 12-5-89	% Change
Total Chromium			
891161	620	610	-1.6
891166	180	180	0
Detection Limit	10	10	NA ¹
Hexavalent Chromium			
891161	550	620	+12.6
891166	2.9	6.3	+83.4
Detection Limit	0.01	1.0	NA

¹ NA, not applicable

APPENDIX A

Condition 1 HA7-5; HA 7-6

891159

RUN 1

Engineering-Science, Pasadena, California

Plant: DAC LONG BEACH
 Source: HA 7-5 LOW FLOW
 Date: 11-21-89
 Run: 7-5 LOW FLOW
 Standard Temp = 60 deg F Standard Press = 29.92 in Hg

 FLOW DATA

STACK DIAMETER (inches)	72.00
STACK CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA (sq feet)	28.27
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (inches Hg)	29.00
OXYGEN CONTENT (%)	21.0
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT (%)	0.0
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	1.9
STACK TEMPERATURE (deg F)	71
STACK STATIC PRESSURE (inches water)	0.00
DRY STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT	28.84
VELOCITY PRESSURE (sq rt inches water)	0.04
PITOT TUBE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.99
VELOCITY (ft per sec)	2.77
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (ACFM)	4,707
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (DSCFM)	4,382

 SAMPLING DATA

DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DCF)	438.422
DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DSCF)	411.655 ✓
DRY GAS METER TEMPERATURE (deg F)	86
DRY GAS METER GAMMA	1.01
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE (inches water)	2.80
TOTAL RUN TIME (min)	468 ✓
NOZZLE DIAMETER (inches)	1.003
ISOKINETIC (%)	103.5

 LABORATORY DATA

MOISTURE RECOVERED (mls)	172.70
PARTIC FROM NOZ, PROBE & WASHES (mg)	38899.00
PARTICULATE FROM FILTER (mg)	0.00
PARTICULATE FROM IMPINGERS (mg)	34185.00

 PARTICULATE DATA

FRONT HALF (gr/DSCF)	1.4580
(gr/ACF)	1.3575
(lb/hr)	54.78 ✓
BACK HALF (gr/DSCF)	1.2814
(gr/ACF)	1.1929
(lb/hr)	48.14
TOTAL (gr/DSCF)	2.7394
(gr/ACF)	2.5504
(lb/hr)	102.93

0.038829 kg

x 10⁻⁶

PR

0.0248

0.021 g/hr

0.0459

cr
crTcr
crT

Engineering-Science, Pasadena, California

891140
PUN1

Plant: DAC LONG BEACH
Source: HA 7-5 HIGH
Date: 11-21-89
Run: 1 7-5 HIGH
Standard Temp = 60 deg F Standard Press = 29.92 in Hg

FLOW DATA

STACK DIAMETER (inches)	72.00
STACK CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA (sq feet)	28.27
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (inches Hg)	29.00
OXYGEN CONTENT (%)	21.0
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT (%)	0.0
MOISTURE CONTENT (%) SATURATED	2.6
STACK TEMPERATURE (deg F)	71
STACK STATIC PRESSURE (inches water)	0.00
DRY STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT	28.84
VELOCITY PRESSURE (sq rt inches water)	0.37
PITOT TUBE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.99
VELOCITY (ft per sec)	25.07
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (ACFM)	42,536
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (DSCFM)	39,306

SAMPLING DATA

DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DCF)	15.219
DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DSCF)	13.921
DRY GAS METER TEMPERATURE (deg F)	78
DRY GAS METER GAMMA	0.97
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE (inches water)	2.60
TOTAL RUN TIME (min)	20
NOZZLE DIAMETER (inches)	0.312
ISOKINETIC (%)	94.1

LABORATORY DATA

MOISTURE RECOVERED (mls)	9.80
PARTIC. FROM NOZ., PROBE & WASHES (mg)	349.00
PARTICULATE FROM FILTER (mg)	0.00
PARTICULATE FROM IMPINGERS (mg)	8300.00

PARTICULATE DATA

FRONT HALF (gr/DSCF)	0.3868
(gr/ACF)	0.3575
(lb/hr)	130.37
BACK HALF (gr/DSCF)	9.1997
(gr/ACF)	8.5013
(lb/hr)	3100.50
TOTAL (gr/DSCF)	9.5866
(gr/ACF)	8.8587
(lb/hr)	3230.87

1001
≤ 7000
X10⁻⁶
373.92
≤ 244.88
PR

CT
CT
CT

891141
RUN1

Engineering-Science, Pasadena, California

Plant: DAC LONG BEACH
 Source: HA 7-6 LOW FLOW
 Date: 11-21-89
 Run: 1 7-6 LOW
 Standard Temp = 60 deg F Standard Press = 29.92 in Hg

 FLOW DATA

STACK DIAMETER (inches)	96.00
STACK CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA (sq feet)	50.26
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (inches Hg)	29.00
OXYGEN CONTENT (%)	21.0
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT (%)	0.0
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	2.0
STACK TEMPERATURE (deg F)	72
STACK STATIC PRESSURE (inches water)	0.00
DRY STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT	28.84
VELOCITY PRESSURE (sq rt inches water)	0.03
PITOT TUBE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.99
VELOCITY (ft per sec)	2.24
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (ACFM)	6,742
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (DSCFM)	6,261

 SAMPLING DATA

DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DCF)	376.986
DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DSCF)	359.395
DRY GAS METER TEMPERATURE (deg F)	77
DRY GAS METER GAMMA	1.01
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE (inches water)	2.24
TOTAL RUN TIME (min)	480
NOZZLE DIAMETER (inches)	1.003
ISOKINETIC (%)	109.6

 LABORATORY DATA

MOISTURE RECOVERED (mls)	155.70
PARTIC. FROM NOZ., PROBE & WASHES (mg)	373952.00
PARTICULATE FROM FILTER (mg)	0.00
PARTICULATE FROM IMPINGERS (mg)	421600.00

 PARTICULATE DATA

FRONT HALF (gr/DSCF)	16.0550
(gr/ACF)	14.9099
(lb/hr)	861.93
BACK HALF (gr/DSCF)	18.1007
(gr/ACF)	16.8097
(lb/hr)	971.75
TOTAL (gr/DSCF)	34.1557
(gr/ACF)	31.7196
(lb/hr)	1833.68

0.391

41480

X10

AP

X10.08

AP

Engineering-Science, Pasadena, California

Plant:
Source:
Date:
Run:

Standard Temp = 60 deg F Standard Press = 29.92 in Hg

FLOW DATA

STACK DIAMETER (inches)	96.00
STACK CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA (sq feet)	50.26
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (inches Hg)	29.00
OXYGEN CONTENT (%)	21.0
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT (%)	0.0
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	2.0
STACK TEMPERATURE (deg F)	72
STACK STATIC PRESSURE (inches water)	0.00
DRY STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT	28.84
VELOCITY PRESSURE (sq rt inches water)	0.33
PITOT TUBE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.99
VELOCITY (ft per sec)	22.36
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (ACFM)	67,431
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (DSCFM)	62,575

SAMPLING DATA

DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DCF)	13.839
DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DSCF)	13.115
DRY GAS METER TEMPERATURE (deg F)	72
DRY GAS METER GAMMA	0.99
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE (inches water)	2.50
TOTAL RUN TIME (min)	23
NOZZLE DIAMETER (inches)	0.313
ISOKINETIC (%)	100.8

LABORATORY DATA

MOISTURE RECOVERED (mls)	5.90
PARTIC. FROM NOZ., PROBE & WASHES (mg)	1001.00
PARTICULATE FROM FILTER (mg)	0.00
PARTICULATE FROM IMPINGERS (mg)	7000.00

