



Oregon
Department
of Agriculture



Oregon
Health
Authority

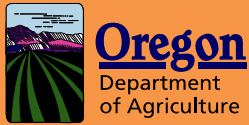


Oregon's Pesticide Stewardship Program Water Quality through Collaboration



**Columbia Basin Pesticide Stewardship Workshop
July 2, 2014 – Walla Walla, WA**

Kevin Masterson, Oregon DEQ
Steve Riley, Oregon Department of Agriculture



Oregon Pesticide Stewardship and Water Quality

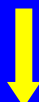
- **Pesticide Stewardship Partnerships (PSPs)**
 - History, current status and accomplishments
 - Key challenges and priorities
- **Pesticide Stewardship Program Expansion**
 - New watersheds & refine approaches in existing watersheds
 - Pesticide collection & stewardship technical assistance

Pesticide Stewardship Partnerships (PSPs)

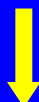
Collaborating at the watershed level

Key Steps in Partnership Projects

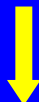
Monitor for current use pesticides in
surface waters from drift & runoff



Identify streams with elevated pesticide
concentrations or high # of detections



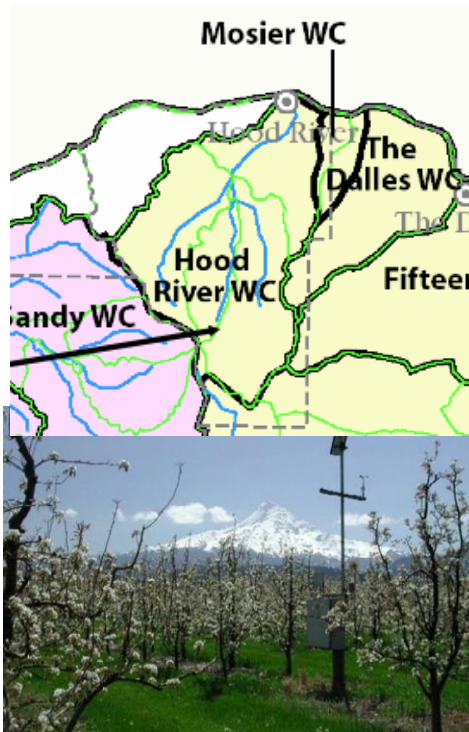
Collaborate to implement voluntary
management practices



Follow-up monitoring to determine
improvements over time



Birth of the Pesticide Stewardship Partnership (PSP)-- Hood River



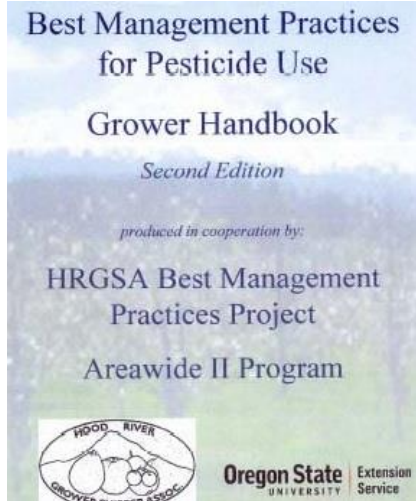
1999: *Organophosphate (OP) insecticides detected* above WQ Standards for fish

2000: *Coordinated Program Developed*

- State Agencies – DEQ monitoring
- Local Stakeholders: Growers and Shippers, SWCD, WSC,, Irrigation Districts & Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs

2002-03: *Voluntary Best Management Practices (BMPs) Implemented*

- Application Practices, Buffers, etc.
- Outreach/Training
- Technical expertise, resources & pesticide management tools in place



A photograph showing several ants on a small, mossy tree stump. The ants are of different colors, including black and reddish-brown, and are positioned at various points on the stump and its base. The background is a clear blue sky.

Features & Benefits of the PSP Program

Monitoring Data Creates Awareness and Feedback

- ▮ Ability to identify pesticides of possible concern
 - ▮ Change the pesticide use/application practices
 - ▮ Switch to alternative products or management practices
- ▮ Ability to demonstrate where there aren't problems
- ▮ Clear environmental outcome measures

Watershed-based / Voluntary / Collaborative

- ▮ Avoids burdensome regulatory issues
- ▮ Local, most effective solutions (not “one-size-fits-all”)
- ▮ Multiple partnerships lessens the burden on any one entity

OR Water Quality Pesticide Management and Assessment Program



Oregon
Department
of Agriculture



State of Oregon
Department of
Environmental
Quality

Oregon
Health
Authority



**Pesticide
Management
Team
(2007)**

**Federal & State
Pesticides of
Interest**

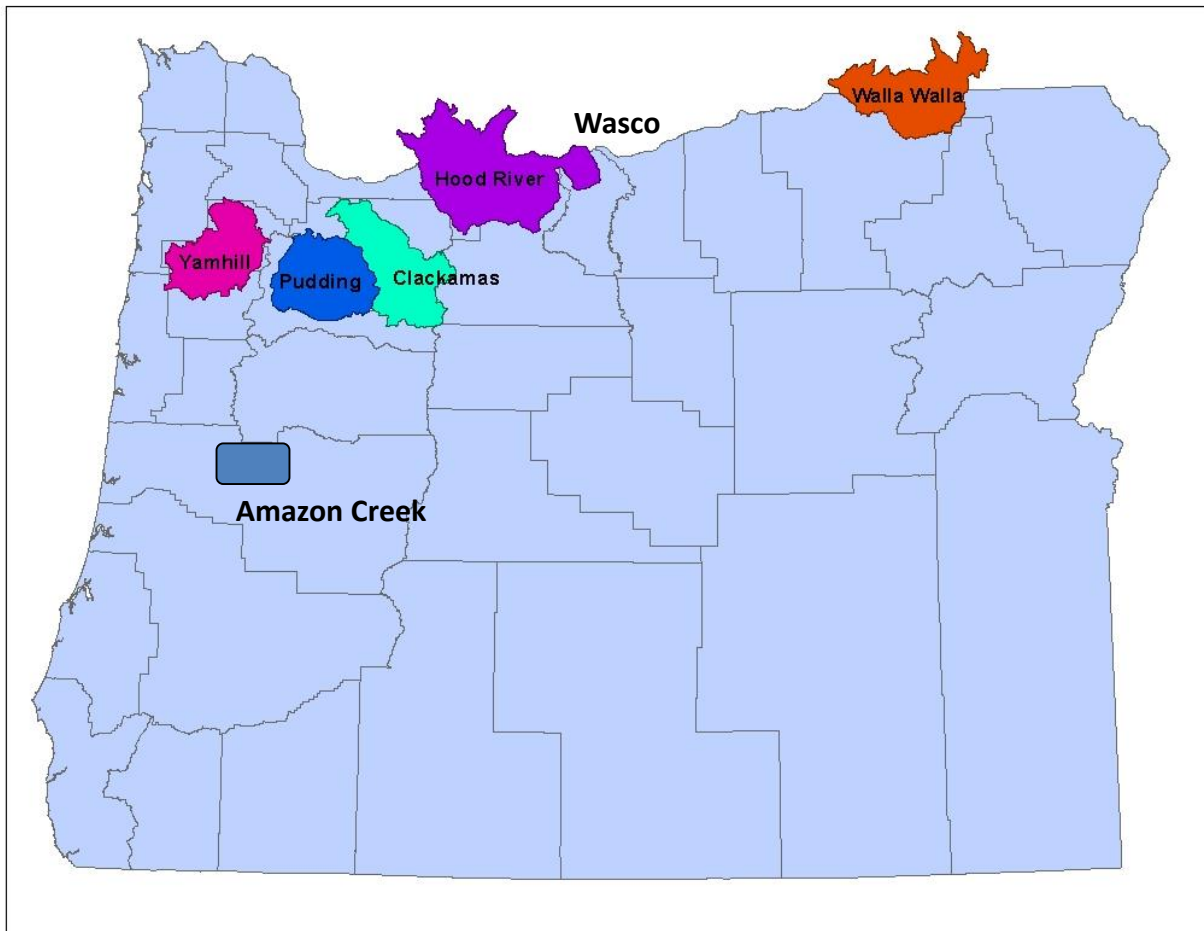
**Oregon WQ
Pesticide
Management
Plan**

**Monitoring
Program
(PSPs)**

- Currently registered pesticides in...
- Surface and groundwater
- Agricultural and non-Agricultural