PARTICULATE DATA

FRONT HALF (gr/DSCF)	1.1777
(gr/ACF)	1.0929
(lb/hr)	631.87
BACK HALF (gr/DSCF)	8.2357
(gr/ACF)	7.6425
(lb/hr)	4418.67
TOTAL (gr/DSCF)	9.4134
(gr/ACF)	8.7354
(lb/hr)	5050.54

u⁴
u⁵

u⁴
u⁵

349
≤ 8300
X10⁻⁶
→ 20.30
→ 6776.6

12/1/89

12/1/89

Plant

INC

Date

11-21-89

POST LEAK RATE

Page 2 of 3

Run Number

Operator

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	ELAPSED TIME (mins)	CLOCK TIME	GAS METER READING (V _m)	VELOCITY HEAD (delta p)	ORIFICE PRESSURE (delta H, "H ₂ O)		T E M P E R A T U R E S					PUMP VAC. "Hg
					Desired	Actual	STACK (T _s)	METER INLET	METER OUT	IMPINGER	FILTER	
131	740	1900	410.2 ✓	13.0011	1.74	1.8	71					
	"	1904	417.1	13.0011								
	"	1914	420.3	13.0011		87.5		86	78			2
2	760	1906	429.6									
3	280	1945	452.4	stop		— 77.0 NOT						
	337.5	2010		START		—						
		7450										
3	780	2018	457.5	15.0014	2.24	2.24	71	85	78			2
4	800	2038	471.7	15.0014	2.24	2.24	70	87	79			3
5	320	2058	489.6	15.0014	1.60	1.60	70	83	76			2
6	340	2118	505.5	15.0014	2.24	2.24	69	87	79			3
7	360	2138	524.6	15.0015	2.40	2.40	67	87	79			3
8	380	2158	539.1	16.0016	2.60	2.60	67	88	79			3
9	400	2218	557.8	15.0014	2.3	2.3	65	84	78			3
10	420	2238	572.2	14.50013	2.1	2.1	69	88	80			3
11	440	2258	596.8	15.0015	2.4	2.4	69	84	77			5
AVERAGE /SUM							71	174.5				

12/1/89

#A7-5

Blue

Plant

Date

Page 3 of 3

Date _____

11-27-89

POST LEAK RATE

Operator

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	ELAPSED TIME (mins)	CLOCK TIME	GAS METER READING (Vm)	VELOCITY HEAD (delta p)	ORIFICE PRESSURE (delta H, "H2O)		T E M P E R A T U R E S					PUMP VAC. "Hg
					Desired	Actual	STACK (Tb)	METER INLET	METER OUT	IMPINGER	FILTER	
	72											
12	460	2318	610.70 ¹⁵⁵	0.0015	2.4	2.4	69	84	78			5
AVERAGE /SUM	468		44.42	0.031			71					5

245

三

FS 891157
ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

TRAIN RECOVERY SHEET

DATE 11-21-89

FACILITY DAC

TECHNICIAN RU

RUN# ^{BLUE} HA7-5 METHOD 205.1

TYPE CHROMIUM

IMP. SOLUTION NaHCO₃

NOZZLE-PROBE RINSE

UMBILICAL RINSE

SOLUTION	VOL. (ml)	DESCRIPTION
		/
		/

IMPINGER # 1

IMPINGER # 2

IMPINGER # 3

IMPINGER # _____

DESCRIPTION

IMPINGER RINSE

	FINAL (g)ml	INITIAL (g)ml	NET (g)ml
	155	100ml	55
	125	100ml	25
	11	0	11

SILICA GEL
(DESCRIPTION)

	FINAL (g)	INITIAL (g)	
ALL USED	904.2	822.5	81.7

FILTER#
(DESCRIPTION)

TEFLON HA 7-5 BLUE	TOTAL MOISTURE
--------------------------	----------------

FIELD BLANKS

161.7 (g)

DISPOSITION/COMMENTS

11
172.7

891160

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

TRAIN RECOVERY SHEET

DATE ^{21 25} 11-22-89RUN# ⁷⁻⁵ Red METHOD 205.1

FACILITY DAC

TYPE Chromium

TECHNICIAN J.B.

IMP. SOLUTION Sodium Bicarbonate

NOZZLE-PROBE RINSE

UMBILICAL RINSE

SOLUTION	VOL. (ml)	DESCRIPTION
		✓
		✓

IMPINGER # 1

IMPINGER # 2

IMPINGER # 3

IMPINGER #

DESCRIPTION

IMPINGER RINSE

	FINAL (g/ml)	INITIAL (g/ml)	NET (g)
Sodium Bicarbonate	104 ml.	100 ml.	4
Sodium Bicarbonate	101 ml.	100 ml.	1
EMPTY	1 ml.	0 ml.	1

SILICA GEL
(DESCRIPTION)

	FINAL (g)	INITIAL (g)	
1/2 used	806.8	803.0	3.8

FILTER#
(DESCRIPTION)

TEFLON	TOTAL MOISTURE
--------	----------------

FIELD BLANKS

9.8 (g)

DISPOSITION/COMMENTS

ES

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
COMPANIES

FIELD DATA

Plant DAC

Date 11/21/84

Test Site HA-76

Run Number 1

Operator STJ

Ambient Temp 75°F

Barometer

Stack Pressure

Stack H₂O % 2%

Stack Dia

Meter # 1,970

Meter Gamma 1,001

Meter Box # 1144 #2

Nozzle Diameter 0.2443

Probe Length

Probe Mat'l

Filter Number

Sample Box #

PRE LEAK 0.0116

POST LEAK 0.0156

PAGE 1 OF 2

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	ELAPSED TIME (mins)	CLOCK TIME	GAS METER READING (Vn)	VELOCITY HEAD (delta p)	ORIFICE PRESSURE (delta H, "H ₂ O)		TEMPERATURES					PUMP VAC. "Hg
					Desired	Actual	STACK (Tb)	METER INLET	METER OUT	IMPINGER	FILTER	
1	0	1343	331.562	0.0010	1.83	1.8	68	77				8
2	5	1348	340.014	0.0010	1.83	1.8	540	FUN		HF		
3	15	1353	340.014	0.0010	1.83	1.8	540	FUN		LF		
4	20	1408	352.2	0.0009	1.64	1.6	77	78				6
5	40	1428	366.2	0.0022	4.02	4	77	79				11
6	60	1448	387.2	0.0025	4.57	4.6		80				12.5
7	65	1453	392.472									12.5
8	69	1457	392.472	0.0025	4.57	4.6			80			13
9	80	1508	405.1	0.0026	4.75	4.8	75		80			11.5
10	100	1529	428.6	0.0023	4.30	4.2	76		80			11
11	120	1548	450.8	0.0021	3.84	3.8	74		80			11
12	140	1608	471.9	0.0021	3.84	3.8	74		80			10
13	160	1628	495.5	0.0010	1.83	1.8	74	84				10
14	180	1648	512.7	0.0010	1.83	1.8	72	83				10
AVERAGE / SUM												

K = 1826
APXK = AH

HA 7-6

blue

11/11/89

Plant DAC
Date 11-31-89
POST LEAK RATE

Page 1 of 3
Run Number 21
Operator BW

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	ELAPSED TIME (mins)	CLOCK TIME	GAS METER READING (Vn)	VELOCITY HEAD (delta p)	ORIFICE PRESSURE (delta H, "H2O)		TEMPERATURES					PUMP VAC. "Hg
					Desired	Actual	STACK (Ts)	METER INLET	METER OUT	IMPINGER	FILTER	
1	240	1900	554.899	117 ^{0.0007}	1.28	1.3	71	72		43	NA	5
	265	1915	560.0	117 ^{0.0007}	1.28	1.3	71	72		43		5
2	260	1925	564.9	120 ^{0.0004}	1.46	1.5	71	72		44		5
3	270	1948	586.9	133	2.01	2.0	71	74		44		5
4	300	2005	593.6	127	1.83	1.8	71	76		44		5
	308	2013	599.249	122	1.83	1.8	70	74		43		5
5	320	2029	609.3	117 ^{0.0007}	1.28	1.3	70	74		43		5
6	340	2049	620.3	117	1.28	1.3	68	74		44		5
7	360	2109	633.3	112	0.91	0.9	72	75		43		5
8	380	2129	643.3	151	2.56	2.6	71	74		43		6
9	400	2149	659.7	125	1.83	1.8	69	74		43		6
10	420	2209	674.8	118	1.46	1.5	69	74		44		5
11	440	2229	686.4	110 ^{0.0008}	1.10	1.1	69	74		44		4
12	460	2249	697.5	110	1.10	1.1	69	74		43		4
	480	2309	708.584			end	test run #1					
AVERAGE / SUM	480		376.984	0.0335	2.24	2.24	71.6	74.7	74.7			

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

TRAIN RECOVERY SHEET

DATE 11-21-89 ^{21 RJ}FACILITY DACTECHNICIAN S.B.RUN# HA-75 ^{Blue} METHOD 205.1TYPE ChromiumIMP. SOLUTION Sodium Bicarbonate

NOZZLE-PROBE RINSE

UMBILICAL RINSE

SOLUTION	VOL. (ml)	DESCRIPTION
		✓
		✓

IMPINGER # 1IMPINGER # 2IMPINGER # 3

IMPINGER # _____

DESCRIPTION

IMPINGER RINSE

	FINAL (g) ml.	INITIAL (g) ml.	NET (g)
Sodium Bicarbonate	166 ml.	100 ml.	66
Sodium Bicarbonate	104 ml.	100 "	4
EMPTY	7 ml.	0 "	7