Oregon Pesticide Stewardship Partnerships

Current Projects in 7 Watersheds

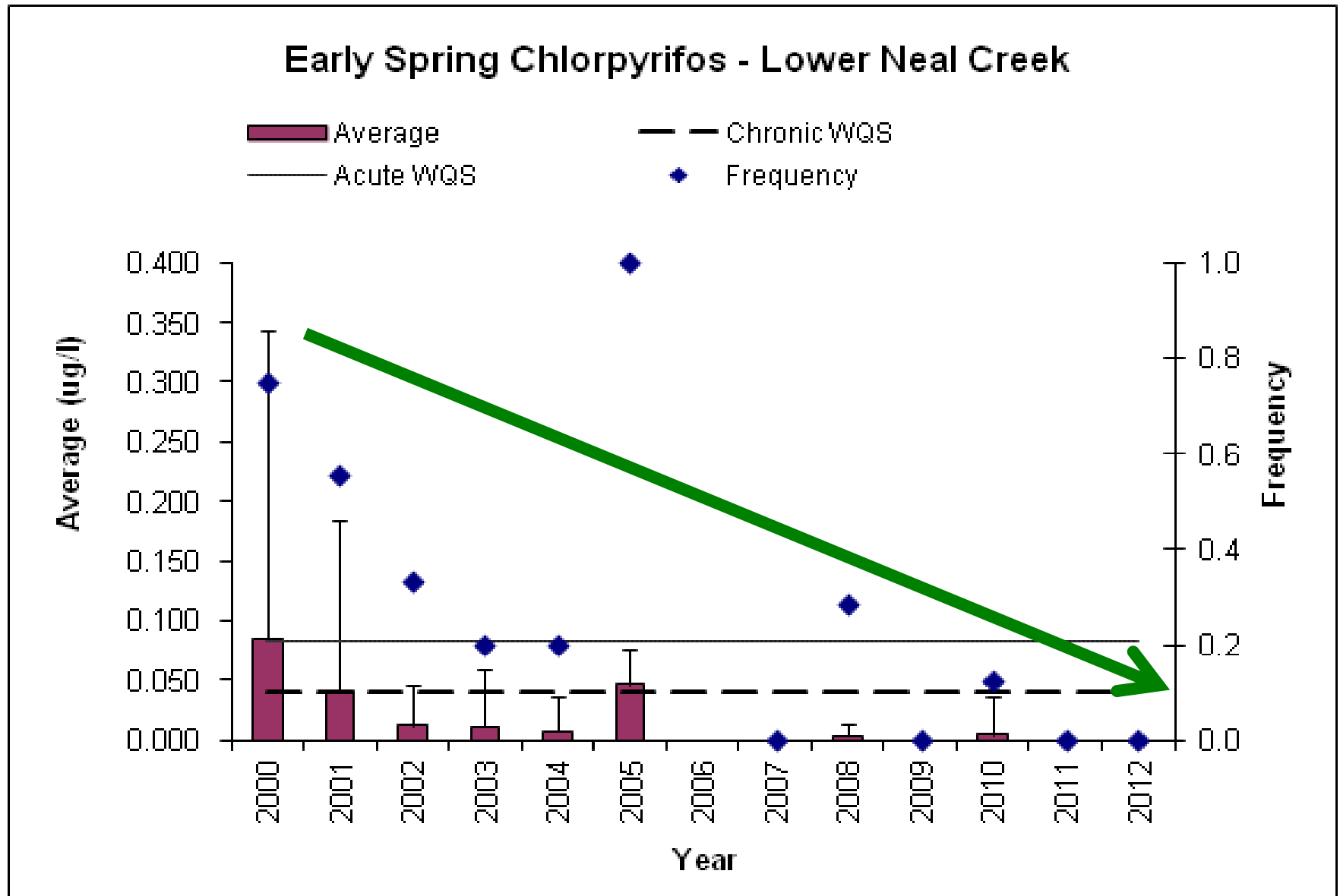


Actions Implemented

- ✧ Spray drift reduction training
- ✧ Installation of weather stations
- ✧ Alternative control methods
- ✧ Less toxic pesticides
- ✧ IPM training & assistance
- ✧ Buffer strips & minimal spraying near streams

Hood River PSP: What Can Be Achieved?