SILICA GEL
(DESCRIPTION)

	FINAL (g)	INITIAL (g)	
all used up	947.5	868.8	78.7

FILTER#
(DESCRIPTION)
TEFLON

	TOTAL MOISTURE

FIELD BLANKS

157 (g)

DISPOSITION/COMMENTS

Plant DAC
 Date 11/21/89
 Test Site HA-76
 Run Number 1
 Operator STB

Ambient Temp 75°F
 Barometer 29.0
 Stack Pressure 2"
 Stack H2O 2"
 Stack Dia

FIELD DATA

Meter # 1.629
 Meter Gamma 0.994
 Meter Box # 744 #2
 Nozzle Diameter 1.028
 Probe Length

Probe Mat'l
 Filter Number
 Samp Box #
 PRE LEAK 0.00 @ 10⁻⁴ Hg
 POST LEAK

PAGE 1 OF

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	ELAPSED TIME (mins)	CLOCK TIME	GAS METER READING (V _m)	VELOCITY HEAD (delta p)	ORIFICE PRESSURE (delta H; "H ₂ O)		TEMPERATURES					PUMP VAC. "Hg
					Desired	Actual	STACK (T _s)	METER INLET	METER OUT	IMPINGER	FILTER	
1	0	1348	323.213	.1	1.35	1.45	(74)	DS				7
2	5	1353	327.969	.06		stop		CF				
3	5	1453	327.969	1.15	1.53	1.53	(77) for HF	HF	73			1
4	9	1457	329.814			stop	(78) for LF	LF				
5	15	1510	329.814			stop	for HF	HF				
6	5	1515	333.678	1.15								
7	8	2013	337.052									
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												
AVERAGE / SUM	17		13.829	0.33		2.5						

5
4
5
3

K=3.51
DPKF = ΔH
side
1670.0
high
1670.0
POST LEAK

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

TRAIN RECOVERY SHEET

DATE 11-21-89FACILITY DACTECHNICIAN J.B.RUN# HA-7-6 METHOD 205.1TYPE ChromeIMP. SOLUTION Sodium Bica
bonate

NOZZLE-PROBE RINSE

UMBILICAL RINSE

SOLUTION	VOL. (ml)	DESCRIPTION
		✓
		j

IMPINGER # 1IMPINGER # 2IMPINGER # 3

IMPINGER # _____

DESCRIPTION

IMPINGER RINSE

	FINAL (g)ml	INITIAL (g)ml	NET (g)ml
Sodium Carbonate	102 ml.	1.00 ml.	1
Sodium Bicarbonate	99 "	100 "	
Empty	0 "	0 "	

SILICA GEL
(DESCRIPTION)

	FINAL (g)	INITIAL (g)	
	897.0	892.1	4.9

FILTER#
(DESCRIPTION)

TERBON

	TOTAL MOISTURE

FIELD BLANKS

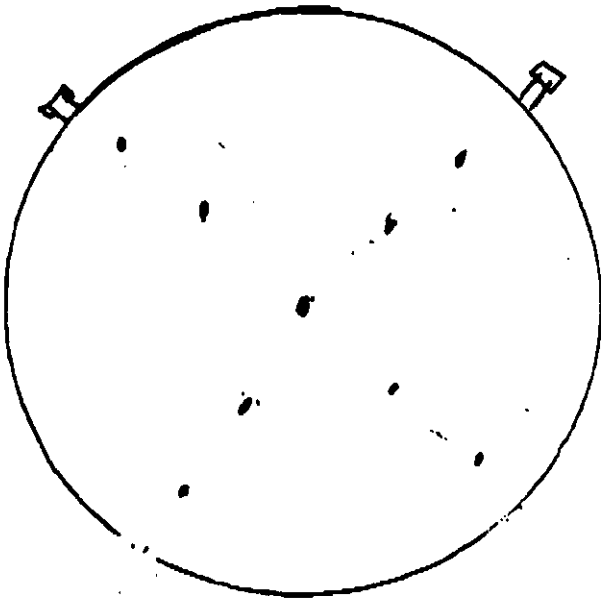
5.9 (g)

DISPOSITION/COMMENTS

HA 7-5-

6 FT Dia T Dia

$$\frac{\pi(6^2)}{4} = 28.27$$



11/21/89 Flow Rate
Actual 440 GPM
Required 440 GPM

Lid Open

$$\frac{47813}{28.27} = 1691 \text{ F/Min. TARGET}$$

Lid Closed

$$\frac{5200}{28.27} = 184 \text{ F/Min. TARGET}$$

open Lid	Closed Lid
Velocity 1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
avg	avg

Theoretical Avg

$$1691 \text{ F/Min T Avg} = 184 \text{ F/Min}$$

F/Min	CFM
1670	47210
1490	42122
1442	40765
1187	33556



6841	= 1159
142235	= 6643
122155	= 4381
132173	= 4890

$$1691(10\%) = 1521.9 \text{ F/Min LIDS OPEN}$$

$$184(10\%) = 165.6 \text{ F/Min LIDS CLOSED}$$

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Pasadena, California

PRELIMINARY VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

Plant DAC Date 11-21-67
 Location HA 7-5 Stack I.D. 72"
 Barometric Pressure _____ Static Pres _____
 Operators ME / TK OPEN

+ 7.7

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD	STACK TEMP.	CYCLONIC FLOW ANGLE
1	315 10.2	65 62	
2	315 12.3	"	
3	321 12.4	"	
4	327 12.6	65 62	
5	297 11.1	"	
6	285 10.6	"	
7	306 13.1	65 62	
8	1315	"	
9	1337	"	
10	1353	"	
11	1235	"	
12	1354	65 62	
Σ 1252			
AVERAGE			

5.12

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD	STACK TEMP.	CYCLONIC FLOW ANGLE
1	1241	62	
2	1313	"	
3	1274	"	
4	1331	"	
5	1287	"	
6	1190	62	
7	1130	"	
8	1244	"	
9	1341	"	
10	1400	"	
11	1451	"	
12	1423	62	
AVERAGE			

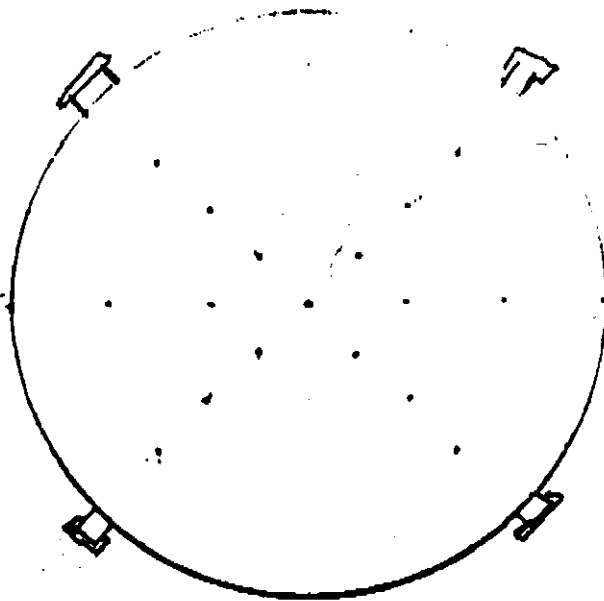
HA-7-4

8 FT Duct Dia.

Lid OPEN.

$$\frac{\pi(8^2)}{4} = 50.26$$

$$\frac{81563}{50.26} = 1623 \text{ FT/MIN}$$



11/21/89

Flow RATE

310 GPM
330 GPM } ACTUAL

REQUIRED 365 GPM

Lid OPEN

$$\frac{85663}{50.26} = 1623 \text{ FT/MIN} = 1704$$

Lid CLOSED

$$\frac{5220}{50.26} = 103 \text{ FT/MIN}$$

100 ft

Open Lid
velocity

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8

Avg =

Closed Lid

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8

Theoretical Avg
1623 FT/MIN

TAvg = 103 FT/MIN.

11/21/89

TURNED MOTOR RPM

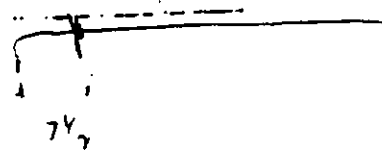
DOWN 10% $1623(10\%) = 1460 \text{ FT/MIN}$ LIDS OPEN

$103(10\%) = 92.7 \text{ FT/MIN}$ LIDS CLOSED

$\frac{1396}{1212} = 79,162$
 $\frac{281}{188} = 60,915 \text{ CFM}$
 $\frac{98}{155} = 4925 \text{ CFM}$

TRAVERSE POINT LOCATION FOR CIRCULAR DUCTS

PLANT LHC
 DATE 7-21-89
 TAPLING LOCATION SCRUVER #7-5, 7-6
 SIDE OF FAR WALL TO
 OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE, (DISTANCE A) 78"
 INSIDE OF NEAR WALL TO
 OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE, (DISTANCE B) 6"
 STACK I.D., (DISTANCE A - DISTANCE B) (78-6) 72" (2-6) 10 (6" nipple)
 NEAREST UPSTREAM DISTURBANCE 2
 NEAREST DOWNSTREAM DISTURBANCE 8
 CALCULATOR TL / RN



SCHEMATIC OF SAMPLING LOCATION

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	% FRACTION OF STACK I.D.	STACK I.D.	PRODUCT OF COLUMNS 2 AND 3 (TO NEAREST 1/8 INCH)	DISTANCE B	TRAVERSE POINT LOCATION FROM OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE (SUM OF COLUMNS 4 & 5)
1	2.1	72"	$1.51 \approx 1\frac{1}{2}"$	6"	$7\frac{1}{2}"$
2	6.7		$4.82 = 4\frac{7}{8}"$		$10\frac{3}{8}"$
3	11.8		$8.50 = 8\frac{1}{2}"$		$14\frac{1}{2}"$
4	17.7		$12.74 = 12\frac{3}{4}"$		$18\frac{3}{4}"$
5	25.0		$18 = 18"$		$24"$
6	35.6		$25.63 = 25\frac{3}{4}"$		$31\frac{3}{4}"$
7	64.4		$46.37 = 46\frac{3}{8}"$		$52\frac{3}{8}"$
8	75.0		$54 = 54"$		$60"$
9	82.3		$59.26 = 59\frac{1}{4}"$		$65\frac{1}{4}"$
10	88.7		$63.50 = 63\frac{1}{2}"$		$69\frac{1}{2}"$
11	93.3		$67.18 = 67\frac{3}{8}"$		$73\frac{3}{8}" = 74\frac{1}{8}"$
12	97.9		$70.49 = 70\frac{1}{2}"$		$76\frac{1}{2}" = 77\frac{1}{2}"$
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					

PRELIMINARY VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

Date 11-21-02

Stack, I.D.

Static Pres

Operators

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD	STACK TEMP.	CYCLONIC FLOW ANGLE
1	307		
2	360		
3	382		
4	370		
5	309		
6	355		
7	301		
8	378		
9	390		
10	355		
11	299		
12	327		
AVERAGE			

1.

DAC

11-21-89

SAMPLING LOCATION SCHUBERT 7-60

SIDE OF FAR WALL TO

OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE, (DISTANCE A) 76

INSIDE OF NEAR WALL TO

OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE, (DISTANCE B)

STACK I.D., (DISTANCE A - DISTANCE B)

NEAREST UPSTREAM DISTURBANCE

NEAREST DOWNSTREAM DISTURBANCE

CALCULATOR

SCHEMATIC OF SAMPLING LOCATION

[illegible]

PRELIMINARY VELOCITY TRAVERSE DATA

Operators

Stack I.D.

Static Pres < 0.001

YMD. PCH-1

[illegible]

Pasadena, California

Plant

Date _____

Location

Stack I.D.

Barometric Pressure

Static Pres

Operators

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD 4	STACK TEMP. C.	CYCLONIC FLOW ANGLE
1	1550	320	209
2	1520	354	203
3	1540	311	205
4	1300	316	220
5	1320	307	223
6	1280	307	209
7	1100	270	189
8	970	222	187
9	1007	254	150
10	907	215	143
11	980	257	157
12	900	234	161
	(2.2)	(3.0)	(1000)
1092	1300	1707	
21778	1370	1535	
31702	1535	1386	
41690	1310	11007	
51576	11955	1007	
61481	2003	1170	
71292	1841	1581	
81346	1750	1470	
AVERAGE	7.5		



Client _____

Job No. _____

Sheet ____ of ____

Subject _____

By _____

Date _____

Checked _____

Rev. _____

7-6
LOW

HIGH

LOW

~~209~~

1550

184

~~208~~

1528

200

~~207~~

1540

184

~~206~~

1360

185

~~205~~

1320

185

~~204~~

1280

140

~~203~~

1180

131

~~202~~

990

120

~~201~~

1009

139

~~200~~

907

143

~~199~~

980

118

~~198~~

960

126

~~197~~

1212

7155

72.4

1975

APPENDIX B

Condition 2 HA 7-5, HA 7-6

Engineering-Science, Pasadena, California

Plant: DAC LONG BEACH
Source: HA 7-5 LOW
Date: 11-22-89
Run: 2 7-5-ww

Standard Temp = 60 deg F

Standard Press = 29.92 in Hg

FLOW DATA

STACK DIAMETER (inches)	72.00
STACK CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA (sq feet)	28.27
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (inches Hg)	29.20
OXYGEN CONTENT (%)	21.0
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT (%)	0.0
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	1.7
STACK TEMPERATURE (deg F)	67
STACK STATIC PRESSURE (inches water)	0.00
DRY STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT	28.84
VELOCITY PRESSURE (sq rt inches water)	0.04
PITOT TUBE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.99
VELOCITY (ft per sec)	2.62
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (ACFM)	4,443
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (DSCFM)	4,206

SAMPLING DATA

DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DCF)	425.597
DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DSCF)	408.230
DRY GAS METER TEMPERATURE (deg F)	78
DRY GAS METER GAMMA	1.01
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE (inches water)	2.70
TOTAL RUN TIME (min)	480
NOZZLE DIAMETER (inches)	1.003
ISOKINETIC (%)	104.2

LABORATORY DATA

MOISTURE RECOVERED (mls)	152.10
PARTIC. FROM NOZ., PROBE & WASHES (mg)	39.00
PARTICULATE FROM FILTER (mg)	0.00
PARTICULATE FROM IMPINGERS (mg)	11550.00

PARTICULATE DATA

FRONT HALF (gr/DSCF)	0.0015
(gr/ACF)	0.0014
(lb/hr)	0.05
BACK HALF (gr/DSCF)	0.4366
(gr/ACF)	0.4132
(lb/hr)	15.74
TOTAL (gr/DSCF)	0.4380
(gr/ACF)	0.4146
(lb/hr)	15.80

891164
RNV

cu
CT

cu
CT

x10-6

Engineering-Science, Pasadena, California

891163
RUN ✓

Plant: DAC LONG BEACH

Source: HA- 7-5

Date: HIGH

Run: 2 75 1168

Standard Temp = 60 deg F

Standard Press = 29.92 in Hg

FLOW DATA

STACK DIAMETER (inches)	72.00
STACK CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA (sq feet)	28.27
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (inches Hg)	29.20
OXYGEN CONTENT (%)	21.0
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT (%)	0.0
MOISTURE CONTENT (%) SATURATED	2.3
STACK TEMPERATURE (deg F)	67
STACK STATIC PRESSURE (inches water)	0.00
DRY STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT	28.84
VELOCITY PRESSURE (sq rt inches water)	0.39
PITOT TUBE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.99
VELOCITY (ft per sec)	26.22
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (ACFM)	44,482
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (DSCFM)	41,855

SAMPLING DATA

DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DCF)	28.337
DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DSCF)	26.485
DRY GAS METER TEMPERATURE (deg F)	70
DRY GAS METER GAMMA	0.97
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE (inches water)	2.50
TOTAL RUN TIME (min)	33
NOZZLE DIAMETER (inches)	0.313
ISOKINETIC (%)	101.8

LABORATORY DATA

MOISTURE RECOVERED (mls)	18.10
PARTIC FROM NOZ., PROBE & WASHES (mg)	37.00
PARTICULATE FROM FILTER (mg)	0.00
PARTICULATE FROM IMPINGERS (mg)	Σ 6200.00

PARTICULATE DATA

FRONT HALF (gr/DSCF)	0.0216
(gr/ACF)	0.0203
(lb/hr)	7.74
BACK HALF (gr/DSCF)	3.6121
(gr/ACF)	3.3988
(lb/hr)	Σ 1296.30
TOTAL (gr/DSCF)	3.6336
(gr/ACF)	3.4190
(lb/hr)	1304.03

x10⁻⁶

Σ

Engineering-Science, Pasadena, California

891166
RNV

Plant: DAC LONG BEACH
Source: HA- 7-6 LOW
Date: 11-22-89
Run: 2 - 7-6 UN
Standard Temp = 60 deg F Standard Press = 29.92 in Hg