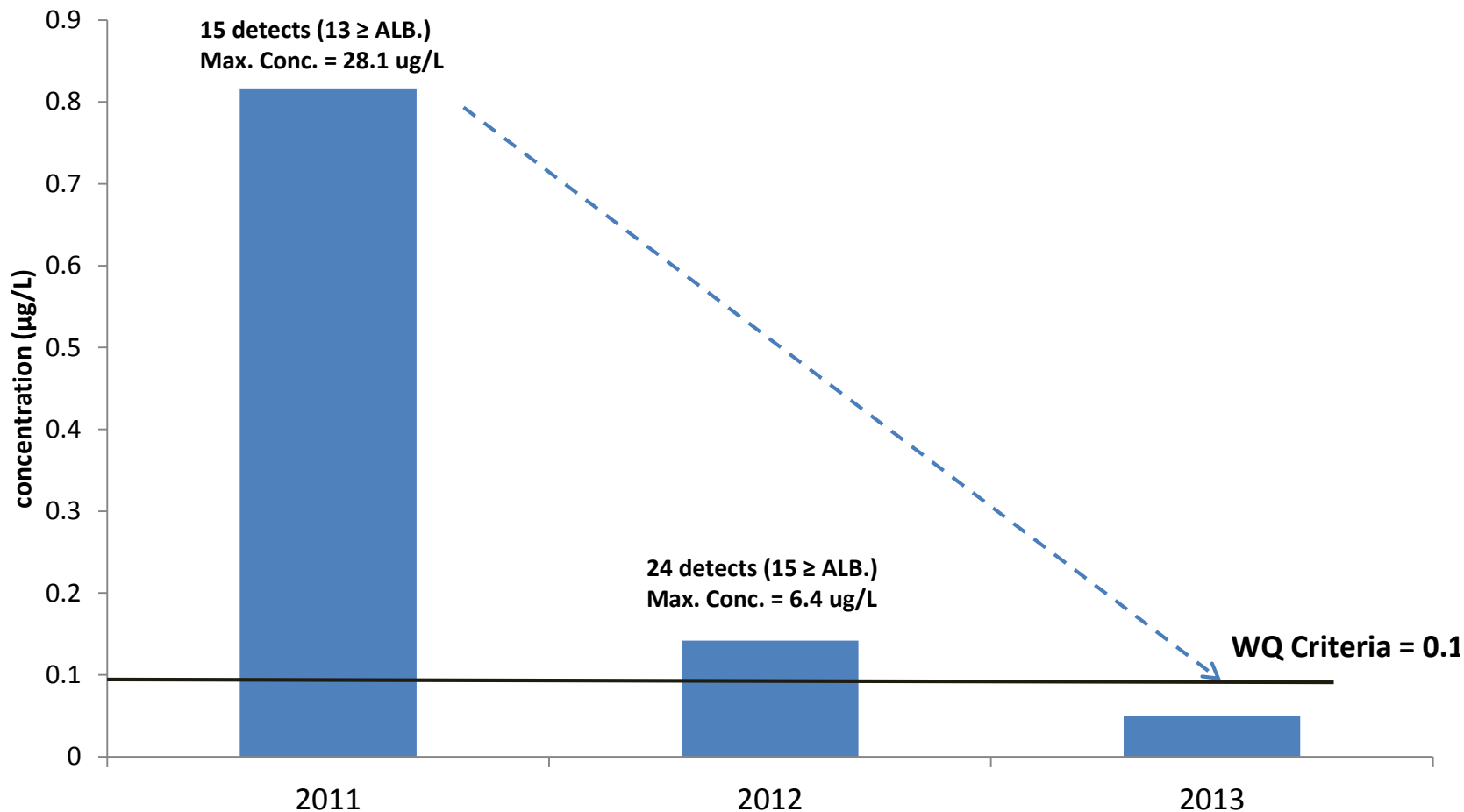
Goal: Reduction in concentrations & frequency of detections over time