FLOW DATA

STACK DIAMETER (inches)	96.00
STACK CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA (sq feet)	50.26
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (inches Hg)	29.20
OXYGEN CONTENT (%)	21.0
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT (%)	0.0
MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	2.3
STACK TEMPERATURE (deg F)	70
STACK STATIC PRESSURE (inches water)	0.00
DRY STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT	28.84
VELOCITY PRESSURE (sq rt inches water)	0.03
PITOT TUBE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.99
VELOCITY (ft per sec)	2.09
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (ACFM)	6,304
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (DSCFM)	5,897

SAMPLING DATA

DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DCF)	335.358
DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DSCF)	314.632
DRY GAS METER TEMPERATURE (deg F)	80
DRY GAS METER GAMMA	0.99
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE (inches water)	1.72
TOTAL RUN TIME (min)	484
NOZZLE DIAMETER (inches)	1.003
ISOKINETIC (%)	101.0

LABORATORY DATA

MOISTURE RECOVERED (mls)	160.20
PARTIC. FROM NOZ. PROBE & WASHES (mg)	2009.00
PARTICULATE FROM FILTER (mg)	0.00
PARTICULATE FROM IMPINGERS (mg)	*120700.00

PARTICULATE DATA

FRONT HALF (gr/DSCF)	0.0985
(gr/ACF)	0.0922
(lb/hr)	4.98
BACK HALF (gr/DSCF)	5.9193
(gr/ACF)	5.5367
(lb/hr)	299.27
TOTAL (gr/DSCF)	6.0178
(gr/ACF)	5.6289
(lb/hr)	304.25

} X10⁻⁶

at

at

at

Engineering-Science, Pasadena, California

891165
RUN V

Plant: DAC LONG BEACH
Source: HA 7-6 HIGH
Date: 11-22-89
Run: 2 7-6 HIGH FLOW
Standard Temp = 60 deg F Standard Press = 29.92 in Hg

FLOW DATA

STACK DIAMETER (inches)	96.00
STACK CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA (sq feet)	50.26
BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (inches Hg)	29.20
OXYGEN CONTENT (%)	21.0
CARBON DIOXIDE CONTENT (%)	0.0
MOISTURE CONTENT (%) SATURATED	2.5
STACK TEMPERATURE (deg F)	69
STACK STATIC PRESSURE (inches water)	0.00
DRY STACK GAS MOLECULAR WEIGHT	28.84
VELOCITY PRESSURE (sq rt inches water)	0.31
PITOT TUBE CORRECTION FACTOR	0.99
VELOCITY (ft per sec)	20.89
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (ACFM)	62,997
EXHAUST GAS FLOW RATE (DSCFM)	58,954

SAMPLING DATA

DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DCF)	20.229
DRY GAS VOLUME SAMPLED (DSCF)	19.194
DRY GAS METER TEMPERATURE (deg F)	75
DRY GAS METER GAMMA	0.99
AVERAGE ORIFICE PRESSURE (inches water)	2.50
TOTAL RUN TIME (min)	32
NOZZLE DIAMETER (inches)	0.312
ISOKINETIC (%)	96.1

LABORATORY DATA

MOISTURE RECOVERED (mls)	11.70
PARTIC. FROM NOZ., PROBE & WASHES (mg)	128.00
PARTICULATE FROM FILTER (mg)	0.00
PARTICULATE FROM IMPINGERS (mg)	1680.00

PARTICULATE DATA

FRONT HALF (gr/DSCF)	0.1029
(gr/ACF)	0.0963
(lb/hr)	52.01
BACK HALF (gr/DSCF)	1.3506
(gr/ACF)	1.2639
(lb/hr)	682.69
TOTAL (gr/DSCF)	1.4535
(gr/ACF)	1.3602
(lb/hr)	734.70

X10⁻⁶

52.4

2. 10. 19

ES

FIELD DATA

$$9.86517 = k$$

PAGE 1 OF 3

Plant DAC
Date 11-21-89
Test Site _____
Run Number 2
Operator JE, PA, AND

Ambient Temp _____
Barometer _____
Stack Pressure _____
Stack H2O % _____ 2
Stack Dia _____

Meter #10 1.74
Meter Gamma 1.01
Meter Box # BLUE #
Nozzle Diameter
Probe Length

Probe Mat'l _____
Filter Number _____
Samp Box # _____
PRE LEAK _____
POST LEAK _____

[illegible]

Plant _____
Date 11/24/11
POST LEAK RATE _____

Page 2 of 3
Run Number 2
Operator JM. sk

[illegible]

891164
ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

TRAIN RECOVERY SHEET

DATE 11-22-87

FACILITY DAL

TECHNICIAN RS

BLV6
NA-75
RUN# 2 METHOD 205-1
TYPE Chromium
IMP. SOLUTION NaHCO₃

NOZZLE-PROBE RINSE

UMBILICAL RINSE

SOLUTION	VOL. (ml)	DESCRIPTION
		/
		/

IMPINGER # 1

IMPINGER # 2

IMPINGER # 3

IMPINGER #

DESCRIPTION

IMPINGER RINSE

	FINAL (g)ml	INITIAL (g)ml	NET (g)"
	175	100	75
	100	100	0
	0	0	0

SILICA GEL
(DESCRIPTION)

	FINAL (g)	INITIAL (g)	
ALL USED	853.9	776.8	77.1

FILTER#
(DESCRIPTION)

TEFLON	TOTAL MOISTURE
--------	----------------

FIELD BLANKS

152.1 (g)

DISPOSITION/COMMENTS

plant DAC
Date 11-21-89
Test Site _____
Run Number #2
Operator GE/RA/DR

Ambient Temp _____
Barometer _____
Stack Pressure _____
Stack H2O % _____
Stack Dia _____

Meter #10 200
Meter Gamma . 400
Meter Box # RE-
Nozzle Diameter 1 1/2
Probe Length

Probe Mat'l
Filter Number
Samp Box #
PRE LEAK
POST LEAK

[illegible]

891163
ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

TRAIN RECOVERY SHEET

DATE 11-22-89

FACILITY DAL

TECHNICIAN AS

RED
HA-75
RUN# 2 METHOD 205-1

TYPE Chromium

IMP. SOLUTION NaHCO₃

NOZZLE-PROBE RINSE

UMBILICAL RINSE

SOLUTION	VOL. (ml)	DESCRIPTION
		/
		/

IMPINGER # 1

IMPINGER # 2

IMPINGER # 3

IMPINGER # _____

DESCRIPTION

IMPINGER RINSE

	FINAL (g) ml	INITIAL (g) ml	NET (g)
	110	100	10
	100	100	0
	0	0	0

SILICA GEL
(DESCRIPTION)

	FINAL (g)	INITIAL (g)	
<u>Y₆ USED</u>	<u>771.4</u>	<u>763.3</u>	<u>8.1</u>

FILTER#
(DESCRIPTION)

<u>TEFLON</u>	TOTAL MOISTURE
---------------	----------------

FIELD BLANKS

18.1 (g)

DISPOSITION/COMMENTS

891165

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

TRAIN RECOVERY SHEET

HA76 RED

RUN# 2 METHOD 205.1

DATE 11-22-89

FACILITY DAC

TYPE Chromium

TECHNICIAN RS

IMP. SOLUTION NaFICO₃

NOZZLE-PROBE RINSE

UMBILICAL RINSE

IMPINGER # 1

IMPINGER # 2

IMPINGER # 3

IMPINGER #

DESCRIPTION

IMPINGER RINSE

SILICA GEL
(DESCRIPTION)FILTER#
(DESCRIPTION)

FIELD BLANKS

DISPOSITION/COMMENTS

SOLUTION	VOL. (ml)	DESCRIPTION
		/
		/

	FINAL (g) ml	INITIAL (g) ml	NET (g)
	105	100	5
	100	100	0
	0	0	0

	FINAL (g)	INITIAL (g)	
1/6 USED	804.6	797.9	6.7
TEFLON	TOTAL MOISTURE		

11.7 (g)

OP + F = DA

AG-A 7-6

Page

30

Plant

Plant DAC
Date 11/21/89

Test Site HA 76

Run Number 2Operator UAF

Ambient Temp 55 F

Barometer

stack pressure

Stack H2O

Stack Dia_

Water @ 1.970.

Mater Gamma - 1.001

Meter Box

Nozzle Diameter 1.0

Probe Length _____

Probe Mat'l

Filter Number 2

Sample Box

PRELIM

POST LEAK

[illegible]

Blue (Low)

plant
DAC

Date 11/21/81
POST LEAK RATE

Page 2 of 4
Run Number #2
Operator JTG

•

DAC

11/21/89

POST LEAK RATE

**ENGINEERING-SCIENCE
COMPANIES**

UDW

Blue (Low)

Plant
DAC

Date 11/21/81
POST LEAK RATE

Page 2 of 4
Run Number #2
Operator JTG

•

DAC

11/21/89

POST LEAK RATE

[illegible]

Plant

44

Date 11-11-89

Test Site AGA 7-6

Run Number 33

Operator

Ambient Temp.

Barometer

Stack Pressure

Stack H2O :

Stack Dia.

Water ΔH 1.970

Water Camera - 1.00 |

Water Box

Nozzle Diameter

Probe Length

Probe Mat'l

Filter Number

Sample Box 1

FREE LPAK

POST LEAK

[illegible]

891166
ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC.

TRAIN RECOVERY SHEET

DATE 11-22-89

FACILITY DAC

TECHNICIAN RS

HA 76 BLUE
RUN# 2 METHOD 205-1

TYPE Chromium

IMP. SOLUTION NaHCO₃

NOZZLE-PROBE RINSE

UMBILICAL RINSE

SOLUTION	VOL. (ml)	DESCRIPTION
		/
		/

IMPINGER # 1

IMPINGER # 2

IMPINGER # 3

IMPINGER # _____

DESCRIPTION

IMPINGER RINSE

	FINAL (g) ml	INITIAL (g) ml	NET (g)
	185 ml	100	85
	100	100	0
	5	0	05

SILICA GEL
(DESCRIPTION)

	FINAL (g)	INITIAL (g)	
ALL USED	911.6	841.4	70.2

FILTER#
(DESCRIPTION)

TEFLON	TOTAL MOISTURE
--------	----------------

FIELD BLANKS

155.2 (g)

160. ✓
✓

DISPOSITION/COMMENTS

APPENDIX C

WCAS Analysis

November 29, 1989

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
75 N. Fair Oaks Ave.
Pasadena, CA 91103

Attn: Rollie Rosario

JOB NO. 14226

WCAS

**WEST COAST
ANALYTICAL
SERVICE, INC.**

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

A

LABORATORY REPORT

Samples Received: Nine (9) impinger solutions
Date Received: 11/22/89
Purchase order No: 9384-6085

The samples were analyzed as follows:

<u>Samples Analyzed</u>	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>Results</u>
Nine (9) solutions	Total Chromium by ICPMS	Table I
Nine (9) solutions	Hexavalent Chromium by EPA 7196/IC	Table II

Page 1 of 3



Michael Shelton
Senior Chemist



D. J. Northington, Ph.D.
Technical Director

WEST COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICE, INC.

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Mr. Rollie Rosario

Job # 14226
November 29, 1989

LABORATORY REPORT

TABLE I

Parts Per Billion (ug/L)

<u>Sample ID</u>	<u>Total Metals</u>	
	<u>Chromium</u>	
891159	53	
891160	ND	
891161	620	610
891162	ND	
891163	ND	
891164	31	
891165	13	
891166	180	180
891167	ND	
Detection Limit	10	10

ND-Not Detected

Date Analyzed: 11-28-89

11-28 1st analysis
Re-run NUS, 12-5 analysis
7 day

WEST COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICE, INC.

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Mr. Rollie Rosario

Job # 14226
November 29, 1989

LABORATORY REPORT

TABLE II

Parts Per Billion (ug/L)

Sample ID

Hexavalent Chromium

7 day run

891159	49	
891160	1.5	
891161	550	670 ±
891162	0.49	
891163	0.13	
891164	0.07	
891165	0.30	
891166	2.9	6.3 ±
891167	0.07	
Detection Limit	0.01	1.0

Date Analyzed: 11-28-89

December 18, 1989

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
75 N. Fair Oaks Ave.
Pasadena, CA 91103

Attn: Rollie Rosario

JOB NO. 14287

WCAS

**WEST COAST
ANALYTICAL
SERVICE, INC.**

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

LABORATORY REPORT

RETEST

Samples Received: Two (2) liquids from Previous WCAS Job No. 14226
Date Received: 12-1-89
Purchase Order No: 9394-6085

The samples were analyzed as follows:

<u>Samples Analyzed</u>	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>Results</u>
Two (2) liquids	Total Chromium by ICPMS	Table I
Two (2) liquids	Hexavalent Chromium by EPA 7196/IC	Table II

TABLE I

Parts Per Billion (ug/L)

Total Metals

<u>Sample ID</u>	<u>Chromium</u>
891161	610 /
891166	180 /
Detection Limit	10 /

Date Analyzed: 12-5-89

Page 1 of 2


Michael Shelton
Senior Chemist


D.J. Northington, Ph.D.
Technical Director

WEST COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICE, INC.

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Mr. Rollie Rosario

Job # 14287
December 18, 1989

LABORATORY REPORT

RETEST

TABLE II

Parts Per Billion (ug/L)

<u>Sample ID</u>	<u>Hexavalent Chromium</u>
891161	620
891166	6.3
Detection Limit	1

APPENDIX D

Example Calculations

Client DRC - NOV '89
 Subject _____

Job No. _____
 By RM
 Checked _____

Sheet 1 of 4
 Date 11-30-89
 Rev. _____

$$\text{mass (ug) Cr} = (\text{ug/l})_{\text{air}} \times \text{I} + (\text{ug})_{\text{water}}$$

$$\text{mg/day} = \frac{\text{ug Cr} \times 10^{-3} \text{ mg/ug}}{\text{DSCF (ft}^3\text{)}} \times \text{DSCFM} \left(\frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} \right) \times \frac{1440 \text{ min}}{\text{day}} \times \frac{\text{min}}{(\text{min} + \text{min})}$$

$$= 1.44 \times \frac{\text{ug Cr}}{\text{DSCF}} \times \text{DSCFM} \times \frac{\text{Run Time a}}{\text{Run Time (a+b)}}$$

Scrubber: W-7-5

low flow

$$\begin{aligned} \text{A) mg/day total Cr} &= 1.44 \times \frac{17.05}{408.770} \times 4706 \times \frac{480}{(480 + 33)} \\ &= 736.69 \text{ mg/day} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{B) mg/day Cr} &= 1.44 \times \frac{\text{ND}}{408.770} \times 4706 \times \frac{480}{(480 + 33)} \\ &= \text{NA} // \end{aligned}$$

High flow

$$\begin{aligned} \text{C) mg/day total Cr} &= 1.44 \times \frac{\text{ND}}{70.415} \times 41851 \times \frac{33}{(480 + 33)} \\ &= \text{NA} // \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{D) mg/day Cr} &= 1.44 \times \frac{0.00}{70.415} \times 41851 \times \frac{33}{(480 + 33)} \\ &= 5.86 \text{ mg/day} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total mg/day total Cr} &= \text{A} + \text{C} = 736.69 + \text{NA} \\ &= 736.69 \text{ ug} // \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total mg/day Cr} &= \text{B} + \text{D} = \text{NA} + 5.86 \\ &= 5.86 \text{ mg/day} \end{aligned}$$

Client _____
Subject _____

Job No. _____
By RR
Checked _____

Sheet ✓ of 4
Date 11-20-89
Rev. _____

$$mass (ug) Cr = (ug/l)_{int} \times l + (ug)_{filter}$$

$$mg/day = \frac{ug Cr \times 10^{-3} \frac{mg}{ug}}{DSCF (ft^3)} \times DSCFM \left(\frac{ft^3}{min} \right) \times \frac{1440 min}{day} \times \frac{min}{(min + min)}$$

$$= 1.44 \times \frac{ug Cr}{DSCF} \times DSCFM \times \frac{Run Time a}{Run Time (a+b)}$$

Scrubber: HT-7.6

low flow

$$A) \text{ mg/day total Cr} = 1.44 \times \frac{127.8}{312.68} \times 5897 \times \frac{484}{(484 + 32)} \\ = 3234.81 \text{ mg/day}$$

$$B) \text{ mg/day Cr} = 1.44 \times \frac{7.0}{312.68} \times 5897 \times \frac{484}{(484 + 32)} \\ = 50.88 \text{ mg/day}$$