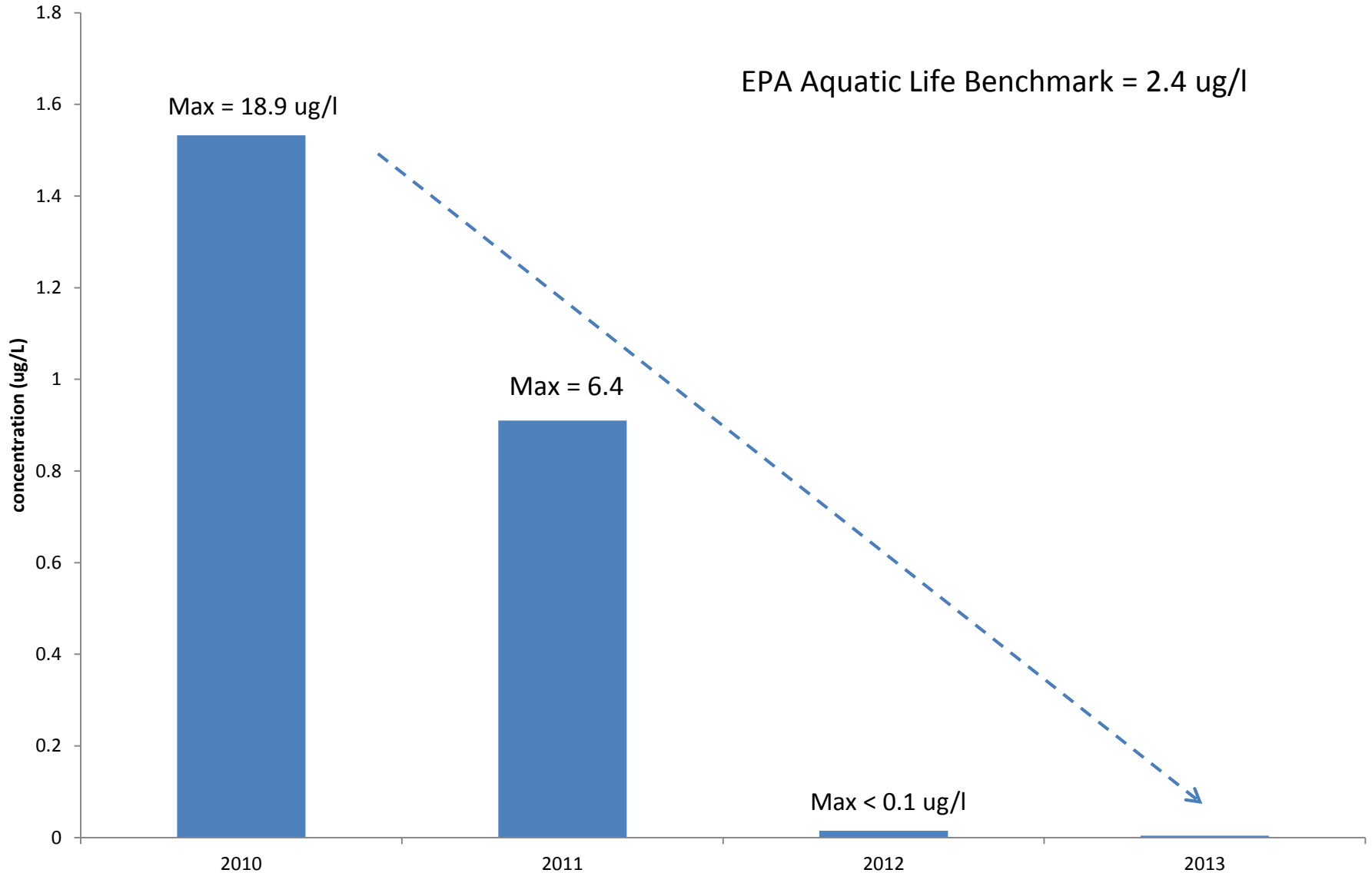
Malathion in Wasco Watersheds

2011-2013

Median Concentration of Detections

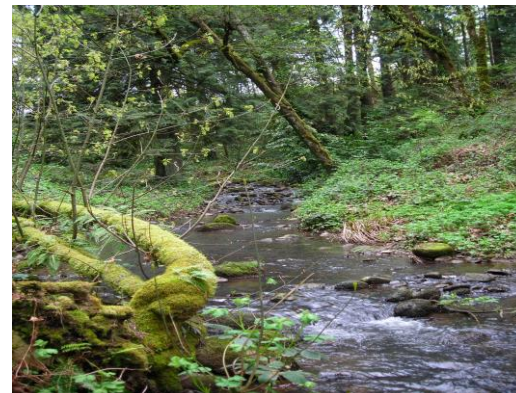


Little Walla Walla River Distributaries (3 sites)
Diuron (Karmex) - Average Concentrations
Spring 2010-2013



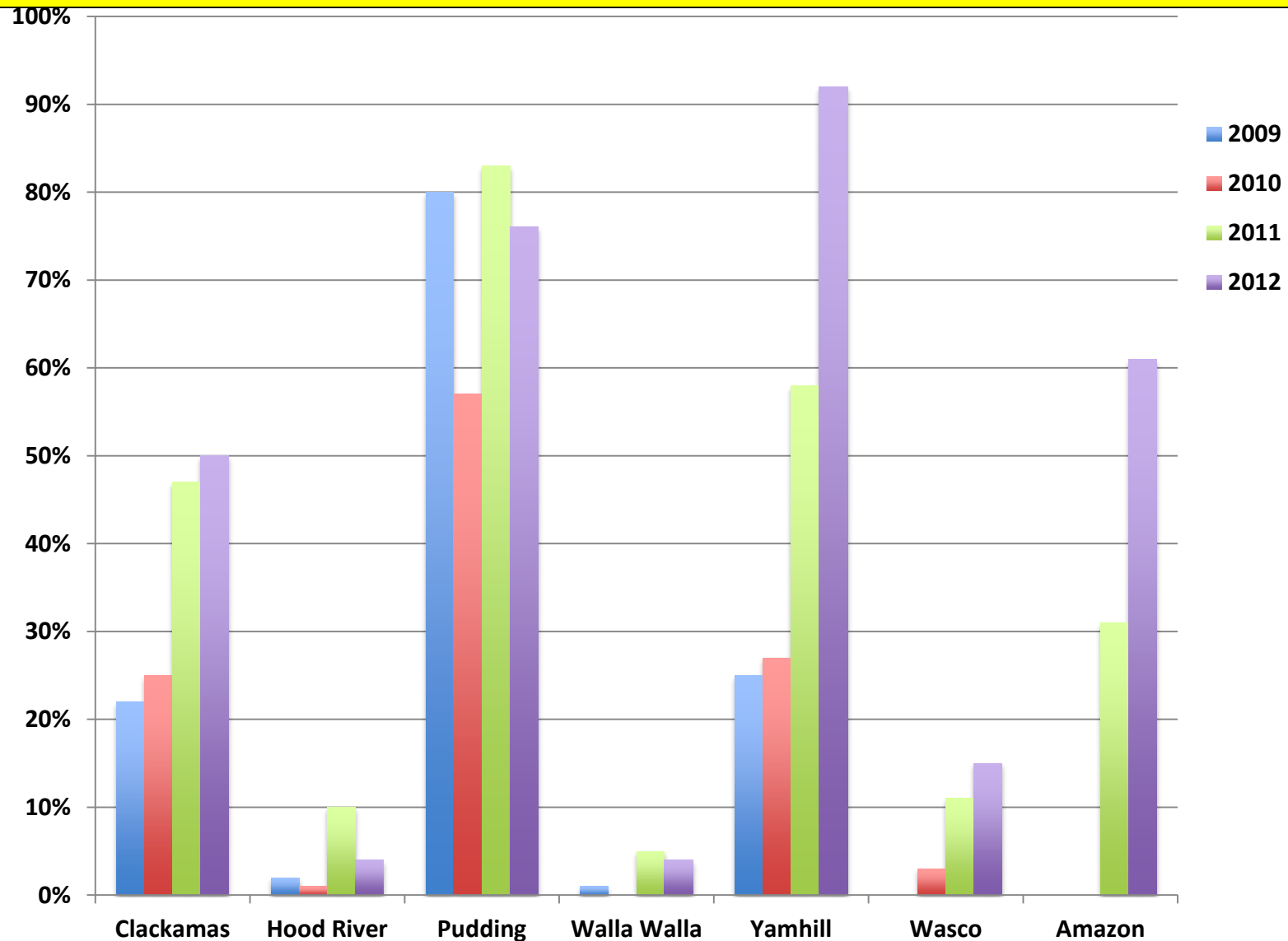
PSP Monitoring Status in Western Oregon Watersheds