High flow

$$C) \text{ mg/day total Cr} = 1.44 \times \frac{7.28}{19.192} \times 58954 \times \frac{32}{(484 + 32)} \\ = 1996.83$$

$$D) \text{ mg/day Cr} = 1.44 \times \frac{0.13}{19.192} \times 58954 \times \frac{32}{(484 + 32)} \\ = 35.66$$

$$\text{Total mg/day total Cr} = A + C = 3234.81 + 1996.83 \\ = 5231.64$$

$$\text{Total mg/day Cr} = B + D = 50.88 + 35.66 \\ = 86.54$$

Client DAC - NOV '89
 Project Example Calc Sheet

Job No. _____
 By RR
 Checked _____

Sheet 3 of 4
 Date 11-30-89
 Rev. _____

SOURCE TANIC SDA-01
 TEST DATE 11-22-89

Condition ✓

SCRAMBLER

HA 7-5

HA 7-6

LOW FLOW

DSCF (ft^3)
 DSCFM (ft^3/min)
 RUN TIME (min)

408.230
 1.706
 480

314.63 ✓
 5.897
 480

LIQUID VOL (ℓ)

0.550

0.710

TOTAL C_L

C_L^0

TOTAL C_L

C_L^0

$\mu\text{g}/\ell$ (sample)

31

0.07

180

2.9

$\mu\text{g}/\ell$ (blank)

<10

0.07

<10

0.07

$\mu\text{g}/\ell$ (in liquid)

31

ND

180

2.83

μg (filter)

$\approx 17.05 \mu\text{g}$

NA

≈ 12.78

≈ 2.01

μg (blank filter)

N.A.

N.A.

N.A.

N.A.

μg (on filter)

N.A.

N.A.

N.A.

N.A.

HIGH FLOW

DSCF (ft^3)
 DSCFM (ft^3/min)
 RUN TIME (min)

76.465
 41.855
 33

19.134
 58.954
 31 ✓

LIQUID VOL (ℓ)

0.670

0.520

TOTAL C_L

C_L^0

TOTAL C_L

C_L^0

$\mu\text{g}/\ell$ (sample)

<10

0.13

13

0.30

$\mu\text{g}/\ell$ (blank)

<10

0.07

<10

0.07

$\mu\text{g}/\ell$ (blank)

ND

0.06

13

0.23

μg (filter)

$\approx$ NA

$\approx 0.04 \mu\text{g}$

$\approx 7.78 \mu\text{g}$

$\approx 0.13 \mu\text{g}$

μg (blank filter)

N.A.

N.A.

N.A.

N.A.

μg (on filter)

N.A.

N.A.

N.A.

N.A.



Client

DAC - NOV '89

Job No.

Sheet

4

of

6

Subject

By

AR

Date

11-20-89

Checked

Rev

Condition ✓
TANK SDA-07mg/day
TOTAL Cumg/day
Cu

W/F. 4 & 7-5

236.69

W/F. 1 & 7-6

NA

NA
5.86

TOTAL

236.69

5.86

W/F. 1 & 7-6

3,734.81

W/F. 1 & 7-6

1,946.83

50.88

35.66

TOTAL

5,681.64

86.54

TANK SDA-07

5468.33 mg/day 92.4 mg/day Cu

Ampere-hours = 2 loads = 6 loads daily

Cup - hr = 30110

(60 min process time)

3137 + 508

= 3645

Amp - hr = 0600

(60 min process time)

222 + 574

= 796

Total Cup hour

6445

mg/amp hour =

92.4 $\frac{\text{mg Cu}}{\text{day}}$ $\times \frac{1}{(6445 \times 2) \frac{\text{amp-hr}}{\text{day}}}$

= 0.005 mg/amp-hr Tank SDA-07

APPENDIX E

Process Data

11-21-89
~ 1:53 pm

70' 6 skins (loop)
40' 6 skins (production, marked on one side) 980 ft²
no air space

Totalizer Readings

t	Rectifier 1-1A (West)	Rectifier 2-2A (East)	Voltage
0	0000	0000	
15	—	0971	24.0
20	1202	—	24.0
30	—	1800	24.0
40	2430	—	24.0
45	—	2674	24.0
60	3350	3401	24.0

≈ 6751 amp

Run 2
~ 7:10 pm

70' 6 skins (loop)
40' 5 skins (loop)

t	Rectifier 1-1A	Rectifier 2-2A	Voltage
0	0000	0000	
17	0965	—	24.0
20	—	0184	24.0
30	1701	0290	24.0
40	2298	0389	24.0
45	2602	0439	24.0
60	3347	0568	24.0

7:55 pm west

≈ 3915 amp

Total 10,666 amp

1/22-89
~1:10 am

70' 6 skins (loop)
40' 5 skins (loop)

had problems getting back
release from crane on wire
and prior to end of 3c

t	Rectifier 1-1A (West)	Rectifier 2-2A (East)	Voltage
0	0000	0000	
20	1267	0203	24.0
40	2345	0360	24.0
60	3137	0508	~ 3645 amp. 2

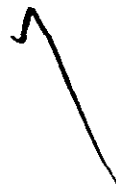
Run 4
1/22-89
~6:00 am

70' 6 skins (loop)
40' 5 skins (loop)

t	Rectifier 1-1A	Rectifier 2-2A	Voltage
0	0000	0000	
20	1002	0205	24.0
40	—	—	
60	2226	0574	

= 2800 amp. hr
experienced trouble removing
west bus bar (swing switch)

6445 amp hr



APPENDIX F

Quality Assurance

**ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Pasadena, California**

POST TEST METER BOX CALIBRATION WORK SHEET

Meter Box No. REP # 2 Date 12-1-89

Barometric Pressure (P_b) 29.66 Calibrated by S.K

Project No. DAC ΔH Run 4.7C14 Existing Y 0.994
WA 099

Run		V_u (ft ³)	V_d (ft ³)	T_u (°F)	T_d (°F)	θ (min.)	Y_i (each)
1	Initial	674.955	490.740	63	28	11.10	1.0076
	Final	685.075	500.953	63	78	11.22	
	Net	10.120	10.213	63	78	11.23	
2	Initial	685.075	500.953	63	78	11.25	0.9980
	Final	695.216	511.305	62	78	11.40	
	Net	10.141	10.352	62	78	11.41	
3	Initial	695.216	511.305	61	86	11.42	0.9971
	Final	709.585	526.233	61	86	12.00	
	Net	14.369	14.928	61	86	12.01	

$$Y_i = \frac{(V_u) (P_b) (T_d + 460)}{(V_d) (P_b + \Delta H/13.6) (T_u + 460)}$$

Y_i AVG 1.0009

METER BOX CALIBRATION HISTORY

Date Last Calibration 10-16-89 Calibrated by A GARVER

ΔH of Calibration @ 1.629 Y_i of Calibration 0.994

**ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Pasadena, California**

POST TEST METER BOX CALIBRATION WORK SHEET

Meter Box No. BLUE #1 Date 12-1-89
 Barometric Pressure (P_b) 29.68 Calibrated by SK
 Project No. RAC ΔH Run 4.7 @ 1/4 Existing Y 0.97
WA 099

Run		V_w (ft ³)	V_d (ft ³)	T_w (°F)	T_d (°F)	θ (min.)	Y_i (each)
1	Initial	711.789	624.217	60	72	13.00	0.9876
	Final	726.318	639.095	60	72	13.17	
	Net	14.529	14.878	60	72	13.18	
2	Initial	726.318	639.095	60	72	13.20	0.9931
	Final	747.944	661.363	62	80	13.35	
	Net	21.626	22.268	62	80	13.36	
3	Initial	747.944	661.363	62	80	13.37	0.9780
	Final	762.070	676.190	60	80	13.50	
	Net	14.126	14.827	60	80	13.51	

$$Y_i = \frac{(V_w) (P_b) (T_d + 460)}{(V_d) (P_b + \Delta H/13.6) (T_w + 460)}$$

Y_i AVG 0.9862

METER BOX CALIBRATION HISTORY

Date Last Calibration 9-6-89 Calibrated by A.G.
 ΔH of Calibration @ 2.00 Y_i of Calibration 0.97

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Pasadena, California

POST TEST METER BOX CALIBRATION WORK SHEET

Meter Box No. BLUE # 2

Date 11-29-89

Barometric Pressure (P_b) 29.66

Calibrated by S K

Project No. DAE ΔH Run 1.970

Existing Y 1.001

WA 099

Run		V_u (ft ³)	V_d (ft ³)	T_u (°F)	T_d (°F)	θ (min.)	Y_i (each)
1	Initial	582.515	954.225	53	70	07.40	0.9850
	Final	597.010	969.354	53	70	08.00	
	Net	14.495	15.129	53	70	08.01	
2	Initial	597.010	969.354	53	70	08.02	1.040
	Final	612.740	984.905	53	70	08.20	
	Net	15.730	15.551	53	70	08.21	
3	Initial	612.740	984.905	53	70	08.22	0.9796
	Final	627.213	100.065	54	70	08.40	
	Net	14.473	15.160	54	70	08.41	

$$Y_i = \frac{(V_u) (P_b) (T_d + 460)}{(V_d) (P_b + \Delta H/13.6) (T_u + 460)}$$

52 514

Y_i AVG
1.0015

METER BOX CALIBRATION HISTORY

Date Last Calibration 10-12-89

Calibrated by T-G

ΔH of Calibration @ 1.970

Y_i of Calibration 1.001

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Pasadena, California

**POST-TEST METER BOX
CALIBRATION WORKSHEET**

Meter Box No. RAD # 3 Date 11-29-89 Box Operator S.K.

Barometric Pressure (P_b) 29.66 Ambient Temp 71/73 Published Y₁ 1.01

Project No. DAC AH Run 4.7 @ 14 Vacuum Run .05 Calibration Operator Init. S.K.
WA99

Run#		V _w (ft ³)	V _d (ft ³)	T _w (°F)	T _d (°F)	T _i (min.)	Y ₁ (each)
01	Initial	627.213	044.774	56	71	10:20	
	Final	643.120	060.995	57	71	10:35	0.9956
	Net	15.907	16.221	57	71	10:36	
02	Initial	643.120	060.995	57	71	10:37	
	Final	657.048	074.955	57	73	10:48	1.0167
	Net	13.928	13.960	57	73	10:49	
03	Initial	657.048	074.955	57	73	10:50	
	Final	674.955	092.850	57	73	10:51	1.0198
	Net	17.907	17.895	57	73	11:10	
FINAL LEAK CHECK		FINAL METER READING		Y ₁ AVERAGE			
"							
"Hg CFM		092.850		1.0107			

METER BOX CALIBRATION HISTORY

ate Last Calibration 4-17-89

Calibrated by M. DOBSON

AH of Calibration @ 1.74

Y₁ of Calibration 1.01

ENGINEERING SCIENCE, INC.
75 N. Fair Oaks Ave.
Pasadena, California
(818) 440-6000

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

DUSA

Project No.		Project Name		Project Manager		ANALYSIS REQUIRED					SENT TO:	
Samples Collected By:				Phone:							SHIPPED VIA:	SHIPPED BY:
D&C				RR								
RESMIR 10 & GRW												
ES Lab No.	Test Date	Sample Description (Container, Media, Volume, etc.)										Remarks
	11-21-84	✓	891154	Q 795 ml								Q's WCB's
		✓	1160	Q 700								
		✓	1161	Q 680								
		✓	1162	Q 830								
	11-21-84	✓	891163	Q 620								CR 6
		✓	1164	Q 550								Total Chlorine
		✓	1165	Q 570								by DIONEX
		✓	1166	Q 710								with 10 ppb
		✓	1167	Q 870								
			9									
Relinquished by:		Date/Time	Received by:		Reason for Exchange:		Comments:					
Phone: RR-OSmin		11-21-84	of: Mary Caldwell		11/22 4:50 p.m.		1014226					
Relinquished by:		Date/Time	Received by:		Reason for Exchange:		Comments:					
Phone:			Of:				Comments:					
Relinquished by:		Date/Time	Received by:		Reason for Exchange:		Comments:					
Phone:			Of:				Comments:					
Relinquished by:		Date/Time	Received by:		Reason for Exchange:		Comments: / questions					
Phone:			Of:				c/o P. Kusano 440 6000					

Mr. Edwards 440 6000

**PRELIMINARY DRAFT
SUBJECT TO CHANGE**

November 29, 1989

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
75 N. Fair Oaks Ave.
Pasadena, CA 91103

Attn: Rollie Rosario

JOB NO. 14226

A

LABORATORY REPORT

Samples Received: Nine (9) impinger solutions
Date Received: 11/22/89
Purchase order No: 9384-6085

The samples were analyzed as follows:

<u>Samples Analyzed</u>	<u>Analysis</u>	<u>Results</u>
Nine (9) solutions	<u>Total Chromium by ICPMS</u>	Table I
Nine (9) solutions	<u>Hexavalent Chromium by EPA 7196/IC</u>	Table II

Page 1 of 3

Michael Shelton
Senior Chemist

D. J. Northington, Ph.D.
Technical Director

SUBJECT TO CHANGE

WEST COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICE, INC.

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Mr. Rollie RosarioJob # 14226
November 29, 1989

LABORATORY REPORT

TABLE IParts Per Billion (ug/L)Total MetalsSample IDChromium

891159	53 ✓
891160	ND ✓
891161	620 ✓
891162	ND ✓
891163	ND ✓
891164	31 ✓
891165	13 ✓
891166	180 ✓
891167	ND ✓
Detection Limit	10 ✓

ND-Not Detected

Date Analyzed: 11-28-89

**PRELIMINARY DRAFT
SUBJECT TO CHANGE**

WEST COAST ANALYTICAL SERVICE, INC.

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
Mr. Rollie RosarioJob # 14226
November 29, 1989**LABORATORY REPORT****TABLE II****Parts Per Billion (ug/L)****Sample ID****Hexavalent Chromium**

891159

49

49
53

92.5% Hex Cr

891160

1.5

891161

550

550
620

88.7% Hex

891162

0.49

891163

0.13

891164

0.07

.07
31

0.02% Hex

891165

0.30

891166

2.9

.30
13

2.3%

2.9
180

1.6% Hex Cr

891167

0.07

Detection Limit

0.01

Hex

Date Analyzed: 11-28-89

TOTAL PAGES LEAD PROPOSAL/PROJECT No. WA099 DATE: 12-1-84
FROM: ROLLIE R. OFFICE No. 401 EXT. 6085
ATTENTION: BAB OLSON CITY/STATE SANTA FE SPRINGS
COMPANY NAME WCA S TELECOPY No. (213) 948 5810

MESSAGE

☐ PLEASE MAKE COPIES AND DISTRIBUTE WITHIN YOUR OFFICE

☐ PLEASE RESPOND NO LATER THAN _____
Thanks

Dear Mr Bob Olson,

Please re run hexavalent
chromium and total chromium
for ES samples 891161
891166

New P.O. = 9394-6085

Thanks
R. Rosand

ENGINEERING-SCIENCE, INC., P.O. BOX 7107, PASADENA, CALIFORNIA 91109

Voice: 818 440-6005

Telecopier: 818 440-6195

WCAS**West Coast
Analytical
Service, Inc.**

Analytical Chemists

Date 12-4-89Fax No. _____
area code/numberCompany Name Engineering Science

Location _____

Attn: Rollic Rosario**FAX REPORT**REFERENCE: WCAS Job # 14226From Bob Olson Time 3:15Operator RO No. of pages (including cover) 4**9840 Alburts Avenue Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670
213/948-2225 FAX 213/948-5850**

Phone No. _____

Fax No.

Proj. No. P.O.# 9394-6085

Proj. Name

WCAS Job No. 14287

Date Sampled _____

Condition of Samples

Total # of Containers

2

Relinquished by: (Company & Signature)

Received for Lab by:

Date/Time

April Richards

Am Richards

12/1/89 3:00pm

14287

White copy: Job Env. Yellow copy: Return with Lab Results Pink copy: Client at time of Delivery

samples from previous # 14226

914

ENGINEERING SCIENCE
SOURCE TEST WORK REQUEST

Project Number: WA099

Team Leader: RA

Client: DAC

Address: 1115 E. 1st St.

City: State: Zip:

Contact Person: NGA TRUNG Telephone: ()

Agency: Compliance Test: [yes] [no]

Applicable Rules/Regulations:

SOURCE DESCRIPTION

Unit to be Tested: Diameter of Stack (in):

Height of Platform (ft): Number of Ports:

Stack Temp (deg F): Moisture Content (%):

SAMPLING INFORMATION

Parameter:	Method:	No. of Runs:	Run Time:	Other:
OT	10.0.1	1 + 1		1.0.1
T-100 Cu				
(47)				
5.0	10.0.1	2		1.0.1
T-100 Cu				

SCHEDULE AND PERSONNEL

Scheduled Test Date: Actual Test Date:

Departure from ES: Arrival at Site: 10.0.1 at 10.0.1

Personnel: AT

NOTES