- 20+ pesticide ingredients often found during one monitoring season in single watershed
- Relatively small number of benchmarks exceeded, but high detection frequency
- Wide array of ag and non-ag operations that use many of the same pesticides



Mixtures: PSP Monitoring 2009-2012

Percent of Samples with ≥ 5 Pesticides



Pesticide-related Water Quality Management: Addressing Agency Resource Needs

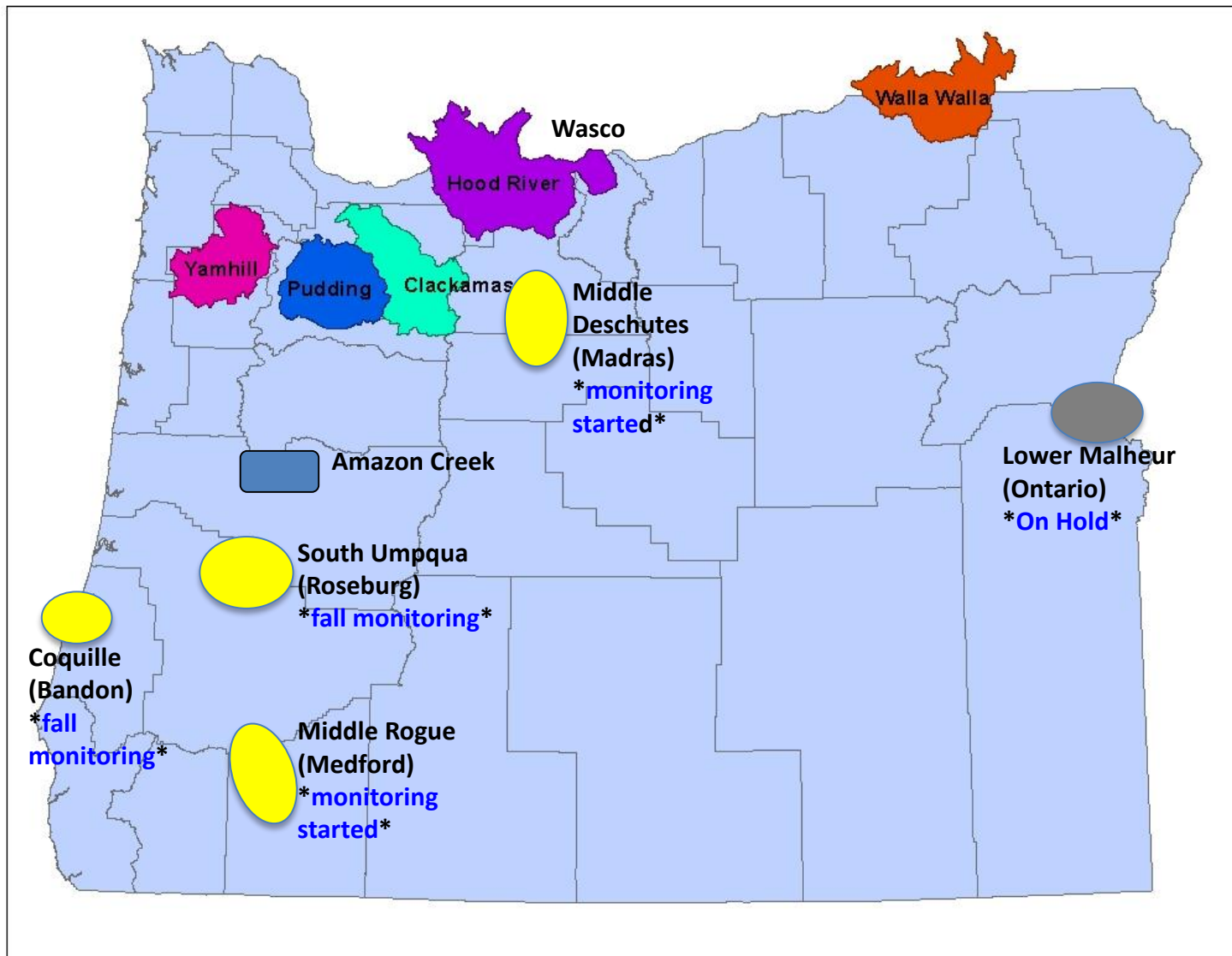
- Consistent long-term funding of monitoring program
- *2013 Oregon Legislature allocated resources:*
 - 1. Add 2 new watersheds to PSP program*
 - 2. Refine existing PSP monitoring efforts*
 - 3. Conduct pesticide waste collection events during biennium (7 events over two years)*
 - 4. Provide technical assistance in existing PSP areas for biennium*

#1 Oregon Pesticide Stewardship Partnerships

Potential New Sub-Basins/Watersheds for 2014-2015

Based on a high level qualitative review/assessment by the WQPMT

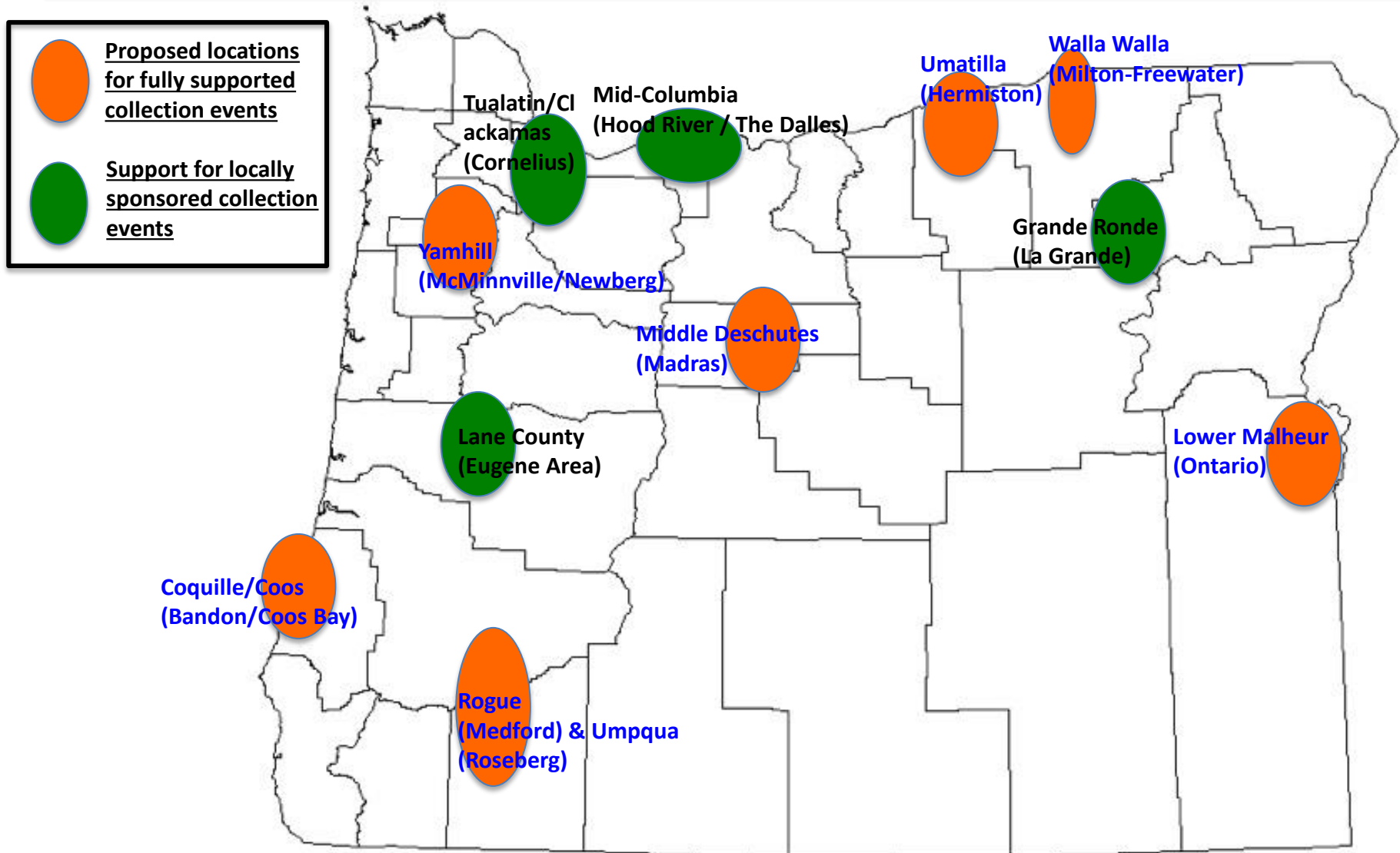
Key criteria: pesticide use & 3 major land use categories (ag, urban & forestry) represented




PSP Candidates:
2014 pilot
monitoring

Waste Pesticide Disposal: Oregon PSP Program

Proposed Locations for Pesticide Collection in 2014-2015



- **Technical Assistance Project in Yamhill Sub-Basin:**
Spray Optimization & Drift Reduction for Small Fruit

Tunnel Sprayer Demonstrations and Field Testing

- * Proven technology in Vineyards to reduce 99% of drift and reduce chemical usage by 35%
- * Purchasing demonstration unit to run preliminary tests in caneberries and blueberries



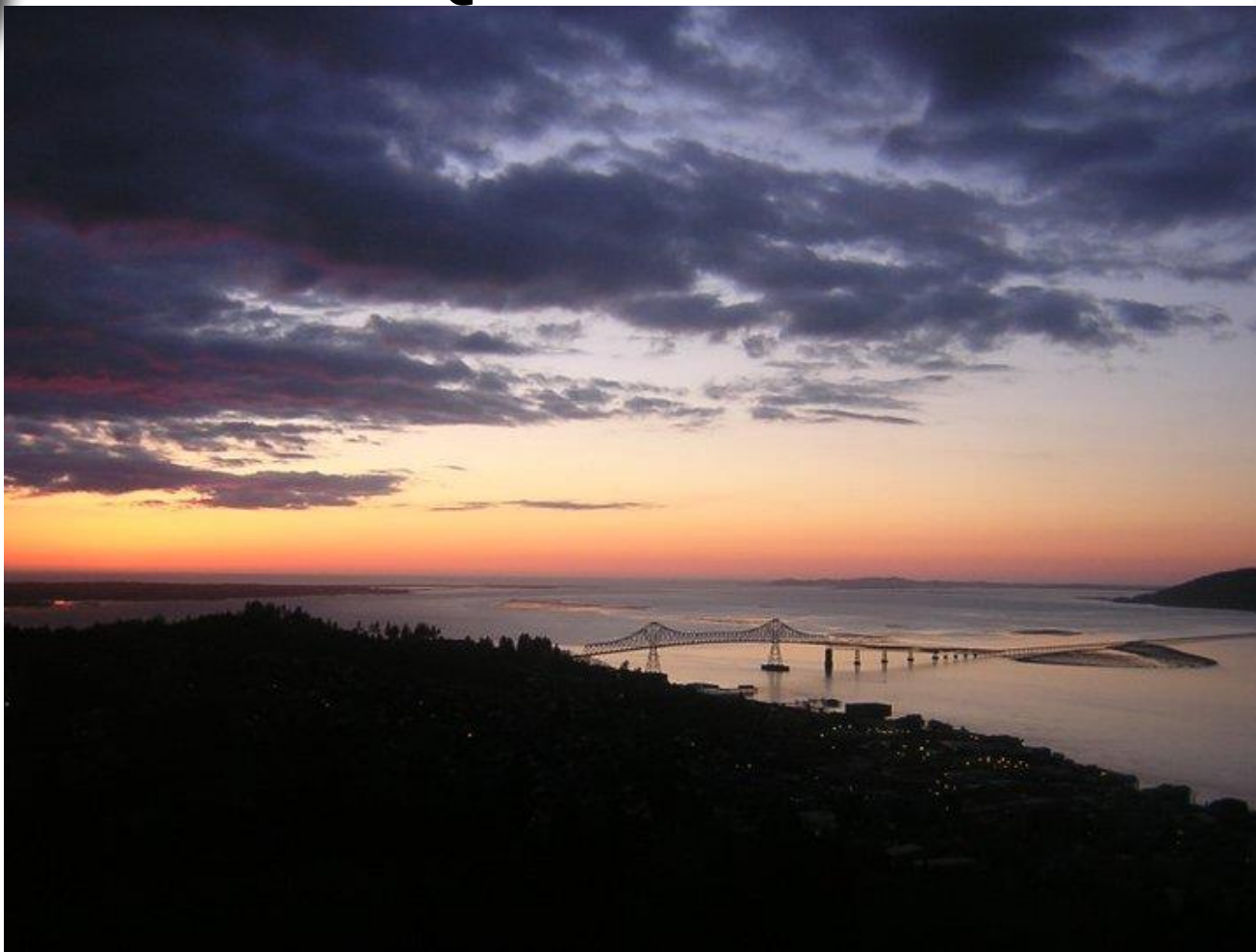
Pesticide Stewardship

- ✓ Increased Awareness
- ✓ Local, Voluntary and Collaborative





-Thank You - Questions



Oregon
Department
of Agriculture

Oregon
Health
Authority

